	Case 2:22-cv-00677-JJT Document 113 Filed 01/11/23 Page 1 of 6						
1							
2	WILENCHIK & BARTNESS — a professional corporation—						
2	Attorneys at Law						
3 4	The Wilenchik & Bartness Building 2810 North Third Street Phoenix, Arizona 85004						
	Telephone: 602-606-2810 Facsimile: 602-606-2811						
5	Dennis I. Wilenchik, #005350 John D. Wilenchik, #029353						
6	admin@wb-law.com						
7	Attorneys for Non-Party Alan Dershowitz						
8	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT						
9	DISTRICT OF ARIZONA						
10	Kari Lake and Mark Finchem, Case No. 2:22-cv-00677-JJT						
11	Plaintiffs, REPLY IN SUPPORT OF APPLICATION						
12	v. FOR ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE						
13	(Oral Argument Requested)						
14	Kathleen Hobbs, et al.;						
15	Defendants.						
16							
17	Because Rule 11 awards "must be limited to what suffices to deter repetition of the						
18	conduct or comparable conduct by others similarly situated," and the County fails to allege any						
19	conduct by Mr. Dershowitz in the past, present or future that would be "deterred" by assessing						
20	fees against him, then no amount of fees should be assessed against Mr. Dershowitz or his						
21	consulting firm in this matter. Fed.R.Civ.P.11(c)(4)(emphasis added); see also Advisory						
22							
23	assess fees under 28 U.S.C. § 1927 likewise requires a specific finding that a named attorney has						
24	acted recklessly or in bad faith; and "[1]ike the purpose of Rule 11, [its] goal [is] not to make						
25	a party whole, but to deter and punish." Tildon-Jones v. Boladian, 581 F. App'x 493, 498 (6th						

Cir. 2014); United States v. Associated Convalescent Enterprises, Inc., 766 F.2d 1342, 1346 (9th
Cir.1985); see also Barnd v. City of Tacoma, 664 F.2d 1339, 1343 (9th Cir.1982)(reversing
award due to lack of specific finding that counsel acted in bad faith). But the County offers no
evidence to support a specific finding that Mr. Dershowitz acted recklessly, acted in bad faith, or
otherwise violated that statute. Indeed, no sanctions should be imposed on him because he,
personally, did no wrong. At worst, he may have made an honest mistake about the state of an
"of counsel" consultant under Arizona law and practice.

8 Rather, the County argues that Mr. Dershowitz should be held summarily responsible for the entirety of its \$141,690.00 in attorneys' fees because of the "/s/" signature that appeared for 9 him on filings, and because of his alleged passive participation in a phone call(s) or in listening 10 to a court proceeding. The County fails to allege that Mr. Dershowitz personally advanced any 11 12 improper position or claim in such teleconference(s), court proceedings, pleadings or otherwise, 13 or that he acted recklessly or in bad faith in any respect. To assess sanctions here for such vague and unsupportable reasons would not serve the fundamental purpose of "deterrence" that Rule 14 11 and 28 U.S.C. § 1927 are designed to serve. The record stands undisputed that Mr. 15 16 Dershowitz's role was very limited and narrow in scope, and that he was not involved in the 17 actual issues this Court has deemed sanctionable. In fact, he spent approximately three (3) hours 18 in total on this case, again focusing on the single potential constitutional issue for which he was 19 retained to consult as "of counsel." (See Second Declaration of Alan Dershowitz, ¶ 1, submitted 20 herewith; see also Declaration of Andrew Parker, submitted herewith). He has served in such 21 capacity in many proceedings in the past, never intending thereby to endorse arguments or 22 positions advanced by co-counsel or expecting to be sanctioned for conduct in which he did not 23 participate. There is no doubt that he is an accomplished constitutional jurist who has consulted 24 on many notable cases in such capacity, without necessarily agreeing with or endorsing other 25 substantive positions taken by co-counsel. If he is wrong in this basic assumption, then he

WILENCHIK & BARTNESS

apologizes for such a mistake and will not repeat it – but it is an honest mistake, if a mistake at 1 2 all. He represents that if he was mistaken, he will not repeat his mistake in any future filing. 3 Assessing fees against him here would advance no beneficial purpose and would only serve to deter him and other eminent legal scholars from trying to offer their well-reasoned opinions and 4 5 research to counsel and to the Court on areas of their expertise, with the ultimate effect of stunting the development of law surrounding complex issues such as the one on which Mr. 6 7 Dershowitz was retained (regarding the constitutional ramifications of public access to records 8 held by private government vendors). Assessing sanctions against him for this limited role 9 would not, in this or in any other case, deter improper pleadings, motions or papers or positions taken by others. Of the matters and claims that the Court deemed sanctionable, none implicated 10 11 his participation in this case, and the County points to no evidence otherwise.

