1	VOTING REVISIONS					
2	2022 GENERAL SESSION					
3	STATE OF UTAH					
4	Chief Sponsor: Phil Lyman					
5 6	Senate Sponsor:					
7	LONG TITLE					
8	General Description:					
9	This bill amends provisions relating to elections and voting.					
10	Highlighted Provisions:					
11	This bill:					
12	modifies definitions;					
13	removes a ballot drop box as a location where an individual may deposit a ballot;					
14	modifies voter registration forms;					
15	removes voting by mail as the primary voting method in the state and replaces it					
16	with in-person voting;					
17	addresses the form, handling, depositing, and tabulation of ballots;					
18	• establishes an absentee ballot process for certain voters who are unable to vote at a					
19	polling place during early voting or on election day;					
20	 makes it unlawful to engage in voter registration harvesting; 					
21	 modifies the period of time for which certain election items must be preserved; 					
22	 requires an independent post-election audit and describes the requirements for that 					
23	audit;					
24	requires a recount based on certain audit results;					
25	prohibits drive-through polling locations;					
26	imposes election security and transparency requirements;					
27	 modifies ballot printing and tracking requirements; and 					



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               makes technical and conforming changes.
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     Money Appropriated in this Bill:
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            None
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     Other Special Clauses:
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            None
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     Utah Code Sections Affected:
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     AMENDS:
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             20A-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 31, 49, 255, and 354
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             20A-1-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
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             20A-1-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
             20A-2-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 100
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             20A-2-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 100
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             20A-2-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
41
             20A-2-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 11 and 100
42
             20A-3a-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
             20A-3a-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 100
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             20A-3a-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
             20A-3a-301, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
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             20A-3a-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
47
             20A-3a-401.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 100
48
             20A-3a-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 62
49
             20A-3a-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Sixth Special Session, Chapter 17
50
             20A-3a-702, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
51
             20A-4-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 31 and 49
52
             20A-4-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
53
             20A-4-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
54
             20A-5-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Fifth Special Session, Chapter 20
55
             20A-5-804, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
56
             20A-6-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
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             20A-7-613, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 140
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     ENACTS:
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20A-3a-302, Utah Code Annotated 1953				
20A-3a-303, Utah Code Annotated 1953				
20A-3a-304, Utah Code Annotated 1953				
20A-3a-404, Utah Code Annotated 1953				
20A-4-407, Utah Code Annotated 1953				
20A-5-901 , Utah Code Annotated 1953				
REPEALS:				
20A-4-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31				
20A-5-403.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 15				
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:				
Section 1. Section 20A-1-102 is amended to read:				
20A-1-102. Definitions.				
As used in this title:				
(1) "Active voter" means a registered voter who has not been classified as an inactive				
voter by the county clerk.				
(2) "Automatic tabulating equipment" means apparatus that automatically examines				
and counts votes recorded on ballots and tabulates the results.				
(3) (a) "Ballot" means the storage medium, including a paper, mechanical, or electronic				
storage medium, that records an individual voter's vote.				
(b) "Ballot" does not include a record to tally multiple votes.				
(4) "Ballot proposition" means a question, issue, or proposal that is submitted to voters				
on the ballot for their approval or rejection including:				
(a) an opinion question specifically authorized by the Legislature;				
(b) a constitutional amendment;				
(c) an initiative;				
(d) a referendum;				
(e) a bond proposition;				
(f) a judicial retention question;				
(g) an incorporation of a city or town; or				
(h) any other hallot question specifically authorized by the Legislature				

(5) "Bind," "binding," or "bound" means securing more than one piece of paper together using staples or another means in at least three places across the top of the paper in the blank space reserved for securing the paper.

- (6) "Board of canvassers" means the entities established by Sections 20A-4-301 and 20A-4-306 to canvass election returns.
- (7) "Bond election" means an election held for the purpose of approving or rejecting the proposed issuance of bonds by a government entity.
- (8) "Business reply mail envelope" means an envelope that may be mailed free of charge by the sender.
- (9) "Canvass" means the review of election returns and the official declaration of election results by the board of canvassers.
- 101 (10) "Canvassing judge" means a poll worker designated to assist in counting ballots at the canvass.
- 103 (11) "Contracting election officer" means an election officer who enters into a contract 104 or interlocal agreement with a provider election officer.
 - (12) "Convention" means the political party convention at which party officers and delegates are selected.
 - (13) "Counting center" means one or more locations selected by the election officer in charge of the election for the automatic counting of ballots.
 - (14) "Counting judge" means a poll worker designated to count the ballots during election day.
 - (15) "Counting room" means a suitable and convenient private place or room for use by the poll workers and counting judges to count ballots.
 - (16) "County officers" means those county officers that are required by law to be elected.
 - (17) "Date of the election" or "election day" or "day of the election":
- 116 (a) means the day that is specified in the calendar year as the day that the election occurs; and
 - (b) does not include:

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(i) deadlines established for voting by mail, military-overseas voting, or emergencyvoting; or

121	(ii) any early voting or early voting period as provided under Chapter 3a, Part 6, Early
122	Voting.
123	(18) "Elected official" means:
124	(a) a person elected to an office under Section 20A-1-303 or Chapter 4, Part 6,
125	Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project;
126	(b) a person who is considered to be elected to a municipal office in accordance with
127	Subsection 20A-1-206(1)(c)(ii); or
128	(c) a person who is considered to be elected to a local district office in accordance with
129	Subsection 20A-1-206(3)(c)(ii).
130	(19) "Election" means a regular general election, a municipal general election, a
131	statewide special election, a local special election, a regular primary election, a municipal
132	primary election, and a local district election.
133	(20) "Election Assistance Commission" means the commission established by the Help
134	America Vote Act of 2002, Pub. L. No. 107-252.
135	(21) "Election cycle" means the period beginning on the first day persons are eligible to
136	file declarations of candidacy and ending when the canvass is completed.
137	(22) "Election judge" means a poll worker that is assigned to:
138	(a) preside over other poll workers at a polling place;
139	(b) act as the presiding election judge; or
140	(c) serve as a canvassing judge, counting judge, or receiving judge.
141	(23) "Election officer" means:
142	(a) the lieutenant governor, for all statewide ballots and elections;
143	(b) the county clerk for:
144	(i) a county ballot and election; and
145	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
146	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5;
147	(c) the municipal clerk for:
148	(i) a municipal ballot and election; and
149	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
150	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5;
151	(d) the local district clerk or chief executive officer for:

152	(i) a local district ballot and election; and
153	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
154	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5; or
155	(e) the business administrator or superintendent of a school district for:
156	(i) a school district ballot and election; and
157	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
158	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5.
159	(24) "Election official" means any election officer, election judge, or poll worker.
160	(25) "Election results" means:
161	(a) for an election other than a bond election, the count of votes cast in the election and
162	the election returns requested by the board of canvassers; or
163	(b) for bond elections, the count of those votes cast for and against the bond
164	proposition plus any or all of the election returns that the board of canvassers may request.
165	(26) "Election returns" includes the pollbook, the military and overseas absentee voter
166	registration and voting certificates, one of the tally sheets, any unprocessed ballots, all counted
167	ballots, all excess ballots, all unused ballots, all spoiled ballots, the ballot disposition form, and
168	the total votes cast form.
169	(27) "Electronic signature" means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to
170	or logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign
171	the record.
172	(28) "Inactive voter" means a registered voter who is listed as inactive by a county
173	clerk under Subsection 20A-2-306(4)(c)(i) or (ii).
174	(29) "Judicial office" means the office filled by any judicial officer.
175	(30) "Judicial officer" means any justice or judge of a court of record or any county
176	court judge.
177	(31) "Local district" means a local government entity under Title 17B, Limited Purpose
178	Local Government Entities - Local Districts, and includes a special service district under Title
179	17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act.
180	(32) "Local district officers" means those local district board members that are required

(33) "Local election" means a regular county election, a regular municipal election, a

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by law to be elected.

municipal primary election, a local special election, a local district election, and a bond election.

- (34) "Local political subdivision" means a county, a municipality, a local district, or a local school district.
- (35) "Local special election" means a special election called by the governing body of a local political subdivision in which all registered voters of the local political subdivision may vote.
- (36) "Manual ballot" means a paper document produced by an election officer on which an individual records an individual's vote by directly placing a mark on the paper document using a pen or other marking instrument.
- (37) "Mechanical ballot" means a record, including a paper record, electronic record, or mechanical record, that:
 - (a) is created via electronic or mechanical means; and
- (b) records an individual voter's vote cast via a method other than an individual directly placing a mark, using a pen or other marking instrument, to record an individual voter's vote.
 - (38) "Municipal executive" means:

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- (a) the mayor in the council-mayor form of government defined in Section 10-3b-102;
- (b) the mayor in the council-manager form of government defined in Subsection 10-3b-103(7); or
 - (c) the chair of a metro township form of government defined in Section 10-3b-102.
- (39) "Municipal general election" means the election held in municipalities and, as applicable, local districts on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each odd-numbered year for the purposes established in Section 20A-1-202.
 - (40) "Municipal legislative body" means:
 - (a) the council of the city or town in any form of municipal government; or
- 208 (b) the council of a metro township.
- 209 (41) "Municipal office" means an elective office in a municipality.
- 210 (42) "Municipal officers" means those municipal officers that are required by law to be 211 elected.
- 212 (43) "Municipal primary election" means an election held to nominate candidates for municipal office.

- 214 (44) "Municipality" means a city, town, or metro township. 215 (45) "Official ballot" means the ballots distributed by the election officer for voters to 216 record their votes. 217 (46) "Official endorsement" means the information on the ballot that identifies: 218 (a) the ballot as an official ballot; 219 (b) the date of the election; and 220 (c) (i) for a ballot prepared by an election officer other than a county clerk, the 221 facsimile signature required by Subsection 20A-6-401(1)(a)(iii); or 222 (ii) for a ballot prepared by a county clerk, the words required by Subsection 223 20A-6-301(1)(b)(iii). 224 (47) "Official register" means the official record furnished to election officials by the 225 election officer that contains the information required by Section 20A-5-401. 226 (48) "Political party" means an organization of registered voters that has qualified to 227 participate in an election by meeting the requirements of Chapter 8, Political Party Formation 228 and Procedures. 229 (49) (a) "Poll worker" means a person assigned by an election official to assist with an 230 election, voting, or counting votes. 231 (b) "Poll worker" includes election judges. 232 (c) "Poll worker" does not include a watcher. 233 (50) "Pollbook" means a record of the names of voters in the order that they appear to 234 cast votes. 235 (51) "Polling place" means a building where voting is conducted. 236 (52) "Position" means a square, circle, rectangle, or other geometric shape on a ballot 237 in which the voter marks the voter's choice. 238 (53) "Presidential Primary Election" means the election established in Chapter 9, Part 239 8, Presidential Primary Election. 240 (54) "Primary convention" means the political party conventions held during the year
 - (b) records the total number of movements of the operating lever.

of the regular general election.

(a) is built into a voting machine; and

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(55) "Protective counter" means a separate counter, which cannot be reset, that:

245	(56) "Provider election officer" means an election officer who enters into a contract or					
246	interlocal agreement with a contracting election officer to conduct an election for the					
247	contracting election officer's local political subdivision in accordance with Section					
248	20A-5-400.1.					
249	(57) "Provisional ballot" means a ballot voted provisionally by a person:					
250	(a) whose name is not listed on the official register at the polling place;					
251	(b) whose legal right to vote is challenged as provided in this title; or					
252	(c) whose identity was not sufficiently established by a poll worker.					
253	(58) "Provisional ballot envelope" means an envelope printed in the form required by					
254	Section 20A-6-105 that is used to identify provisional ballots and to provide information to					
255	verify a person's legal right to vote.					
256	(59) (a) "Public figure" means an individual who, due to the individual being					
257	considered for, holding, or having held a position of prominence in a public or private capacity,					
258	or due to the individual's celebrity status, has an increased risk to the individual's safety.					
259	(b) "Public figure" does not include an individual:					
260	(i) elected to public office; or					
261	(ii) appointed to fill a vacancy in an elected public office.					
262	(60) "Qualify" or "qualified" means to take the oath of office and begin performing the					
263	duties of the position for which the individual was elected.					
264	(61) "Receiving judge" means the poll worker that checks the voter's name in the					
265	official register at a polling location and provides the voter with a ballot.					
266	(62) "Registration form" means a form by which an individual may register to vote					
267	under this title.					
268	(63) "Regular ballot" means a ballot that is not a provisional ballot.					
269	(64) "Regular general election" means the election held throughout the state on the first					
270	Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each even-numbered year for the purposes					
271	established in Section 20A-1-201.					
272	(65) "Regular primary election" means the election, held on the date specified in					
273	Section 20A-1-201.5, to nominate candidates of political parties and candidates for nonpartisan					
274	local school board positions to advance to the regular general election.					

(66) "Resident" means a person who resides within a specific voting precinct in Utah.

