House Engrossed

voting centers ban; precinct size

State of Arizona House of Representatives Fifty-sixth Legislature Second Regular Session 2024

HOUSE BILL 2547

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 16-411, 16-531, 16-542, 16-579.01, 16-579.02, 16-1017 AND 16-1018, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO CONDUCT OF ELECTIONS.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Section 16-411, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read: 4 16-411. Designation of election precincts and polling places: 5 electioneering; wait times 6 A. The board of supervisors of each county, on or before October 1 7 of each year preceding the year of a general election, by an order, shall 8 establish a convenient number of election precincts in the county and 9 define the boundaries of the precincts as follows: 1. The election precinct boundaries shall be established so as to 10 11 be included within election districts prescribed by law for elected officers of the state and its political subdivisions, including community 12 13 college district precincts, except those elected officers provided for in titles 30 and 48. AT THE TIME ELECTION PRECINCTS ARE DESIGNATED, AN 14 15 ELECTION PRECINCT MAY NOT CONTAIN MORE THAN ONE THOUSAND REGISTERED 16 VOTERS. 17 2. If after October 1 of the year preceding the year of a general 18 election the board of supervisors must further adjust precinct boundaries due to the redistricting of election districts as prescribed by law and to 19 20 comply with this subsection, the board of supervisors shall adjust these 21 precinct boundaries as soon as is practicable. 22 B. At least twenty days before a general or primary election, and 23 at least ten days before a special election, the board shall designate one 24 polling place within each precinct where the election shall be held, 25 except that: 26 1. On a specific finding of the board, included in the order or 27 resolution designating polling places pursuant to this subsection, that no 28 suitable polling place is available within a precinct, a polling place for 29 that precinct may be designated within an adjacent precinct. 30 2. Adjacent precincts may be combined if boundaries so established 31 are included in election districts prescribed by law for state elected 32 officials and political subdivisions including community college districts 33 but not including elected officials prescribed by titles 30 and 48. The 34 charge of elections may also split a precinct officer in for 35 administrative purposes. The polling places shall be listed in separate 36 sections of the order or resolution. 37 3. On a specific finding of the board that the number of persons 38 who are listed as early voters pursuant to section 16-544 and who are not 39 expected to have their ballots tabulated at the polling place as 40 prescribed in section 16-579.02 is likely to substantially reduce the 41 number of voters appearing at one or more specific polling places at that 42 election, adjacent precincts may be consolidated by combining polling 43 places and precinct boards for that election. The board of supervisors shall ensure that a reasonable and adequate number of polling places will 44

be designated for that election. Any consolidated polling places shall be listed in separate sections of the order or resolution of the board.

3 4. On a specific resolution of the board, The board OF SUPERVISORS 4 may NOT authorize the use of voting centers in place of or in addition to 5 specifically designated polling places. A voting center shall allow any 6 voter in that county to receive the appropriate ballot for that voter on 7 election day after presenting identification as prescribed in section 8 16-579 and to lawfully cast the ballot. Voting centers may be established 9 in coordination and consultation with the county recorder, at other county offices or at other locations in the county deemed appropriate. 10

11 5. On a specific resolution of the board of supervisors that is 12 limited to a specific election date and that is voted on by a recorded 13 vote, the board may authorize the county recorder or other officer in 14 charge of elections to use emergency voting centers as follows:

15 (a) The board shall specify in the resolution the location and the 16 hours of operation of the emergency voting centers.

17 (b) A qualified elector voting at an emergency voting center shall 18 provide identification as prescribed in section 16-579, except that 19 notwithstanding section 16-579, subsection A, paragraph 2, for any voting 20 at an emergency voting center, the county recorder or other officer in 21 charge of elections may allow a qualified elector to update the elector's 22 voter registration information as provided for in the secretary of state's 23 instructions and procedures manual adopted pursuant to section 16-452.

