No. 23-13085

# United States Court of Appeals for the Eleventh Circuit

IN RE: GEORGIA SENATE BILL 202

On Appeal from the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia, Atlanta Division No. 1:21-mi-55555-JPB

# OPPOSITION OF STATE DEFENDANTS-APPELLANTS TO MOTION TO DISMISS APPEAL FOR LACK OF JURISDICTION

Christopher M. Carr	Gene C. Schaerr	
Attorney General	Special Assistant Attorney General	
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	Bryan F. Jacoutot	
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Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants

#### **CERTIFICATE OF INTERESTED PERSONS**

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 26.1 and Eleventh Circuit Rules 26.1-1–26.1-3, State Defendants-Appellants The State of Georgia, Governor of the State of Georgia, Georgia Secretary of State, Georgia State Election Board, Matthew Mashburn, Sara Tindall Ghazal, Edward Lindsey, Janice W. Johnston, William S. Duffey, Jr., and District Attorney for Dougherty County, identify all Counsel, persons, associations of persons, firms, partnerships, or corporations that have an interest in the outcome of this case:

- 1. Abbott, Robert, Defendant;
- 2. Abudu, Nancy, Attorney for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 3. ACLU Foundation of Georgia, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- ACLU Foundation of Georgia, Inc., Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 5. Aden, Leah, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 6. Advancement Project, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 7. Ameri, Mana, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 8. American Civil Liberties Union Foundation of Georgia, *Counsel* for *Plaintiffs-Appellees*;

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- 9. American Civil Liberties Union Foundation, Inc., Counsel for Plaintiffs- Appellees;
- 10. Andrews, Wanda, Defendant;
- 11. Aquino, Nora, *Plaintiff-Appellee*;
- 12. Asian Americans Advancing Justice-Asian Law Caucus, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 13. Asian Americans Advancing Justice-Atlanta, Plaintiff-Appellee;
- 14. Augusta Georgia Law Department. Counsel for Defendant;
- 15. Ausburn, Deborah, Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 16. Awuku, George, Defendant;
- 17. Banks, Marques, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 18. Banter, James, Counsel for Defendant;
- Barkdull, Annika Boone, Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 20. Barnes, Sherry, Defendant;
- 21. Barron, Richard, Defendant;
- 22. Bartolomucci, H. Christopher, *Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants*;
- 23. Beausoleil, William, *Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees*; Page C2 of C24

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- 24. BECK OWEN & MURRAY, Counsel for Defendant;
- 25. Betakes, Steven, Counsel for Intervenor-Defendants-Appellants;
- 26. Belichick, Joseph, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 27. Bell, Jordan, Counsel for Defendant;
- 28. Bennette, Matlacha, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 29. Black Voters Matter Fund, Plaintiff-Appellee;
- 30. Blender, Matthew, Defendant;
- 31. Bloodworth, Kristin, Counsel for Defendant;
- 32. Boulee, Honorable J. P., United States District Court Judge;
- 33. Bowman, Brad, Counsel for Defendant;
- 34. Boyle, Donald, Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 35. Broder, Karl, Counsel for Defendant;
- 36. Brooks, Jessica, Defendant;
- 37. Brooks, Sofia, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 38. Brown, Marcia, Defendant;
- 39. Bruning, Stephen, Defendant;
- 40. Bruning, Steven, Defendant;
- 41. Bryan, Bennett, Counsel for Defendant;
- 42. Burwell, Kaye, *Counsel for Defendant*; Page C3 of C24

#### USCA11 Case: 23-13085 Document: 89 Date Filed: 10/23/2023 Page: 5 of 49 No. 23-13085 In Re: Georgia Senate Bill 202

- 43. Campbell-Harris, Dayton, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 44. Carr, Christopher M., Attorney General of the State of Georgia, Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 45. Carver, William, Counsel for Intervenor-Defendants-Appellants;
- 46. Cathey, Thomas, Counsel for Defendant;
- 47. CHALMERS, ADAMS, BACKER & KAUFMAN, LLC, Counsel for Defendant;
- 48. Chatham County Attorney, Counsel for Defendant;
- 49. Chatham County Board of Elections, *Defendant*;
- 50. Chatham County Board of Registrars, Defendant;
- 51. Clarke County Board of Elections and Voter Registration, Defendant;
- Clayton County Board of Elections and Registration, Defendant;
- 53. Cobb County Board of Elections and Registration, Defendant;
- 54. Cochran, Ken, Defendant;
- 55. Columbia County Board of Elections, Defendant;
- 56. Columbia County Board of Registrars, Defendant;
- 57. Common Cause, *Plaintiff-Appellee*; Page C4 of C24