276	(67) "Return envelope" means the envelope, described in Subsection [20A-3a-202(4)]					
277	20A-3a-303(3), provided to a voter with a manual ballot:					
278	(a) into which the voter places the manual ballot after the voter has voted the manual					
279	ballot in order to preserve the secrecy of the voter's vote; and					
280	(b) that includes the voter affidavit and a place for the voter's signature.					
281	(68) "Sample ballot" means a mock ballot similar in form to the official ballot printed					
282	and distributed as provided in Section 20A-5-405.					
283	(69) "Special election" means an election held as authorized by Section 20A-1-203.					
284	(70) "Spoiled ballot" means each ballot that:					
285	(a) is spoiled by the voter;					
286	(b) is unable to be voted because it was spoiled by the printer or a poll worker; or					
287	(c) lacks the official endorsement.					
288	(71) "Statewide special election" means a special election called by the governor or the					
289	Legislature in which all registered voters in Utah may vote.					
290	(72) "Tabulation system" means a device or system designed for the sole purpose of					
291	tabulating votes cast by voters at an election.					
292	(73) "Ticket" means a list of:					
293	(a) political parties;					
294	(b) candidates for an office; or					
295	(c) ballot propositions.					
296	(74) "Transfer case" means the sealed box used to transport voted ballots to the					
297	counting center.					
298	(75) "Vacancy" means the absence of a person to serve in any position created by					
299	statute, whether that absence occurs because of death, disability, disqualification, resignation,					
300	or other cause.					
301	(76) "Valid voter identification" means:					
302	(a) a form of identification that bears the name and photograph of the voter which may					
303	include:					
304	(i) a currently valid Utah driver license;					
305	(ii) a currently valid identification card that is issued by:					
306	(A) the state; or					

307	(B) a branch, department, or agency of the United States;
308	(iii) a currently valid Utah permit to carry a concealed weapon;
309	(iv) a currently valid United States passport; or
310	(v) a currently valid United States military identification card;
311	(b) one of the following identification cards, whether or not the card includes a
312	photograph of the voter:
313	(i) a valid tribal identification card;
314	(ii) a Bureau of Indian Affairs card; or
315	(iii) a tribal treaty card; or
316	(c) two forms of identification not listed under Subsection (76)(a) or (b) but that bear
317	the name of the voter and provide evidence that the voter resides in the voting precinct, which
318	may include:
319	(i) a current utility bill or a legible copy thereof, dated within the 90 days before the
320	election;
321	(ii) a bank or other financial account statement, or a legible copy thereof;
322	(iii) a certified birth certificate;
323	(iv) a valid social security card;
324	(v) a check issued by the state or the federal government or a legible copy thereof;
325	(vi) a paycheck from the voter's employer, or a legible copy thereof;
326	(vii) a currently valid Utah hunting or fishing license;
327	(viii) certified naturalization documentation;
328	(ix) a currently valid license issued by an authorized agency of the United States;
329	(x) a certified copy of court records showing the voter's adoption or name change;
330	(xi) a valid Medicaid card, Medicare card, or Electronic Benefits Transfer Card;
331	(xii) a currently valid identification card issued by:
332	(A) a local government within the state;
333	(B) an employer for an employee; or
334	(C) a college, university, technical school, or professional school located within the
335	state; or
336	(xiii) a current Utah vehicle registration.
337	(77) "Valid write-in candidate" means a candidate who has qualified as a write-in

338	candidate by following the procedures and requirements of this title.
339	(78) "Vote by mail" means to vote, using a manual ballot that is mailed to the voter,
340	by[: (a)] mailing the ballot to the location designated in the mailing[; or].
341	[(b) depositing the ballot in a ballot drop box designated by the election officer.]
342	(79) "Voter" means an individual who:
343	(a) meets the requirements for voting in an election;
344	(b) meets the requirements of election registration;
345	(c) is registered to vote; and
346	(d) is listed in the official register book.
347	(80) "Voter registration deadline" means the registration deadline provided in Section
348	20A-2-102.5.
349	(81) "Voting area" means the area within six feet of the voting booths, voting
350	machines, and ballot box.
351	(82) "Voting booth" means:
352	(a) the space or compartment within a polling place that is provided for the preparation
353	of ballots, including the voting enclosure or curtain; or
354	(b) a voting device that is free standing.
355	(83) "Voting device" means any device provided by an election officer for a voter to
356	vote a mechanical ballot.
357	(84) "Voting precinct" means the smallest geographical voting unit, established under
358	Chapter 5, Part 3, Duties of the County and Municipal Legislative Bodies.
359	(85) "Watcher" means an individual who complies with the requirements described in
360	Section 20A-3a-801 to become a watcher for an election.
361	(86) "Write-in ballot" means a ballot containing any write-in votes.
362	(87) "Write-in vote" means a vote cast for an individual, whose name is not printed on
363	the ballot, in accordance with the procedures established in this title.
364	Section 2. Section 20A-1-603 is amended to read:
365	20A-1-603. Fraud, interference, disturbance Tampering with ballots or records
366	Penalties.
367	(1) (a) An individual may not fraudulently vote on the individual's behalf or on behalf
368	of another, by:

(i)	voting	more tha	n once a	at any	one el	lection.
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- (ii) knowingly handing in two or more ballots folded together;
- (iii) changing any ballot after the ballot is cast [or], deposited in the ballot box, [or ballot drop box,] or mailed;
- (iv) adding or attempting to add any ballot or vote to those legally polled at any election by fraudulently introducing the ballot or vote into the ballot box or vote tally, either before or after the ballots have been counted;
- (v) adding to or mixing or attempting to add or mix, other ballots with the ballots lawfully polled while those ballots are being counted or canvassed, or at any other time; or
- (vi) voting in a voting district or precinct when the individual knew or should have known that the individual was not eligible for voter registration in that district or precinct, unless the individual is legally entitled to vote the ballot under Section 20A-4-107 or another provision of this title.
 - (b) A person may not fraudulently interfere with an election by:
 - (i) willfully tampering with, detaining, mutilating, or destroying any election returns;
- (ii) in any manner, interfering with the officers holding an election or conducting a canvass, or with the voters lawfully exercising their rights of voting at an election, so as to prevent the election or canvass from being fairly held or lawfully conducted;
- (iii) engaging in riotous conduct at any election, or interfering in any manner with any election official in the discharge of the election official's duties;
- (iv) inducing any election officer, or officer whose duty it is to ascertain, announce, or declare the result of any election or to give or make any certificate, document, or evidence in relation to any election, to violate or refuse to comply with the election officer's duty or any law regulating the election officer's duty;
- (v) taking, carrying away, concealing, removing, or destroying any ballot, pollbook, or other thing from a polling place, or from the possession of the person authorized by law to have the custody of that thing; \underline{or}
- [(vi) taking, carrying away, concealing, removing, or destroying a ballot drop box or the contents of a ballot drop box; or]
- [(vii)] (vi) aiding, counseling, providing, procuring, advising, or assisting any person to do any of the acts described in this section.

400	(2) In addition to the penalties established in Subsections 20A-1-609(2) and (3), a
401	person who commits an offense under Subsection (1) is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
402	Section 3. Section 20A-1-605 is amended to read:
403	20A-1-605. Mutilating certificate of nomination Forging declination or
404	resignation Tampering with ballots.
405	(1) It is unlawful for any person to:
406	(a) falsely mark or willfully deface or destroy:
407	(i) any certificate of nomination or any part of a certificate of nomination; or
408	(ii) any letter of declination or resignation;
409	(b) file any certificate of nomination or letter of declination or resignation knowing it,
410	or any part of it, to be falsely made;
411	(c) suppress any certificate of nomination, or letter of declination or resignation, or any
412	part of a certificate of nomination or letter of declination or resignation that has been legally
413	filed;
414	(d) forge any letter of declination or resignation;
415	(e) falsely make the official endorsement on any ballot;
416	(f) willfully destroy or deface any ballot;
417	(g) willfully delay the delivery of any ballots;
418	(h) examine any ballot offered or cast at the polls or found in any ballot box [or ballot
419	drop box] for any purpose other than to determine which candidate was elected; [and] or
420	(i) make or place any mark or device on any ballot in order to determine the name of
421	any person for whom the elector has voted.
422	(2) In addition to the penalties established in Subsections 20A-1-609(2) and (3), any
423	person convicted of any of the offenses established by this section is guilty of a class A
424	misdemeanor.
425	Section 4. Section 20A-2-104 is amended to read:
426	20A-2-104. Voter registration form Registered voter lists Fees for copies.
427	(1) (a) As used in this section:
428	(i) "Candidate for public office" means an individual:
429	(A) who files a declaration of candidacy for a public office;
430	(B) who files a notice of intent to gather signatures under Section 20A-9-408; or

(C) employe	ed by, under contract with	h, or a volunteer of, an ind	ividual des	scribed in			
Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A) or (B) for political campaign purposes.							
(ii) "Dating violence" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-7-402 and							
he federal Violence Against Women Act of 1994, as amended.							
(iii) "Domestic violence" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-36-1							
and the federal Viol	lence Against Women Ac	t of 1994, as amended.					
(b) An indiv	vidual applying for voter	registration, or an individu	al preregis	stering to			
•	•	in substantially the follow	•				
		ON REGISTRATION FOR					
Are you a citizen of	the United States of Ame	erica?	Yes	No			
If you checked "no"	to the above question, do	o not complete this form.					
Will you be 18 year	rs of age on or before elec	tion day? Yes	s No				
f you checked "no"	to the above question, ar	re you 16 or 17 years of ag	e and prere	egistering to			
vote?			Yes	No			
If you checked "no"	to both of the prior two	questions, do not complete	this form.				
Name of Voter							
	First	Middle	Last	t			
Utah Driver License	e or Utah Identification C	ard Number					
Date of Birth							
Street Address of Pr	rincipal Place of Residence	ce					
City	County	State	Zij	o Code			
Telephone Number	(optional)						
Email Address (opti	ional)			_			
Last four digits of S	ocial Security Number _						
Last former address	at which I was registered	l to vote (if					
City	County	State	Zi	p Code			

462	Political Party					
463	(a listing of each registered political party, as defined in Section 20A-8-101 and maintained by					
464	the lieutenant governor under Section 67-1a-2, with each party's name preceded by a checkbox)					
465	□Unaffiliated (no political party preference) □Other (Please specify)					
466	I do swear (or affirm), subject to penalty of law for false statements, that the					
467	information contained in this form is true, and that I am a citizen of the United States and a					
468	resident of the state of Utah, residing at the above address. Unless I have indicated above that I					
469	am preregistering to vote in a later election, I will be at least 18 years of age and will have					
470	resided in Utah for 30 days immediately before the next election. I am not a convicted felon					
471	currently incarcerated for commission of a felony.					
472	Signed and sworn					
473						
474	Voter's Signature					
475	(month/day/year).					
476	PRIVACY INFORMATION					
477	Voter registration records contain some information that is available to the public, such					
478	as your name and address, some information that is available only to government entities, and					
479	some information that is available only to certain third parties in accordance with the					
480	requirements of law.					
481	Your driver license number, identification card number, social security number, email					
482	address, full date of birth, and phone number are available only to government entities. Your					
483	year of birth is available to political parties, candidates for public office, certain third parties,					
484	and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, in accordance with the requirements of law.					
485	You may request that all information on your voter registration records be withheld					
486	from all persons other than government entities, political parties, candidates for public office,					
487	and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, by indicating here:					
488	Yes, I request that all information on my voter registration records be withheld					
489	from all persons other than government entities, political parties, candidates for public office,					
490	and their contractors, employees, and volunteers.					
491	REQUEST FOR ADDITIONAL PRIVACY PROTECTION					
492	In addition to the protections provided above, you may request that all information on					

your voter registration records be withheld from all political parties, candidates for public office, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, by submitting a withholding request form, and any required verification, as described in the following paragraphs.

A person may request that all information on the person's voter registration records be withheld from all political parties, candidates for public office, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, by submitting a withholding request form with this registration record, or to the lieutenant governor or a county clerk, if the person is or is likely to be, or resides with a person who is or is likely to be, a victim of domestic violence or dating violence.

A person may request that all information on the person's voter registration records be withheld from all political parties, candidates for public office, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, by submitting a withholding request form and any required verification with this registration form, or to the lieutenant governor or a county clerk, if the person is, or resides with a person who is, a law enforcement officer, a member of the armed forces, a public figure, or protected by a protective order or a protection order.

CITIZENSHIP AFFIDAVIT

508 Name:

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Name at birth, if different:

510 Place of birth:

511 Date of birth:

Date and place of naturalization (if applicable):

I hereby swear and affirm, under penalties for voting fraud set forth below, that I am a citizen and that to the best of my knowledge and belief the information above is true and correct.

516

Signature of Applicant

In accordance with Section 20A-2-401, the penalty for willfully causing, procuring, or allowing yourself to be registered or preregistered to vote if you know you are not entitled to register or preregister to vote is up to one year in jail and a fine of up to \$2,500.

- 521 NOTICE: IN ORDER TO BE ALLOWED TO VOTE, YOU MUST PRESENT VALID
- 522 VOTER IDENTIFICATION TO THE POLL WORKER BEFORE VOTING, WHICH MUST
- 523 BE A VALID FORM OF PHOTO IDENTIFICATION THAT SHOWS YOUR NAME AND

524	PHOTOGRAPH; OR
525	TWO DIFFERENT FORMS OF IDENTIFICATION THAT SHOW YOUR NAME AND
526	CURRENT ADDRESS.
527	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
528	Type of I.D
529	Voting Precinct
530	Voting I.D. Number
531532533534	(c) Beginning May 1, 2022, the voter registration form described in Subsection (1)(b) shall include a section in substantially the following form:
535	BALLOT NOTIFICATIONS
536	If you have provided a phone number or email address, you can receive notifications by
537	text message or email regarding the status of a ballot that [is mailed to you or a ballot that you
538	deposit in the mail or in a ballot drop box] you cast, by indicating here:
539	Yes, I would like to receive electronic notifications regarding the status of my
540	ballot.
541	
542	(2) (a) Except as provided under Subsection (2)(b), the county clerk shall retain a copy
543	of each voter registration form in a permanent countywide alphabetical file, which may be
544	electronic or some other recognized system.
545	(b) The county clerk may transfer a superseded voter registration form to the Division
546	of Archives and Records Service created under Section 63A-12-101.
547	(3) (a) Each county clerk shall retain lists of currently registered voters.
548	(b) The lieutenant governor shall maintain a list of registered voters in electronic form.
549	(c) If there are any discrepancies between the two lists, the county clerk's list is the
550	official list.
551	(d) The lieutenant governor and the county clerks may charge the fees established
552	under the authority of Subsection 63G-2-203(10) to individuals who wish to obtain a copy of
553	the list of registered voters.
554	(4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4), "qualified person" means:

(i) a government official or government employee acting in the government official's or government employee's capacity as a government official or a government employee;

- (ii) a health care provider, as defined in Section 26-33a-102, or an agent, employee, or independent contractor of a health care provider;
- (iii) an insurance company, as defined in Section 67-4a-102, or an agent, employee, or independent contractor of an insurance company;
- (iv) a financial institution, as defined in Section 7-1-103, or an agent, employee, or independent contractor of a financial institution;
- (v) a political party, or an agent, employee, or independent contractor of a political party;
- (vi) a candidate for public office, or an employee, independent contractor, or volunteer of a candidate for public office; or
 - (vii) a person, or an agent, employee, or independent contractor of the person, who:
- (A) provides the year of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters only to a person who is a qualified person;
- (B) verifies that a person, described in Subsection (4)(a)(vii)(A), to whom a year of birth that is obtained from the list of registered voters is provided, is a qualified person;
- (C) ensures, using industry standard security measures, that the year of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters may not be accessed by a person other than a qualified person;
- (D) verifies that each qualified person, other than a qualified person described in Subsection (4)(a)(i), (v), or (vi), to whom the person provides the year of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters, will only use the year of birth to verify the accuracy of personal information submitted by an individual or to confirm the identity of a person in order to prevent fraud, waste, or abuse;
- (E) verifies that each qualified person described in Subsection (4)(a)(i), to whom the person provides the year of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters, will only use the year of birth in the qualified person's capacity as a government official or government employee; and
- (F) verifies that each qualified person described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi), to whom the person provides the year of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of

registered voters, will only use the year of birth for a political purpose of the political party or candidate for public office.

- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(j)(iv), and except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(k) or (l), the lieutenant governor or a county clerk shall, when providing the list of registered voters to a qualified person under this section, include, with the list, the years of birth of the registered voters, if:
- (i) the lieutenant governor or a county clerk verifies the identity of the person and that the person is a qualified person; and
 - (ii) the qualified person signs a document that includes the following:
- (A) the name, address, and telephone number of the person requesting the list of registered voters;
- (B) an indication of the type of qualified person that the person requesting the list claims to be;
- (C) a statement regarding the purpose for which the person desires to obtain the years of birth;
- (D) a list of the purposes for which the qualified person may use the year of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters;
- (E) a statement that the year of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters may not be provided or used for a purpose other than a purpose described under Subsection (4)(b)(ii)(D);
- (F) a statement that if the person obtains the year of birth of a registered voter from the list of registered voters under false pretenses, or provides or uses the year of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters in a manner that is prohibited by law, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor and is subject to a civil fine;
- (G) an assertion from the person that the person will not provide or use the year of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters in a manner that is prohibited by law; and
- (H) notice that if the person makes a false statement in the document, the person is punishable by law under Section 76-8-504.
- (c) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk may not disclose the year of birth of a registered voter to a person that the lieutenant governor or county clerk reasonably believes:

(i) is not a qualified person or a person described in Subsection (4)(1); or

(ii) will provide or use the year of birth in a manner prohibited by law.

- (d) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk may not disclose the voter registration form of a person, or information included in the person's voter registration form, whose voter registration form is classified as private under Subsection (4)(h) to a person other than:
- (i) a government official or government employee acting in the government official's or government employee's capacity as a government official or government employee; or
- (ii) except as provided in Subsection (7) and subject to Subsection (4)(e), a person described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi) for a political purpose.
- (e) When disclosing a record or information under Subsection (4)(d)(ii), the lieutenant governor or county clerk shall exclude the information described in Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(j), other than the year of birth.
- (f) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk may not disclose a withholding request form, described in Subsections (7) and (8), submitted by an individual, or information obtained from that form, to a person other than a government official or government employee acting in the government official's or government employee's capacity as a government official or government employee.
 - (g) A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor if the person:
- (i) obtains the year of birth of a registered voter from the list of registered voters under false pretenses;
- (ii) uses or provides the year of birth of a registered voter that is obtained from the list of registered voters in a manner that is not permitted by law;
- (iii) obtains a voter registration record described in Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(k) under false pretenses;
- (iv) uses or provides information obtained from a voter registration record described in Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(k) in a manner that is not permitted by law;
- (v) unlawfully discloses or obtains a voter registration record withheld under Subsection (7) or a withholding request form described in Subsections (7) and (8); or
- (vi) unlawfully discloses or obtains information from a voter registration record withheld under Subsection (7) or a withholding request form described in Subsections (7) and (8).

(h) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk shall classify the voter registration record of a voter as a private record if the voter:(i) submits a written application, created by the lieutenant governor, requesting that the

(ii) requests on the voter's voter registration form that the voter's voter registration record be classified as a private record; or

voter's voter registration record be classified as private;

- (iii) submits a withholding request form described in Subsection (7) and any required verification.
- (i) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk may not disclose to a person described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi) a voter registration record, or information obtained from a voter registration record, if the record is withheld under Subsection (7).
- (j) In addition to any criminal penalty that may be imposed under this section, the lieutenant governor may impose a civil fine against a person who violates a provision of this section, in an amount equal to the greater of:
 - (i) the product of 30 and the square root of the total number of:
- (A) records obtained, provided, or used unlawfully, rounded to the nearest whole dollar; or
- (B) records from which information is obtained, provided, or used unlawfully, rounded to the nearest whole dollar; or
 - (ii) \$200.

- (k) A qualified person may not obtain, provide, or use the year of birth of a registered voter, if the year of birth is obtained from the list of registered voters or from a voter registration record, unless the person:
- (i) is a government official or government employee who obtains, provides, or uses the year of birth in the government official's or government employee's capacity as a government official or government employee;
- (ii) is a qualified person described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii), (iii), or (iv) and obtains or uses the year of birth only to verify the accuracy of personal information submitted by an individual or to confirm the identity of a person in order to prevent fraud, waste, or abuse;
- (iii) is a qualified person described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi) and obtains, provides, or uses the year of birth for a political purpose of the political party or candidate for

public office; or

- (iv) is a qualified person described in Subsection (4)(a)(vii) and obtains, provides, or uses the year of birth to provide the year of birth to another qualified person to verify the accuracy of personal information submitted by an individual or to confirm the identity of a person in order to prevent fraud, waste, or abuse.
- (l) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk may provide a year of birth to a member of the media, in relation to an individual designated by the member of the media, in order for the member of the media to verify the identity of the individual.
- (m) A person described in Subsection (4)(a)(v) or (vi) may not use or disclose information from a voter registration record for a purpose other than a political purpose.
- (5) When political parties not listed on the voter registration form qualify as registered political parties under Title 20A, Chapter 8, Political Party Formation and Procedures, the lieutenant governor shall inform the county clerks of the name of the new political party and direct the county clerks to ensure that the voter registration form is modified to include that political party.
- (6) Upon receipt of a voter registration form from an applicant, the county clerk or the clerk's designee shall:
 - (a) review each voter registration form for completeness and accuracy; and
- (b) if the county clerk believes, based upon a review of the form, that an individual may be seeking to register or preregister to vote who is not legally entitled to register or preregister to vote, refer the form to the county attorney for investigation and possible prosecution.
- (7) The lieutenant governor or a county clerk shall withhold from a person, other than a person described in Subsection (4)(a)(i), the voter registration record, and information obtained from the voter registration record, of an individual:
- (a) who submits a withholding request form, with the voter registration record or to the lieutenant governor or a county clerk, if:
- (i) the individual indicates on the form that the individual, or an individual who resides with the individual, is a victim of domestic violence or dating violence or is likely to be a victim of domestic violence or dating violence; or
 - (ii) the individual indicates on the form and provides verification that the individual, or

710	an individual who resides with the individual, is:
711	(A) a law enforcement officer;
712	(B) a member of the armed forces, as defined in Section 20A-1-513;
713	(C) a public figure; or
714	(D) protected by a protective order or protection order; or
715	(b) whose voter registration record was classified as a private record at the request of
716	the individual before May 12, 2020.
717	(8) (a) The lieutenant governor shall design and distribute the withholding request form
718	described in Subsection (7) to each election officer and to each agency that provides a voter
719	registration form.
720	(b) An individual described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) is not required to provide
721	verification, other than the individual's attestation and signature on the withholding request
722	form, that the individual, or an individual who resides with the individual, is a victim of
723	domestic violence or dating violence or is likely to be a victim of domestic violence or dating
724	violence.
725	(c) The director of elections within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor shall make
726	rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
727	establishing requirements for providing the verification described in Subsection (7)(a)(ii).
728	(9) An election officer or an employee of an election officer may not encourage an
729	individual to submit, or discourage an individual from submitting, a withholding request form.
730	Section 5. Section 20A-2-108 is amended to read:
731	20A-2-108. Driver license or state identification card registration form
732	Transmittal of information.
733	(1) As used in this section, "qualifying form" means:
734	(a) a driver license application form; or
735	(b) a state identification card application form.
736	(2) The lieutenant governor and the Driver License Division shall design each
737	qualifying form to include:
738	(a) the following question, which an applicant is required to answer: "Do you authorize
739	the use of information in this form for voter registration purposes? YESNO";
740	(b) the following statement:

"PRIVACY INFORMATION

Voter registration records contain some information that is available to the public, such as your name and address, some information that is available only to government entities, and some information that is available only to certain third parties in accordance with the requirements of law.

Your driver license number, identification card number, social security number, email address, full date of birth, and phone number are available only to government entities. Your year of birth is available to political parties, candidates for public office, certain third parties, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, in accordance with the requirements of law.

You may request that all information on your voter registration records be withheld from all persons other than government entities, political parties, candidates for public office, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, by indicating here:

Yes, I request that all information on my voter registration records be withheld from all persons other than government entities, political parties, candidates for public office, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers.

REQUEST FOR ADDITIONAL PRIVACY PROTECTION

In addition to the protections provided above, you may request that all information on your voter registration records be withheld from all political parties, candidates for public office, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, by submitting a withholding request form, and any required verification, as described in the following paragraphs.

A person may request that all information on the person's voter registration records be withheld from all political parties, candidates for public office, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, by submitting a withholding request form with this registration record, or to the lieutenant governor or a county clerk, if the person is or is likely to be, or resides with a person who is or is likely to be, a victim of domestic violence or dating violence.

A person may request that all information on the person's voter registration records be withheld from all political parties, candidates for public office, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, by submitting a withholding request form and any required verification with this registration form, or to the lieutenant governor or a county clerk, if the person is, or resides with a person who is, a law enforcement officer, a member of the armed forces, a public figure, or protected by a protective order or a protection order."; and

772	(c) beginning May 1, 2022, a section in substantially the following form:
773 774	BALLOT NOTIFICATIONS
775	If you have provided a phone number or email address, you can receive notifications by
776	text message or email regarding the status of a ballot [that is mailed to you or a ballot that you
777	deposit in the mail or in a ballot drop box,] you cast by indicating here:
778	Yes, I would like to receive electronic notifications regarding the status of my
779	ballot.
780	
781	(3) The lieutenant governor and the Driver License Division shall ensure that a
782	qualifying form contains:
783	(a) a place for an individual to affirm the individual's citizenship, voting eligibility, and
784	Utah residency, and that the information provided in the form is true;
785	(b) a records disclosure that is similar to the records disclosure on a voter registration
786	form described in Section 20A-2-104;
787	(c) a statement that if an applicant declines to register or preregister to vote, the fact
788	that the applicant has declined to register or preregister will remain confidential and will be
789	used only for voter registration purposes;
790	(d) a statement that if an applicant does register or preregister to vote, the office at
791	which the applicant submits a voter registration application will remain confidential and will be
792	used only for voter registration purposes; and
793	(e) if the applicant answers "yes" to the question described in Subsection (2)(a), a space
794	where an individual may, if desired:
795	(i) indicate the individual's desired political affiliation from a listing of each registered
796	political party, as defined in Section 20A-8-101;
797	(ii) specify a political party that is not listed under Subsection (3)(e)(i) with which the
798	individual desires to affiliate; or
799	(iii) indicate that the individual does not wish to affiliate with a political party.
300	Section 6. Section 20A-2-301 is amended to read:
301	20A-2-301. County clerk responsibilities Voter registration forms.
302	(1) Each county clerk shall provide voter registration forms for use in the voter

803	registration	process.
005	10515010011	PICCOSS

- (2) (a) Each county clerk shall provide a copy of the voter registration form to each public assistance agency and discretionary voter registration agency.
- (b) Each county clerk may provide a copy of the voter registration form to public school districts and nonpublic schools as provided in Section 20A-2-302.
- (3) (a) The clerk shall make a copy of the voter registration form available to any person upon request.
- (b) A person may make multiple copies of the voter registration form at the person's own expense.
- (c) A person shall provide all completed voter registration forms in the person's possession to the county clerk at or before 5 p.m. on the day of the voter registration deadline.
- (4) The county clerk may not refuse to register an individual to vote for failing to provide a telephone number on the voter registration form.
- (5) (a) It is unlawful for any person in possession of a completed voter registration form, other than the person's own completed voter registration form, to willfully fail or refuse to timely deliver the completed voter registration form to the county clerk.
 - (b) A person who violates this Subsection (5) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
- (6) This section does not authorize an individual to possess or control a completed or signed voter registration form in violation of Section 20A-3a-501.
 - Section 7. Section **20A-2-306** is amended to read:

20A-2-306. Removing names from the official register -- Determining and confirming change of residence.

- (1) A county clerk may not remove a voter's name from the official register on the grounds that the voter has changed residence unless the voter:
- (a) confirms in writing that the voter has changed residence to a place outside the county; or
- (b) (i) has not voted in an election during the period beginning on the date of the notice required by Subsection (3), and ending on the day after the date of the second regular general election occurring after the date of the notice; and
 - (ii) has failed to respond to the notice required by Subsection (3).
- 833 (2) (a) When a county clerk obtains information that a voter's address has changed and

834 it appears that the voter still resides within the same county, the county clerk shall: 835 (i) change the official register to show the voter's new address; and 836 (ii) send to the voter, by forwardable mail, the notice required by Subsection (3) 837 printed on a postage prepaid, preaddressed return form. 838 (b) When a county clerk obtains information that a voter's address has changed and it 839 appears that the voter now resides in a different county, the county clerk shall verify the 840 changed residence by sending to the voter, by forwardable mail, the notice required by 841 Subsection (3) printed on a postage prepaid, preaddressed return form. 842 (3) (a) Each county clerk shall use substantially the following form to notify voters 843 whose addresses have changed: 844 "VOTER REGISTRATION NOTICE 845 We have been notified that your residence has changed. Please read, complete, and 846 return this form so that we can update our voter registration records. What is your current 847 street address? 848 849 City Street County State Zip 850 What is your current phone number (optional)? 851 What is your current email address (optional)? 852 If you have not changed your residence or have moved but stayed within the same 853 county, you must complete and return this form to the county clerk so that it is received by the 854 county clerk before 5 p.m. no later than 30 days before the date of the election. If you fail to 855 return this form within that time: 856 - you may be required to show evidence of your address to the poll worker before being 857 allowed to vote in either of the next two regular general elections; or 858 - if you fail to vote at least once from the date this notice was mailed until the passing 859 of two regular general elections, you will no longer be registered to vote. If you have changed 860 your residence and have moved to a different county in Utah, you may register to vote by 861 contacting the county clerk in your county. 862 863 Signature of Voter

PRIVACY INFORMATION

Voter registration records contain some information that is available to the public, such as your name and address, some information that is available only to government entities, and some information that is available only to certain third parties in accordance with the requirements of law.