24 (c) If an emergency voting center established pursuant to this 25 section becomes unavailable and there is not sufficient time for the board 26 of supervisors to convene to approve an alternate location for that 27 emergency voting center, the county recorder or other officer in charge of 28 elections may make changes to the approved emergency voting center 29 location and shall notify the public and the board of supervisors 30 regarding that change as soon as practicable. The alternate emergency 31 voting center shall be as close in proximity to the approved emergency 32 voting center location as possible.

C. If the board fails to designate the place for holding the 33 34 election, or if it cannot be held at or about the place designated, the justice of the peace in the precinct, two days before the election, by an 35 36 order, copies of which the justice of the peace shall immediately post in 37 three public places in the precinct, shall designate the place within the precinct for holding the election. If there is no justice of the peace in 38 the precinct, or if the justice of the peace fails to do so, the election 39 40 board of the precinct shall designate and give notice of the place within 41 the precinct of holding the election. For any election in which there are no candidates for elected office appearing on the ballot, the board may 42 43 consolidate polling places and precinct boards and may consolidate the tabulation of results for that election if all of the following apply: 44

1 1. All affected voters are notified by mail of the change at least 2 thirty-three days before the election.

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2. Notice of the change in polling places includes notice of the 4 new voting location, notice of the hours for voting on election day and notice of the telephone number to call for voter assistance.

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3. All affected voters receive information on early voting that 7 includes the application used to request an early voting ballot.

8 D. The board is not required to designate a polling place for 9 special district mail ballot elections held pursuant to article 8.1 of this chapter, but the board may designate one or more sites for voters to 10 11 deposit marked ballots until 7:00 p.m. on the day of the election.

12 E. Except as provided in subsection F of this section, a public 13 school shall provide sufficient space for use as a polling place for any city, county or state election when requested by the officer in charge of 14 15 elections.

16 F. The principal of the school may deny a request to provide space 17 for use as a polling place for any city, county or state election if, 18 within two weeks after a request has been made, the principal provides a 19 written statement indicating a reason the election cannot be held in the 20 school, including any of the following:

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1. Space is not available at the school.

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2. The safety or welfare of the children would be jeopardized.

23 The board shall make available to the public as a public record G. 24 a list of the polling places for all precincts in which the election is to 25 be held.

26 H. Except in the case of an emergency, any facility that is used as 27 a polling place on election day or that is used as an early voting site during the period of early voting shall allow persons to electioneer and 28 29 engage in other political activity outside of the seventy-five foot limit 30 prescribed by section 16-515 in public areas and parking lots used by 31 voters. This subsection does not allow the temporary or permanent construction of structures in public areas and parking lots or the 32 blocking or other impairment of access to parking spaces for voters. 33 The county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall post on its 34 35 website at least two weeks before election day a list of those polling 36 places in which emergency conditions prevent electioneering and shall 37 specify the reason the emergency designation was granted and the number of attempts that were made to find a polling place before granting an 38 39 emergency designation. If the polling place is not on the website list of 40 polling places with emergency designations, electioneering and other 41 political activity shall be allowed outside of the seventy-five foot 42 limit. If an emergency arises after the county recorder or other officer 43 in charge of elections' initial website posting, the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall update the website as soon as 44 45 is practicable to include any new polling places, shall highlight the

polling place location on the website and shall specify the reason the emergency designation was granted and the number of attempts that were made to find a polling place before granting an emergency designation.

I. For the purposes of this section, a county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall designate a polling place as an emergency polling place and thus prohibit persons from electioneering and engaging in other political activity outside of the seventy-five foot limit prescribed by section 16-515 but inside the property of the facility that is hosting the polling place if any of the following occurs:

10 1. An act of God renders a previously set polling place as 11 unusable.

12 2. A county recorder or other officer in charge of elections has 13 exhausted all options and there are no suitable facilities in a precinct 14 that are willing to be a polling place unless a facility can be given an 15 emergency designation.

J. The secretary of state shall provide through the instructions and procedures manual adopted pursuant to section 16-452 the maximum allowable wait time for any election that is subject to section 16-204 and provide for a method to reduce voter wait time at the polls in the primary and general elections. The method shall consider at least all of the following for primary and general elections in each precinct:

The number of ballots voted in the prior primary and general
 elections.

