REFERENCE TITLE: elections; identification; revisions; mail-in; tabulation.

State of Arizona House of Representatives Fifty-sixth Legislature First Regular Session 2023

HB 2232

Introduced by Representatives Harris: Heap, Jones, Smith

AN ACT

AMENDING TITLE 16. CHAPTER 1.1. ARTICLE 1. ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES. BY ADDING SECTION 16-194; AMENDING SECTIONS 16-245, 16-246 AND 16-343, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 16, CHAPTER 4, ARTICLE 1, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 16-410.01; AMENDING SECTIONS 16-411, 16-442, 16-442.01, 16-443 AND 16-444, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; REPEALING SECTION 16-445, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING SECTIONS 16-446, 16-448 AND 16-449, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; REPEALING SECTIONS 16-450, 16-451 AND 16-452, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING SECTION 16-461, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; REPEALING SECTIONS 16-468 AND 16-504, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 16, CHAPTER 4, ARTICLE 6, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES. BY ADDING A NEW SECTION 16-504; AMENDING SECTIONS 16-510. 16-515, 16-541 AND 16-542, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; REPEALING SECTION 16-544, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING SECTIONS 16-547 AND 16-558.02. ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 16, CHAPTER 4, ARTICLE 9, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 16-575; AMENDING SECTIONS 16-602. 16-621 AND 16-663, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; REPEALING SECTION 16-664, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING SECTIONS 16-1011, 16-1017 AND 16-1018, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO ELECTIONS.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Title 16, chapter 1.1, article 1, Arizona Revised 3 Statutes, is amended by adding section 16-194, to read: 16-194. Primary and general elections; requirements 4 5 A. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER LAW, ALL PRIMARY AND GENERAL ELECTIONS 6 IN THIS STATE SHALL BE CONDUCTED IN STRICT ADHERENCE TO THE FOLLOWING: 7 1. A VOTER MAY NOT RECEIVE OR VOTE A BALLOT UNLESS THE VOTER HAS 8 PRESENTED VALID STATE-ISSUED IDENTIFICATION. 9 2. EXCEPT FOR ABSENTEE BALLOTS AS PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 16-541: (a) ALL VOTING SHALL OCCUR ON ELECTION DAY ONLY. 10 11 (b) ALL BALLOTS SHALL BE CAST IN PERSON BY THE VOTER AT THE VOTER'S 12 ELECTION PRECINCT POLLING PLACE. 13 3. ALL BALLOTS SHALL BE COUNTED BY HAND AND CANVASSED AND THE 14 RETURNS MADE WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER THE POLLS ARE CLOSED. B. EXCEPT AS REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION A OF THIS SECTION, ALL PRIMARY 15 16 AND GENERAL ELECTIONS SHALL BE CONDUCTED AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED BY LAW. 17 Sec. 2. Section 16-245. Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 18 read: 19 16-245. Form and content of ballot 20 A. Ballots and ballot labels for the presidential preference 21 election shall be printed on different colored paper or white paper with a 22 different colored stripe for each party represented on the presidential preference election ballot. Only one party may be represented on each 23 24 ballot. At the top shall be printed "official ballot the of 25 _____ party, presidential preference election (date), county of 26 __, state of Arizona". B. The order of the names of certified candidates on the ballot 27 shall be determined by lots drawn at a public meeting called by the 28 29 secretary of state for that purpose. Rotation of candidate names is prohibited. The certified candidates shall be listed under the title 30 31 party candidates for President of the United 32 States". Immediately below shall be printed "vote for not more than one". The ballot may also contain printed instructions to voters as 33 34 prescribed for other elections. C. The officer in charge of elections shall provide a sample ballot 35 36 proof to the state committee chairman of each qualified candidate's state 37 committee no NOT later than five days after receipt of RECEIVING the 38 certification from the secretary of state. 39 D. The officer in charge of elections shall mail one sample ballot 40 of each party represented on the presidential preference election ballot 41 to each household that contains a registered voter of that political party unless that registered voter is on the active early voting list 42 43 established pursuant to section 16-544. The return address on the sample ballot mailer shall not contain the name of any elected or appointed 44

1 official, and the name of an appointed or elected official shall not be 2 used to indicate who produced the sample ballot.

3 E. The mailing face of each sample ballot shall be imprinted with 4 the great seal of the state of Arizona with the words "official voting 5 materials - presidential preference election". The polling place for that 6 household may also be designated on the mailing face of the sample ballot.

7 Sec. 3. Section 16-246, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 8 read:

9 10

16-246. Absentee balloting; satellite locations; special election boards

11 A. Within ninety-three days before the presidential preference 12 election and not later than 5:00 p.m. on the eleventh day preceding the 13 election, any elector who is eligible to vote in the presidential 14 preference election may make a verbal or signed, written request for an 15 official early ballot to the county recorder or other officer in charge of 16 elections for the county in which the elector is registered to vote. If 17 the request is verbal, the requesting elector shall provide the date of 18 birth and birthplace or other information that if compared to the voter 19 registration records for that elector would confirm the identity of the 20 elector.

21 B. A. Absent uniformed services voters or overseas voters who are 22 otherwise eligible to vote in the election may vote as prescribed by 23 sections 16-543 and 16-543.02.

24 C. B. The county recorder or other officer in charge of elections 25 may SHALL establish ELECTION DAY on-site early voting locations at the 26 office of the county recorder or at other locations in the county deemed necessary or appropriate by the recorder. Early voting shall begin within 27 28 the time limits prescribed in section 16-542 unless otherwise prescribed 29 by this section.

30 D. C. The county recorder or other officer in charge of elections 31 shall send by nonforwardable mail that is marked with the statement required by the postmaster to receive an address correction notification 32 any early ABSENTEE ballots that are requested pursuant to subsections 33 34 SUBSECTION A and B of this section and shall include a preaddressed 35 envelope for the elector to return the completed ballot.

36 $\overline{\mathbf{E}}$. D. The county recorder or other officer in charge of elections 37 shall provide to each election board an appropriate alphabetized list of 38 voters who have requested and have been sent an early ABSENTEE 39 ballot. Any person who is on that list of voters and who was sent an 40 early ABSENTEE ballot shall not vote at the polling place for that 41 election precinct except as prescribed by section 16-579, subsection B.

42 F. E. The county recorder or other officer in charge of elections 43 may provide for any of the following SPECIAL ELECTION BOARDS in the same manner prescribed by law for other elections. 44 45

1. Special election boards.

1 2. Emergency balloting for persons who experience an emergency 2 after 5:00 p.m. on the Friday preceding the presidential preference 3 election and before 5:00 p.m. on the Monday immediately preceding the 4 presidential preference election. Before receiving a ballot pursuant to 5 this paragraph, a person who experiences an emergency shall provide 6 identification as prescribed in section 16-579 and shall sign a statement 7 under penalty of perjury that states that the person is experiencing or 8 experienced an emergency after 5:00 p.m. on the Friday immediately 9 preceding the election and before 5:00 p.m. on the Monday immediately 10 preceding the election that would prevent the person from voting at the polls. Signed statements received pursuant to this subsection are not 11 12 subject to inspection pursuant to title 39, chapter 1, article 2.

G. Notwithstanding section 16-579, subsection A, paragraph 2, for emergency balloting pursuant to subsection F, paragraph 2 of this section, the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections may allow a qualified elector to update the elector's voter registration information as provided for in the secretary of state's instructions and procedures manual adopted pursuant to section 16-452.

19 H. Sections 16-550, 16-551 and 16-552 govern the use of early 20 balloting for the presidential preference election.

21 Sec. 4. Section 16-343, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 22 read:

23

24

24

16-343. <u>Filling vacancy caused by death or incapacity or</u> <u>withdrawal of candidate</u>

A. A vacancy occurring due to death, mental incapacity or voluntary withdrawal of a candidate after the close of petition filing but before a primary or general election shall be filled by the political party with which the candidate was affiliated as follows:

I. In the case of a United States senator or statewide candidate, the state executive committee of the candidate's political party shall nominate a candidate of the party's choice and shall file a nomination paper and declaration complying with the requirements for candidates as stated in section 16-311 in order to fill the vacancy.

2. In the case of a vacancy for the office of United States representative or the legislature, the party precinct committeemen of that congressional or legislative district shall nominate a candidate of the party's choice and shall file a nomination paper and declaration complying with the requirements of section 16-311.

39 3. In the case of a vacancy for a county or precinct office, the 40 party county committee of counties with a population of less than two 41 hundred fifty thousand persons according to the most recent United States 42 decennial census and, in counties with a population of two hundred fifty 43 thousand persons or more according to the most recent United States 44 decennial census the county officers of the party together with the 45 chairman of the party precinct committeemen in each legislative district of the county, shall nominate a candidate of the party's choice and shall file a nomination paper and declaration complying with the requirements of section 16-311 to fill such vacancy.

4 If the vacancy occurs in a candidate race for partisan 4. 5 nomination in which at least one candidate of the vacating candidate's 6 political party remains on the ballot for the vacating candidate's office, 7 the vacancy shall not be filled. For an office to which more than one 8 candidate will be elected, the vacancy shall not be filled if at least one 9 candidate of the vacating candidate's political party remains on the ballot for each of the multiple seats for the office sought by the 10 11 vacating candidate.

B. The nomination paper and declaration required in subsection A of this section shall be filed with the office with which nomination petitions were to be filed at any time before the official ballots are printed.

16 С. Any meetings for the purpose of filing a nomination paper and 17 declaration provided for in this section shall be called by the chairman 18 of such committee or legislative district, except that in the case of 19 multicounty legislative or congressional districts the party county 20 chairman of the county having the largest geographic area within such 21 district shall call such meeting. The chairman or in his absence the vice 22 chairman calling such meeting shall preside. The call to such meeting 23 shall be mailed or given in person to each person entitled to participate 24 no NOT later than one day before such meeting. A majority of those 25 present and voting shall be required to fill a vacancy pursuant to this 26 section.

D. A vacancy that is due to voluntary or involuntary withdrawal of the candidate and that occurs following the printing of official ballots shall not be filled in accordance with this section, however, prospective candidates shall comply with section 16-312. A candidate running as a write-in candidate under this subsection shall file the nomination paper nor NOT later than 5:00 p.m. on the fifth day before the election.

