

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

v.

WILLIAM FRANCIS GALVIN, in his official capacity as Secretary of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts,

Defendant.

Civil No.

**COMPLAINT**

Plaintiff United States of America brings this action against William Galvin, in his official capacity as Secretary of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and alleges:

**INTRODUCTION**

1. Title III of the Civil Rights Act of 1960 (“CRA”) imposes a “sweeping” obligation on election officials, *Kennedy v. Lynd*, 306 F.2d 222, 226 (5th Cir. 1962), to “retain and preserve... *all* records and papers which come into [their] possession relating to any application, registration, payment of poll tax, or other act requisite to voting in such election...” 52 U.S.C. § 20701 (emphasis added).

2. Title III likewise grants the Attorney General of the United States the sweeping power to obtain these records: “Any record or paper required by section 301 to be retained and preserved shall, upon demand in writing by the Attorney General or [her] representative directed to the person having custody, possession, or control of such record or paper, be made available for

inspection, reproduction, and copying at the principal office of such custodian by the Attorney General or [her] representative....” 52 U.S.C. § 20703. The written demand “shall contain a statement of the basis and the purpose therefor.” *Id.*

3. If the custodian to whom the written demand refuses to comply, the CRA requires “a special statutory proceeding in which the courts play a limited, albeit vital, role” in assisting the Attorney General’s investigative powers. *Lynd*, 306 F.2d at 225. The Attorney General or her representative may request a federal court to issue an order directing the officer of election to produce the demanded records, akin to “a traditional order to show cause, or to produce in aid of an order of an administrative agency.” *Id.*

4. In this “summary” proceeding, *In re Gordon*, 218 F. Supp. 826, 826-27 (S.D. Miss. 1963), the Attorney General need only show that she made a “written demand” for records covered by Section 301 of the CRA and that “the person against whom an order for production is sought... has failed or refused to make such papers ‘available for inspection, reproduction, and copying,’” *Lynd*, 306 F.2d at 226 (quoting 42 U.S.C. § 1974b, transferred to 52 U.S.C. § 20703). The court does not adjudicate “the factual foundation for, or the sufficiency of, the Attorney General’s ‘statement of the basis and the purpose’ contained in the written demand” or “the scope of the order to produce.” *Id.*

### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

5. This Court has jurisdiction over this action under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1345, and 2201(a); and 52 U.S.C. § 20705.

6. Venue for this action is proper in the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts, because all actions giving rise to the suit occurred within this district, the Defendant is a resident of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and the records that are demanded

are located in this district. 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b); *see also* 28 U.S.C. § 101 (the Commonwealth of Massachusetts constitutes a single federal district court).

### **PARTIES**

7. Plaintiff is the United States of America. The United States, through the Attorney General, has authority to enforce various federal election statutes, including the CRA, *see 52 U.S.C. § 20703*; the National Voter Registration Act (“NVRA”), 52 U.S.C. § 20510(a); and Title III of the Help America Vote Act (“HAVA”), 52 U.S.C. § 21111.

8. Defendant William Francis Galvin (“Secretary Galvin”) is the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and is sued in his official capacity as an “officer of election” as defined by Section 306 of the CRA. *See 52 U.S.C. § 20706*. Secretary Galvin is the chief election official responsible for coordinating Massachusetts’s responsibilities under the NVRA. *See 52 U.S.C. § 20509*. As the chief election official, Secretary Galvin is required to retain and preserve election records, including the federal election records identified in Section 301 of the CRA. *See 52 U.S.C. § 20701*. Secretary Galvin is sued in his official capacity only.

### **BACKGROUND**

9. This proceeding arises from the Attorney General’s investigation into Massachusetts’s compliance with federal election laws, particularly the NVRA and HAVA.

10. Both the NVRA and HAVA require states to maintain accurate voter registration lists. The NVRA requires states to preserve certain records and papers that fall within the scope of Section 301 of Title III of the CRA.

11. The NVRA requires each state to “designate a State officer or employee as the chief State election official to be responsible for coordination of State responsibilities” under the NVRA.

52 U.S.C. § 20509. Secretary Galvin is the chief election official of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

12. The NVRA requires states to “conduct a general program that makes a reasonable effort to remove the names of ineligible voters from the official lists of eligible voters by reason of” the death of the registrant, or “a change in the residence of the registrant, in accordance with subsections (b), (c), and (d)[.]” 52 U.S.C. § 20507(a)(4)(A)-(B).

13. The NVRA also requires states to maintain, with exceptions not relevant here, “all records concerning the implementation of programs and activities conducted for the purpose of ensuring the accuracy and currency of official lists of eligible voters....” 52 U.S.C. § 20507(i)(1).

14. HAVA requires all states to maintain and administer “a single, uniform, official, centralized, interactive computerized statewide voter registration list” that contains “the name and registration information of every legally registered voter in the State and assigns a unique identifier to each legally registered voter in the State....” 52 U.S.C. § 21083(a)(1)(A).

15. HAVA further establishes “[m]inimum standard[s] for accuracy of State voter registration records,” 52 U.S.C. § 21083(a)(4), and prohibits states from processing voter-registration applications without obtaining and verifying certain identifying information from the applicants, namely a driver’s license number for those who possess a valid one, the last four digits of a Social Security number for those who do not have a driver’s license number, or a unique HAVA identifier if the registrant does not have either one. 52 U.S.C. § 21083(a)(5)(A).

### **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

16. The United States Election Assistance Commission (“EAC”) – “an independent, bipartisan commission whose mission is to help election officials improve the administration of elections and help Americans participate in the election process” – conducts a biennial Election

Administration and Voting Survey (“EAVS”). EAC, *About the EAC*, <http://eac.gov/about> (last visited Dec. 8, 2025).