24 2. The number of registered voters who voted early in the prior 25 primary and general elections.

26 3. The number of registered voters and the number of registered 27 voters who cast an early ballot for the current primary or general 28 election.

4. The number of registered voters whose early ballots were
tabulated on-site as prescribed in section 16-579.02 in the prior primary
and general elections.

32 5. The number of election board members and clerks and the number 33 of rosters that will reduce voter wait time at the polls.

34 Sec. 2. Section 16-531, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 35 read:

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16-531. Appointment of election boards: qualifications

A. When an election is ordered, and not less than twenty days 37 before a general or primary election, the board of supervisors shall 38 appoint for each election precinct, voting center or other voting location 39 one inspector, one marshal, two judges and as many clerks of election as 40 41 deemed necessary. The inspector, marshal, judges and clerks shall be qualified voters of the precinct for which appointed, except if there is 42 43 not a sufficient number of persons available to provide the number of 44 appointments required, the inspector, marshal, judges and clerks shall be 45 qualified voters of this state. The inspector, marshal and judges shall

1 not have changed their political party affiliation or their no party 2 preference affiliation since the last preceding general election, and if 3 they are members of the two political parties that cast the highest number 4 of votes in the state at the last preceding general election, they shall 5 be divided equally between these two parties. There shall be an equal 6 number of inspectors in the various precincts in the county who are 7 members of the two largest political parties. In each precinct where the 8 inspector is a member of one of the two largest political parties, the 9 marshal in that precinct shall be a member of the other of the two largest 10 parties. Whenever possible, any person political appointed as an 11 inspector shall have had previous experience as an inspector, judge, 12 marshal or clerk of elections. If there is no qualified person in a given 13 precinct, the appointment of an inspector may be made from names provided 14 by the county party chairman. If not less than ninety days before the election the chairman of the county committee of either of the parties 15 16 designates qualified voters of the precinct, or of another precinct if 17 there are not sufficient members of that party available in the precinct 18 to provide the necessary representation on the election board as judge, 19 such designated qualified voters shall be appointed. The judges, together 20 with the inspector, shall constitute the board of elections. Any 21 registered voter in the election precinct, or in another election precinct 22 if there are not sufficient persons available in the election precinct for 23 which the clerks are being appointed, may be appointed as clerk.

24 B. If the election precinct consists of fewer than three hundred 25 qualified electors, the board of supervisors may appoint not fewer than 26 one inspector and two judges. The board of supervisors shall give notice 27 of election precincts consisting of fewer than three hundred qualified electors to the county chairmen of the two largest political parties not 28 29 later than thirty days before the election. The inspector and judges 30 shall be appointed in the same manner by party as provided in subsection A 31 of this section.

C. If a nonpartisan election is ordered, not less than twenty days before the election the governing board holding the election shall appoint, without consideration for political party, a minimum of AT LEAST three election workers for each polling place. The election workers shall consist of at least one inspector and two judges. Whenever possible, they shall be qualified electors of the precinct located within the district, without consideration for political party.

D. For election boards established pursuant to subsection B of this section, the inspector and two judges shall be appointed to provide as equal as practicable representation of members of the two largest political parties on the board in the same manner as provided for the election boards prescribed by subsection A of this section. Any registered voter in the election precinct, or in another election precinct if there are not sufficient persons available in the election precinct for 1 which the clerks are being appointed, may be appointed as clerk. No 2 United States, state, county or precinct officer, nor a candidate for 3 office at the election, other than a precinct committeeman or a candidate 4 for the office of precinct committeeman, is qualified to act as judge, 5 inspector, marshal or clerk.

6 E. If an electronic voting system is in use the write-in ballots 7 shall be tallied by a board of elections consisting of one inspector and 8 two judges who are appointed in the same manner by party as provided in 9 subsection A of this section.