E. Candidates nominated pursuant to subsection A of this section or a candidate running as a write-in candidate under subsection D of this section may be a candidate who ran in the immediately preceding primary election for the office and failed to be nominated.

37 F. If a vacancy occurs as described in subsection A of this section 38 for a state office, the secretary of state shall notify the various boards 39 of supervisors as to the vacancy. The boards of supervisors shall notify 40 the inspectors of the various precinct election boards in the county, 41 district or precinct where a vacancy occurs. In the case of a city or 42 town election, the city or town clerk shall notify the appropriate 43 inspectors. A vacancy that occurs as prescribed in subsection D of this 44 section due to the death or incapacity of the candidate shall not be 45 filled and the secretary of state shall notify the appropriate county

board of supervisors to post a notice of the death or incapacity of the candidate in each polling place along with notice that any votes cast for that candidate will be tabulated.

4 G. The inspectors shall post the notice of vacancy in the same 5 manner as posting official write-in candidates. In the case of a 6 withdrawal of a candidate that occurs after the printing of official 7 ballots, the inspectors shall post the notice of withdrawal in a 8 conspicuous location in each polling place. Notice of withdrawal shall 9 also be posted at all early voting locations and shall be made available to early ABSENTEE voters by providing with the early ABSENTEE ballot 10 11 instructions a website address at which prompt updates to information 12 regarding write-in and withdrawn candidates are available.

13 Sec. 5. Title 16, chapter 4, article 1, Arizona Revised Statutes, 14 is amended by adding section 16-410.01, to read:

15

16-410.01. <u>County recorder; duties</u>

16 NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER LAW, THE COUNTY RECORDER IS RESPONSIBLE 17 ONLY FOR PROVIDING AN ADEQUATE NUMBER AND TYPE OF BALLOTS, PENS, TABLES 18 AND OTHER EQUIPMENT AS NECESSARY FOR THE VARIOUS POLLING PLACES LOCATED IN 19 PRECINCTS AS DETERMINED BY THE NUMBER OF REGISTERED VOTERS IN THE 20 PRECINCTS. THE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS SHALL PERFORM OR SUPERVISE ALL 21 OTHER ELECTION RELATED DUTIES.

22 Sec. 6. Section 16-411, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 23 read:

24

25

16-411. <u>Designation of election precincts and polling places</u>; voting centers; electioneering; wait times

A. The board of supervisors of each county, on or before October 1 of each year preceding the year of a general election, by an order, shall establish a convenient number of election precincts in the county and define the boundaries of the precincts as follows:

1. The election precinct boundaries shall be established so as to be included within election districts prescribed by law for elected officers of the state and its political subdivisions, including community college district precincts, except those elected officers provided for in titles 30 and 48. THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS MAY NOT ESTABLISH AN ELECTION PRECINCT THAT CONTAINS MORE THAN ONE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED REGISTERED VOTERS ON THE DATE THE ELECTION PRECINCT'S BOUNDARIES ARE ESTABLISHED.

2. If after October 1 of the year preceding the year of a general election the board of supervisors must further adjust precinct boundaries due to the redistricting of election districts as prescribed by law and to comply with this subsection, the board of supervisors shall adjust these precinct boundaries as soon as is practicable.

42 B. At least twenty days before a general or primary election, and 43 at least ten days before a special election, the board shall designate one 44 polling place within each precinct where the election shall be held, 45 except that: 1 1. On a specific finding of the board, included in the order or 2 resolution designating polling places pursuant to this subsection, that no 3 suitable polling place is available within a precinct, a polling place for 4 that precinct may be designated within an adjacent precinct.

5 2. Adjacent precincts may be combined if boundaries so established 6 are included in election districts prescribed by law for state elected 7 officials and political subdivisions including community college districts 8 but not including elected officials prescribed by titles 30 and 48. The 9 charge of elections may also split a precinct officer in for 10 The polling places shall be listed in separate administrative purposes. 11 sections of the order or resolution.

12 3. On a specific finding of the board that the number of persons 13 who are listed as early voters pursuant to section 16-544 and who are not expected to have their ballots tabulated at the polling place as 14 prescribed in section 16-579.02 is likely to substantially reduce the 15 16 number of voters appearing at one or more specific polling places at that 17 election, adjacent precincts may be consolidated by combining polling 18 places and precinct boards for that election. The board of supervisors 19 shall ensure that a reasonable and adequate number of polling places IN 20 EACH PRECINCT will be designated for that election. Any consolidated 21 polling places shall be listed in separate sections of the order or 22 resolution of the board.

4. On a specific resolution of the board, The board may NOT 23 24 authorize the use of voting centers in place of or in addition to 25 specifically designated polling places. A voting center shall allow any 26 voter in that county to receive the appropriate ballot for that voter on 27 election day after presenting identification as prescribed in section 16-579 and to lawfully cast the ballot. Voting centers may be established 28 29 in coordination and consultation with the county recorder, at other county 30 offices or at other locations in the county deemed appropriate.

31 5. On a specific resolution of the board of supervisors that is 32 limited to a specific election date and that is voted on by a recorded 33 vote, the board may authorize the county recorder or other officer in 34 charge of elections to use emergency voting centers as follows:

35 (a) The board shall specify in the resolution the location and the 36 hours of operation of the emergency voting centers.

37 (b) A qualified elector voting at an emergency voting center shall 38 provide identification as prescribed in section 16-579, except that 39 notwithstanding section 16-579, subsection A, paragraph 2, for any voting 40 at an emergency voting center, the county recorder or other officer in 41 charge of elections may allow a qualified elector to update the elector's 42 voter registration information as provided for in the secretary of state's 43 instructions and procedures manual adopted pursuant to section 16-452.

44 (c) If an emergency voting center established pursuant to this 45 section becomes unavailable and there is not sufficient time for the board 1 of supervisors to convene to approve an alternate location for that 2 emergency voting center, the county recorder or other officer in charge of 3 elections may make changes to the approved emergency voting center 4 location and shall notify the public and the board of supervisors 5 regarding that change as soon as practicable. The alternate emergency 6 voting center shall be as close in proximity to the approved emergency 7 voting center location as possible.

8 5. THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS MAY NOT CHANGE A POLLING PLACE UNLESS
9 THE VOTERS IN THAT PRECINCT ARE NOTIFIED BY MAIL AT LEAST TWO YEARS IN
10 ADVANCE THAT THE POLLING PLACE HAS CHANGED.

11 C. If the board fails to designate the place for holding the 12 election, or if it cannot be held at or about the place designated, the 13 justice of the peace in the precinct, two days before the election, by an order, copies of which the justice of the peace shall immediately post in 14 three public places in the precinct, shall designate the place within the 15 16 precinct for holding the election. If there is no justice of the peace in 17 the precinct, or if the justice of the peace fails to do so, the election 18 board of the precinct shall designate and give notice of the place within 19 the precinct of holding the election. For any election in which there are 20 no candidates for elected office appearing on the ballot, the board may 21 consolidate polling places and precinct boards and may consolidate the 22 tabulation of results for that election if all of the following apply:

23 1. All affected voters are notified by mail of the change at least 24 thirty-three days before the election.

25 2. Notice of the change in polling places includes notice of the
 26 new voting location, notice of the hours for voting on election day and
 27 notice of the telephone number to call for voter assistance.

28 3. All affected voters receive information on early voting that
 29 includes the application used to request an early voting ballot.

30 D. The board is not required to designate a polling place for
 31 special district mail ballot elections held pursuant to article 8.1 of
 32 this chapter, but the board may designate one or more sites for voters to
 33 deposit marked ballots until 7:00 p.m. on the day of the election.

E. D. Except as provided in subsection F of this section, A public school shall provide sufficient space for use as a polling place for any city, county or state election when requested by the officer in charge of elections.

38 F. The principal of the school may deny a request to provide space 39 for use as a polling place for any city, county or state election if, 40 within two weeks after a request has been made, the principal provides a 41 written statement indicating a reason the election cannot be held in the 42 school, including any of the following:

- 43
- 44

2. The safety or welfare of the children would be jeopardized.

1. Space is not available at the school.

1 E. WHENEVER POSSIBLE, THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS SHALL USE PUBLIC 2 SCHOOLS AND GOVERNMENTAL OFFICES AS POLLING PLACES. ON REQUEST, SCHOOL 3 DISTRICT GOVERNING BOARD MEMBERS, PRINCIPALS AND MANAGERS OF GOVERNMENTAL 4 OFFICES SHALL ALLOW THEIR SITES TO BE USED AS POLLING PLACES.

5

 \mathbf{G} . F. The board shall make available to the public as a public 6 record a list of the polling places for all precincts in which the 7 election is to be held.

8 H. G. Except in the case of an emergency, any facility that is 9 used as a polling place on election day or that is used as an early voting site during the period of early voting shall allow persons to electioneer 10 11 and engage in other political activity outside of the seventy-five foot 12 limit prescribed by section 16-515 in public areas and parking lots used 13 by voters. This subsection does not allow the temporary or permanent 14 construction of structures in public areas and parking lots or the blocking or other impairment of access to parking spaces for voters. 15 The 16 county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall post on its 17 website at least two weeks before election day a list of those polling 18 places in which emergency conditions prevent electioneering and shall 19 specify the reason the emergency designation was granted and the number of 20 attempts that were made to find a polling place before granting an 21 emergency designation. If the polling place is not on the website list of 22 polling places with emergency designations, electioneering and other political activity shall be allowed outside of the seventy-five foot 23 24 limit. If an emergency arises after the county recorder or other officer 25 in charge of elections' initial website posting, the county recorder or 26 other officer in charge of elections shall update the website as soon as 27 is practicable to include any new polling places, shall highlight the 28 polling place location on the website and shall specify the reason the 29 emergency designation was granted and the number of attempts that were 30 made to find a polling place before granting an emergency designation.