12 The County points out that Mr. Dershowitz was admitted pro hac vice in this matter-but in fact, as the court docket reflects, there was an unusual history on this issue that also serves to 13 14 emphasize his limited role. Mr. Dershowitz's expressed intent was always to be "of counsel" only, and he did not believe that he needed to be admitted pro hac vice to serve in that role. (See 15 16 Declaration of Alan Dershowitz, ¶ 4.) An administrative order was entered on May 18, 2022 17 terminating him "for noncompliance with admission procedures; party or parties represented by 18 other admitted counsel." Mr. Dershowitz was informed by his co-counsel that he needed to be 19 admitted pro hac vice despite his "of counsel" role; and so his pro hac vice paperwork was 20 submitted. (Id.) Mr. Dershowitz's pro hac vice motion was granted on June 15, 2022, which 21 was around one-and-a-half months after the Amended Complaint was filed. These facts clearly 22 do not support a substantial role in this litigation for Mr. Dershowitz, nor do they evidence that 23 he personally or primarily advanced any improper claim or matter in violation of Rule 11 or 24 28 U.S.C. § 1927.

WILENCHIK & BARTNESS

26

1 In drafting Rule 11, the Advisory Committee specifically "[r]ecogniz[ed] the need to 2 tailor the sanction to each particular situation, [and] the Advisory Committee emphasized...the 3 need for 'flexibility' in dealing with violations." Pavelic & LeFlore v. Marvel Ent. Grp., 493 U.S. 120, 130 (1989) (Marshall, J.). "Flexibility is no less important when a judge decides 4 5 whether one, some, or all of the many entities before him should be held responsible for improper pleadings, motions, or papers." Id. Where there is no evidence that a lawyer has 6 personally committed conduct that must be "deterred," or that was reckless or in bad faith, then 7 an award of fees is unwarranted. Consistent with its function of "deterrence," Rule 11 also 8 generally "de-emphasizes monetary sanctions and discourages direct payouts to the opposing 9 party." Rentz v. Dynasty Apparel Indus., Inc., 556 F.3d 389, 395 (6th Cir. 2009); see also Fed. 10 R. Civ. P. 11 Advisory Committee Notes (1993-Amendment). In fact, the Committee Notes 11 12 point to the availability of other sanctions that may be more targeted towards deterrence, such as "issuing an admonition, reprimand, or censure; requiring participation in seminars or other 13 14 education programs; ordering a fine payable to the court; [or] referring the matter to disciplinary authorities." 12 Fed. R. Civ. P. Advisory Committee Notes (1993 Amendment). In cases such 15 16 as this, where no intentional misconduct can be found on the part of Mr. Dershowitz, who has 17 practiced law for many years without any sanction or ethics violation, an award of fees against 18 Mr. Dershowitz would serve only to deter well-intentioned legal scholars from being associated 19 with litigation in any way, or from even listening in to court proceeding(s) or phone calls, which 20 ultimately will not result in a salutary effect on the legal system. Mr. Dershowitz already 21 acknowledges that if his approach to appearing as "of counsel" in this matter was inconsistent with Arizona's rules or procedure, then he will not do so again. (Declaration of Alan 22 23 Dershowitz, ¶ 4.) Further, a Bar complaint has unfortunately already been filed against him 24 arising out of this Court's order, and so a referral to disciplinary authorities is unnecessary. As a

WILENCHIK & BARTNESS

25

1 result of this sanction and complaint, he cannot apply for *pro hac vice* admission in other
2 jurisdictions including for *pro bono* cases, which constitute half of his consulting time.

3 Maricopa County's off-handed reference to sanctions against an attorney named L. Lin Wood is unfairly prejudicial and confusing; Wood's case is clearly different from Mr. 4 5 Dershowitz. (Among other things, Mr. Wood was prominently and publicly involved in his lawsuit, and in a court filing he even "took credit" for having filed it. King v. Whitmer, 556 F. 6 7 Supp. 3d 680, 702 (E.D. Mich. 2021).) Nor does the County meaningfully distinguish the series of cases cited by Mr. Dershowitz in support of limiting sanctions to deter conduct by certain 8 9 counsel and not others. The County merely argues that Mr Dershowitz's filings are untimely, 10 which they are not. (See following section.)

This Application, and Dershowitz's Response to the Motion for Fees, Are Not Untimely

12 It is proper and timely for the Court to hear Mr. Dershowitz's objections to being 13 assessed \$141,690.00 in attorney fees against him/his consulting firm. Indeed, we submit it is 14 absolutely necessary to do so. The apportionment of fees among counsel and parties has not 15 been previously addressed, and Mr. Dershowitz filed a timely response to the County's Motion 16 for Attorneys' Fees. Because the original Motion for Sanctions sought only sanctions against 17 "counsel" (and did not name him or expressly include "of counsel"), and because of his lack of 18 involvement in the case, he only became aware that he may have been the subject of a sanction 19 after media reports mentioned him by name in connection with the Court's sanctions order, at 20 which time he retained counsel to file the instant Application and Response to the Motion for 21 Attorneys' Fees. In Barlow v. Am. Tel. & Tel. Co., 935 F.2d 273 (9th Cir. 1991), the Ninth 22 Circuit partly reversed a sanctions award that had been entered simply against "counsel," where 23 "counsel" could have referred to either one or both of two lawyers on the case; and it was 24 "unclear from the Magistrate's order precisely against whom the Rule 11 sanction was 25 imposed." Id., 935 F.2d at 273 (reversing award of fees against one lawyer but not the other).