Your driver license number, identification card number, social security number, email address, full date of birth, and phone number are available only to government entities. Your year of birth is available to political parties, candidates for public office, certain third parties, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, in accordance with the requirements of law.

You may request that all information on your voter registration records be withheld from all persons other than government entities, political parties, candidates for public office, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, by indicating here:

Yes, I request that all information on my voter registration records be withheld from all persons other than government entities, political parties, candidates for public office, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers.

REQUEST FOR ADDITIONAL PRIVACY PROTECTION

In addition to the protections provided above, you may request that all information on your voter registration records be withheld from all political parties, candidates for public office, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, by submitting a withholding request form, and any required verification, as described in the following paragraphs.

A person may request that all information on the person's voter registration records be withheld from all political parties, candidates for public office, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, by submitting a withholding request form with this registration record, or to the lieutenant governor or a county clerk, if the person is or is likely to be, or resides with a person who is or is likely to be, a victim of domestic violence or dating violence.

A person may request that all information on the person's voter registration records be withheld from all political parties, candidates for public office, and their contractors, employees, and volunteers, by submitting a withholding request form and any required verification with this registration form, or to the lieutenant governor or a county clerk, if the person is, or resides with a person who is, a law enforcement officer, a member of the armed forces, a public figure, or protected by a protective order or a protection order."

(b) Beginning May 1, 2022, the form described in Subsection (3)(a) shall also include a

	BALLOT NOTIFICATIONS
	If you have provided a phone number or email address, you can receive notifications by
text n	nessage or email regarding the status of a ballot [that is mailed to you or a ballot that you
depos	it in the mail or in a ballot drop box,] you cast by indicating here:
	Yes, I would like to receive electronic notifications regarding the status of my
ballot	
	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the county clerk may not remove the
name	s of any voters from the official register during the 90 days before a regular primary
electi	on and the 90 days before a regular general election.
	(b) The county clerk may remove the names of voters from the official register during
the 90	days before a regular primary election and the 90 days before a regular general election
if:	
	(i) the voter requests, in writing, that the voter's name be removed; or
	(ii) the voter has died.
	(c) (i) After a county clerk mails a notice as required in this section, the county clerk
may 1	ist that voter as inactive.
	(ii) If a county clerk receives a returned voter identification card, determines that there
was n	o clerical error causing the card to be returned, and has no further information to contact
the vo	eter, the county clerk may list that voter as inactive.
	(iii) An inactive voter shall be allowed to vote, sign petitions, and have all other
privil	eges of a registered voter.
	(iv) A county is not required to send routine mailings to an inactive voter and is not
requir	ed to count inactive voters when dividing precincts and preparing supplies.
	(5) Beginning on or before January 1, 2022, the lieutenant governor shall make
availa	ble to a county clerk United States Social Security Administration data received by the
lieute	nant governor regarding deceased individuals.
	(6) A county clerk shall, within ten business days after the day on which the county
clerk	receives the information described in Subsection (5) or Subsections 26-2-13(11) and (12)

927	relating to a decedent whose name appears on the official register, remove the decedent's name
928	from the official register.
929	(7) Ninety days before a regular primary election and 90 days before a regular general
930	election the lieutenant governor shall compare the information the lieutenant governor has
931	received under Subsection 26-2-13(11) with the official register of voters to ensure that all
932	deceased voters have been removed from the official register.
933	Section 8. Section 20A-3a-201 is amended to read:
934	20A-3a-201. Voting methods.
935	(1) Except for an election on a referendum challenging a local tax law that is conducted
936	entirely by mail under Section 20A-7-609.5, a voter may vote as follows:
937	[(a) by mail;]
938	[(b)] (a) at a polling [location] place during early voting hours;
939	[(c)] (b) at a polling [location] place on election day when the polls are open;
940	[(d)] (c) if the voter is an individual with a disability, by voting remotely, via a
941	mechanical ballot or via electronic means if approved by the election officer;
942	[(e)] (d) electronically or via a federal write-in absentee ballot if the voter is a covered
943	voter, as defined in Section 20A-16-102; [or]
944	[(f)] (e) by emergency ballot, in accordance with Part 3, Emergency Ballots[:]; or
945	(f) by absentee ballot, in accordance with Sections 20A-3a-302, 20A-3a-303, and
946	<u>20A-3a-304.</u>
947	(2) A voter may not vote at a polling place if the voter voted [by mail or] remotely or in
948	a manner described in Subsections (1)(d) through (f).
949	Section 9. Section 20A-3a-202 is amended to read:
950	20A-3a-202. Conducting an election.
951	(1) Except [as otherwise provided] for an election on a referendum challenging a local
952	tax law that is conducted entirely by mail under Section 20A-7-609.5, an election officer shall
953	administer an election primarily by [mail] in-person voting at a polling place, in accordance
954	with this section.
955	[(2) An election officer who administers an election:]
956	[(a) shall in accordance with Subsection (3), no sooner than 21 days before election day

and no later than seven days before election day, mail to each active voter within a voting

958	precinct:]
959	[(i) a manual ballot;]
960	[(ii) a return envelope;]
961	[(iii) instructions for returning the ballot that include an express notice about any
962	relevant deadlines that the voter must meet in order for the voter's vote to be counted;]
963	[(iv) for an election administered by a county clerk, information regarding the location
964	and hours of operation of any election day voting center at which the voter may vote or a
965	website address where the voter may view this information;]
966	[(v) for an election administered by an election officer other than a county clerk, if the
967	election officer does not operate a polling location or an election day voting center, a warning,
968	on a separate page of colored paper in bold face print, indicating that if the voter fails to follow
969	the instructions included with the ballot, the voter will be unable to vote in that election
970	because there will be no polling place for the voting precinct on the day of the election; and]
971	[(vi) after May 1, 2022, instructions on how a voter may sign up to receive electronic
972	ballot status notifications via the ballot tracking system described in Section 20A-3a-401.5;
973	and]
974	[(b) may not mail a ballot under this section to:]
975	[(i) an inactive voter, unless the inactive voter requests a manual ballot; or]
976	[(ii) a voter whom the election officer is prohibited from sending a ballot under
977	Subsection (10)(c)(ii).]
978	[(3) (a) An election officer who mails a manual ballot under Subsection (2) shall mail
979	the manual ballot to the address:
980	[(i) provided at the time of registration; or]
981	[(ii) if, at or after the time of registration, the voter files an alternate address request
982	form described in Subsection (3)(b), the alternate address indicated on the form.]
983	[(b) The lieutenant governor shall make available to voters an alternate address request
984	form that permits a voter to request that the election officer mail the voter's ballot to a location
985	other than the voter's residence.]
986	[(c) A voter shall provide the completed alternate address request form to the election
987	officer no later than 11 days before the day of the election.]
988	[(4) The return envelope shall include:]

989	[(a) the name, official title, and post office address of the election officer on the front
990	of the envelope;]
991	[(b) a space where a voter may write an email address and phone number by which the
992	election officer may contact the voter if the voter's ballot is rejected;]
993	[(c) a printed affidavit in substantially the following form:]
994	["County ofState of]
995	[I,, solemnly swear that: I am a qualified resident voter of the voting precinct
996	in County, Utah and that I am entitled to vote in this election. I am not a convicted felon
997	currently incarcerated for commission of a felony.]
998	
999	[Signature of Voter"; and]
1000	[(d) a warning that the affidavit must be signed by the individual to whom the ballot
1001	was sent and that the ballot will not be counted if the signature on the affidavit does not match
1002	the signature on file with the election officer of the individual to whom the ballot was sent.]
1003	[(5) If the election officer determines that the voter is required to show valid voter
1004	identification, the election officer may:]
1005	[(a) mail a ballot to the voter; and]
1006	[(b) instruct the voter to include a copy of the voter's valid voter identification with the
1007	return ballot.]
1008	$\left[\frac{(6)}{2}\right]$ An election officer who administers an election shall:
1009	(a) prepare an adequate number of manual ballots and security envelopes for the
1010	election;
1011	[(a)] (b) (i) before the election, obtain the signatures of each voter qualified to vote in
1012	the election; or
1013	(ii) obtain the signature of each voter within the voting precinct from the county clerk;
1014	and
1015	[(b)] (c) maintain the signatures on file in the election officer's office.
1016	[(7)] (3) Upon receipt of a returned <u>absentee</u> ballot, the election officer shall review
1017	and process the ballot under Section 20A-3a-401.
1018	$\left[\frac{(8)}{4}\right]$ A county that administers an election:
1019	(a) shall provide at least one election day voting center in accordance with Chapter 3a,

1020	Part /, Election Day Voting Center, and at least one additional election day voting center for
1021	every 5,000 active voters in the county [who have requested to not receive a ballot by mail];
1022	(b) shall ensure that each election day voting center operated by the county has at least
1023	one voting device that is accessible, in accordance with the Help America Vote Act of 2002,
1024	Pub. L. No. 107-252, for individuals with disabilities;
1025	(c) may reduce the early voting period described in Section 20A-3a-601, if:
1026	(i) the county clerk conducts early voting on at least four days;
1027	(ii) the early voting days are within the period beginning on the date that is 14 days
1028	before the date of the election and ending on the day before the election; and
1029	(iii) the county clerk provides notice of the reduced early voting period in accordance
1030	with Section 20A-3a-604; and
1031	[(d) is not required to pay return postage for a ballot; and]
1032	$[\frac{(e)}{d}]$ is subject to an audit conducted under Subsection $[\frac{(9)}{d}]$.
1033	$\left[\frac{(9)}{(5)}\right]$ (a) The lieutenant governor shall:
1034	(i) develop procedures for conducting an audit of affidavit signatures on ballots cast in
1035	an election conducted under this section; and
1036	(ii) after each primary, general, or special election conducted under this section, select
1037	a number of ballots, in varying jurisdictions, to audit in accordance with the procedures
1038	developed under Subsection $[(9)]$ $(5)(a)(i)$.
1039	(b) The lieutenant governor shall post the results of an audit conducted under this
1040	Subsection $[(9)]$ on the lieutenant governor's website.
1041	[(10) (a) An individual may request that the election officer not send the individual a
1042	ballot by mail in the next and subsequent elections by submitting a written request to the
1043	election officer.]
1044	[(b) An individual shall submit the request described in Subsection (10)(a) to the
1045	election officer before 5 p.m. no later than 60 days before an election if the individual does not
1046	wish to receive a ballot by mail in that election.]
1047	[(c) An election officer who receives a request from an individual under Subsection
1048	(10)(a):]
1049	[(i) shall remove the individual's name from the list of voters who will receive a ballot
1050	by mail: and

1051	[(ii) may not send the individual a ballot by mail for:]
1052	[(A) the next election, if the individual submits the request described in Subsection
1053	(10)(a) before the deadline described in Subsection (10)(b); or]
1054	[(B) an election after the election described in Subsection (10)(c)(ii)(A).]
1055	[(d) An individual who submits a request under Subsection (10)(a) may resume the
1056	individual's receipt of a ballot by mail by submitting a written request to the election officer.]
1057	Section 10. Section 20A-3a-204 is amended to read:
1058	20A-3a-204. Marking and depositing ballots.
1059	(1) To vote [by mail] by manual ballot:
1060	(a) except as provided in Subsection (6), the voter shall prepare the voter's manual
1061	ballot by marking the appropriate space with a mark opposite the name of each candidate of the
1062	voter's choice for each office to be filled;
1063	(b) if a ballot proposition is submitted to a vote of the people, the voter shall mark the
1064	appropriate space with a mark opposite the answer the voter intends to make;
1065	(c) except as provided in Subsection (6), the voter shall record a write-in vote in
1066	accordance with Subsection 20A-3a-206(1);
1067	(d) except as provided in Subsection (6), a mark is not required opposite the name of a
1068	write-in candidate; and
1069	[(e) the voter shall:]
1070	[(i) complete and sign the affidavit on the return envelope;]
1071	[(ii) place the voted ballot in the return envelope;]
1072	[(iii) securely seal the return envelope; and]
1073	[(iv) (A) attach postage, if necessary, and deposit the return envelope in the mail; or]
1074	[(B) place the return envelope in a ballot drop box, designated by the election officer,
1075	for the precinct where the voter resides.]
1076	(e) the voter shall, after sealing the ballot in a security envelope, place the ballot and
1077	security envelope in the ballot box.
1078	(2) [(a)] Except as otherwise provided in Section 20A-16-404, to be valid, [a] an
1079	absentee ballot that is mailed must be:
1080	[(i)] (a) clearly postmarked before election day, or otherwise clearly marked by the post
1081	office as received by the post office before election day; and

1082	[(ii)] (b) received in the office of the election officer before noon on the day of the
1083	official canvass following the election.
1084	[(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), to be valid, a ballot shall, before the polls
1085	close on election day, be deposited in:]
1086	[(i) a ballot box at a polling place; or]
1087	[(ii) a ballot drop box designated by an election officer for the jurisdiction to which the
1088	ballot relates.]
1089	[(c) An election officer may, but is not required to, forward a ballot deposited in a
1090	ballot drop box in the wrong jurisdiction to the correct jurisdiction.]
1091	[(d) An election officer shall ensure that a voter who is, at or before 8 p.m., in line at a
1092	ballot drop box, with a sealed return envelope containing a ballot in the voter's possession, to
1093	deposit the ballot in the ballot drop box.]
1094	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), to vote at a polling place the voter shall,
1095	[after] in addition to complying with Subsections (1)(a) through (d):
1096	(a) sign the official register or pollbook; and
1097	(b) (i) after sealing the ballot in the security envelope, place the ballot in the ballot box;
1098	or
1099	(ii) if the ballot is a provisional ballot, place the ballot in the provisional ballot
1100	envelope, complete the information printed on the provisional ballot envelope, and deposit the
1101	provisional ballot envelope in the provisional ballot box.
1102	(4) [(a)] An individual [with a] who, due to age or disability, is unable to vote a manual
1103	ballot may vote a mechanical ballot at a polling place.
1104	[(b) An individual other than an individual with a disability may vote a mechanical
1105	ballot at a polling place if permitted by the election officer.]
1106	(5) To vote a mechanical ballot, the voter shall:
1107	(a) make the selections according to the instructions provided for the voting device;
1108	and
1109	(b) subject to Subsection (6), record a write-in vote by:
1110	(i) selecting the appropriate position for entering a write-in candidate; and
1111	(ii) using the voting device to enter the name of the valid write-in candidate for whom
1112	the voter wishes to vote.