31 $\overline{\mathbf{1}}$. H. For the purposes of this section, a county recorder or other 32 officer in charge of elections shall designate a polling place as an 33 emergency polling place and thus prohibit persons from electioneering and 34 engaging in other political activity outside of the seventy-five foot 35 limit prescribed by section 16-515 but inside the property of the facility 36 that is hosting the polling place if any of the following occurs:

37 1. an act of God renders a previously set polling place as unusable. 38

39 2. A county recorder or other officer in charge of elections has 40 exhausted all options and there are no suitable facilities in a precinct 41 that are willing to be a polling place unless a facility can be given an 42 emergency designation.

43 J. The secretary of state shall provide through the instructions 44 and procedures manual adopted pursuant to section 16-452 the maximum 45 allowable wait time for any election that is subject to section 16-204 and

1 provide for a method to reduce voter wait time at the polls in the primary 2 and general elections. The method shall consider at least all of the 3 following for primary and general elections in each precinct:

4 1. The number of ballots voted in the prior primary and general 5 elections.

6 2. The number of registered voters who voted early in the prior
 7 primary and general elections.

8 3. The number of registered voters and the number of registered 9 voters who cast an early ballot for the current primary or general 10 election.

11 4. The number of registered voters whose early ballots were 12 tabulated on-site as prescribed in section 16-579.02 in the prior primary 13 and general elections.

14 5. The number of election board members and clerks and the number 15 of rosters that will reduce voter wait time at the polls.

16 Sec. 7. Section 16-442, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 17 read:

18

16-442. <u>Committee approval</u>

A. The secretary of state shall appoint a committee of three 19 20 persons, to consist of a member of the engineering college at one of the 21 universities, a member of the state bar of Arizona and one person familiar 22 with voting processes in the state, $\pi\sigma$ NOT more than two of whom shall be 23 of the same political party, and at least one of whom shall have at least 24 five years of experience with and shall be able to render an opinion based 25 on knowledge of, training in or education in electronic voting systems, 26 procedures and security. The committee shall investigate and test the 27 various types of vote recording or tabulating machines or devices that may 28 used under this article. The committee shall submit its be 29 recommendations to the secretary of state who shall make final adoption of the type or types, make or makes, model or models to be certified for use 30 31 in this state. The committee shall serve without compensation.

B. Machines or devices used at any election for federal, state or 32 33 county offices may only be certified for use in this state and may only be 34 used in this state if they comply with the help America vote act of 2002, 35 and if those machines or devices THEY have been tested and approved by a 36 laboratory that is accredited pursuant to the help America vote act of 37 2002 AND IF THEY ARE TO BE USED TO COMPLY WITH THE ACCESSIBILITY REQUIREMENTS PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 16-442.01. EXCEPT AS REQUIRED TO 38 COMPLY WITH SECTION 16-442.01, THE SECRETARY OF STATE MAY NOT APPROVE FOR 39 40 GENERAL USE ELECTRONIC VOTING MACHINES AND ELECTRONIC TABULATING MACHINES.

41 C. After consultation with the committee prescribed by subsection A 42 of this section, the secretary of state shall adopt standards that specify 43 the criteria for loss of certification for equipment that was used at any 44 election for federal, state or county offices and that was previously 45 certified for use in this state. On loss of certification, machines or 1 devices used at any election may not be used for any election for federal, 2 state or county offices in this state unless recertified for use in this 3 state.

D. The secretary of state may SHALL revoke the certification of any voting system or device for use in a federal, state or county election in this state or may prohibit for up to five years the purchase, lease or use of any voting system or device leased, installed or used by a person or firm in connection with a federal, state or county election in this state, or both, if either of the following occurs:

10 1. The person or firm installs, uses or permits ALLOWS the use of a 11 voting system or device that is not certified for use or approved for 12 experimental use in this state pursuant to this section.

13 2. The person or firm uses or includes hardware, firmware or 14 software in a version that is not certified for use or approved for 15 experimental use pursuant to this section in a certified voting system or 16 device.

17 E. The governing body of a city or town or the board of directors 18 of an agricultural improvement district may adopt for use in elections any 19 kind of electronic voting system or vote tabulating device approved by the 20 secretary of state, and thereupon the voting or marking device and vote 21 tabulating equipment may be used at any or all elections for voting, 22 recording and counting votes cast at an election.

F. The secretary of state or the governing body may provide for the experimental use of a voting system or device without a final adoption of the voting system or device, and its use at the election is as valid as if the machines had been permanently adopted.

27 G. After consultation with the committee prescribed by subsection A 28 of this section, the secretary of state may approve for emergency use an 29 upgrade or modification to a voting system or device that is certified for 30 use in this state if the governing body establishes in an open meeting 31 that the election cannot be conducted without the emergency certification. 32 Any emergency certification shall be limited to no more than six months. 33 At the conclusion of the certification period the voting system or device 34 shall be decertified and unavailable for future use unless certified in 35 accordance with this section.

36 Sec. 8. Section 16-442.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 37 read:

- 38
- 39

16-442.01. <u>Accessible voting technology; recommendations;</u> <u>certification; applicability</u>

A. On completion of the certification process pursuant to this section and section 16-442, the secretary of state shall require that voting systems that are used by entities that are governed by section 16-204, but not including cities and towns with a population of less than twenty thousand persons, provide persons who are blind or visually impaired with access to voting that is equivalent to that provided to 1 persons who are not blind or visually impaired and shall provide an 2 accessible vote by United States mail option for persons who are blind or 3 have a visual impairment.

4

B. For the purposes of this section:

5

1. A voting system that provides the voter with the ability to cast 6 and verify by both visual and nonvisual methods all of the selections that 7 were made by that voter is deemed to provide equivalent access.

8 2. Nonvisual methods for casting and verifying a selection made on 9 a voting system include the use of synthesized speech, braille and other output methods that do not require sight. 10

3. ANY ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS AUTHORIZED BY THIS SECTION MAY NOT 11 12 BE APPROVED FOR OR PROVIDED FOR GENERAL USE.

13 C. The secretary of state shall consult with and obtain recommendations regarding voting systems from nonprofit organizations that 14 represent persons who are blind or visually impaired, persons with 15 16 expertise in accessible software, hardware and other technology, county 17 and local election officials and other persons deemed appropriate by the 18 secretary of state. After receiving recommendations, the secretary of 19 state shall submit to the committee established pursuant to section 16-442 20 one or more voting systems that provide equivalent access pursuant to this 21 section for possible certification for use in this state.

22 D. Subsection A of this section applies to voting systems that are 23 purchased or upgraded on or after January 1, 2006.

24 Sec. 9. Section 16-443, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 25 read:

26

16-443. <u>Authorization of use at all elections</u>

27 At all state, county, city or town elections, agricultural 28 improvement district elections and primary AND GENERAL elections, ballots 29 or votes may be cast, recorded and counted by voting or marking devices 30 and vote tabulating devices as provided in this article, EXCEPT THAT 31 ELECTRONIC VOTING AND ELECTRONIC OR OTHER TABULATING DEVICES MAY ONLY BE USED TO COMPLY WITH SECTION 16-442.01. FOR ALL OTHER USES, FOR STATE, 32 33 COUNTY, CITY OR TOWN ELECTIONS, ONLY PAPER BALLOTS MAY BE USED AND BALLOTS 34 SHALL BE TABULATED BY HAND.

35 Sec. 10. Section 16-444, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 36 read:

37

16-444. Definitions

38 39 A. In this article, unless the context otherwise requires:

1. "Ballot" means a paper ballot on which votes are recorded.

40 "Computer program" includes all programs and documentation 2. 41 adequate to process the ballots at an equivalent counting center.

42 3. "Counting center" means POLLING PLACES AND one or more locations 43 selected by the board of supervisors for the automatic counting of ABSENTEE ballots. 44

4. "Electronic voting system" means a system in which ABSENTEE
 votes are recorded on a paper ballot by means of marking, and such
 ABSENTEE votes are subsequently counted and tabulated by vote tabulating
 equipment at one or more COUNTY ABSENTEE BALLOT counting centers CENTER.

5. "E-pollbook" means an electronic system in which a voter is
6 checked in and through which a voter's signature is recorded to indicate
7 that the voter has voted.

8 6. "Instructions and procedures manual" means the manual prepared 9 for use as a guide for the conduct of elections by an approved electronic 10 voting system, including, but not limited to, detailed instructions for 11 the performance of each task relating to the collection of ballots and the 12 counting of votes in a manner that will provide maximum security, 13 efficiency and accuracy.

14 7. 5. "Vote tabulating equipment" includes apparatus necessary to 15 automatically examine and count votes as designated on ABSENTEE ballots 16 and tabulate the results.

17 8. 6. "Voting device" means an apparatus that the voter uses to 18 record the voter's votes by marking a paper ballot, which votes are 19 subsequently counted by electronic tabulating equipment HAND.

B. The provisions of all state laws relating to elections not inconsistent with this article apply to all elections where electronic tabulating devices are used. Any provision of law that conflicts with this article does not apply to the elections in which electronic tabulating devices are used.

25

Sec. 11. <u>Repeal</u> Section 16-445, Arizona Revised Statutes, is repealed.

27 Sec. 12. Section 16-446, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 28 read:

29

26

16-446. <u>Specifications of electronic voting system</u>

A. An electronic voting system consisting of a voting or marking
 device in combination with vote tabulating equipment THAT IS USED AS
 PRESCRIBED IN SECTION 16-442.01 shall provide facilities for voting for
 candidates at both primary and general elections.

34 35 B. An electronic voting system shall:

1. Provide for voting in secrecy when used with voting booths.

2. Permit ALLOW each elector to vote at any election for any person for any office whether or not nominated as a candidate, to vote for as many persons for an office as the elector is entitled to vote for and to vote for or against any question on which the elector is entitled to vote, and the vote tabulating equipment shall reject choices recorded on the elector's ballot if the number of choices exceeds the number that the elector is entitled to vote for the office or on the measure.

43 3. Prevent the elector from voting for the same person more than44 once for the same office.

1 4. Be suitably designed for the purpose used and be of durable 2 construction, and may be used safely, efficiently and accurately in the 3 conduct of elections and counting ballots.

5

4 5. Be provided with means for sealing the voting or marking device against any further voting after the close of the polls and the last voter 6 has voted.

7 6. When properly operated, record correctly and count accurately 8 every vote cast.