17. For the EAC’s most recent report, “Election Administration and Voting Survey 2024 Comprehensive Report: A Report from the U.S. Election Assistance Commission to the 119th Congress” (“2024 EAVS Report”), States “reported data on their efforts to keep voter registration lists current and accurate, known as list maintenance.” EAC, 2024 EAVS Report at iv.<sup>1</sup>

18. Based on a review of the 2024 EAVS Report, the Attorney General, acting through her representative, the Assistant Attorney General for Civil Rights, sent a letter to Secretary Galvin on July 22, 2025, seeking information regarding Massachusetts’s compliance with federal election law. Ex. 1 to Decl. of Eric Neff (“Neff Decl.”), Ltr. from the Asst. Att’y Gen. to Sec’y Galvin July 22, 2025 (“July 22 Letter”).

19. The July 22 Letter requested – pursuant to Section 8(i) of the NVRA – that the Secretary provide a current electronic copy of its computerized statewide voter registration list (“SVRL”), required under Section 303 of HAVA. *Id.* In addition, the July 22 Letter requested information regarding Massachusetts’s answers to specific questions in the 2024 EAVS Report. *Id.*

20. On August 7, 2025, Massachusetts requested sixty additional days in which to provide a response. Ex. 2 to Decl. of Eric Neff (“Neff Decl.”), Ltr. from Sec’y Galvin to Maureen Riordan August 7, 2025 (“August 7 Letter”). *Id.*

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<sup>1</sup> [https://www.eac.gov/sites/default/files/2025-07/2024\\_EAVS\\_Report\\_508.pdf](https://www.eac.gov/sites/default/files/2025-07/2024_EAVS_Report_508.pdf) (last visited Dec. 8, 2025).

21. The Attorney General, acting through her representative, the Assistant Attorney General for Civil Rights, sent a second letter to Secretary Galvin on August 14, 2025. Ex. 3 to Decl. of Eric Neff (“Neff Decl.”), Ltr. from the Asst. Att’y Gen. to Sec’y Galvin August 14, 2025 (“August 14 Letter”).

22. The August 14 Letter contained a written demand made pursuant to Section 301 of the CRA, 52 U.S.C. § 20703, demanding “an electronic copy of Massachusetts’s complete and current VRL” and advised that “[t]he purpose of the request is to ascertain Massachusetts’s compliance with the list maintenance requirements of the NVRA and HAVA.” *See* Ex. 3 to Neff Decl. at 2 (describing the scope of records and papers demanded). The letter directed that the SVRL should contain all fields, which include the registrant’s full name, date of birth, residential address, his or her driver’s license number, or the last four digits of the registrant’s social security number as required by HAVA to register individuals for federal elections. *Id.* at 1-2.

23. The August 14 Letter explained that “HAVA specifies that the ‘last 4 digits of a social security number... shall not be considered to be a social security number for purposes of section 7 of the Privacy Act of 1974.’” *Id.* at 2 (citing 5 U.S.C. § 552a note; 52 U.S.C. § 21083(c)). In addition, it explained that any prohibition of disclosure of a motor vehicle record contained in the Driver’s License Protection Act, codified at 18 U.S.C. § 2721(b)(1), is exempted when the disclosure is for use by a government agency in carrying out the government agency’s function to accomplish its enforcement authority as the Attorney General is now doing. *See id.*

24. Finally, the August 14 Letter also made clear that the requested records will be maintained consistently with Privacy Act protections as explained on the Department's website.<sup>2</sup>

*See id.*

25. On August 28, 2025, the Voting Section followed up with an email asking for a response to the August 14 Letter. Ex. 4 to Decl. of Eric Neff ("Neff Decl."), E-Mail from Michael Gates to Sec'y Galvin August 128, 2025 ("August 28 E-Mail").

26. The Department received no further written correspondence from Secretary Galvin.

27. On or about December 4, 2025, the Department contacted First Deputy Secretary Tassinari by telephone, who advised that Massachusetts would not provide its SVRL.

**COUNT ONE**  
**VIOLATION OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1960, 52 U.S.C. § 20703**

28. On August 14, 2025, the Attorney General, acting through her representative the Assistant Attorney General for Civil Rights, sent a written demand to Secretary Galvin to produce specific election records, as authorized by Section 303 of the CRA, 52 U.S.C. § 20703.

29. The written demand "contain[ed] a statement of the basis and the purpose therefor." 52 U.S.C. § 20703.

30. Secretary Galvin has refused to provide the records requested.

Wherefore, the United States respectfully requests this Court:

A. Declare that Secretary Galvin's refusal to provide the federal election records upon a demand by the Attorney General violates Section 303 of the Civil Rights Act, 52 U.S.C. § 20703;

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<sup>2</sup> <https://civilrights.justice.gov/privacy-policy#:~:text=Our%20Statutes-Privacy%20Act%20Statement,the%20scope%20of%20our%20jurisdiction>.

B. Order Secretary Galvin to provide to the Attorney General's representative, the Assistant Attorney General for Civil Rights, an electronic copy of Massachusetts's statewide Voter Registration List with all fields, including each registrant's name, date of birth, residential address, and as required by HAVA, their driver's license/state identification number, the last four digits of their Social Security number, or the unique HAVA identifier, *see* 52 U.S.C. § 21083 within five (5) days of a Court order; and

C. Award such additional relief as the interests of justice may require.

Dated: December 11, 2025

Respectfully submitted:

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**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that on December 11, 2025, a true and correct copy of the foregoing document was served via the Court's ECF system to all counsel of record.

/s/ David D. Vandenberg  
David D. Vandenberg

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