11

Mr. Dershowitz should clearly be afforded an opportunity to be heard, and/or to have his
 declarations considered to support that his conduct did not contribute to anything sanctionable,
 and therefore no amount of fees should be awarded against him or his consulting firm.

Conclusion

Mr. Dershowitz has not done anything improper that sanctions would serve to "deter" in
this matter, and therefore no amount of fees should be assessed against him or his consulting
firm. He respectfully requests that this honorable Court clear him of any claim of bad faith or
participation in any vexatious litigation.

RESPECTFULLY	SUBMITTED	on J	anuary	11,	2023.	
NESTECTTULLT	SUDMITTED	OII J	anual y	11,	2023.	

WILENCHIK & BARTNESS, P.C.

<u>/s/ Dennis I. Wilenchik</u> Dennis I. Wilenchik, Esq. John D. Wilenchik, Esq. The Wilenchik & Bartness Building 2810 North Third Street Phoenix, Arizona 85004 <u>admin@wb-law.com</u> Attorneys for Non-Party Alan Dershowitz

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on January 11, 2023, I electronically transmitted the foregoing
Notice of Filing to the Clerk of the Court through the CM/ECF system, which will send a Notice
of Electronic Filing to all CM/ECF registrants for this matter.

24 /s/ Christine M. Ferreira

26

25

23

4

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

WILENCHIK & BARTNESS

Second Declaration of Alan Dershowitz

I, Alan Dershowitz, make this Declaration of my own knowledge, based on my current recollection; and I am competent to testify to the matters contained herein.

- I am familiar with the number of hours that I have personally expended in connection with this court action (Lake et al. v. Hobbs et al., Arizona District Court Case No. 2:22-cv-00677). I believe that I have spent approximately three (3) hours in total on this case. That time was spent focusing on the single potential constitutional issue for which I was retained to consult as "of counsel" (regarding the constitutional ramifications of public access to records held by private government vendors). I had expected the bulk of my time to be spent on discovery, but the action did not proceed to discovery.
- 2. The pleadings filed by Parker Daniels Kibort which included my signature block were authorized by me as "of counsel," and it was understood that I would be on these filings as "of counsel."

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Arizona that I have read the above Declaration, am familiar with its contents, and know the same to be true and correct of my own personal knowledge.

Dated: _____

Signature:

Printed Name: <u>Alan Dershowitz</u>

 DocuSign Env 	 elope ID: 14466EA1-2D:17:27.75-E4265459FEGG5A1DeDocument 1 	13-2 Filed 01/11/23 Page 1 of 2					
1							
2							
3							
4							
5	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT						
6	5 DISTRICT OF ARIZONA						
7	Kari Lake and Mark Finchem,	Case No. 2:22-cv-00677-JJT					
8	Plaintiffs, v.	DECLARATION OF					
9		ANDREW D. PARKER					
10	Kathleen Hobbs, as Arizona Secretary of State; Bill Gates, Clint Hickman, Jack	CVET.					
11	Sellers, Thomas Galvin, and Steve Gallardo, in their capacity as members of	PC 100					
12	the Maricopa County Board of Supervisors; Rex Scott, Matt Heinz,						
13	Sharon Bronson, Steve Christy, Adelita						
14	Grijalva, in their capacity as members of the Pima County Board of Supervisors,						
15	Defendants.						
16	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~						
17	I, Andrew D. Parker, hereby declare	, under the penalty of perjury, and state the					
18	following:						
19	1. I am an attorney with the law firm	n of Parker Daniels Kibort LLC and represent the					
20	Plaintiffs, Kari Lake and Mark Finchem, in the	above-captioned matter.					
21	2. With respect to the above capti	oned case, Parker Daniels Kibort retained Alan					
22	2 Dershowitz as an of counsel consultant to be part of our legal team representing the plaintiffs in						
23	this case for the purpose of providing legal counsel regarding constitutional issues. He was not						
24	retained to investigate the underlying facts in th	le case.					
25							
26							

Mr. Dershowitz was part of the case as "of counsel" and was intended to be
 identified in all pleadings as such. Mr. Dershowitz was correctly identified as such in the
 complaint and amended complaint. To the extent the word "of" was left off other filings, this
 occurred only due to an administrative oversight. Both Mr. Dershowitz and I understood he was
 to be identified as of counsel.

6 4. The pleadings filed by Parker Daniels Kibort which included Mr. Dershowitz's
7 signature block were authorized by Mr. Dershowitz as of counsel, and it was understood that
8 Mr. Dershowitz would be on these filings as of counsel.

9	I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.
10	1/11/2023
11	I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.
12	NOCRAE
13	MOER
14	10 FRO.
15	REFER
16	R. C.
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
	2

WILENCHIK & BARTNESS