9 7. Provide a durable paper document that visually indicates the voter's selections, that the voter may use to verify the voter's choices, 10 11 that may be spoiled by the voter if it fails to reflect the voter's 12 choices and that permits ALLOWS the voter to cast a new ballot. This 13 paper document shall be used in manual audits and recounts.

8. To the extent practicable, provide for the ballot layout to be 14 in the same order of arrangement, including rotation, as provided for 15 16 paper ballots, except that information may be printed in vertical or 17 horizontal rows, or in a number of separate pages or screens that are 18 placed or displayed on the voting device. The titles of offices may be arranged in vertical columns or in a series of separate pages or screens 19 20 and shall be printed above or at the side of the names of candidates so as 21 to indicate clearly the candidates for each office and the number to be 22 elected. If there are more candidates for an office than can be printed in one column or on one ballot page or screen, the ballot shall be clearly 23 24 marked that the list of candidates is continued on the following column, 25 page or screen, and to the extent practicable, the same number of names 26 shall be printed on each column, page or screen.

27 9. Provide for a color designation for use in the primary election 28 for each political party represented.

29 Sec. 13. Section 16-448, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 30 read:

31

41

16-448. <u>Write-in votes; instructions</u>

32 Whenever ballots are to be counted by electronic data processing equipment, TO BE COUNTED, all write-in votes for candidates, to be 33 counted, shall be marked by the voter in the space provided opposite the 34 names of the write-in candidates. The instructions to voters printed on 35 36 the ballots shall instruct the voter that the vote will not be counted 37 unless the voter properly marks the ballot when writing in a candidate's 38 name.

39 Sec. 14. Section 16-449, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 40 read:

16-449. Required test of equipment and programs; notice

42 A. Within the period of time before the election day prescribed by 43 the secretary of state in the instructions and procedures manual adopted pursuant to section 16-452, The board of supervisors or other election 44 45 officer in charge OF ELECTIONS, or for an election involving state or

1 federal candidates, the secretary of state, shall have TEST the automatic 2 tabulating equipment and programs tested USED FOR ABSENTEE BALLOTS to 3 ascertain that the equipment and programs will correctly MARK AND count 4 the votes cast for all offices and on all measures. Public notice of the 5 time and place of the test shall be given at least forty-eight hours prior 6 thereto BEFORE THE TEST by publication once in one or more daily or weekly 7 newspapers published in the town, city or village using such equipment, if 8 a newspaper is published therein IN THE CITY, TOWN OR VILLAGE, otherwise 9 in a newspaper of general circulation therein. The test shall be observed 10 by at least two election inspectors, who shall not be of the same 11 political party, and shall be open to representatives of ALL OF the 12 political parties, candidates, the press and the public. The test shall 13 be conducted by processing a preaudited group of ABSENTEE ballots so marked as to record a predetermined number of valid votes for each 14 15 candidate and on each measure and shall include for each office one or 16 more ballots that have votes in excess of the number allowed by law in 17 order to test the ability of the automatic tabulating equipment and 18 programs to reject such votes. If any error is detected, the cause 19 therefor FOR THE ERROR shall be ascertained and corrected and an errorless 20 count shall be made before the automatic tabulating equipment and programs 21 are IS approved. A copy of a revised program shall be filed with the 22 secretary of state within forty-eight hours after the revision is made. 23 If the error was created by automatic tabulating equipment malfunction, a 24 report shall be filed with the secretary of state within forty-eight hours 25 after the correction is made, stating the cause and the corrective action 26 taken. The test shall be repeated immediately before the start of the 27 official count of the ballots in the same manner as set forth above. 28 After the completion of the count, the programs used and the ballots shall 29 be sealed, retained and disposed of as provided for paper ballots.

30 B. Electronic ballot tabulating systems THAT ARE USED ONLY FOR 31 TABULATING ABSENTEE BALLOTS shall be tested for logic and accuracy within 32 seven days before their use for early balloting pursuant to the instructions and procedures manual for electronic voting systems that is 33 34 adopted by the secretary of state as prescribed by section 16-452. The 35 instructions and procedures manual shall include procedures for the 36 handling of ballots, the electronic scanning of ballots and any other 37 matters necessary to ensure the maximum degree of correctness, impartiality and uniformity in the administration of an electronic ballot 38 39 tabulating system.

40 C. Notwithstanding subsections A and B of this section, if a county 41 uses accessible voting equipment to mark ballots and that accessible 42 voting equipment does not independently tabulate or tally votes, the 43 secretary of state in cooperation with the county officer in charge of 44 elections may designate a single date to test the logic and accuracy of

1 both the accessible voting equipment and electronic ballot tabulating 2 systems ANY OTHER EQUIPMENT OR DEVICES USED TO MARK THE BALLOTS. 3 Sec. 15. Repeal 4 Sections 16-450, 16-451 and 16-452, Arizona Revised Statutes, are 5 repealed. 6 Sec. 16. Section 16-461, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 7 read: 8 16-461. Sample primary election ballots; submission to party 9 chairmen for examination; preparation, printing and 10 distribution of ballot 11 A. At least forty-five days before a primary election, the officer 12 in charge of that election shall: 1. Prepare a proof of a sample ballot. 13 14 Submit the sample ballot proof of each party to the county 2. 15 chairman or in city or town primaries to the city or town chairman. 16 3. Mail a sample ballot proof to each candidate for whom a 17 nomination paper and petitions have been filed. 18 B. Within five days after receipt of the sample ballot, the county 19 chairman of each political party shall suggest to the election officer any 20 change the chairman considers should be made in the chairman's party 21 ballot, and if on examination the election officer finds an error or 22 omission in the ballot the officer shall correct it. The election officer 23 shall cause PRINT AND DISTRIBUTE the sample ballots to be printed and 24 distributed as required by law, shall maintain a copy of each sample ballot and shall post a notice indicating that sample ballots are 25 26 available on request. The official sample ballot shall be printed on 27 colored paper or white paper with a different colored stripe for each 28 party that is represented on that ballot. For voters who are not 29 registered with a party that is entitled to continued representation on the ballot pursuant to section 16-804, the election officer may print and 30 31 distribute the required sample ballots in an alternative format, including 32 a reduced size format.

C. Not later than forty days before a primary election, the county
 chairman of a political party may request one sample primary election
 ballot of the chairman's party for each election precinct.

36 D. The board of supervisors shall have printed mailer-type sample 37 ballots for a primary election and shall mail at least eleven days before 38 the election one sample ballot of a political party to each household 39 containing a registered voter of that political party unless that 40 registered voter is on the active early voting list established pursuant 41 to section 16-544. Each sample ballot shall contain the following "This is a sample ballot and cannot be used as an official 42 statement: 43 ballot under any circumstances". A certified claim shall be presented to the secretary of state by the board of supervisors for the actual cost of 44 45 printing, labeling and postage of each sample ballot actually mailed, and

1 the secretary of state shall direct payment of the authenticated claim 2 from funds of the secretary of state's office.

E. For city and town elections, the governing body of a city or town may have printed mailer-type sample ballots for a primary election. If the city or town has printed such sample ballots, the city or town shall provide for the distribution of such ballots and shall bear the expense of printing and distributing of such sample ballots.

8 F. The return address on the mailer-type sample ballots shall not 9 contain the name of an appointed or elected public officer nor may the 10 name of an appointed or elected public officer be used to indicate who 11 produced the sample ballot.

12 G. The great seal of the state of Arizona shall be imprinted along 13 with the words "official voting materials" on the mailing face of each 14 sample ballot. In county, city or town elections the seal of such 15 jurisdiction shall be substituted for the state seal.

16 17

Sections 16-468 and 16-504, Arizona Revised Statutes, are repealed.

18 Sec. 18. Title 16, chapter 4, article 6, Arizona Revised Statutes, 19 is amended by adding a new section 16-504, to read:

20

16-504. Anti-fraud ballot paper

Sec. 17. Repeal

FOR THE REGULAR PRIMARY AND GENERAL ELECTIONS, THE BOARD OF
SUPERVISORS SHALL USE BALLOT PAPER THAT INCLUDES A HOLOGRAM, AN
IDENTIFIABLE SEQUENCE MARKING OR ANOTHER SIMILAR SYSTEM FOR PREVENTING
FRAUD AND THAT ALLOWS A VOTER TO RECEIVE A UNIQUELY MARKED OR NUMBERED
BALLOT.

26 Sec. 19. Section 16-510, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 27 read:

28

16-510. <u>Sample ballots: preparation and distribution</u>

A. Before printing the sample ballots for the general election the board of supervisors shall send to each candidate whose name did not appear on the preceding primary election ballot a ballot proof of the sample ballot for the candidate's review.

B. The board of supervisors shall print and distribute, for the information of voters at each polling place, a number of sample ballots as it deems necessary.

36 C. The board of supervisors shall have printed mailer-type sample 37 ballots for a general election and shall mail at least eleven days before 38 the election one such sample ballot to each household in the county 39 containing a registered voter unless that registered voter is on the 40 active early voting list established pursuant to section 16-544. Each 41 sample ballot shall contain the following statement: "This is a sample 42 ballot cannot be used as an official ballot and under any 43 circumstances". A certified claim shall be presented to the secretary of 44 state by the board of supervisors for the actual cost of printing, 45 labeling and postage of each sample ballot actually mailed, and the

1 secretary of state shall direct payment of the authenticated claim from 2 funds of the secretary of state's office.

D. For city and town elections, the governing body of a city or town may have printed mailer-type sample ballots for a general election. If the city or town has printed such sample ballots, the city or town shall provide for the distribution of such ballots and shall bear the expense of printing and distributing such sample ballots.

8 E. For special district elections, the governing body of a special 9 district may have printed mailer-type sample ballots. If the special 10 district has printed such sample ballots, the special district shall 11 provide for the distribution of such ballots and shall bear the expense of 12 printing and distributing such sample ballots.

13 Sec. 20. Section 16-515, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 14 read:

- 15
- 16

16-515. <u>"Seventy-five foot limit" notices; posting;</u> violation; classification

17 A. Except as prescribed in this section and section 16-580, a 18 person shall not be allowed to remain inside the seventy-five foot limit 19 while the polls are open, except for the purpose of voting, and except the 20 election officials, one representative at any one time of each political 21 party represented on the ballot who has been appointed by the county 22 chairman of that political party and the challengers allowed by law, and 23 $\pi\sigma$ electioneering may NOT occur within the seventy-five foot limit. 24 Voters having cast their ballots shall promptly move outside the 25 seventy-five foot limit.