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- 58. CONSOVOY MCCARTHY PLLC, Counsel for Intervenor-Defendants-Appellants;
- 59. Cramer, Raisa, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 60. Crawford, Teresa, Defendant;
- 61. CROWELL & MORING, LLP, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 62. Cushman, Ann, Defendant;
- 63. Cusick, John, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 64. Dasgupta, Riddhi, Counsel for Defendants-Appellants;
- 65. Dave, Charles, *Defendant*;
- 66. Davenport, Jennifer, Counsel for Defendant;
- 67. DAVIS WRIGHT TREMAINE LLP, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 68. Davis, Britton, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 69. Day, Stephen, Defendant;
- DeKalb County Board of Registrations and Elections, Defendant;
- 71. DeKalb County Law Department, Counsel for Defendant;
- 72. Delta Sigma Theta Sorority, Inc., *Plaintiff-Appellee*;
- 73. Denmark, Emilie, Counsel for Defendant;

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- 74. DENTONS US LLP, Counsel for Intervenor-Defendants-Appellants;
- 75. Deshazior, Zurich, Defendant;
- 76. DeThomas, Courtney, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 77. Dianis, Judith, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 78. Dickey, Gilbert, Counsel for Intervenor-Defendants-Appellants;
- 79. Dicks, Terence, Defendant;
- 80. Dimmick, Brian, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 81. DiStefano, Don, Defendant;
- 82. Doss, Travis, Defendant;
- 83. Dozier, Shauna, Defendant;
- 84. Drennon, Baxter, Counsel for Intervenor-Defendants-Appellants;
- 85. Duffie, Wanda, Defendant;
- 86. Durbin, Jauan, Plaintiff-Appellee;
- 87. Durso, Katherine, Defendant;
- 88. Edwards, Gregory, State Defendant;
- 89. ELIAS LAW GROUP LLP, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 90. Ellington, Thomas, *Defendant*;

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- 91. Enjeti-Sydow, Anjali, Plaintiff-Appellee;
- 92. Evans-Daniel, Karen, Defendant;
- 93. Evans, James, Counsel for Defendant;
- 94. Evans, Rachel, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 95. Eveler, Janine, Defendant;
- 96. Falk, Donald M., Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 97. Fambrough, Willa, Defendant;
- 98. Faransso, Tania, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 99. Farrell, Gregory, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 100. Feldsherov, Ilya, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 101. FENWICK & WEST, LLP, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 102. Field, Brian J. Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 103. First Congregational Church, United Church of Christ Incorporated, *Plaintiff-Appellee*;
- 104. Fogelson, Matthew, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 105. Forsyth County Board of Voter Registrations and Elections, Defendant;
- 106. Fortier, Lucas, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 107. Foster, Mikayla, *Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees*; Page C7 of C24

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- 108. FREEMAN MATHIS & GARY, LLP, Counsel for Defendant;
- 109. Fulton County Attorney's Office, Counsel for Defendant;
- 110. Fulton County Registration and Elections Board, *Defendant*;
- 111. Galeo Latino Community Development Fund, Inc., Plaintiff-Appellee;
- 112. Gammage, Keith, Defendant;
- 113. Garabadu, Rahul, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees; CRACYDOCK
- 114. Gartland, Pat, Defendant;
- 115. Gay, Nancy, Defendant;
- 116. Geiger, Debra, Defendant,
- 117. Georgia Adapt, *Plaintiff-Appellee*;
- 118. Georgia Advocacy Office, *Plaintiff-Appellee*;
- 119. Georgia Coalition for the People's Agenda, Inc., Plaintiff-Appellee;
- 120. Georgia Department of Law, Counsel for Defendants-Appellants;
- 121. Georgia Latino Alliance for Human Rights, Inc., *Plaintiff*-Appellee;
- 122. Georgia Muslim Voter Project, *Plaintiff-Appellee*; Page C8 of C24

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- 123. Georgia Republican Party, Inc., *Intervenor-Defendant-Appellant*;
- 124. Georgia State Conference of the NAACP, Plaintiff-Appellee;
- 125. Georgia State Election Board, Defendant;
- 126. Ghazal, Sara, State Defendant;
- 127. Gibbs, Fannie, Plaintiff-Appellee;
- 128. Gillon, Thomas, Defendant;
- 129. Givens, Diane, Defendant;
- 130. Gossett, David, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 131. Green, Tyler, Counsel for Intervenor-Defendants-Appellants;
- 132. Greenbaum, Jon, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 133. GREENBERG TRAURIG, LLP, Counsel for Defendant;
- 134. Groves, Angela, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 135. Gwinnett County Board of Registrations and Elections, Defendant;
- 136. Gwinnett County Department of Law, Counsel for Defendant;
- 137. Hall Booth Smith, P.C., Counsel for Intervenor-Defendants-Appellants;
- 138. Hall County Board of Elections and Registration, *Defendant*; Page C9 of C24