10 F. Notwithstanding any other law, the board of supervisors may 11 appoint to an election board to serve as a clerk of election a person who 12 is not eligible to vote if all of the following conditions are met:

13 1. The person is a minor who will be at least sixteen years of age 14 at the time of the election for which the person is named to the election 15 board.

16 2. The person is a citizen of the United States at the time of the 17 election for which the person is named to the election board.

18 3. The person is supervised by an adult who has been trained as an 19 elections officer.

20 4. The person has received training provided by the officer in 21 charge of elections.

5. The parent or guardian of the person has provided written permission for the person to serve.

G. A school district or charter school shall not be required to reduce its average daily membership, as defined in section 15-901, for any pupil who is absent from one or more instructional programs as a result of the pupil's service on an election board pursuant to subsection F of this section.

H. A school district or charter school shall not count any pupil's
absence from one or more instructional programs as a result of the pupil's
service on an election board pursuant to subsection F of this section
against any mandatory attendance requirements for the pupil.

I. This section does not prevent the board of supervisors or governing body from refusing for cause to reappoint, or from removing for cause, an election board member.

36 Sec. 3. Section 16-542, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 37 read:

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16-542. <u>Request for ballot; civil penalties; violation;</u> <u>classification</u>

A. Within ninety-three days before any election called pursuant to the laws of this state, an elector may make a verbal or signed request to the county recorder, or other officer in charge of elections for the applicable political subdivision of this state in whose jurisdiction the elector is registered to vote, for an official early ballot. In addition to name and address, the requesting elector shall provide the date of

1 birth and state or country of birth or other information that if compared 2 to the voter registration information on file would confirm the identity 3 of the elector. If the request indicates that the elector needs a primary election ballot and a general election ballot, the county recorder or 4 5 other officer in charge of elections shall honor the request. For any 6 partisan primary election, if the elector is not registered as a member of 7 a political party that is entitled to continued representation on the 8 ballot pursuant to section 16-804, the elector shall designate the ballot 9 of only one of the political parties that is entitled to continued 10 representation on the ballot and the elector may receive and vote the 11 ballot of only that one political party, which also shall include any 12 nonpartisan offices and ballot questions, or the elector shall designate 13 the ballot for nonpartisan offices and ballot questions only and the elector may receive and vote the ballot that contains only nonpartisan 14 offices and ballot questions. The county recorder or other officer in 15 16 charge of elections shall process any request for an early ballot for a 17 municipal election pursuant to this subsection. The county recorder may 18 establish on-site early voting locations at the recorder's office, which 19 shall be open and available for use beginning the same day that a county 20 begins to send out the early ballots. The county recorder may also establish any other early voting locations in the county the recorder 21 22 deems necessary. Any on-site early voting location or other early voting 23 location shall require each elector to present identification as 24 prescribed in section 16-579 before receiving a ballot. Notwithstanding section 16-579, subsection A, paragraph 2, at any on-site early voting 25 26 location or other early voting location the county recorder or other 27 officer in charge of elections may provide for a qualified elector to 28 update the elector's voter registration information as provided for in the 29 secretary of state's instructions and procedures manual adopted pursuant 30 to section 16-452.

31 B. Notwithstanding subsection A of this section, a request for an 32 official early ballot from an absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter as defined in the uniformed and overseas citizens absentee voting 33 act of 1986 (P.L. 99-410; 52 United States Code section 20310) or a voter 34 35 whose information is protected pursuant to section 16-153 that is received 36 by the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections more than 37 ninety-three days before the election is valid. If requested by the absent uniformed services or overseas voter, or a voter whose information 38 is protected pursuant to section 16-153, the county recorder or other 39 40 officer in charge of elections shall provide to the requesting voter early 41 ballot materials through the next regularly scheduled general election for 42 federal office immediately following receipt of the request unless a 43 different period of time, which does not exceed the next two regularly scheduled general elections for federal office, is designated by the 44 45 voter.