B. The board of supervisors shall furnish, with the ballots for each polling place, three notices, printed in letters not less than two inches high, with the heading: "Seventy-five foot limit" and underneath that heading the following:

30 No person shall be allowed to remain inside these limits while 31 the polls are open, except for the purpose of voting, and 32 except the election officials, one representative at any one 33 time of each political party represented on the ballot who has 34 been appointed by the county chairman of such political party, 35 and the challengers allowed by law. Voters having cast their 36 ballots shall at once retire without the seventy-five foot 37 limit. A person violating any provision of this notice is 38 guilty of a class 2 misdemeanor.

C. A minor voting in a simulated election at a polling place is subject to the same seventy-five foot limit restrictions prescribed for a voter. Persons supervising or working in a simulated election in which minors vote may remain within the seventy-five foot limit of the polling place. The inspector for the polling place shall exercise authority over all election and simulated election related activities at the polling place. 1 D. For an election that is held by an Indian tribe and that is held 2 at a polling place at the same time and on the same date as any other 3 election, the following apply:

4

1. A person who is voting is subject to the same seventy-five foot 5 limit restrictions prescribed for other voters.

6

2. An election official for the tribal election may remain within 7 the seventy-five foot limit for the polling place.

8 E. With the permission of the voter, a minor may enter and remain 9 within the seventy-five foot limit in order to accompany a voter into a polling place, an on-site early voting facility and a voting booth while 10 11 the voter is voting.

any other law, 12 F. Notwithstanding an election official. а 13 representative of a political party who has been appointed by the county chairman of that political party or a challenger who is authorized by law 14 15 to be within the seventy-five foot limit as prescribed by this section 16 shall not wear, carry or display materials that identify or express 17 support for or opposition to a candidate, a political party or 18 organization, a ballot question or any other political issue and shall not 19 electioneer within the seventy-five foot limit of a polling place.

20 G. Notwithstanding section 16-1018, а person may not take 21 photographs or videos while within the seventy-five foot limit.

22 H. Any A person violating WHO VIOLATES this section is guilty of a 23 class 2 misdemeanor.

24 I. For the purposes of this section, electioneering occurs when an 25 individual knowingly, intentionally, by verbal expression and in order to 26 induce or compel another person to vote in a particular manner or to 27 refrain from voting expresses support for or opposition to a candidate who 28 appears on the ballot in that election, a ballot question that appears on 29 the ballot in that election or a political party with one or more 30 candidates who appear on the ballot in that election.

31 Sec. 21. Section 16-541, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 32 read:

33

16-541. Absentee voting; voter eligibility

THE VOTER HAS A VISUAL IMPAIRMENT.

34 A. Any election called pursuant to the laws of this state shall 35 provide for early ABSENTEE voting, including voting by the use of an 36 accessible vote by United States mail option for persons who are blind or 37 have a visual impairment. Any qualified elector VOTER WHO MEETS THE 38 CRITERIA ESTABLISHED BY THIS SECTION may vote by early ABSENTEE ballot.

39 B. A VOTER SHALL BE ALLOWED TO VOTE BY ABSENTEE BALLOT FOR ANY ONE 40 OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING REASONS:

41 1. THE VOTER EXPECTS TO BE OUTSIDE THIS STATE AT THE TIME OF THE 42 ELECTION.

43 2. THE VOTER IS PHYSICALLY UNABLE TO GO TO THE POLLS BECAUSE THE VOTER IS HOSPITALIZED OR IN A NURSING HOME. 44

45

3.

1 THE VOTER IS AN ABSENT UNIFORMED SERVICES VOTER OR OVERSEAS 2 VOTER AS DEFINED IN THE UNIFORMED AND OVERSEAS CITIZENS ABSENTEE VOTING 3 ACT (P.L. 99-410; 52 UNITED STATES CODE SECTION 20310) OR A SPOUSE OR 4 HOUSEHOLD MEMBER OF THE ABSENT UNIFORMED SERVICES VOTER OR OVERSEAS VOTER.

5

B. C. A qualified elector of a special district organized pursuant 6 to title 48 shall be permitted to vote early in any special district mail 7 ballot election as provided in article 8.1 of this chapter.

8 Sec. 22. Section 16-542, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 9 read:

10

16-542. Request for ballot: violation: classification

11 A. Within ninety-three days before any election called pursuant to 12 the laws of this state, an elector ELIGIBLE VOTER AS PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 13 16-541 may make a verbal or signed request to the county recorder, or 14 other officer in charge of elections for the applicable political 15 subdivision of this state in whose jurisdiction the elector VOTER is 16 registered to vote, for an official early ABSENTEE ballot. In addition to 17 name and address, the requesting elector VOTER shall provide the date of 18 birth and state or country of birth or other information that if compared 19 to the voter registration information on file would confirm the identity 20 of the elector VOTER AND SHALL SPECIFY ONE OF THE REASONS FOR VOTING 21 ABSENTEE PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 16-541. If the request indicates that the 22 elector VOTER needs a primary election ballot and a general election 23 ballot, the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall 24 honor the request. For any partisan primary election, if the elector 25 VOTER is not registered as a member of a political party that is entitled 26 to continued representation on the ballot pursuant to section 16-804, the 27 elector VOTER shall designate the ballot of only one of the political parties that is entitled to continued representation on the ballot and the 28 29 elector VOTER may receive and vote the ballot of only that one political 30 party, which also shall include any nonpartisan offices and ballot 31 questions, or the elector VOTER shall designate the ballot for nonpartisan 32 offices and ballot questions only and the elector VOTER may receive and 33 vote the ballot that contains only nonpartisan offices and ballot 34 questions. The county recorder or other officer in charge of elections 35 shall process any request for an early ABSENTEE ballot for a municipal 36 election pursuant to this subsection. The county recorder may establish 37 on-site early voting locations at the recorder's office, which shall be 38 open and available for use beginning the same day that a county begins to 39 send out the early ballots. The county recorder may also establish any 40 other early voting locations in the county the recorder deems necessary. 41 Any on-site early voting location or other early voting location shall 42 require each elector to present identification as prescribed in section 43 16-579 before receiving a ballot. Notwithstanding section 16-579, 44 subsection A, paragraph 2, at any on-site early voting location or other 45 early voting location the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections may provide for a qualified elector to update the elector's
 voter registration information as provided for in the secretary of state's
 instructions and procedures manual adopted pursuant to section 16-452.

4 B. Notwithstanding subsection A of this section, a request for an 5 official early ABSENTEE ballot from an absent uniformed services voter or 6 overseas voter as defined in the uniformed and overseas citizens absentee 7 voting act of 1986 (P.L. 99-410; 52 United States Code section 20310) or a 8 voter whose information is protected pursuant to section 16-153 that is 9 received by the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections more than ninety-three days before the election is valid. If requested by 10 11 the absent uniformed services or overseas voter, or a voter whose 12 information is protected pursuant to section 16-153, the county recorder 13 or other officer in charge of elections shall provide to the requesting 14 voter early ballot materials through the next regularly scheduled general 15 election for federal office immediately following receipt of the request 16 unless a different period of time, which does not exceed the next two 17 regularly scheduled general elections for federal office, is designated by the voter. 18

19 C. The county recorder or other officer in charge of elections 20 shall mail the early ABSENTEE ballot and the envelope for its return 21 postage prepaid to the address provided by the requesting elector VOTER 22 within five days after receipt of the official early ABSENTEE ballots from 23 the officer charged by law with the duty of preparing ballots pursuant to 24 section 16-545, except that early ABSENTEE ballot distribution shall not begin more than twenty-seven days before the election. If an early 25 26 ABSENTEE ballot request is received on or before the thirty-first day 27 before the election, the **early** ABSENTEE ballot shall be distributed not 28 earlier than the twenty-seventh day before the election and not later than 29 the twenty-fourth day before the election.

30 D. Only the elector VOTER may be in possession of that elector's 31 VOTER'S unvoted early ABSENTEE ballot. If a complete and correct request is made by the elector VOTER within twenty-seven days before the election, 32 33 the mailing must be made within forty-eight hours after receipt of the 34 request. Saturdays, Sundays and other legal holidays are excluded from 35 the computation of the forty-eight hour FORTY-EIGHT-HOUR period prescribed 36 by this subsection. If a complete and correct request is made by an 37 absent uniformed services voter or an overseas voter before the election, 38 the regular early ABSENTEE ballot shall be transmitted by mail, by fax or 39 by other electronic format approved by the secretary of state within 40 twenty-four hours after the early ABSENTEE ballots are delivered pursuant 41 to section 16-545, subsection B, excluding Sundays.

42 E. In order to be complete and correct and to receive an early 43 ABSENTEE ballot by mail, an elector's A VOTER'S request that an early 44 ABSENTEE ballot be mailed to the elector's VOTER'S residence or temporary 45 address must include all of the information prescribed by subsection A of

1 this section and must be received by the county recorder or other officer 2 in charge of elections $\pi\sigma$ NOT later than 5:00 p.m. on the eleventh day 3 preceding the election. An elector who appears personally no later than 4 5:00 p.m. on the Friday preceding the election at an on-site early voting 5 location that is established by the county recorder or other officer in 6 charge of elections shall be given a ballot after presenting 7 identification as prescribed in section 16-579 and shall be permitted to 8 vote at the on-site location. Notwithstanding section 16-579, subsection 9 A, paragraph 2, at any on-site early voting location the county recorder 10 or other officer in charge of elections may provide for a qualified 11 elector to update the elector's voter registration information as provided 12 for in the secretary of state's instructions and procedures manual adopted 13 pursuant to section 16-452. If an elector's A VOTER'S request to receive an early ABSENTEE ballot is not complete and correct but complies with all 14 other requirements of this section, the county recorder or other officer 15 16 in charge of elections shall attempt to notify the elector VOTER of the 17 deficiency of the request.

18 F. Unless an elector specifies that the address to which an early 19 ballot is to be sent is a temporary address, the recorder may use the 20 information from an early ballot request form to update voter registration 21 records.