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- 139. Hall County Government, Counsel for Defendant;
- 140. Hall, Dorothy, Defendant;
- 141. Hall, John, Counsel for Intervenor-Defendants-Appellants;
- 142. Hamilton, Brittni, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 143. Hancock, Jack, Counsel for Defendant;
- 144. Hart, Ralph, Counsel for Defendant;
- 145. Hart, Twyla, Defendant;
- 146. Hasselberg, Emily, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 147. Hayes, Vilia, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 148. HAYNIE, LITCHFIELD & WHITE, PC, Counsel for Defendant;
- 149. Hazard, Joel, Defendant;
- 150. Heard, Bradley, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 151. Heimes, Marianne, Defendant;
- 152. Henseler, James, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 153. Herren, Thomas, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 154. Hiatt, Alexandra, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 155. Ho, Dale, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 156. Hodge, Malinda, Defendant;
- 157. Houk, Julie, *Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees*; Page C10 of C24

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- 158. Hoyos, Luis, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 159. HUGHES HUBBARD & REED, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 160. Hughes, Aileen, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 161. HULL BARRETT, PC, Counsel for Defendant;
- 162. Ingram, Randy, Defendant;
- 163. Jacoutot, Bryan, Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 164. Jaffe, Erik S., Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 165. Jahangiri, Mahroh, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 166. Jaikumar, Arjun, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 167. JAMES BATES BRANNAN GROOVER LLP, Counsel for Defendant;
- 168. JARRARD & DAVIS, LLP, Counsel for Defendant;
- 169. Jasrasaria, Jyoti, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 170. Jaugstetter, Patrick, Counsel for Defendant;
- 171. Jedreski, Matthew, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 172. Jester, Alfred, Defendant;
- 173. Jester, Nancy, Defendant;
- 174. Jhaveri, Sejal, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 175. Johnson, Aaron, Defendant;
- 176. Johnson, Ben, Defendant;

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- 177. Johnson, Darlene, Defendant;
- 178. Johnson, Melinda, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 179. Johnston, Janice, State Defendant;
- 180. Joiner, Amelia, Counsel for Defendant;
- 181. Kanu, Nkechi, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 182. Kaplan, Mike, Defendant;
- 183. KASTORF LAW, LLC, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 184. Kastorf, Kurt, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 185. Kaufman, Alex, Counsel for Intervenor-Defendants-Appellants;
- 186. KEKER VAN NEST & PETERS LLP, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 187. Kemp, Brian, Governor of the State of Georgia, *State* Defendant-Appellant;
- 188. Kennedy, David, Defendant;
- 189. Kennedy, Kate, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 190. Keogh, William, Counsel for Defendant;
- 191. Khan, Sabrina, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 192. Kim, Danielle, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 193. Kingsolver, Justin, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees; Page C12 of C24

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- 194. Klein, Spencer, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 195. Knapp, Halsey, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 196. Koorji, Alaizah, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 197. KREVOLIN & HORST, LLC, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 198. Kucharz, Kevin, Counsel for Defendant;
- 199. Lakin, Sophia, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 200. Lam, Leo, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 201. Lang, Antan, Defendant;
- 202. LaRoss, Diane, Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 203. Latino Community Fund of Georgia, Plaintiff-Appellee;
- 204. Lauridsen, Adam, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 205. LAW OFFICE OF GERALD R WEBER, LLC, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 206. Lawyers' Committee for Civil Rights Under Law, Counsel for Plaintiffs- Appellees;
- 207. League of Women Voters of Georgia, Inc., Plaintiff-Appellee;
- 208. Leung, Kimberly, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 209. Lewis, Anthony, Defendant;
- 210. Lewis, Joyce, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees; Page C13 of C24

- 211. Lin, Stephanie, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 212. Lindsey, Edward, State Defendant;
- 213. Lower Muskogee Creek Tribe, Plaintiff-Appellee;
- 214. Lowman, David, Counsel for Defendant;
- 215. Ludwig, Jordan, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 216. Luth, Barbara, Defendant;
- 217. Ma, Eileen, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 218. Mack, Rachel, Counsel for Defendant;
- 219. Macon-Bibb County Board of Elections, Defendant;
- 220. Mahoney, Thomas, Defendant;
- 221. Manifold, Zach, Defendant;
- 222. Martin, Grace Summs, Counsel for Defendants;
- 223. Mashburn, Matthew, State Defendant-Appellant;
- 224. May, Caitlin, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 225. Maynard, Darius, Former Defendant;
- 226. McAdams, Issac, Defendant;
- 227. McCandless, Spencer, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 228. McCarthy, Thomas, Counsel for Intervenor-Defendants-Appellants;