1113	(6) To vote in an instant runoff voting race under Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 6,
1114	Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, a voter:
1115	(a) shall indicate, as directed on the ballot, the name of the candidate who is the voter's
1116	first preference for the office; and
1117	(b) may indicate, as directed on the ballot, the names of the remaining candidates in
1117	order of the voter's preference.
1119	(7) A voter who votes at a polling place:
1120	(a) shall mark and cast or deposit the ballot without delay and shall leave the voting
1120	area after voting; and
1121	(b) may not:
1123	(i) occupy a voting booth occupied by another, except as provided in Section
1123	20A-3a-208;
1125	(ii) remain within the voting area more than 10 minutes; or
1126	(iii) occupy a voting booth for more than five minutes if all booths are in use and other
1127	voters are waiting to occupy a voting booth.
1128	(8) If the official register shows any voter as having voted, that voter may not reenter
1129	the voting area during that election unless that voter is an election official or watcher.
1130	(9) A poll worker may not, at a polling place, allow more than four voters more than
1131	the number of voting booths into the voting area at one time unless those excess voters are:
1132	(a) election officials;
1133	(b) watchers; or
1134	(c) assisting voters with a disability.
1135	Section 11. Section 20A-3a-301 is amended to read:
1136	Part 3. Emergency and Absentee Ballots
1137	20A-3a-301. Emergency ballots.
1138	(1) As used in this section, "hospitalized voter" means a registered voter who:
1139	(a) is hospitalized or otherwise confined to a medical or long-term care institution;
1140	(b) does not have [a manual] an absentee ballot in the voter's immediate possession;
1141	(c) is able to vote a manual ballot; and
1142	(d) is not able to timely acquire [a manual ballot without the assistance of another
1143	individual an absentee ballot.

1144	(2) A hospitalized voter may, in accordance with this section, obtain a manual ballot to
1145	use as an emergency ballot and vote at any time after the election officer [mails manual ballots
1146	to the majority of voters] begins mailing absentee ballots and before the close of polls on
1147	election day.
1148	(3) (a) Any individual may obtain an emergency ballot application, a manual ballot,
1149	and [a manual] an emergency ballot envelope from the election officer on behalf of a
1150	hospitalized voter by requesting a ballot and application in person at the election officer's office
1151	during business hours.
1152	(b) The election officer shall require the individual to sign a statement identifying the
1153	individual and the hospitalized voter.
1154	(4) To vote, the hospitalized voter shall complete the emergency ballot application,
1155	complete and sign the affidavit on the [manual] emergency ballot envelope, mark the voter's
1156	votes on the manual ballot, place the manual ballot into the envelope, and seal the envelope
1157	unless a different method is authorized under Section 20A-1-308.
1158	(5) To be counted, the emergency voter application and the sealed [manual] emergency
1159	ballot envelope must be returned to the election officer's office in accordance with the
1160	requirements of this chapter.
1161	Section 12. Section 20A-3a-302 is enacted to read:
1162	20A-3a-302. Application for absentee ballot.
1163	(1) An individual who votes under the provisions of Chapter 16, Uniform Military and
1164	Overseas Voters Act, is not required to comply with the provisions of this part.
1165	(2) An individual who is registered to vote may apply for an absentee ballot if the
1166	individual:
1167	(a) is eligible to vote in the election for which the individual applies for an absentee
1168	ballot; and
1169	(b) is not able to vote at a polling place during early voting or on election day:
1170	(i) due to a disability;
1171	(ii) due to the individual's age;
1172	(iii) due to anticipated hospitalization or other anticipated medical treatment; or
1173	(iv) because the individual will be outside Utah during early voting and on election
1174	day.

1175	(3) The lieutenant governor shall create an absentee ballot request form that includes
1176	the following:
1177	(a) for a general election:
1178	I, , a qualified elector, residing at Street, City, County, Utah apply
1179	for an official absentee ballot to be voted by me for the election, to be held on .
1180	I am not able to vote at a polling place on election day or during early voting for this
1181	election (check all that apply):
1182	due to a disability;
1183	due to my age;
1184	because I will be hospitalized or undergoing other medical treatment; or
1185	because I will be outside of Utah.
1186	Date (month/day/year)
1187	Signed
1188	Voter; and
1189	(b) for a primary election:
1190	I, , a qualified elector, residing at Street, City, County, Utah,
1191	apply for an official absentee ballot to be voted by me for the political party
1192	for the election, to be held on .
1193	I am not able to vote at a polling place on election day or during early voting for this
1194	election (check all that apply):
1195	due to a disability;
1196	due to my age;
1197	because I will be hospitalized or undergoing other medical treatment; or
1198	because I will be outside of Utah.
1199	I understand that I must be affiliated with or authorized to vote the political party's
1200	ballot that I request.
1201	Dated (month/day/year)
1202	Signed
1203	<u>Voter.</u>
1204	(4) An individual described in Subsection (2) who desires to vote via absentee ballot
1205	<u>shall:</u>

1206	(a) complete and submit the absentee ballot request form described in Subsection (3) to
1207	the election officer for the jurisdiction where the individual is eligible to vote; and
1208	(b) include with the application a copy of the individual's valid voter identification.
1209	(5) In order to receive an absentee ballot, the election officer must receive the
1210	documents described in Subsection (4) no later than 45 days before the day of the election.
1211	(6) Except as provided in Subsection 20A-3a-304(3), a registered voter may not vote
1212	in-person if the voter voted by absentee ballot.
1213	Section 13. Section 20A-3a-303 is enacted to read:
1214	20A-3a-303. Mailing absentee ballots Return envelopes for absentee or
1215	emergency ballots.
1216	(1) An election officer shall, no sooner than 21 days before election day and no later
1217	than seven days before election day, mail to each individual who submits a valid, timely
1218	request for an absentee ballot in accordance with Section 20A-3a-302:
1219	(a) a manual ballot;
1220	(b) a return absentee envelope;
1221	(c) instructions for the individual to include a copy of the individual's valid voter
1222	identification in the return absentee envelope;
1223	(d) instructions for returning the ballot that include notice of any relevant deadlines
1224	that the individual must meet in order for the individual's vote to be counted;
1225	(e) instructions on how a voter may cancel an absentee ballot application; and
1226	(f) after May 1, 2022, instructions on how a voter may sign up to receive electronic
1227	ballot status notifications via the ballot tracking system described in Section 20A-3a-401.5.
1228	(2) An election officer shall mail the items described in Subsection (1) to the address
1229	provided on the absentee ballot request form.
1230	(3) The return envelope for an absentee ballot or an emergency ballot shall include:
1231	(a) the name, official title, and post office address of the election officer on the front of
1232	the envelope;
1233	(b) a space where a voter may write an email address and phone number by which the
1234	election officer may contact the voter if the voter's ballot is rejected;
1235	(c) a printed affidavit in substantially the following form: "County of, State of
1236	, I, , solemnly swear that: I am a qualified resident voter of the voting precinct

1237	in County, Utah, and that I am entitled to vote in this election. I am not a convicted felon
1238	currently incarcerated for commission of a felony.
1239	
1240	Signature of Absentee Voter"; and
1241	(d) a warning that the affidavit must be signed by the individual to whom the ballot
1242	was sent or provided and that the ballot will not be counted if the signature on the affidavit
1243	does not match the signature on file with the election officer of the individual to whom the
1244	ballot was sent or provided.
1245	(4) Upon receipt of a returned absentee or emergency ballot, the election officer shall
1246	review and process the ballot under Section 20A-3a-401.
1247	(5) (a) A county clerk shall establish an absentee voter list containing the name of each
1248	voter who:
1249	(i) requests absentee voter status for a particular election; and
1250	(ii) meets the requirements of this section.
1251	(b) The clerk shall provide a copy of the absentee voter list to election officers for use
1252	<u>in elections.</u>
1253	Section 14. Section 20A-3a-304 is enacted to read:
1254	20A-3a-304. Voting and returning an absentee or emergency ballot.
1255	(1) To vote an absentee or emergency ballot, the voter shall:
1256	(a) complete and sign the affidavit on the return envelope;
1257	(b) mark the votes on the absentee ballot;
1258	(c) place the voted absentee ballot and a copy of the voter's valid voter identification in
1259	the return envelope;
1260	(d) securely seal the envelope; and
1261	(e) (i) for an absentee ballot, attach postage and deposit the envelope in the mail to the
1262	election officer from whom the ballot was obtained; or
1263	(ii) for an emergency ballot, provide the sealed envelope to the individual who
1264	delivered the emergency ballot to the voter.
1265	(2) An absentee ballot is not valid unless the ballot is:
1266	(a) (i) clearly postmarked before election day, or otherwise clearly marked by the post
1267	office as received by the post office before election day; or

1268	(ii) in the case of a military-overseas ballot, submitted in accordance with Section
1269	<u>20A-16-404;</u>
1270	(b) accompanied by valid voter identification; and
1271	(c) received in the office of the election officer before noon on the day of the official
1272	canvass following the election.
1273	(3) An absentee voter may submit an absentee ballot at a polling location for the voting
1274	precinct where the voter resides, request that the ballot be declared spoiled, and vote in person.
1275	Section 15. Section 20A-3a-401 is amended to read:
1276	20A-3a-401. Custody of voted absentee and emergency ballots Disposition
1277	Notice.
1278	(1) This section governs <u>absentee</u> ballots returned by mail [or via a ballot drop box]
1279	and emergency ballots delivered to a polling place.
1280	(2) (a) Poll workers shall open return envelopes containing [manual] absentee or
1281	emergency ballots that are in the custody of the poll workers in accordance with Subsection
1282	(2)(b).
1283	(b) The poll workers shall, first, compare the signature of the voter on the affidavit of
1284	the [return] absentee or emergency ballot envelope to the signature of the voter in the voter
1285	registration records.
1286	(3) After complying with Subsection (2), the poll workers shall determine whether:
1287	(a) the signatures correspond;
1288	(b) the affidavit is sufficient;
1289	(c) the voter is registered to vote in the correct precinct;
1290	(d) the voter's right to vote the ballot has been challenged;
1291	(e) the voter has already voted in the election; <u>and</u>
1292	[(f) the voter is required to provide valid voter identification; and]
1293	[(g) if the voter is required to provide valid voter identification, whether]
1294	(f) the voter has provided valid voter identification.
1295	(4) (a) The poll workers shall take the action described in Subsection (4)(b) if the poll
1296	workers determine that:
1297	(i) the signatures correspond;
1298	(ii) the affidavit is sufficient;

1299	(iii) the voter is registered to vote in the correct precinct;
1300	(iv) the voter's right to vote the ballot has not been challenged;
1301	(v) the voter has not already voted in the election; and
1302	(vi) [for a voter required to provide valid voter identification, that] the voter has
1303	provided valid voter identification.
1304	(b) If the poll workers make all of the findings described in Subsection (4)(a), the poll
1305	workers shall:
1306	(i) remove the manual ballot from the return envelope in a manner that does not
1307	destroy the affidavit on the [return] envelope;
1308	(ii) ensure that the ballot does not unfold and is not otherwise examined in connection
1309	with the return envelope; and
1310	(iii) place the ballot with the other ballots to be counted.
1311	(c) If the poll workers do not make all of the findings described in Subsection (4)(a),
1312	the poll workers shall:
1313	(i) disallow the vote;
1314	(ii) without opening the return envelope, mark across the face of the [return] envelope:
1315	(A) "Rejected as defective"; or
1316	(B) "Rejected as not a registered voter"; and
1317	(iii) place the return envelope, unopened, with the other rejected return envelopes.
1318	(5) (a) If the poll workers reject an individual's ballot because the poll workers
1319	determine that the signature on the return envelope does not match the individual's signature in
1320	the voter registration records, the election officer shall contact the individual in accordance
1321	with Subsection (7) by mail, email, text message, or phone, and inform the individual:
1322	(i) that the individual's signature is in question;
1323	(ii) how the individual may resolve the issue;
1324	(iii) that, in order for the ballot to be counted, the individual is required to deliver to
1325	the election officer a correctly completed affidavit, provided by the county clerk, that meets the
1326	requirements described in Subsection (5)(b).
1327	(b) An affidavit described in Subsection (5)(a)(iii) shall include:
1328	(i) an attestation that the individual voted the ballot;
1329	(ii) a space for the individual to enter the individual's name, date of birth, and driver

license number or the last four digits of the individual's social security number;