1 C. The county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall mail the early ballot and the envelope for its return postage 2 3 prepaid to the address provided by the requesting elector within five days 4 after receipt of the official early ballots from the officer charged by 5 law with the duty of preparing ballots pursuant to section 16-545, except 6 that early ballot distribution shall not begin more than twenty-seven days 7 before the election. If an early ballot request is received on or before 8 the thirty-first day before the election, the early ballot shall be 9 distributed not earlier than the twenty-seventh day before the election 10 and not later than the twenty-fourth day before the election.

11 D. Only the elector may be in possession of that elector's unvoted 12 early ballot. If a complete and correct request is made by the elector 13 within twenty-seven days before the election, the mailing must be made within forty-eight hours after receipt of the request. Saturdays, Sundays 14 and other legal holidays are excluded from the computation of the 15 16 forty-eight hour FORTY-EIGHT-HOUR period prescribed by this subsection. 17 If a complete and correct request is made by an absent uniformed services 18 voter or an overseas voter before the election, the regular early ballot 19 shall be transmitted by mail, by fax or by other electronic format 20 approved by the secretary of state within twenty-four hours after the 21 early ballots are delivered pursuant to section 16-545, subsection B, 22 excluding Sundays.

E. In order to be complete and correct and to receive an early 23 24 ballot by mail, an elector's request that an early ballot be mailed to the 25 elector's residence or temporary address must include all of the 26 information prescribed by subsection A of this section and must be 27 received by the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections $\pi\sigma$ 28 NOT later than 5:00 p.m. on the eleventh day preceding the election. An 29 elector who appears personally no later than 5:00 p.m. on the Friday 30 preceding the election at an on-site early voting location that is 31 established by the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections 32 shall be given a ballot after presenting identification as prescribed in 33 section 16-579 and shall be permitted to vote at the on-site location. 34 Notwithstanding section 16-579, subsection A, paragraph 2, at any on-site 35 early voting location the county recorder or other officer in charge of 36 elections may provide for a qualified elector to update the elector's 37 voter registration information as provided for in the secretary of state's 38 instructions and procedures manual adopted pursuant to section 16-452. If 39 an elector's request to receive an early ballot is not complete and 40 correct but complies with all other requirements of this section, the 41 county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall attempt to 42 notify the elector of the deficiency of the request.

43 F. Unless an elector specifies that the address to which an early 44 ballot is to be sent is a temporary address, the recorder may use the information from an early ballot request form to update voter registration records.

G. The county recorder or other officer in charge of early balloting shall provide an alphabetized list of all voters in the precinct who have requested and have been sent an early ballot to the election board of the precinct in which the voter is registered not later than the day before the election.

8 H. As a result of experiencing an emergency between 5:00 p.m. on 9 the Friday preceding the election and 5:00 p.m. on the Monday preceding the election, qualified electors may request to vote in the manner 10 11 prescribed by the board of supervisors of their respective county. Before 12 voting pursuant to this subsection, an elector who experiences an 13 emergency shall provide identification as prescribed in section 16-579 and shall sign a statement under penalty of perjury that states that the 14 person is experiencing or experienced an emergency after 5:00 p.m. on the 15 16 Friday immediately preceding the election and before 5:00 p.m. on the 17 Monday immediately preceding the election that would prevent the person 18 from voting at the polls. Signed statements received pursuant to this 19 subsection are not subject to inspection pursuant to title 39, chapter 1, 20 article 2. For the purposes of this subsection, "emergency" means any 21 unforeseen circumstances that would prevent the elector from voting at the 22 polls.

I. Notwithstanding section 16-579, subsection A, paragraph 2, for any voting pursuant to subsection H of this section, the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections may allow a qualified elector to update the elector's voter registration information as provided for in the secretary of state's instructions and procedures manual adopted pursuant to section 16-452.

J. A candidate, political committee or other organization may distribute early ballot request forms to voters. If the early ballot request forms include a printed address for return, the addressee shall be the political subdivision that will conduct the election. Failure to use the political subdivision as the return addressee is punishable by a civil penalty of up to three times the cost of the production and distribution of the request.