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- 229. McClain, Roy, Defendant;
- 230. McCord, Catherine, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 231. McFalls, Tim, Defendant;
- 232. McFarland, Ernest, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 233. McGowan, Charlene, Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 234. Mcrae, Colin, Defendant;
- 235. Melcher, Molly, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 236. Metropolitan Atlanta Baptist Ministers Union, Inc., *Plaintiff-Appellee*;
- 237. Miller, Nicholas, Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 238. Milord, Sandy, Counsel for Defendant;
- 239. Minnis, Terry, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 240. Mizner, Susan, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 241. Mocine-McQueen, Marcos, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 242. Momo, Shelley, Counsel for Defendant;
- 243. Morrison, Tina, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 244. Mosbacher, Jennifer, Defendant;
- 245. Motter, Susan, Defendant;
- 246. Murchie, Laura, *Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees*; Page C15 of C24

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- 247. Murray, Karen, Defendant;
- 248. NAACP Legal Defense and Education Fund, Inc., Counsel for Plaintiffs- Appellees;
- 249. National Republican Congressional Committee, Intervenor-Defendant- Appellant;
- 250. National Republican Senatorial Committee, Intervenor-Defendant-Appellant;
- 251. Natt, Joel, Defendant;
- 252. Nemeth, Miriam, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 253. Nercessian, Armen, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 254. Newland, James, Defendant;
- 255. Nguyen, Candice, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 256. Nguyen, Phi, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 257. Nkwonta, Uzoma, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 258. Noa, Jack, Defendant;
- 259. NOLAND LAW FIRM, LLC, Counsel for Defendants;
- 260. Noland, William H., Counsel for Defendants;
- 261. Norris, Cameron, Counsel for Intervenor-Defendants-Appellants;

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- 262. Norse, William, Defendant;
- 263. Nwachukwu, Jennifer, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 264. O'Brien, James, Defendant;
- 265. O'Connor, Eileen, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 266. O'Lenick, Alice, Defendant;
- 267. Olm, Rylee, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 268. Oxford, Neil, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 269. Paik, Steven, Plaintiff-Appellee;
- 270. Pant, Shontee, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 271. Paradise, Loree, Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 272. Parker, Warrington. Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 273. Pelletier, Susan, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 274. Porter, Megan, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 275. Powell, Laura, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 276. Prince, Joshua, Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 277. Pulgram, Laurence, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 278. Pullar, Patricia, Defendant;
- 279. Qadir, Hunaid, Defendant;
- 280. Radzikinas, Carla, Defendant;

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- 281. Raffensperger, Brad, Secretary of State of Georgia, *State Defendant-Appellant*;
- 282. Raffle, Rocky, Defendant;
- 283. Ramahi, Zainab, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 284. Rich, James, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 285. Richardson, Jasmyn, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 286. Richmond County Board of Elections, Defendant;
- 287. Ringer, Cheryl, Counsel for Defendant;
- 288. Rise, Inc., Plaintiff-Appellee;
- 289. Rodriguez, Anthony, Defendant;
- 290. Rosborough, Davin, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 291. Rosenberg, Ezra, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 292. Rosenberg, Steven, Counsel for Defendant;
- 293. Russ, John, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 294. Ruth, Kathleen, Defendant;
- 295. Ryan, Elizabeth, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 296. Sabzevari, Arash, Counsel for Defendant;
- 297. Sachdeva, Niharika, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 298. Schaerr, Gene C., *Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants*; Page C18 of C24

- 299. SCHAERR | JAFFE, LLP, Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 300. Scott, William, Counsel for Defendant;
- 301. Seals, Veronica, Defendant;
- 302. Segarra, Esperanza, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 303. Sells, Bryan, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 304. Shah, Niyati, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 305. Sheats, Gala, Defendant;
- 306. Shelly, Jacob, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 307. Shirley, Adam, Defendant;
- 308. Sieff, Adam, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 309. Silas, Tori, Defendant;
- 310. Sixth District of the African Methodist Episcopal Church, *Plaintiff- Appellee*;
- 311. Smith, Casey, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 312. Smith, Dele, Defendant;
- 313. Smith, Mandi, Defendant;
- 314. Solh, Chavira, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 315. Solomon, Elbert, Plaintiff-Appellee;