(iii) a space for the individual to sign the affidavit; and

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- (iv) a statement that, by signing the affidavit, the individual authorizes the lieutenant governor's and county clerk's use of the individual's signature on the affidavit for voter identification purposes.
- (c) In order for an individual described in Subsection (5)(a) to have the individual's ballot counted, the individual shall deliver the affidavit described in Subsection (5)(b) <u>and</u> valid voter identification to the election officer.
- (d) An election officer who receives a signed affidavit under Subsection (5)(c) shall immediately:
- (i) scan the signature on the affidavit electronically and keep the signature on file in the statewide voter registration database developed under Section 20A-2-109; and
- (ii) if the election officer receives the affidavit <u>and valid voter identification</u> no later than 5 p.m. the day before the canvass, count the individual's ballot.
- (6) If the poll workers reject an individual's ballot for any reason, other than the reason described in Subsection (5)(a), the election officer shall notify the individual of the rejection in accordance with Subsection (7) by mail, email, text message, or phone and specify the reason for the rejection.
- (7) An election officer who is required to give notice under Subsection (5) or (6) shall give the notice no later than:
 - (a) if the election officer rejects the ballot before election day:
- (i) one business day after the day on which the election officer rejects the ballot, if the election officer gives the notice by email or text message; or
- (ii) two business days after the day on which the election officer rejects the ballot, if the election officer gives the notice by postal mail or phone;
- (b) seven days after election day if the election officer rejects the ballot on election day; or
- (c) seven days after the canvass if the election officer rejects the ballot after election day and before the end of the canvass.
- 1359 (8) An election officer may not count the ballot of an individual whom the election 1360 officer contacts under Subsection (5) or (6) unless the election officer receives a signed

1361	affidavit and valid voter identification from the individual under Subsection (5)(b) [or is
1362	otherwise able to establish contact with the individual to confirm the individual's identity].
1363	(9) The election officer shall retain and preserve the return envelopes in the manner
1364	provided by law for the retention and preservation of ballots voted at that election.
1365	Section 16. Section 20A-3a-401.5 is amended to read:
1366	20A-3a-401.5. Ballot tracking system.
1367	(1) As used in this section:
1368	(a) "Ballot tracking system" means the system described in this section to track and
1369	confirm the status of trackable ballots.
1370	(b) "Change in the status" includes:
1371	(i) when a trackable ballot is mailed to a voter;
1372	(ii) when an election official receives a voted trackable ballot; and
1373	(iii) when a voted trackable ballot is counted.
1374	(c) "Trackable ballot" means a manual ballot that [is:] includes a quick response code
1375	described in Subsection 20A-6-101(1)(f)(i).
1376	[(i) mailed to a voter in accordance with Section 20A-3a-202;]
1377	[(ii) deposited in the mail by a voter in accordance with Section 20A-3a-204; or]
1378	[(iii) deposited in a ballot drop box by a voter in accordance with Section 20A-3a-204.]
1379	(d) "Voter registration database" means the statewide voter registration database
1380	described in Section 20A-2-109.
1381	(2) (a) The lieutenant governor shall develop and maintain a statewide or locally based
1382	system to track and confirm when there is a change in the status of a trackable ballot.
1383	(b) The ballot tracking system shall be operational on or before May 1, 2022.
1384	(3) Beginning on May 1, 2022, if a voter elects to receive electronic notifications
1385	regarding the status of the voter's trackable ballot, the ballot tracking system shall, when there
1386	is a change in the status of the voter's trackable ballot:
1387	(a) send a text message notification to the voter if the voter's information in the voter
1388	registration database includes a mobile telephone number;
1389	(b) send an email notification to the voter if the voter's information in the voter
1390	registration database includes an email address; and
1391	(c) send a notification by another electronic means directed by the lieutenant governor.

1392 (4) The lieutenant governor shall ensure that the ballot tracking system and the 1393 state-provided website described in Section 20A-7-801 automatically share appropriate 1394 information to ensure that a voter is able to confirm the status of the voter's trackable ballot via 1395 the state-provided website free of charge. 1396 (5) The ballot tracking system shall include a toll-free telephone number or other 1397 offline method by which a voter can confirm the status of the voter's trackable ballot. 1398 (6) The lieutenant governor shall ensure that the ballot tracking system: 1399 (a) is secure from unauthorized use by employing data encryption or other security 1400 measures; and 1401 (b) is only used for the purposes described in this section. 1402 Section 17. Section **20A-3a-402** is amended to read: 20A-3a-402. Custody of ballots voted at a polling place -- Disposition -- Counting 1403 1404 -- Release of number of ballots cast. 1405 (1) This section governs ballots voted at a polling place. 1406 (2) (a) The election officer shall deliver all return envelopes containing valid ballots 1407 and valid provisional ballots that are in the election officer's custody to the counting center 1408 before noon on the day of the official canvass following the election. 1409 (b) Valid ballots, including valid provisional ballots, may be processed and counted: 1410 (i) by the election officer, or poll workers acting under the supervision of the election 1411 officer, before the date of the canvass; and 1412 (ii) at the canvass, by the election officer or poll workers, acting under the supervision 1413 of the official canvassers of the election. 1414 (c) When processing ballots, the election officer and poll workers shall comply with 1415 the procedures and requirements of Section 20A-3a-401 in opening envelopes, verifying 1416 signatures, confirming eligibility of the ballots, and depositing ballots in preparation for 1417 counting. 1418 (3) (a) After all valid ballots, including valid provisional ballots have been deposited, 1419 the ballots shall be counted in the usual manner. 1420 (b) [After the polls close on] On the date of the election, the election officer shall

publicly release the results of those ballots, including provisional ballots, that [have been

counted on or before the date of the election are counted after the polls close on election day.

1421

1423	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), on each day, beginning on the day after the
1424	date of the election and ending on the day before the date of the canvass, the election officer
1425	shall publicly release:
1426	(i) the results of all ballots, including provisional ballots, counted on that day; and
1427	(ii) an estimate of the total number of voted ballots in the custody of the election
1428	officer that have not yet been counted.
1429	(d) (i) If complying with Subsection (3)(c) on a particular day will likely result in
1430	disclosing a vote cast by an individual voter, the election officer shall request permission from
1431	the lieutenant governor to delay compliance for the minimum number of days necessary to
1432	protect against disclosure of the voter's vote.
1433	(ii) The lieutenant governor shall grant a request made under Subsection (3)(d)(i) if the
1434	lieutenant governor finds that the delay is necessary to protect against disclosure of a voter's
1435	vote.
1436	(e) On the date of the canvass, the election officer shall provide a tally of all ballots,
1437	including provisional ballots, counted, and the resulting tally shall be added to the official
1438	canvass of the election.
1439	(4) (a) On the day after the date of the election, the election officer shall determine the
1440	number of ballots received by the election officer at that time and shall make that number
1441	available to the public.
1442	(b) The election officer may elect to publicly release updated totals for the number of
1443	ballots received by the election officer up through the date of the canvass.
1444	Section 18. Section 20A-3a-404 is enacted to read:
1445	20A-3a-404. Counting ballots.
1446	An election officer may not count ballots before polls close on election day.
1447	Section 19. Section 20A-3a-501 is amended to read:
1448	20A-3a-501. Prohibited conduct at polling place Other prohibited activities.
1449	(1) As used in this section:
1450	(a) "electioneering" includes any oral, printed, or written attempt to persuade persons to
1451	refrain from voting or to vote for or vote against any candidate or issue; and

(b) "polling place" means the physical place where ballots are cast [and includes the

physical place where a ballot drop box is located].

1454	(2) (a) An individual may not, within a polling place or in any public area within 150
1455	feet of the building where a polling place is located:
1456	(i) do any electioneering;
1457	(ii) circulate cards or handbills of any kind;
1458	(iii) solicit signatures to any kind of petition; or
1459	(iv) engage in any practice that interferes with the freedom of voters to vote or disrupts
1460	the administration of the polling place.
1461	(b) A county, municipality, school district, or local district may not prohibit
1462	electioneering that occurs more than 150 feet from the building where a polling place is
1463	located, but may regulate the place and manner of that electioneering to protect the public
1464	safety.
1465	(3) (a) An individual may not obstruct the doors or entries to a building in which a
1466	polling place is located or prevent free access to and from any polling place.
1467	(b) A sheriff, deputy sheriff, or municipal law enforcement officer shall prevent the
1468	obstruction of the entrance to a polling place and may arrest an individual creating an
1469	obstruction.
1470	(4) An individual may not solicit any voter to show the voter's ballot.
1471	(5) (a) An individual may not knowingly possess or control another individual's voted
1472	manual ballot, unless:
1473	(i) the individual is an election official or postal worker acting in the capacity of an
1474	election official or postal worker;
1475	(ii) the individual possesses or controls the voted ballot in accordance with Section
1476	20A-3a-301, relating to emergency ballots;
1477	(iii) the possession or control is authorized in order to deliver a military-overseas ballot
1478	in accordance with Chapter 16, Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act;
1479	(iv) subject to Section 20A-3a-208, the individual is authorized by a voter to possess or
1480	control the voter's voted ballot if the voter needs assistance delivering the ballot due to the
1481	voter's age, illness, or disability; or
1482	(v) the individual resides in the same household as the voter.
1483	(b) A violation of Subsection (5)(a) does not invalidate the ballot.

(6) (a) An individual may not knowingly possess or control another individual's

1485	completed or signed voter registration form, unless:
1486	(i) the individual is an election official or postal worker acting in the capacity of an
1487	election official or postal worker;
1488	(ii) the individual is a government employee who possesses or controls the voter
1489	registration form in fulfilment of a job responsibility of the government employee;
1490	(iii) the individual possesses or controls the registration form in accordance with
1491	Chapter 16, Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act;
1492	(iv) the individual is authorized by the other individual to possess or control the other
1493	individual's voter registration form because the other individual needs assistance delivering the
1494	ballot due to the voter's age, illness, or disability; or
1495	(v) the individual resides in the same household as the voter.
1496	(b) A violation of Subsection (6)(a) does not invalidate the voter registration form.
1497	[(6)] (7) An individual who violates any provision of this section is, in addition to the
1498	penalties described in Subsections 20A-1-609(2) and (3), guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
1499	[(7)] (8) A political subdivision may not prohibit political signs that are located more
1500	than 150 feet away from a polling place, but may regulate their placement to protect public
1501	safety.
1502	Section 20. Section 20A-3a-702 is amended to read:
1503	20A-3a-702. Election day voting center Hours of operation Compliance with
1504	Election Code.
1505	(1) Except as provided in Section 20A-7-609.5, an election officer may operate an
1506	election day voting center in one or more locations designated under Section 20A-3a-703.
1507	(2) An election officer shall provide for voting at an election day voting center by:
1508	(a) regular ballot if:
1509	(i) (A) the election day voting center is designated under Section 20A-5-403 as the
1510	polling place for the voting precinct in which the voter resides; and
1511	(B) the voter is eligible to vote a regular ballot at the election day voting center in
1512	accordance with this title; or
1513	(ii) (A) the voter resides within the political subdivision holding the election;
1514	(B) the voter is otherwise eligible to vote a regular ballot in accordance with this title;
1515	and

1516	(C) the jurisdiction holding the election uses a method that confirms that the voter has
1517	not voted previously in the election;
1518	(b) voting center ballot if:
1519	(i) the election day voting center is not designated under Section 20A-5-403 as the
1520	polling place for the voting precinct in which the voter resides;
1521	(ii) the voter resides within the political subdivision holding the election; and
1522	(iii) the voter is otherwise eligible to vote a regular ballot in accordance with this title;
1523	or
1524	(c) provisional ballot if the voter is only eligible to vote using a provisional ballot in
1525	accordance with this title.
1526	(3) An election officer shall ensure that an election day voting center:
1527	(a) is open on election day during the time period specified under Section 20A-1-302;
1528	(b) allows an eligible voter to vote if the voter:
1529	(i) resides within the political subdivision holding an election; and
1530	(ii) arrives at the election day voting center by the designated closing time in
1531	accordance with Section 20A-1-302; and
1532	(c) is administered according to the requirements of this title.
1533	[(4) An individual may submit a completed manual ballot at an election day voting
1534	center for the political subdivision in which the individual resides.]
1535	Section 21. Section 20A-4-102 is amended to read:
1536	20A-4-102. Manual ballots cast at a polling place Counting manual ballots at
1537	polling place on day of election after polls close.
1538	(1) (a) This section governs counting manual ballots on the day of an election, if:
1539	(i) the ballots are cast at a polling place; and
1540	(ii) the ballots are counted at the polling place after the polls close.
1541	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2) or a rule made under Subsection
1542	[20A-4-101(2)(f)(i)] (1)(d), as soon as the polls have been closed and the last qualified voter
1543	has voted, the election judges shall count the ballots by performing the tasks specified in this
1544	section in the order that they are specified.
1545	(c) To resolve questions that arise during the counting of ballots, a counting judge shall
1546	apply the standards and requirements of:

1547	(i) to the extent applicable, Section 20A-4-105; and
1548	(ii) as applicable, for an instant runoff voting race under Part 6, Municipal Alternate
1549	Voting Methods Pilot Project, Subsection 20A-4-603(3).
1550	(d) The director of elections within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor shall make
1551	rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1552	describing the procedures that a counting judge is required to follow for counting ballots in an
1553	instant runoff voting race under Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project.
1554	(e) When counting ballots in an instant runoff voting race described in Part 6,
1555	Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, a counting judge shall comply with the
1556	procedures established under Subsection (1)(d) and Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting
1557	Methods Pilot Project.
1558	(2) (a) First, the election judges shall count the number of ballots in the ballot box.
1559	(b) (i) If there are more ballots in the ballot box than there are names entered in the
1560	pollbook, the judges shall examine the official endorsements on the ballots.
1561	(ii) If, in the unanimous opinion of the judges, any of the ballots do not bear the proper
1562	official endorsement, the judges shall put those ballots in an excess ballot file and not count
1563	them.
1564	(c) (i) If, after examining the official endorsements, there are still more ballots in the
1565	ballot box than there are names entered in the pollbook, the judges shall place the remaining
1566	ballots back in the ballot box.
1567	(ii) One of the judges, without looking, shall draw a number of ballots equal to the
1568	excess from the ballot box.
1569	(iii) The judges shall put those excess ballots into the excess ballot envelope and not
1570	count them.
1571	(d) When the ballots in the ballot box equal the number of names entered in the
1572	pollbook, the judges shall count the votes.
1573	(3) The judges shall:
1574	(a) place all unused ballots in the envelope or container provided for return to the
1575	county clerk or city recorder; and
1576	(b) seal that envelope or container.
1577	(4) The judges shall:

1578	(a) place all of the provisional ballot envelopes in the envelope provided for them for
1579	return to the election officer; and
1580	(b) seal that envelope or container.
1581	(5) (a) In counting the votes, the election judges shall read and count each ballot
1582	separately.
1583	(b) In regular primary elections the judges shall:
1584	(i) count the number of ballots cast for each party;
1585	(ii) place the ballots cast for each party in separate piles; and
1586	(iii) count all the ballots for one party before beginning to count the ballots cast for
1587	other parties.
1588	(6) (a) In all elections, the counting judges shall, except as provided in Part 6,
1589	Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, or a rule made under Subsection
1590	20A-4-101(2)(f)(i):
1591	(i) count one vote for each candidate designated by the marks in the squares next to the
1592	candidate's name;
1593	(ii) count each vote for each write-in candidate who has qualified by filing a
1594	declaration of candidacy under Section 20A-9-601;
1595	(iii) read every name marked on the ballot and mark every name upon the tally sheets
1596	before another ballot is counted;
1597	(iv) evaluate each ballot and each vote based on the standards and requirements of
1598	Section 20A-4-105;
1599	(v) write the word "spoiled" on the back of each ballot that lacks the official
1600	endorsement and deposit it in the spoiled ballot envelope; and
1601	(vi) read, count, and record upon the tally sheets the votes that each candidate and
1602	ballot proposition received from all ballots, except excess or spoiled ballots.
1603	(b) Election judges need not tally write-in votes for fictitious persons, nonpersons, or
1604	persons clearly not eligible to qualify for office.
1605	(c) The judges shall certify to the accuracy and completeness of the tally list in the
1606	space provided on the tally list.
1607	(d) When the judges have counted all of the voted ballots, they shall record the results

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on the total votes cast form.