36 K. All original and completed early ballot request forms that are 37 received by a candidate, political committee or other organization shall 38 be submitted within six business days after receipt by a candidate, political committee or other organization or eleven days before the 39 40 election day, whichever is earlier, to the political subdivision that will 41 conduct the election. Any person, political committee or other 42 organization that fails to submit a completed early ballot request form 43 within the prescribed time is subject to a civil penalty of up to \$25 per day for each completed form withheld from submittal. Any person who 44 45 knowingly fails to submit a completed early ballot request form before the

1 submission deadline for the election immediately following the completion 2 of the form is guilty of a class 6 felony.

3 L. Except for a voter who is on the active early voting list 4 prescribed by section 16-544, a voter who requests a onetime early ballot 5 pursuant to THIS section 16-542 or for an election conducted pursuant to 6 section 16-409 or article 8.1 of this chapter, a county recorder, city or 7 town clerk or other election officer may not deliver or mail an early 8 ballot to a person who has not requested an early ballot for that 9 election. An election officer who knowingly violates this subsection is quilty of a class 5 felony. 10

11 Sec. 4. Section 16-579.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 12 read:

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16-579.01. Early ballots; on-site tabulation

A. Every county recorder or other officer in charge of elections may provide for a qualified elector who appears at that elector's designated polling location or at a voting center on election day with the elector's voted early ballot to have the elector's voted early ballot tabulated as prescribed in section 16-579.02.

B. The county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall do all of the following if the on-site tabulation of early ballots is allowed:

1. Designate an area within a precinct or voting center for processing electors with their voted early ballots that is physically separate from the area for voters who are voting pursuant to section 16-579.

26 2. Provide adequate poll workers, election officials and equipment 27 necessary to conduct voting pursuant to this section and section 28 16-579.02.

29 3. Categorize and tally separately in the official canvass and 30 other reports electors whose voted early ballots are tabulated at the 31 precinct or voting center. The tally shall be reported by precinct in the 32 official canvass and other voting reports.

4. Reconcile for that polling place or voting center the number of
 electors who appear on the signature roster or e-pollbook ELECTRONIC
 POLLBOOK with the number of completed early ballot affidavits and the
 voted early ballots tabulated on-site.

37 Sec. 5. Section 16-579.02, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 38 read:

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16-579.02. <u>Election day early ballot on-site tabulation</u> procedure; fund

A. A qualified elector who appears at a voting center or at the elector's designated polling place that allows for the on-site tabulation of early ballots with the elector's voted early ballot shall present identification as prescribed in section 16-579, subsection A, paragraph 1 and proceed as follows:

1 1. If the elector does not present identification that complies 2 with section 16-579, subsection A, paragraph 1, the elector shall either 3 deposit the elector's voted early ballot in its affidavit envelope in an 4 official drop box or proceed to the area designated for election day 5 voting to surrender the early ballot to the election board for retention 6 and not for tabulating. The elector shall then be allowed to vote a 7 provisional ballot as prescribed in section 16-584. An election official 8 may not allow for the on-site tabulation of an early ballot if the elector 9 does not present identification that complies with section 16-579, 10 subsection A, paragraph 1.

11 2. If the elector presents sufficient identification to comply with 12 section 16-579, subsection A, paragraph 1, the elector shall present the 13 elector's early ballot affidavit to the election official in charge of the 14 signature roster, and the election official shall confirm that the name 15 and address on the completed affidavit reasonably appear to be the same as 16 the name and address on the precinct register.

17 3. If the elector's affidavit is not complete, the election 18 official in charge of the signature roster shall allow the elector to 19 complete the affidavit. The election official may not allow for the 20 on-site tabulation of an early ballot until the elector presents a 21 completed early ballot affidavit.

B. If the elector's affidavit is complete, the elector's name shall be numbered consecutively by the clerk and in the order of application for early ballot tabulation.

25 C. For precincts in which a paper signature roster is used, each 26 qualified elector shall sign the elector's name in the signature roster as 27 prescribed in section 16-579, subsection D before proceeding to the 28 tabulating equipment.