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- 316. Sosebee, Charlotte, Defendant;
- 317. Southern Poverty Law Center, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 318. Sowell, Gregory, Counsel for Defendant;
- 319. Spangler, Herbert, Former Defendant;
- 320. Sparks, Adam, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 321. Squiers, Cristina, Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 322. State of Georgia, State Defendant-Appellant;
- 323. STEWART MELVIN & FROST, LLP, Counsel for Defendant;
- 324. Strawbridge, Patrick, Counsel for Intervenor-Defendants-Appellants;
- 325. Sumner, Stuart, Counsel for Intervenor-Defendants-Appellants;
- 326. Sung, Connie, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 327. Swift, Karn, Defendant;
- 328. Szilagyi, Heather, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 329. Tatum, Tobias, Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 330. TAYLOR ENGLISH DUMA LLP, Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 331. Taylor, Wandy, Defendant;
- 332. Thatte, Anuja, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;

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- 333. The ACLU Foundation Disability Rights Program, Counsel for Plaintiffs- Appellees;
- 334. The Arc of the United States, *Plaintiff-Appellee*;
- 335. The Concerned Black Clergy of Metropolitan Atlanta, Inc., Plaintiff- Appellee;
- 336. The Georgia State Election Board, State Defendant;
- 337. The Justice Initiative, Inc., Plaintiff-Appellee;
- 338. THE LAW OFFICE OF BRYAN L. SELLS, LLC, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 339. The New Georgia Project, *Plaintiff-Appellee*;
- 340. The Republican National Committee, *Intervenor-Defendant-Appellant*;
- 341. The Urban League of Greater Atlanta, Inc., *Plaintiff-Appellee*;
- 342. Thomas, Ethan, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 343. Thompson, Grace, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 344. Till, Ann, Defendant;
- 345. Topaz, Jonathan, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 346. Trent, Edward, Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 347. Tucker, William, *Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees*; Page C21 of C24

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- 348. Tyson, Bryan, Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 349. Uddullah, Angelina, Plaintiff-Appellee;
- 350. Unger, Jess, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 351. United States Department of Justice, *Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees*;
- 352. United States of America, *Plaintiff-Appellee*;
- 353. Van Stephens, Michael, Counsel for Defendant;
- 354. Vander Els, Irene, Counsel for Defendant;
- 355. Varghese, George, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 356. Varner, Johnny, Defendant;
- 357. Vasquez, Jorge, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 358. Vaughan, Elizabeth, Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 359. Waite, Tristen, Counsel for Defendant;
- 360. Wang, Emily, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 361. Ward-Packard, Samuel, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 362. Wardenski, Joseph, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 363. Watson, Jeanetta R., Former Defendant;
- 364. Webb, Brian K., Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 365. Weber, Gerald, *Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees*; Page C22 of C24

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- 366. Weigel, Daniel, Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 367. Wesley, Carol, Defendant;
- 368. White, Daniel, Counsel for Defendant;
- 369. White, William, Counsel for Intervenor-Defendants-Appellants;
- 370. Wiggins, Larry, Defendant;
- 371. Wilberforce, Nana, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 372. Wilborn, Eric, Counsel for Defendant;
- 373. Willard, Russell D., Counsel for State Defendants-Appellants;
- 374. Williams, Gilda, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 375. Williams, Tuwanda, Counsel for Defendant;
- 376. WILMER CUTLER PICKERING HALE AND DORR LLP, Counsel for Plaintiffs- Appellees;
- 377. Wilson, Jacob C., Counsel for Defendants;
- 378. Wilson, Melanie, Counsel for Defendant;
- 379. Wingate, Mark, Defendant;
- 380. Winichakul, Pichaya, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;
- 381. Women Watch Afrika, Plaintiff-Appellee;
- 382. Woodfin, Conor, Counsel for Intervenor-Defendants-Appellants;
- 383. Woolard, Cathy, Defendant;

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384. Wurtz, Lori, Defendant;

385. Yoon, Meredyth, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees;

386. Young, Sean, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees; and

387. Zatz, Clifford, Counsel for Plaintiffs-Appellees.

## CORPORATE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 26.1 and Eleventh Circuit Rule 26.1, State Defendants-Appellants state that no publicly traded company or corporation has an interest in the outcome of this case or appeal.