1609	(7) Only an election judge and a watcher may be present at the place where counting is
1610	conducted until the count is completed.
1611	Section 22. Section 20A-4-107 is amended to read:
1612	20A-4-107. Review and disposition of provisional ballot envelopes.
1613	(1) As used in this section, an individual is "legally entitled to vote" if:
1614	(a) the individual:
1615	(i) is registered to vote in the state;
1616	(ii) votes the ballot for the voting precinct in which the individual resides; and
1617	(iii) provides valid voter identification to the poll worker;
1618	(b) the individual:
1619	(i) is registered to vote in the state;
1620	(ii) [(A)] provided valid voter identification to the poll worker; [or] and
1621	[(B) either failed to provide valid voter identification or the documents provided as
1622	valid voter identification were inadequate and the poll worker recorded that fact in the official
1623	register but the county clerk verifies the individual's identity and residence through some other
1624	means; and]
1625	(iii) did not vote in the individual's precinct of residence, but the ballot that the
1626	individual voted was from the individual's county of residence and includes one or more
1627	candidates or ballot propositions on the ballot voted in the individual's precinct of residence; or
1628	(c) the individual:
1629	(i) is registered to vote in the state;
1630	(ii) either failed to provide valid voter identification or the documents provided as
1631	valid voter identification were inadequate and the poll worker recorded that fact in the official
1632	register; and
1633	[(iii) (A) the county clerk verifies the individual's identity and residence through some
1634	other means as reliable as photo identification; or]
1635	[(B)] (iii) the individual provides valid voter identification to the county clerk or an
1636	election officer who is administering the election [by] before the close of normal office hours
1637	on Monday after the date of the election.
1638	(2) (a) Upon receipt of a provisional ballot form, the election officer shall review the
1639	affirmation on the provisional ballot form and determine if the individual signing the

affirmation is:

- (i) registered to vote in this state; and
- 1642 (ii) legally entitled to vote:
 - (A) the ballot that the individual voted; or
 - (B) if the ballot is from the individual's county of residence, for at least one ballot proposition or candidate on the ballot that the individual voted.
 - (b) Except as provided in Section 20A-2-207, if the election officer determines that the individual is not registered to vote in this state or is not legally entitled to vote in the county or for any of the ballot propositions or candidates on the ballot that the individual voted, the election officer shall retain the ballot form, uncounted, for the period specified in Section 20A-4-202 unless ordered by a court to produce or count it.
 - (c) If the election officer determines that the individual is registered to vote in this state and is legally entitled to vote in the county and for at least one of the ballot propositions or candidates on the ballot that the individual voted, the election officer shall place the provisional ballot with the regular ballots to be counted with those ballots at the canvass.
 - (d) The election officer may not count, or allow to be counted a provisional ballot unless the individual's identity and residence is established by a preponderance of the evidence.
 - (3) If the election officer determines that the individual is registered to vote in this state, or if the voter registers to vote in accordance with Section 20A-2-207, the election officer shall ensure that the voter registration records are updated to reflect the information provided on the provisional ballot form.
 - (4) Except as provided in Section 20A-2-207, if the election officer determines that the individual is not registered to vote in this state and the information on the provisional ballot form is complete, the election officer shall:
 - (a) consider the provisional ballot form a voter registration form for the individual's county of residence; and
 - (b) (i) register the individual if the individual's county of residence is within the county; or
 - (ii) forward the voter registration form to the election officer of the individual's county of residence, which election officer shall register the individual.
 - (5) Notwithstanding any provision of this section, the election officer shall place a

1671	provisional ballot with the regular ballots to be counted with those ballots at the canvass, if:
1672	(a) (i) the election officer determines, in accordance with the provisions of this section,
1673	that the sole reason a provisional ballot may not otherwise be counted is because the voter
1674	registration was filed less than 11 days before the election;
1675	(ii) 11 or more days before the election, the individual who cast the provisional ballot:
1676	(A) completed and signed the voter registration; and
1677	(B) provided the voter registration to another person to file;
1678	(iii) the late filing was made due to the individual described in Subsection (5)(a)(ii)(B)
1679	filing the voter registration late; and
1680	(iv) the election officer receives the voter registration before 5 p.m. no later than one
1681	day before the day of the election; or
1682	(b) the provisional ballot is cast on or before election day and is not otherwise
1683	prohibited from being counted under the provisions of this chapter.
1684	Section 23. Section 20A-4-202 is amended to read:
1685	20A-4-202. Election officers Disposition of ballots Release of number of
1686	provisional ballots cast.
1687	(1) Upon receipt of the election returns from the poll workers, the election officer shall
1688	(a) ensure that the poll workers have provided all of the ballots and election returns;
1689	(b) inspect the ballots and election returns to ensure that they are sealed;
1690	(c) for manual ballots, deposit and lock the ballots and election returns in a safe and
1691	secure place;
1692	(d) for mechanical ballots:
1693	(i) count the ballots; and
1694	(ii) deposit and lock the ballots and election returns in a safe and secure place; and
1695	(e) for bond elections, provide a copy of the election results to the board of canvassers
1696	of the local political subdivision that called the bond election.
1697	(2) Each election officer shall:
1698	(a) before 5 p.m. on the day after the date of the election, determine the number of
1699	provisional ballots cast within the election officer's jurisdiction and make that number available
1700	to the public;

(b) preserve ballots for [22] $\underline{36}$ months after the election or until the time has expired

1702	during which the ballots could be used in an election contest;
1703	(c) preserve all other official election returns for at least [22] 36 months after an
1704	election; and
1705	(d) after that time, destroy them without opening or examining them.
1706	(3) (a) The election officer shall package and retain all tabulating cards and other
1707	materials used in the programming of the automatic tabulating equipment.
1708	(b) [The] In relation to the items described in Subsection (3)(a), the election officer:
1709	(i) may access [these tabulating cards and other materials] those items;
1710	(ii) may make copies of [these materials] those items and make changes to the copies;
1711	(iii) may not alter or make changes to the [materials themselves] original items; and
1712	(iv) [within 22] 36 or more months after the election in which [they] the items were
1713	used, may dispose of [those materials or retain them] the items.
1714	(4) (a) If an election contest is begun within 12 months, the election officer shall:
1715	(i) keep the ballots and election returns unopened and unaltered until the contest is
1716	complete; or
1717	(ii) surrender the ballots and election returns to the custody of the court having
1718	jurisdiction of the contest when ordered or subpoenaed to do so by that court.
1719	(b) When all election contests arising from an election are complete, the election
1720	officer shall either:
1721	(i) retain the ballots and election returns until the time for preserving them under this
1722	section has run; or
1723	(ii) destroy the ballots and election returns remaining in the election officer's custody
1724	without opening or examining them if the time for preserving them under this section has run.
1725	Section 24. Section 20A-4-407 is enacted to read:
1726	Part 4. Recounts, Elections Contests, and Independent Audits.
1727	20A-4-407. Independent post-election audit.
1728	(1) The lieutenant governor shall, at least 90 days before the day of a regular general
1729	election, contract with an independent auditor to conduct a post-election audit of the accuracy
1730	of electronic vote tabulators in the state.
1731	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the independent auditor shall conduct the
1732	audit for races conducted for:

1733	(a) each federal office;
1734	(b) governor; and
1735	(c) of the following offices, the race where the winning candidate won by the smallest
1736	percentage margin:
1737	(i) attorney general;
1738	(ii) state auditor; or
1739	(iii) state treasurer.
1740	(3) The independent auditor shall exclude from the audit a race for which:
1741	(a) a recount is conducted for a reason other than as a result of the audit described in
1742	this section; or
1743	(b) the margin between the top two candidates is greater than 15%.
1744	(4) No later than 10 days after the day of the election, the independent auditor shall:
1745	(a) for each race audited, publicly select a random sample of precincts, from among all
1746	precincts in the race, sufficient in number to ensure by at least a 90% probability that faulty
1747	tabulators would be detected if they would change the outcome of the race;
1748	(b) select precincts for the audits in the following manner:
1749	(i) select precincts for audits of statewide races starting with the statewide race with the
1750	largest winning margin and ending with the statewide race with the smallest winning margin;
1751	(ii) if any precincts previously selected for the audit of a race can be used for the audit
1752	of a race for which precincts are subsequently selected, use the previously selected precincts for
1753	the subsequent race before randomly selecting the necessary number of additional precincts for
1754	that subsequent race; and
1755	(iii) to the extent possible, use the precincts selected under Subsections (4)(b)(i) and
1756	(ii) for audits of United States House of Representatives races before randomly selecting the
1757	necessary number of additional precincts for those races; and
1758	(c) notify the clerks for the precincts selected under Subsection (4)(b).
1759	(5) The clerks described in Subsection (4)(c) shall:
1760	(a) conduct a hand recount of the votes cast for the race in each precinct selected under
1761	Subsection (4)(b);
1762	(b) compare the tally of the hand recount of each precinct with the electronic tabulation
1763	for the precinct: and

1764	(c) report to the independent auditor the results of the recount described in Subsection
1765	(5)(a) and the comparison described in Subsection (5)(b).
1766	(6) The independent auditor shall determine the error rate in the sample for each race.
1767	(7) If, based on the hand recounts described in Subsection (5), the winning margin
1768	decreases and the error rate, based on the difference between the vote totals for the hand
1769	recounts and the original electronic vote totals, exceeds 90% of the winning margin for the
1770	race:
1771	(a) the independent auditor shall randomly select a sample of precincts equal in size to
1772	the previously selected sample; and
1773	(b) the county clerks for those precincts shall:
1774	(i) conduct a hand recount of the votes cast for the race in each precinct selected under
1775	Subsection (7)(a);
1776	(ii) compare the tally of the hand recount of each precinct with the electronic tabulation
1777	for the precinct; and
1778	(iii) report to the independent auditor the results of the recount described in Subsection
1779	(7)(b)(i) and the comparison described in Subsection (7)(b)(ii).
1780	(8) If, based on the hand recounts described in Subsection (7)(a), the winning margin
1781	of the original electronic tabulation decreases and the error rate, based on the difference
1782	between the vote totals for the hand recounts and the original electronic vote totals, exceeds
1783	90% of the winning margin for the race, the county clerks for the precincts that participated in
1784	the race shall conduct a hand recount of all votes in that race.
1785	(9) Poll watchers may observe an audit or hand recount described in this section.
1786	(10) The lieutenant governor and the county clerks shall give the independent auditor
1787	full access to the list of registered voters.
1788	Section 25. Section 20A-5-403 is amended to read:
1789	20A-5-403. Polling places Booths Ballot boxes Inspections
1790	Arrangements.
1791	(1) Except as provided in Section 20A-7-609.5, each election officer shall:
1792	(a) designate polling places for each voting precinct in the jurisdiction; and
1793	(b) obtain the approval of the county or municipal legislative body or local district
1794	governing board for those polling places.