6. F. The county recorder or other officer in charge of early ABSENTEE balloting shall provide an alphabetized list of all voters in the precinct who have requested and have been sent an early ABSENTEE ballot to the election board of the precinct in which the voter is registered not later than the day before the election.

27 H. G. As a result of experiencing an emergency between 5:00 p.m. 28 on the Friday preceding the election and 5:00 p.m. on the Monday preceding 29 the election, qualified electors VOTERS may request to vote in the manner prescribed by the board of supervisors of their respective county. Before 30 31 voting pursuant to this subsection, an elector A VOTER who experiences an emergency shall provide identification as prescribed in section 16-579 and 32 shall sign a statement under penalty of perjury that states that the 33 person is experiencing or experienced an emergency after 5:00 p.m. on the 34 Friday immediately preceding the election and before 5:00 p.m. on the 35 36 Monday immediately preceding the election that would prevent the person 37 from voting at the polls. Signed statements received pursuant to this subsection are not subject to inspection pursuant to title 39, chapter 1, 38 article 2. For the purposes of this subsection, "emergency" means any 39 40 unforeseen circumstances that would prevent the elector VOTER from voting 41 at the polls.

42 I. Notwithstanding section 16-579, subsection A, paragraph 2, for
43 any voting pursuant to subsection H of this section, the county recorder
44 or other officer in charge of elections may allow a qualified elector to
45 update the elector's voter registration information as provided for in the

1 secretary of state's instructions and procedures manual adopted pursuant 2 to section 16-452.

3 J. A candidate, political committee or other organization may 4 distribute early ballot request forms to voters. If the early ballot 5 request forms include a printed address for return, the addressee shall be 6 the political subdivision that will conduct the election. Failure to use 7 the political subdivision as the return addressee is punishable by a civil 8 penalty of up to three times the cost of the production and distribution 9 of the request.

10 K. All original and completed early ballot request forms that are 11 received by a candidate, political committee or other organization shall 12 be submitted within six business days after receipt by a candidate, 13 political committee or other organization or eleven days before the election day, whichever is earlier, to the political subdivision that will 14 15 conduct the election. Any person, political committee or other 16 organization that fails to submit a completed early ballot request form 17 within the prescribed time is subject to a civil penalty of up to \$25 per 18 day for each completed form withheld from submittal. Any person who 19 knowingly fails to submit a completed early ballot request form before the 20 submission deadline for the election immediately following the completion 21 of the form is guilty of a class 6 felony.

22 L. H. Except for a voter who is on the active early voting list prescribed by section 16-544, A voter who requests a onetime early 23 24 ABSENTEE ballot pursuant to THIS section 16-542 or for an election conducted pursuant to section 16-409 or article 8.1 of this chapter, a 25 26 county recorder, city or town clerk or other election officer may not 27 deliver or mail an early ABSENTEE ballot to a person who has not requested 28 an early ABSENTEE ballot for that election. An election officer who 29 knowingly violates this subsection is guilty of a class 5-2 felony. Sec. 23. Repeal

30

31

Section 16-544, Arizona Revised Statutes, is repealed.

32 Sec. 24. Section 16-547, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 33 read:

34

16-547. Ballot affidavit; form

A. The early ABSENTEE ballot shall be accompanied by an envelope 35 36 bearing on the front the name, official title and post office address of the recorder or other officer in charge of elections and on the other side 37 a printed affidavit in substantially the following form: 38

39 I declare the following under penalty of perjury: I am a registered 40 ____ county Arizona, AND I EXPECT TO BE ABSENT FROM THIS voter in 41 STATE AT THE TIME OF THE ELECTION OR I AM PHYSICALLY UNABLE TO GO TO THE POLLS BECAUSE I AM IN THE HOSPITAL OR A NURSING HOME OR BECAUSE I AM 42 43 VISUALLY IMPAIRED OR I AM AN ABSENT UNIFORMED SERVICES VOTER OR OVERSEAS VOTER, AND I have not voted and will not vote in this election in any 44 45 other county or state, I understand that knowingly voting more than once

1 in any election is a class 5 felony and I voted the enclosed ballot and 2 signed this affidavit personally unless noted below. 3 If the voter was assisted by another person in marking 4 the ballot, complete the following: 5 I declare the following under penalty of perjury: At 6 the registered voter's request I assisted the voter identified 7 in this affidavit with marking the voter's ballot, I marked 8 the ballot as directly instructed by the voter, I provided the 9 assistance because the voter was physically unable to mark the ballot solely due to illness, injury or physical limitation 10 11 and I understand that there is no power of attorney for voting 12 and that the voter must be able to make the voter's selection 13 even if they THE VOTER cannot physically mark the ballot. Name of voter assistant: 14 15 Address of voter assistant: 16 Β. The face of each envelope in which a ballot is sent to a federal 17 postcard applicant or in which a ballot is returned by the applicant to 18 the recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall be in the form 19 prescribed in accordance with the uniformed and overseas citizens absentee 20 voting act of 1986 (P.L. 99-410; 52 United States Code section 20301). 21 Otherwise, the envelopes shall be the same as those used to send ballots 22 to, or receive ballots from, other early ABSENTEE voters. 23 C. The officer charged by law with the duty of preparing ballots at 24 any election shall ensure that the early ABSENTEE ballot is sent in an 25 envelope that states substantially the following: 26 If the addressee does not reside at this address, mark 27 the unopened envelope "return to sender" and deposit it in the 28 United States mail. 29 D. The county recorder or other officer in charge of elections 30 shall supply printed instructions to early ABSENTEE voters that direct 31 them to sign the affidavit, mark the ballot and return both in the enclosed self-addressed envelope that complies with section 16-545. 32 The 33 instructions shall include the following statement: 34 In order to be valid and counted, the ballot and 35 affidavit must be delivered to the office of the county 36 recorder or other officer in charge of elections or may be 37 deposited at any polling place in the county $n\sigma$ NOT later than 38 7:00 p.m. on election day. The ballot will not be counted 39 without the voter's signature on the envelope. (WARNING-It is a felony to offer or receive any compensation 40 41 for a ballot.)

1 Sec. 25. Section 16-558.02, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 2 read: 3 16-558.02. Replacement ballots 4 A. The county recorder or other officer in charge of elections 5 shall determine a central location in the district and shall provide for a 6 ballot replacement center that is as near to that location as is 7 practicable for ELIGIBLE electors to obtain a replacement ballot. The 8 location shall be open from 6:00 a.m. until 7:00 p.m. of the day of the 9 election. An elector may obtain a replacement ballot until 7:00 p.m. on the day of the election on presenting a signed, sworn statement that the 10 11 ABSENTEE ballot was lost, spoiled, destroyed or not received. 12 B. The recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall keep 13 a record of each replacement ballot provided pursuant to this section. C. If an elector to whom a replacement ballot is issued votes more 14 than once, only the first ballot received shall be counted. 15 16 Sec. 26. Title 16, chapter 4, article 9, Arizona Revised Statutes, 17 is amended by adding section 16-575, to read: 18 16-575. Mask mandate: vaccination: testing prohibition 19 THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, COUNTY RECORDER AND OFFICER IN CHARGE OF 20 ELECTIONS MAY NOT REQUIRE THAT A VOTER, A BOARD WORKER OR ANY OTHER PERSON 21 WEAR A FACIAL MASK AT A POLLING PLACE OR OTHER VOTING OR TABULATING 22 LOCATION OR BE VACCINATED AGAINST OR TESTED FOR A VIRUS AS A CONDITION OF 23 ENTERING A POLLING PLACE OR OTHER VOTING OR TABULATING LOCATION. 24 Sec. 27. Section 16-602, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 25 read: 26 16-602. Paper ballots; report A. For any primary, special or general election in which the votes 27 28 are cast on an electronic voting machine or tabulator, the election judge 29 shall compare the number of votes cast as indicated on the machine or tabulator FROM THE PAPER BALLOTS with the number of votes cast as 30 31 indicated on the poll list and the number of provisional ballots cast and that information shall be noted in a written report prepared and submitted 32 33 to the officer in charge of elections along with other tally reports. ALL 34 BALLOTS SHALL BE COUNTED BY HAND. 35 B. For each countywide primary, special, general and presidential 36 preference election, the county officer in charge of the election shall 37 conduct a hand count at one or more secure facilities. The hand count 38 shall be conducted as prescribed by this section and in accordance with 39 hand count procedures established by the secretary of state in the 40 official instructions and procedures manual adopted pursuant to section 41 16-452. The hand count is not subject to the live video requirements of 42 section 16-621, subsection D, but the party representatives who are 43 observing the hand count may bring their own video cameras in order to 44 record the hand count. The recording shall not interfere with the conduct 45 of the hand count and the officer in charge of the election may prohibit

1 from recording or remove from the facility persons who are taking actions 2 to disrupt the count. The sole act of recording the hand count does not 3 constitute sufficient grounds for the officer in charge of the election to 4 prohibit observers from recording or to remove them from the facility. 5 The hand count shall be conducted in the following order:

1. At least two percent of the precincts in that county, or two 6 7 precincts, whichever is greater, shall be selected at random from a pool 8 consisting of every precinct in that county. The county political party 9 chairman for each political party that is entitled to continued representation on the state ballot or the chairman's designee shall 10 11 conduct the selection of the precincts to be hand counted. The precincts 12 shall be selected by lot without the use of a computer, and the order of 13 selection by the county political party chairmen shall also be by lot. 14 The selection of the precincts shall not begin until all ballots voted in the precinct polling places have been delivered to the central counting 15 16 center. The unofficial vote totals from all precincts shall be made 17 public before selecting the precincts to be hand counted. Only the 18 ballots cast in the polling places and ballots from direct recording 19 electronic machines shall be included in the hand counts conducted 20 pursuant to this section. Provisional ballots, conditional provisional 21 ballots and write-in votes shall not be included in the hand counts and 22 the early ballots shall be grouped separately by the officer in charge of elections for purposes of a separate manual audit pursuant to subsection F 23 24 of this section.