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<ul> <li>142 S. Ct. 2191 (2022)</li> <li>Coleman v. Miller,</li> <li>307 U.S. 433 (1939)</li> <li>Diamond v. Charles,</li> <li>476 U.S. 54 (1986)</li> <li>Henderson v. Ford Motor Co.,</li> </ul>	2, 7, 8
<i>Henderson v. Ford Motor Co.</i> , 72 F.4th 1237 (11th Cir. 2023)	
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* League of Women Voters of Fla. Inc. v. Fla. Sec'y of State, 66 F.4th 905 (11th Cir. 2023) 4, 7, 10, 1	4, 15, 17
* Lopez-Aguilar v. Marion Cnty. Sheriff's Dep't, 924 F.3d 375 (7th Cir. 2019)	7, 18, 19
* Maine v. Taylor, 477 U.S. 131 (1986)	7, 13, 16

\*Authorities upon which we chiefly rely are marked with asterisks.

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Massachusetts v. EPA, 549 U.S. 497 (2007)	6
<i>New Motor Vehicle Bd. of Cal. v. Orrin W. Fox Co.,</i> 434 U.S. 1345 (1977)	9
Org. for Black Struggle v. Ashcroft, 978 F.3d 603 (8th Cir. 2020)	8
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#### OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO DISMISS APPEAL FOR LACK OF JURISDICTION

State Defendants-Appellants the State of Georgia, Governor of Georgia, Georgia Secretary of State, Georgia State Election Board, Matthew Mashburn, Sara Tindall Ghazal, Edward Lindsey, Janice W. Johnston, and the District Attorney for Dougherty County respectfully submit this opposition to Plaintiff-Appellees' Motion to Dismiss Appeal for Lack of Jurisdiction. Because State Defendants have appellate standing to defend the constitutionality of a state statute, the motion should be denied.

# INTRODUCTION

The district court's preliminary injunction orders officials from eleven of Georgia's 159 counties *not* to enforce a provision of state law in the Official Code of Georgia that requires county election officials to reject (with an opportunity to cure) absentee ballots that lack the voter's birthdate on the outer envelope. *See* O.C.G.A. § 21-2-385(a). Plaintiffs maintain that State Defendants lack standing to appeal that order because State Defendants were not themselves enjoined from enforcing the statute—a necessary omission because State Defendants do not have a direct role in rejecting ballots under the contested statutory provision. But the bottom line is that the preliminary injunction indefinitely invalidates a provision of the Georgia Code in much of the State because, in the district court's view, the Code provision likely violates Section 1971 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 52 U.S.C. § 10101(a)(2)(B), and thus is unconstitutional under the Supremacy Clause. And there is no doubt that "a State has standing to defend the constitutionality of its statute." *Virginia House of Dels. v. Bethune-Hill*, 587 U.S. \_\_, 139 S. Ct. 1945, 1951 (2019) (quoting *Diamond v. Charles*, 476 U.S. 54, 62 (1986)).

As this Court has explained, a litigant "who is aggrieved by the judgment or order may appeal." *Kimberly Regenesis, LLC v. Lee Cnty.*, 64 F.4th 1253, 1259 (11th Cir. 2023) (quoting *United States v. Amodeo*, 916 F.3d 967, 971 (11th Cir. 2019)) (emphasis omitted). The State itself is a party to this case and is directly aggrieved by the district court's order invalidating the State's own statute.

Similarly, the other State Defendants are aggrieved by the order because they are responsible for the uniform and orderly administration of elections in Georgia under Georgia election law. Yet the district court's order ensures that different rules apply to different counties. The resulting confusion within State Defendants constitutes an additional injury. By forbidding eleven Georgia counties to enforce the birthdate requirement while the other 148 remain bound by existing Georgia law, the order makes it impossible to conduct a uniform election, squarely interfering with State Defendants' duties.

As a result, the State Defendants are "aggrieved by" the preliminary injunction that indefinitely invalidates a section of the Georgia Code in part of the State and subjects different counties to different, nonuniform rules. If the State cannot defend its statute merely because the State was not (and cannot be) enjoined, then the defense of its statutes lies at the mercy of the persons that a statute directly compels to act or forbids from action.

Here, plaintiffs selected as County Defendants a small group of counties that did not contest the lawsuit in general or the preliminary injunction in particular. Denying standing to the State Defendants would open the door to strategic or even collusive litigation that could leave the State and its people with no ability to protect many duly enacted laws.

As this Court observed earlier this year, "the Supreme Court recently cautioned that 'federal courts should rarely question that a

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State's interests will be practically impaired or impeded if its duly authorized representatives are excluded from participating in federal litigation challenging state law." *League of Women Voters of Fla. Inc. v. Fla. Sec'y of State*, 66 F.4th 905, 945–46 (11th Cir. 2023) (quoting *Berger v. N.C. State Conf. of the NAACP*, 142 S. Ct. 2191, 2201 (2022)). This is not one of those "rare[]" situations.