D. For precincts in which an electronic pollbook is used, each qualified elector shall sign the elector's name as prescribed in section 16-579, subsection E before proceeding to the tabulating equipment.

32 E. After signing the signature roster or electronic pollbook, the 33 elector shall proceed to the tabulating equipment and, while under the observation of an election official, remove the early ballot from the 34 35 completed affidavit envelope, deposit the empty completed affidavit 36 envelope in the secured and labeled drop box and insert the early ballot 37 into a tabulating machine. An early ballot that has been separated from the elector's completed affidavit envelope may not be removed from the 38 39 on-site early ballot tabulation area.

F. The drop box prescribed in subsection E of this section shall be clearly labeled to indicate that the completed affidavits are from ballots tabulated pursuant to this section and shall be secured in a manner substantially similar to other ballot boxes at that location.

44 G. Any qualified elector who lawfully brings to a polling place or 45 voting center another elector's voted early ballot that is sealed in its affidavit envelope shall deposit the other elector's voted early ballot in the appropriate ballot drop box before entering the on-site early ballot tabulation area for purposes of tabulating the elector's own early ballot. The county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall ensure that a voter is not in possession of another voter's ballot within the on-site early ballot tabulation area.

7 Sec. 6. Section 16–1017, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 8 read:

9 10 16-1017. <u>Unlawful acts by voters with respect to voting;</u> <u>classification</u>

11 A voter who knowingly commits any of the following acts is guilty of 12 a class 2 misdemeanor:

13 1. Makes a false statement as to the voter's inability to mark a 14 ballot.

Interferes with a voter within the seventy-five foot limit of
 the polling place as posted by the election marshal or within seventy-five
 feet of the main outside entrance to an on-site early voting location
 established by a county recorder pursuant to section 16-542, subsection A.

19 3. Endeavors while within the seventy-five foot limit for a polling 20 place or on-site early voting location to induce a voter to vote for or 21 against a particular candidate or issue.

4. Prior to BEFORE the close of an election defaces or destroys a sample ballot posted by election officers, or defaces, tears down, removes or destroys a card of instructions posted for the instruction of voters.

26 5. Removes or destroys supplies or conveniences furnished to enable 27 a voter to prepare the voter's ballot.

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6. Hinders the voting of others.

7. Votes in a county in which the voter no longer resides, exceptas provided in section 16-125.

31 Sec. 7. Section 16–1018, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 32 read:

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16-1018. Additional unlawful acts by persons with respect to voting; classification

A person who commits any of the following acts is guilty of a class 2 misdemeanor:

1. Knowingly electioneers on election day within a polling place or in a public manner within seventy-five feet of the main outside entrance of a polling place or on-site early voting location established by a county recorder pursuant to section 16-542, subsection A.

2. Intentionally disables or removes from the polling
place, on-site early voting location or custody of an election official a
voting machine or a voting record.

44 3. Knowingly removes an official ballot from a polling place before 45 closing the polls. 4. Shows another voter's ballot to any person after it is prepared for voting in such a manner as to reveal the contents, except to an authorized person lawfully assisting the voter. A voter who makes available an image of the voter's own ballot by posting on the internet or in some other electronic medium is deemed to have consented to retransmittal of that image and that retransmittal does not constitute a violation of this section.

8 5. Knowingly solicits a voter to show the voter's ballot, or 9 receives from a voter a ballot prepared for voting, unless the person is 10 an election official or unless otherwise authorized by law.

11 6. Knowingly receives an official ballot from a person other than 12 an election official having charge of the ballots.

13 7. Knowingly delivers an official ballot to a voter, unless the14 voter is an election official.

8. Except for a completed ballot transmitted by an elector by fax or other electronic format pursuant to section 16-543, knowingly places a mark on the voter's ballot by which it can be identified as the one voted by the voter.

9. After having received a ballot as a voter, knowingly fails to
 return the ballot to the election official before leaving the polling
 place or on-site early voting location.