25 2. The races to be counted on the ballots from the precincts that 26 were selected pursuant to paragraph 1 of this subsection for each primary, 27 special and general election shall include up to five contested races. 28 After the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections 29 separates the primary ballots by political party, the races to be counted 30 shall be determined by selecting by lot without the use of a computer from 31 those ballots as follows:

32 (a) For a general election, one statewide ballot measure, unless
 33 there are no measures on the ballot.

34

(b) One contested statewide race for statewide office.

35 (c) One contested race for federal office, either United States 36 senate or United States house of representatives. If the United States 37 house of representatives race is selected, the names of the candidates may 38 vary among the sampled precincts.

39 (d) One contested race for state legislative office, either state
 40 house of representatives or state senate. In either case, the names of
 41 the candidates may vary among the sampled precincts.

42 (e) If there are fewer than four contested races resulting from the
 43 selections made pursuant to subdivisions (a) through (d) of this section
 44 and if there are additional contested federal, statewide or legislative
 45 races or ballot measures, additional contested races shall be selected by

1 lot not using a computer until four races have been selected or until no 2 additional contested federal, statewide or legislative races or ballot 3 measures are available for selection.

- 4 (f) If there are no contested races as prescribed by this
 5 paragraph, a hand count shall not be conducted for that precinct for that
 6 election.
- 7 3. For the presidential preference election, select by lot two 8 percent of the polling places designated and used pursuant to section 9 16-248 and perform the hand count of those ballots.
- 10 4. For the purposes of this section, a write-in candidacy in a race 11 does not constitute a contested race.
- 12 5. In elections in which there are candidates for president, the 13 presidential race shall be added to the four categories of hand counted 14 races.
- 15 6. Each county chairman of a political party that is entitled to 16 continued representation on the state ballot or the chairman's designee 17 shall select by lot the individual races to be hand counted pursuant to 18 this section.
- 19 7. The county chairman of each political party shall designate and 20 provide the number of election board members as designated by the county 21 officer in charge of elections who shall perform the hand count under the 22 supervision of the county officer in charge of elections. For each precinct that is to be audited, the county chairmen shall designate at 23 24 least two board workers who are registered members of any or no political party to assist with the audit. Any qualified elector from this state may 25 26 be a board worker without regard to party designation. The county election officer shall provide for compensation for those board workers, 27 not to include travel, meal or lodging expenses. If there are less than 28 29 two persons for each audited precinct available to participate on behalf of each recognized political party, the recorder or officer in charge of 30 elections, with the approval of at least two county party chairpersons in 31 the county in which the shortfall occurs, shall substitute additional 32 individual electors who are provided by any political party from anywhere 33 34 in the state without regard to party designation to conduct the hand count. A county party chairman shall approve only those substitute 35 36 electors who are provided by the county chairman's political party. The political parties shall provide to the recorder or officer in charge of 37 elections in writing the names of those persons intending to participate 38 39 in the hand count at the audited precincts not later than 5:00 p.m. on the 40 Tuesday preceding the election. If the total number of board workers 41 provided by all parties is less than four times the number of precincts to be audited, the recorder or officer in charge of elections shall notify 42 43 the parties of the shortage by 9:00 a.m. on the Wednesday preceding the election. The hand count shall not proceed unless the political parties 44 45 provide the recorder or officer in charge of elections, in writing, a

1 sufficient number of persons by 5:00 p.m. on the Thursday preceding the 2 election and a sufficient number of persons, pursuant to this paragraph, 3 arrive to perform the hand count. The recorder or officer in charge of 4 elections may prohibit persons from participating in the hand count if 5 they are taking actions to disrupt the count or are unable to perform the 6 duties as assigned. For the hand count to proceed, not more than 7 seventy-five percent of the persons performing the hand count shall be 8 from the same political party.

9 8. If a political party is not represented by a designated 10 chairperson within a county, the state chairperson for that political 11 party, or a person designated by the state chairperson, may perform the 12 actions required by the county chairperson as specified in this section.

13 C. If the randomly selected races result in a difference in any 14 race that is less than the designated margin when compared to the electronic tabulation of those same ballots, the results of the electronic 15 16 tabulation constitute the official count for that race. If the randomly 17 selected races result in a difference in any race that is equal to or 18 greater than the designated margin when compared to the electronic 19 tabulation of those same ballots, a second hand count of those same ballots and races shall be performed. If the second hand count results in 20 21 a difference in any race that is less than the designated margin when 22 compared to the electronic tabulation for those same ballots, the electronic tabulation constitutes the official count for that race. If 23 24 the second hand count results in a difference in any race that is equal to 25 or greater than the designated margin when compared to the electronic 26 tabulation for those same ballots, the hand count shall be expanded to 27 include a total of twice the original number of randomly selected precincts. Those additional precincts shall be selected by lot without 28 29 the use of a computer.

30 D. In any expanded count of randomly selected precincts, if the 31 randomly selected precinct hand counts result in a difference in any race that is equal to or greater than the designated margin when compared to 32 the electronic tabulation of those same ballots, the final hand count 33 34 shall be extended to include the entire jurisdiction for that race. If 35 the jurisdictional boundary for that race would include any portion of 36 more than one county, the final hand count shall not be extended into the 37 precincts of that race that are outside of the county that is conducting the expanded hand count. If the expanded hand count results in a 38 39 difference in that race that is less than the designated margin when 40 compared to the electronic tabulation of those same ballots, the 41 electronic tabulation constitutes the official count for that race.

42 E. If a final hand count is performed for an entire jurisdiction 43 for a race, the final hand count shall be repeated for that race until a 44 hand count for that race for the entire jurisdiction results in a count 45 that is identical to one other hand count for that race for the entire 1 jurisdiction and that hand count constitutes the official count for that
2 race.

3 After the electronic tabulation of early ballots and at one or F----4 more times selected by the chairman of the political parties entitled to 5 continued representation on the ballot or the chairman's designee, the 6 chairmen or the chairmen's designees shall randomly select one or more 7 batches of early ballots that have been tabulated to include at least one 8 batch from each machine used for tabulating early ballots and those 9 ballots shall be securely sequestered by the county recorder or officer in charge of elections along with their unofficial tally reports for a 10 11 postelection manual audit. The chairmen or the chairmen's designees shall 12 randomly select from those sequestered early ballots a number equal to one 13 percent of the total number of early ballots cast or five thousand early 14 ballots, whichever is less. From those randomly selected early ballots, the county officer in charge of elections shall conduct a manual audit of 15 16 the same races that are being hand counted pursuant to subsection B of 17 this section. If the manual audit of the early ballots results in a 18 difference in any race that is equal to or greater than the designated 19 margin when compared to the electronically tabulated results for those 20 same early ballots, the manual audit shall be repeated for those same early ballots. If the second manual audit results in a difference in that 21 22 race that is equal to or greater than the designated margin when compared to the electronically tabulated results for those same early ballots, the 23 24 manual audit shall be expanded only for that race to a number of 25 additional early ballots equal to one percent of the total early ballots 26 cast or an additional five thousand ballots, whichever is less, to be randomly selected from the batch or batches of sequestered early 27 ballots. If the expanded early ballot manual audit results in a 28 difference for that race that is equal to or greater than the designated 29 30 margin when compared to any of the earlier manual counts for that race, the manual counts shall be repeated for that race until a manual count 31 results in a difference in that race that is less than the designated 32 margin. If at any point in the manual audit of early ballots the 33 34 difference between any manual count of early ballots is less than the designated margin when compared to the electronic tabulation of those 35 36 ballots, the electronic tabulation shall be included in the canvass and no 37 further manual audit of the early ballots shall be conducted.

38 G. During any hand count of early ballots, the county officer in
 39 charge of elections and election board workers shall attempt to determine
 40 the intent of the voter in casting the ballot.

H. Notwithstanding any other law, the county officer in charge of
elections shall retain custody of the ballots for purposes of performing
any required hand counts and the officer shall provide for security for
those ballots.

1 I. The hand counts prescribed by this section shall begin within twenty-four hours after the closing of the polls and shall be completed 2 3 before the canvassing of the election for that county. The results of 4 those hand counts shall be provided to the secretary of state, who shall 5 make those results publicly available on the secretary of state's website. J. For any county in which a hand count has been expanded to all 6 7 precincts in the jurisdiction, the secretary of state shall make available 8 the escrowed source code for that county to the superior court. The 9 superior court shall appoint a special master to review the computer software. The special master shall have expertise in software 10 11 engineering, shall not be affiliated with an election software vendor nor 12 with a candidate, shall sign and be bound by a nondisclosure agreement 13 regarding the source code itself and shall issue a public report to the 14 court and to the secretary of state regarding the special master's findings on the reasons for the discrepancies. The secretary of state 15 16 shall consider the reports for purposes of reviewing the certification of 17 that equipment and software for use in this state.

18 K. The vote count verification committee is established in the 19 office of the secretary of state and all of the following apply:

20 1. At least thirty days before the 2006 primary election, the 21 secretary of state shall appoint seven persons to the committee, not more 22 than three of whom are members of the same political party.

23 2. Members of the committee shall have expertise in any two or more
 24 of the areas of advanced mathematics, statistics, random selection
 25 methods, systems operations or voting systems.

26 3. A person is not eligible to be a committee member if that person 27 has been affiliated with or received any income in the preceding five 28 years from any person or entity that provides election equipment or 29 services in this state.

30 4. The vote count verification committee shall meet and establish 31 one or more designated margins to be used in reviewing the hand counting of votes as required pursuant to this section. The committee shall review 32 and consider revising the designated margins every two years for use in 33 34 the applicable elections. The committee shall provide the designated margins to the secretary of state at least ten days before the primary 35 36 election and at least ten days before the general election, and the 37 secretary of state shall make that information publicly available on the secretary of state's website. 38

39 5. Members of the vote count verification committee are not 40 eligible to receive compensation but are eligible for reimbursement of 41 expenses pursuant to title 38, chapter 4, article 2. The committee is a 42 public body and its meetings are subject to title 38, chapter 3, article 43 3.1 and its reports and records are subject to title 39, chapter 1.