State Defendants have standing to appeal.

# BACKGROUND

Shortly after the 2021 enactment of Georgia's election-reform statute, SB 202, Plaintiffs sued State Defendants and others seeking to invalidate several provisions of the law as preempted by federal legislation or otherwise unconstitutional. Plaintiffs moved for a preliminary injunction against the birthdate requirement of O.C.G.A. § 21-2-385(a), seeking relief against the State Defendants and eleven County Defendants. State Defendants opposed the preliminary injunction on several grounds, including (1) that, because county officials had the exclusive ability and responsibility to implement the birthdate requirement, no injunctive relief against State Defendants could redress Plaintiffs' claimed injury (Doc. 70-6, at 13–19), and (2) that the birthdate requirement is lawful (*id.* at 17-23).<sup>1</sup> The County Defendants did not oppose Plaintiffs' motion.

The district court held that the birthdate requirement was likely unlawful under 52 U.S.C. § 10101(a)(2)(B) and enjoined the counties from enforcing that requirement. Order, Doc. 70-5, at 29, 38. The district court denied relief against State Defendants, holding that Plaintiffs lacked standing to pursue an injunction against the State Defendants because no order against State Defendants would redress Plaintiffs' claimed injury. *Id.* at 17.

State Defendants appealed the preliminary injunction, and Plaintiffs cross-appealed the denial of relief against State Defendants.

# ARGUMENT

# THE STATE DEFENDANTS HAVE STANDING TO APPEAL THE DISTRICT COURT'S INDEFINITE ENJOINING OF A GEORGIA STATUTE.

To establish standing to appeal, "a litigant must 'prove that [it] has suffered a concrete and particularized injury that is fairly traceable to the challenged conduct, and is likely to be redressed by a favorable judicial decision." *Kimberly Regenesis*, 64 F.4th at 1259 (quoting

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Record citations are to the page number that appears in the header generated by this Court's electronic filing system. *Cf.* 11th Cir. R. 28-5.

Amodeo, 916 F.3d at 971). As noted above, the key to the injury element is whether the appellant is "aggrieved by the judgment or order." *Id.* (cleaned up). And here, State Defendants—who include the State itself satisfy the standards for appellate standing.

## A. Established Law Supports the Standing of a State to Appeal an Order Precluding Enforcement of a State Statute.

As noted, the preliminary injunction enjoins enforcement of the birthdate requirement of O.C.G.A. § 21-2-385(a) in 11 counties that account for a significant proportion of Georgia's population. State Defendants are not directly responsible for enforcing that requirement. Rather, county officials—and only county officials—review the outer envelopes containing completed absentee ballots, and decide whether to count or reject the ballots.

Nonetheless, deeply rooted law establishes State Defendants' standing to appeal the district court's intrusion on the State's "sovereign interest[]" in "the power to create and enforce a legal code." *Alfred L. Snapp & Son, Inc. v. Puerto Rico ex rel. Barez*, 458 U.S. 592, 601 (1982).

A State "is entitled to special solicitude in ... standing analysis." Massachusetts v. EPA, 549 U.S. 497, 520 (2007). And "[f]ederal courts must respect states' strong interests in defending the constitutionality of their laws." *League of Women Voters*, 66 F.4th at 945. Thus, the Supreme Court has recognized that "a State has standing to defend the constitutionality of its statute." *Virginia House of Dels.*, 139 S. Ct. at 1951 (quoting *Diamond*, 476 U.S. at 62).

The State's standing is plain because, as the Supreme Court put it in *Hollingsworth v. Perry*, "[n]o one doubts that a State has a cognizable interest 'in the continued enforceability' of its laws that is harmed by a judicial decision declaring a state law unconstitutional." 570 U.S. 693, 709–10 (2013) (quoting *Maine v. Taylor*, 477 U.S. 131, 137 (1986)). Here, the decision below halts the "continued enforceability" of the birthdate requirement in much of the State. The requirement is enjoined on the ground that it contravenes a federal statute, which must prevail under the Supremacy Clause in Article VI of the Constitution. That is why the district court concluded that the "state law" is likely "unconstitutional."

Yet Plaintiffs overlook this aspect of *Hollingsworth* and related authority when they try to sow unwarranted doubt about State Defendants' standing. The line of authority supporting a State's standing to defend its statutes is long and deep. The Supreme Court decades ago recognized "the legitimate interest [of] public officials and administrative commissions, federal and state, to resist the endeavor to prevent the enforcement of statutes in relation to which they have official duties." *Coleman v. Miller*, 307 U.S. 433, 441–42 (1939).