1795	(2) (a) For each polling place, the election officer shall provide:
1796	(i) an American flag;
1797	(ii) a sufficient number of voting booths or compartments;
1798	(iii) the voting devices, voting booths, ballots, ballot boxes, and any other records and
1799	supplies necessary to enable a voter to vote;
1800	(iv) the constitutional amendment cards required by Part 1, Election Notices and
1801	Instructions;
1802	(v) the instructions required by Section 20A-5-102; and
1803	(vi) a sign, to be prominently displayed in the polling place, indicating that valid voter
1804	identification is required for every voter before the voter may vote and listing the forms of
1805	identification that constitute valid voter identification.
1806	(b) Each election officer shall ensure that:
1807	(i) each voting booth is at a convenient height for writing, and is arranged so that the
1808	voter can prepare the voter's ballot screened from observation;
1809	(ii) there are a sufficient number of voting booths or voting devices to accommodate
1810	the voters at that polling place; and
1811	(iii) there is at least one voting booth or voting device that is configured to
1812	accommodate persons with disabilities.
1813	(c) Each county clerk shall provide a ballot box for each polling place that is large
1814	enough to properly receive and hold the ballots to be cast.
1815	(3) (a) All polling places shall be physically inspected by each county clerk to ensure
1816	access by a person with a disability.
1817	(b) Any issues concerning inaccessibility to polling places by a person with a disability
1818	discovered during the inspections referred to in Subsection (3)(a) or reported to the county
1819	clerk shall be:
1820	(i) forwarded to the Office of the Lieutenant Governor; and
1821	(ii) within six months of the time of the complaint, the issue of inaccessibility shall be
1822	either:
1823	(A) remedied at the particular location by the county clerk;
1824	(B) the county clerk shall designate an alternative accessible location for the particular

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precinct; or

1826	(C) if no practical solution can be identified, file with the Office of the Lieutenant
1827	Governor a written explanation identifying the reasons compliance cannot reasonably be met.
1828	(c) An election officer may not operate a drive-through polling location.
1829	(4) (a) The municipality in which the election is held shall pay the cost of conducting
1830	each municipal election, including the cost of printing and supplies.
1831	(b) (i) Costs assessed by a county clerk to a municipality under this section may not
1832	exceed the actual costs incurred by the county clerk.
1833	(ii) The actual costs shall include:
1834	(A) costs of or rental fees associated with the use of election equipment and supplies;
1835	and
1836	(B) reasonable and necessary administrative costs.
1837	(5) The county clerk shall make detailed entries of all proceedings had under this
1838	chapter.
1839	(6) (a) Each county clerk shall, to the extent possible, ensure that the amount of time
1840	that an individual waits in line before the individual can vote at a polling location in the county
1841	does not exceed 30 minutes.
1842	(b) The lieutenant governor may require a county clerk to submit a line management
1843	plan before the next election if an individual waits in line at a polling location in the county
1844	longer than 30 minutes before the individual can vote.
1845	(c) The lieutenant governor may consider extenuating circumstances in deciding
1846	whether to require the county clerk to submit a plan described in Subsection (6)(b).
1847	(d) The lieutenant governor shall review each plan submitted under Subsection (6)(b)
1848	and consult with the county clerk submitting the plan to ensure, to the extent possible, that the
1849	amount of time an individual waits in line before the individual can vote at a polling location in
1850	the county does not exceed 30 minutes.
1851	Section 26. Section 20A-5-804 is amended to read:
1852	20A-5-804. Voting Equipment Grant Program Qualifications for receipt
1853	Matching funds Acceptable uses.
1854	(1) As used in this section:
1855	(a) "Program" means the Voting Equipment Grant Program created in this section.
1856	(b) "Proportional reimbursement rate" means the dollar amount equal to the product of:

1857	(i) the total amount of funds appropriated by the Legislature to the program; and
1858	(ii) the quotient of:
1859	(A) the total number of active voters in a county; and
1860	(B) the total number of registered voters in the state.
1861	(2) (a) There is created the Voting Equipment Grant Program as a grant program to
1862	assist counties in purchasing new voting equipment systems.
1863	(b) The lieutenant governor shall administer the program using funds appropriated by
1864	the Legislature for the purpose of administering the program.
1865	(3) (a) After January 1, 2018, a county may submit a proposal to the Office of the
1866	Lieutenant Governor to participate in and receive funds from the program.
1867	(b) A proposal described in Subsection (3)(a) shall:
1868	(i) describe the current condition of the voting equipment used by the county;
1869	(ii) describe the county's need for a new voting equipment system;
1870	(iii) describe how the county plans to comply with the requirements described in
1871	Subsection (4), including:
1872	(A) a description of how the county plans to provide the matching funds described in
1873	Subsection (4)(b) if the proposal is accepted; and
1874	(B) a schedule by which the requirements will be met; and
1875	(iv) contain a detailed estimate of the gross cost of procuring a new voting equipment
1876	system.
1877	(4) A county that receives funds through a program grant:
1878	(a) shall use the funds to purchase a new voting equipment system that:
1879	(i) meets the requirements of Section 20A-5-802;
1880	(ii) creates a secure and auditable paper record of each vote; and
1881	(iii) complies with any additional binding requirement made under Subsection
1882	20A-5-803(8) by the Voting Equipment Selection Committee;
1883	(b) shall, for the purpose of purchasing a new voting equipment system, appropriate
1884	matching funds equal to or greater than the difference of:
1885	(i) the amount described in Subsection (3)(b)(iv) in the proposal that the lieutenant
1886	governor accepts under Subsection (6)(b); and
1887	(ii) the amount the lieutenant governor is required to disburse to the county under

1888 Subsection (7)(a); 1889 (c) may not use funds disbursed under Subsection (6)(b)(i)(D) or appropriated under 1890 Subsection (4)(b) for a purpose or in a manner that is not authorized by this section; 1891 (d) except as provided in Subsection (5), may not, after using a new voting equipment 1892 system in an election that was purchased under this section, use voting equipment that does not 1893 meet the requirements described in Subsection (4)(a); and 1894 (e) shall purchase a new voting equipment system described under Subsection (4)(a) 1895 that provides the best value to the county with consideration for the new voting equipment 1896 system's: 1897 (i) cost of maintenance; 1898 (ii) estimated operational lifetime; and 1899 (iii) cost of replacement. 1900 (5) A county that receives funds through the program may use voting equipment that 1901 does not comply with the requirements described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii) or (iii): 1902 (a) to the extent that using the voting equipment is necessary to accommodate a person 1903 with a disability in accordance with the requirements described in Subsection 1904 20A-3a-202[(8)](4)(b), 20A-3a-603(1)(c), 20A-5-303(8), or 20A-5-403(2)(b)(iii); or 1905 (b) if the county purchased the voting equipment before receiving grant funds under 1906 Subsection (7)(a). 1907 (6) Upon receipt of a proposal described in Subsection (3), the lieutenant governor 1908 shall: 1909 (a) review the proposal to ensure that: 1910 (i) the proposal complies with the requirements described in Subsection (3); and 1911 (ii) the cost estimate described in Subsection (3)(b)(iv) appears to be reasonable; and 1912 (b) (i) if the proposal complies with the requirements described in Subsection (3), the 1913 cost estimate appears to be reasonably accurate, and sufficient program funds are available: 1914 (A) accept the proposal; 1915 (B) notify the county clerk of the county that submitted the proposal that the proposal 1916 is accepted;

(C) notify the county clerk of the requirements described in Subsection (7); and

(D) disburse the funds described in Subsection (7)(a), in accordance with the

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1919	requirements described in Subsection (7)(b), to the county that submitted the proposal; or
1920	(ii) if the proposal does not comply with the requirements described in Subsection (3),
1921	the cost estimate does not appear to be reasonable, or sufficient program funds are not
1922	available:
1923	(A) reject the proposal; and
1924	(B) notify the county clerk of the county that submitted the proposal that the proposal
1925	is rejected, indicating the reason that the proposal is rejected.
1926	(7) The lieutenant governor:
1927	(a) shall disburse funds under Subsection (6)(b)(i)(D) equal to the lesser of:
1928	(i) 50% of the amount described in Subsection (3)(b)(iv) in the proposal that the
1929	lieutenant governor accepts under Subsection (6)(b); or
1930	(ii) the proportional reimbursement rate; and
1931	(b) may not disburse funds under Subsection (6)(b)(i)(D):
1932	(i) until the county appropriates the matching funds described in Subsection (4)(b); or
1933	(ii) if the disbursement would cause the county's total receipt of funds from the
1934	program to exceed the proportional reimbursement rate.
1935	Section 27. Section 20A-5-901 is enacted to read:
1936	Part 9. Election Security
1937	20A-5-901. Election security requirements.
1938	(1) As the votes of each ballot are counted, a camera shall record an image of the ballot
1939	that can be viewed by any individual to verify that the votes are counted and recorded correctly
1940	(2) A camera described in Subsection (1) and any memory, transmission equipment, or
1941	other equipment connected to the camera, physically, electronically, or otherwise:
1942	(a) shall be completely separate from a voting tabulation machine; and
1943	(b) may not be connected to a voting tabulation machine physically, electronically, or
1944	otherwise.
1945	(3) An election officer shall, at the time the votes on a ballot are counted:
1946	(a) save a copy of an image of the ballot; and
1947	(b) post the image online in a manner that the ballot may be viewed, and the votes on
1948	the ballot counted, by any individual.
1949	(4) An election officer shall save each image described in Subsection (3) and make it

1950	available for viewing online, for a least one year after the day on which the image is made.
1951	(5) An election officer may not count a ballot at any time when Subsection (3) cannot
1952	be complied with at the time the ballot is counted.
1953	(6) An election officer shall:
1954	(a) before an update or other maintenance is performed on software or hardware used
1955	in connection with elections or election data, make a complete backup of the data associated
1956	with the software or hardware; and
1957	(b) maintain a copy of the data described in Subsection (6)(a) for at least two years
1958	after the day on which the election officer makes the backup.
1959	Section 28. Section 20A-6-101 is amended to read:
1960	20A-6-101. General requirements for manual ballots.
1961	(1) An election officer shall ensure that manual ballots:
1962	(a) are printed using precisely the same quality and tint of plain white paper through
1963	which the printing or writing cannot be seen;
1964	(b) are printed using precisely the same quality and kind of type;
1965	(c) are printed using precisely the same quality and tint of plain black ink;
1966	(d) are uniform in size for all the voting precincts within the election officer's
1967	jurisdiction; [and]
1968	(e) include, on a ticket for a race in which a voter is authorized to cast a write-in vote
1969	and in which a write-in candidate is qualified under Section 20A-9-601, a space for a write-in
1970	candidate immediately following the last candidate listed on that ticket[-]; and
1971	(f) include the following security features:
1972	(i) a quick response code that:
1973	(A) is unique to each ballot;
1974	(B) no later than May 1, 2022, a voter may scan to track the voter's ballot; and
1975	(C) is not associated in any way with the voter;
1976	(ii) a light-sensitive watermark; and
1977	(iii) a foil stamp.
1978	(2) Whenever the vote for candidates is to be limited to the voters of a particular
1979	political division, the election officer shall ensure that the names of those candidates are
1980	printed only upon those ballots provided to that political division.

1981 Section 29. Section **20A-7-613** is amended to read:

1982 **20A-7-613.** Property tax referendum petition.

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- 1983 (1) As used in this section, "certified tax rate" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-2-924.
 - (2) Except as provided in this section, the requirements of this part apply to a referendum petition challenging a taxing entity's legislative body's vote to impose a tax rate that exceeds the certified tax rate.
 - (3) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-7-606(1), the sponsors or an agent of the sponsors shall deliver a signed and verified referendum packet to the county clerk of the county in which the packet was circulated before 5 p.m. no later than the earlier of:
 - (a) 30 days after the day on which the first individual signs the packet; or
- 1992 (b) 40 days after the day on which the local clerk complies with Subsection 20A-7-604(2).
 - (4) Notwithstanding Subsections 20A-7-606(2) and (3), the county clerk shall take the actions required in Subsections 20A-7-606(2) and (3) within 10 working days after the day on which the county clerk receives the signed and verified referendum packet as described in Subsection (3).
 - (5) The local clerk shall take the actions required by Section 20A-7-607 within two working days after the day on which the local clerk receives the referendum packets from the county clerk.
 - (6) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-7-608(2), the local attorney shall prepare the ballot title within two working days after the day on which the referendum petition is declared sufficient for submission to a vote of the people.
 - (7) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-7-609(2)(c), a referendum that qualifies for the ballot under this section shall appear on the ballot for the earlier of the next regular general election or the next municipal general election unless a special election is called.
 - (8) The election officer shall mail manual ballots on a referendum under this section the later of:
 - (a) the time provided in Section [20A-3a-202] <u>20A-3a-303</u> or 20A-16-403; or
 - (b) the time that ballots are prepared for mailing under this section.
- 2011 (9) Section 20A-7-402 does not apply to a referendum described in this section.

(10) (a) If a majority of voters does not vote against imposing the tax at a rate calculated to generate the increased revenue budgeted, adopted, and approved by the taxing entity's legislative body:

- (i) the certified tax rate for the fiscal year during which the referendum petition is filed is its most recent certified tax rate; and
- (ii) the proposed increased revenues for purposes of establishing the certified tax rate for the fiscal year after the fiscal year described in Subsection (10)(a)(i) are the proposed increased revenues budgeted, adopted, and approved by the taxing entity's legislative body before the filing of the referendum petition.
- (b) If a majority of voters votes against imposing a tax at the rate established by the vote of the taxing entity's legislative body, the certified tax rate for the taxing entity is the taxing entity's most recent certified tax rate.
- (c) If the tax rate is set in accordance with Subsection (10)(a)(ii), a taxing entity is not required to comply with the notice and public hearing requirements of Section 59-2-919 if the taxing entity complies with those notice and public hearing requirements before the referendum petition is filed.
- (11) The ballot title shall, at a minimum, include in substantially this form the following: "Shall the [name of the taxing entity] be authorized to levy a tax rate in the amount sufficient to generate an increased property tax revenue of [amount] for fiscal year [year] as budgeted, adopted, and approved by the [name of the taxing entity].".
- (12) A taxing entity shall pay the county the costs incurred by the county that are directly related to meeting the requirements of this section and that the county would not have incurred but for compliance with this section.
- (13) (a) An election officer shall include on a ballot a referendum that has not yet qualified for placement on the ballot, if:
 - (i) sponsors file an application for a referendum described in this section;
- (ii) the ballot will be used for the election for which the sponsors are attempting to qualify the referendum; and
- (iii) the deadline for qualifying the referendum for placement on the ballot occurs after the day on which the ballot will be printed.
 - (b) If an election officer includes on a ballot a referendum described in Subsection

2043	(13)(a), the ballot title shall comply with Subsection (11).
2044	(c) If an election officer includes on a ballot a referendum described in Subsection
2045	(13)(a) that does not qualify for placement on the ballot, the election officer shall inform the
2046	voters by any practicable method that the referendum has not qualified for the ballot and that
2047	votes cast in relation to the referendum will not be counted.
2048	Section 30. Repealer.
2049	This bill repeals:
2050	Section 20A-4-101, Manual ballots cast at a polling place Counting manual
2051	ballots at polling place on day of election before polls close.
2052	Section 20A-5-403.5, Ballot drop boxes.