1 Sec. 28. Section 16-621, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 2 read: 3 16-621. Proceedings at the counting center 4 A. All proceedings at the counting center shall be under the 5 direction of the board of supervisors or other officer in charge of 6 elections and shall be conducted in accordance with the approved 7 instructions and procedures manual issued pursuant to section 16-452 under 8 the observation of representatives of each political party and the public. 9 The proceedings at the counting center may also be observed by up to three additional people representing a candidate for nonpartisan office, or 10 11 representing a political committee in support of or in opposition to a 12 ballot measure, proposition or question. A draw by lot shall determine 13 which three groups or candidates shall have representatives participate in the observation at the counting center. Persons representing a candidate 14 15 for nonpartisan office or persons or groups representing a political 16 committee in support of or in opposition to a ballot measure, proposition 17 or question, who are interested in participating in the observation, shall 18 notify the officer in charge of elections of their desire to be included 19 in the draw not later than seventeen days before the election. After the 20 deadline to receive submissions from the interested persons or groups, but 21 prior to fourteen days before the election, the county officer in charge 22 of elections shall draw by lot, from the list of those that expressed 23 interest, three persons or groups and those selected shall be notified and 24 allowed to observe the proceedings at the counting center. If a group is 25 selected the group may alter who represents that group for different days 26 of observation but on any given observation day a selected group shall not 27 send more than one observer. A group may rotate an observer throughout 28 Only those persons who are authorized for the purpose shall the day. 29 touch any ballot or ballot card or return. All persons who are engaged in 30 processing and counting of the ballots shall be qualified electors, shall 31 be deputized in writing and shall take an oath that they will faithfully 32 perform their assigned duties. There shall be no preferential counting of 33 ballots for the purpose of projecting the outcome of the election. THE 34 BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OR OTHER OFFICER IN CHARGE OF ELECTIONS SHALL NOT 35 ALLOW THE USE OF ELECTRONIC OR OTHER TABULATING EQUIPMENT AND ALL COUNTING 36 SHALL BE DONE BY HAND. BALLOTS SHALL BE ORGANIZED AND REMAIN SEGREGATED 37 BY PRECINCT, BOTH BEFORE AND AFTER COUNTING. If any ballot, including any 38 ballot received from early voting, is damaged or defective so that it 39 cannot properly be counted by the automatic tabulating equipment, a true 40 duplicate copy shall be made of the damaged or defective ballot in the 41 presence of witnesses and substituted for the damaged or defective ballot. 42 All duplicate ballots created pursuant to this subsection shall be clearly 43 labeled "duplicate" and shall bear a serial number that shall be recorded 44 on the damaged or defective ballot.

B. If the counting center automatic tabulating equipment includes an electronic vote adjudication feature that has been certified for use as prescribed by section 16-442 and the board of supervisors or officer in charge of elections authorizes the use of this feature at the counting center, all of the following apply:

6 1. The electronic vote adjudication feature shall be included in 7 the tabulation system logic and accuracy testing prescribed by section 8 16-449.

9 2. The board of supervisors or officer in charge of elections shall appoint an electronic vote adjudication board that consists of two judges 10 11 who are overseen by an inspector, with the two judges equally divided 12 between the two largest political parties as prescribed by section 16-531, subsection D to adjudicate and submit for tabulation a ballot that is read 13 by the tabulation machine as blank in order to determine if voter intent 14 15 is clear on a portion or all of the ballot, or any portion of any ballot 16 as prescribed by section 16-610 or 16-611, or to tally write-in choices as 17 prescribed by section 16-612.

18 3. The electronic vote adjudication process used by the electronic 19 vote adjudication board shall provide for:

(a) A method to track and account for the original ballot and the
 digital duplicate of the ballot created by the electronic vote
 adjudication feature that includes a serial number on the digital image
 that can be used to track electronic vote adjudication board actions.

24 (b) The creation and retention of comprehensive logs of all digital 25 duplication and adjudication actions performed by an electronic vote 26 adjudication board.

27 (c) The retention of the original ballot and the digital duplicate
28 of the ballot.

29 C. If for any reason it becomes impracticable to count all or a 30 part of the ballots with tabulating equipment, the officer in charge of 31 elections may direct that they be counted manually, following as far as 32 practicable the provisions governing the counting of paper ballots.

D. B. For any statewide, county or legislative election, the 33 34 county recorder or officer in charge of elections shall provide for a live video recording of the custody of all ballots while the ballots are 35 36 present in a tabulation room in the counting center. The live video 37 recording shall include date and time indicators and shall be linked to the secretary of state's website. The secretary of state shall post links 38 to the video coverage for viewing by the public. The county recorder or 39 40 officer in charge of elections shall record the video coverage of the 41 ballots at the counting center and shall retain those recordings as a 42 public record for at least as long as the challenge period for the general 43 election. If the live video feed is disrupted or disabled, the recorder or officer in charge of elections is not liable for the disruption but 44 45 shall attempt to reinstate video coverage as soon as is practicable. Any

1 disruption in video coverage shall not affect or prevent the continued 2 tabulation of ballots. This subsection is contingent on legislative 3 appropriation.

4 E. C. The county recorder or other officer in charge of elections 5 shall maintain records that record the chain of custody for all election 6 equipment and ballots during early ABSENTEE voting through the completion 7 of provisional voting tabulation.

8 Sec. 29. Section 16–663, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 9 read:

10

16-663. <u>Recount of votes</u>

11 A. The superior court to which the facts requiring a recount are 12 certified shall forthwith PROMPTLY make and enter an order requiring a 13 recount of the votes cast for such office, measure or proposal. The 14 recount shall be conducted in accordance with the laws pertaining to 15 contests of elections.

16 B. When the court orders a recount of votes which were cast and 17 tabulated on electronic voting equipment, such recount shall be pursuant 18 to section 16-664. On completion of the recount, and for legislative, statewide and federal candidate races only, the county chairmen of the 19 20 political parties entitled to continued representation on the ballot or 21 the chairman's designee shall select at random without the use of a 22 computer five per cent of the precincts for the recounted race for a hand 23 count, and if the results of that hand count when compared to the 24 electronic tabulation of that same race are less than the designated margins calculated pursuant to section 16-602, the recount is complete and 25 26 the electronic tabulation is the official result. If the hand count 27 results in a difference that is equal to or greater than the designated 28 margin for that race, the procedure established in section 16-602, 29 subsections C, D, E and F applies.

30 Sec. 30. <u>Repeal</u>

Section 16-664, Arizona Revised Statutes, is repealed.

32 Sec. 31. Section 16–1011, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 33 read:

34

31

35

16-1011. <u>Counterfeiting election returns; violation;</u> classification

A. A person who knowingly forges or counterfeits returns of an election purporting to have been held at a precinct or place where no election was in fact held, or who knowingly substitutes, forges or counterfeits returns of election instead of the true returns for a precinct or place where an election was actually held, is guilty of a class 3 felony.

42 B. A person who knowingly substitutes, forges, counterfeits or 43 tampers with ballot tabulations or totals or election results by 44 electronic means or through the use of a computer, machine or other device 45 is guilty of a class 3 felony. This subsection does not apply to the

1 casting or tallying of ballots as provided by law or to the substitution 2 or duplication of ballots as prescribed by sections 16-573, AND 16-574 3 and 16-621. 4 C. Notwithstanding sections 13-907 and 13-908, a person who is 5 convicted under this section shall not be automatically restored the right 6 to vote. 7 Sec. 32. Section 16-1017, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 8 read: 9 16-1017. Unlawful acts by voters with respect to voting; 10 classification 11 A voter who knowingly commits any of the following acts is guilty of 12 a class 2 misdemeanor: 13 1. Makes a false statement as to the voter's inability to mark a 14 ballot. 2. Interferes with a voter within the seventy-five foot limit of 15 16 the polling place as posted by the election marshal or within seventy-five 17 feet of the main outside entrance to an on-site early voting location 18 established by a county recorder pursuant to section 16-542, subsection A. 19 3. Endeavors while within the seventy-five foot limit for a polling 20 place or on-site early voting location to induce a voter to vote for or 21 against a particular candidate or issue. 22 4. Prior to BEFORE the close of an election defaces or destroys a sample ballot posted by election officers, or defaces, tears down, 23 24 removes or destroys a card of instructions posted for the instruction of 25 voters. 26 5. Removes or destroys supplies or conveniences furnished to enable 27 a voter to prepare the voter's ballot. 28 6. Hinders the voting of others. 29 7. Votes in a county in which the voter no longer resides, except 30 as provided in section 16-125. 31 Sec. 33. Section 16-1018, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 32 read: 33 16-1018. Additional unlawful acts by persons with respect to 34 voting; classification 35 A person who commits any of the following acts is guilty of a class 36 2 misdemeanor: 37 1. Knowingly electioneers on election day within a polling place or 38 in a public manner within seventy-five feet of the main outside entrance 39 of a polling place or on-site early voting location established by a 40 county recorder pursuant to section 16-542, subsection A. 41 2. Intentionally disables or removes from the polling place, 42 on-site early voting location or custody of an election official a voting 43 machine or a voting record. 3. Knowingly removes an official ballot from a polling place OR 44 45 ON-SITE VOTING LOCATION before closing the polls.

1 4. Shows another voter's ballot to any person after it is prepared for voting in such a manner as to reveal the contents, except to an 2 authorized person lawfully assisting the voter. 3 A voter who makes 4 available an image of the voter's own ballot by posting on the internet or 5 some other electronic medium is deemed to have consented to in 6 retransmittal of that image and that retransmittal does not constitute a 7 violation of this section.

8 5. Knowingly solicits a voter to show the voter's ballot, or 9 receives from a voter a ballot prepared for voting, unless the person is 10 an election official or unless otherwise authorized by law.

11 6. Knowingly receives an official ballot from a person other than 12 an election official having charge of the ballots.

13 7. Knowingly delivers an official ballot to a voter, unless the14 voter is an election official.

15 8. Except for a completed ballot transmitted by an elector by fax 16 or other electronic format pursuant to section 16-543, knowingly places a 17 mark on the voter's ballot by which it can be identified as the one voted 18 by the voter.

9. After having received a ballot as a voter, knowingly fails to
 return the ballot to the election official before leaving the polling
 place or on-site early voting location.

22

Sec. 34. <u>Conforming legislation</u>

The legislative council staff shall prepare proposed legislation conforming the Arizona Revised Statutes to the provisions of this act for consideration in the fifty-sixth legislature, second regular session.