The State is harmed here because "the State will, in effect, be precluded from applying its duly enacted legislation regarding election procedures." Org. for Black Struggle v. Ashcroft, 978 F.3d 603, 609 (8th Cir. 2020). Although the County Defendants directly enforce the statute, the interest in the integrity and enforceability of the Georgia Code belongs to the State and the State agencies responsible for election administration. As the Supreme Court has observed, "[b]ecause the State alone is entitled to create a legal code, only the State has the kind of direct stake" needed for standing to "defend[] the standards embodied in that code." Diamond, 476 U.S. at 65 (cleaned up).<sup>2</sup>

State Defendants here are "institutional [parties] asserting an institutional injury" that subsists even though the State Defendants have not been enjoined. *Ariz. State Legislature v. Ariz. Indep. Redistricting* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> There can be no doubt that Georgia's Attorney General represents the State's interests here. He is authorized to represent the State in "all civil actions tried in any court." O.C.G.A. § 45-15-3(6).
Comm'n, 576 U.S. 787, 802 (2015). As the Fifth Circuit has put it, "[w]hen a statute is enjoined, the State necessarily suffers the irreparable harm of denying the public interest in the enforcement of its laws." *Planned Parenthood of Greater Tex. Surgical Health Servs. v. Abbott,* 734 F.3d 406, 419 (5th Cir. 2013) (citing Maryland v. King, 567 U.S. 1301, 1303 (2012) (Roberts, Circuit Justice); New Motor Vehicle Bd. of Cal. v. Orrin W. Fox Co., 434 U.S. 1345, 1351 (1977) (Rehnquist, Circuit Justice)).

That interest is equally valid and sufficient here, where the obligations of the statute—and thus the requirements of the injunction—fall upon county rather than state officials. *Lopez-Aguilar v. Marion Cnty. Sheriff's Dep't*, 924 F 3d 375, 385 (7th Cir. 2019). The happenstance that, under a particular state statute, plaintiffs' only avenue of relief is an order against county officials does not deprive the State of its interest in the enforceability—and enforcement—of its statutes.

Moreover, denying the State's standing here would leave states open to collusive litigation. Although Plaintiffs here did sue the State and the other State Defendants, a plaintiff could choose to sue only counties that were sympathetic to plaintiffs' position and would not

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contest the litigation. Because (as here) only the county officials could be enjoined, the State would have no way to defend its statutes.

That is why this Court held that a Florida state officer had standing to appeal an injunction prohibiting a county official—not state officials from enforcing a provision of state election law. See League of Women Voters, 66 F.4th at 45. Although, as in this case, the enjoined county official "did not appeal," the State retained its right to defend its statute. Id. If the State cannot defend its laws, it will be bound by the district court's decision within the affected counties. See id. The State is aggrieved here, and therefore has standing to challenge the district court's preliminary injunction.

## B. All State Defendants Share a Concrete Interest in Uniform Enforcement of, and Compliance With Georgia Election Law.

The State's concrete interest in the enforcement of its election laws encompasses the other State Defendants, who include the Secretary of State, the State Election Board, and the Board's members. Each of those Defendants is involved in administering Georgia election law statewide, even though no State Defendant has hands-on responsibility for enforcing the birthdate requirement for completed absentee ballots. And the district court's preliminary injunction stops the statute from operating with respect to a subset of electoral officials with obligations under that law. This indefinite, patchwork invalidation of a provision of Georgia election law thus aggrieves each State Defendant.

In addition, each of these State Defendants has a concrete interest in ensuring the uniformity of electoral framework throughout Georgia. The result of the preliminary injunction here leaves eleven counties enjoined from enforcing the birthdate requirement, while 148 other counties remain compelled to enforce it by state law.

This nonuniformity separately aggrieves State Defendants, who now must administer different rules for different counties. That engenders confusion—and thus causes injury—within those Defendants. They must answer questions about legal requirements for absentee ballots differently depending on which county a question comes from. And any training they seek to conduct likewise must be tailored to the status of each particular county under the preliminary injunction.

In short, in addition to the State itself, all of the State Defendants are aggrieved by the decision below, not only because the injunction prevents a state statute from operating uniformly statewide, but because the decision imposes additional, concrete burdens relating to State Defendants' unique circumstances and governmental responsibilities. State Defendants therefore independently have standing to challenge the preliminary injunction.

#### C. The Absence of Affirmative Relief Against State Defendants Does Not Vitiate Their Interests.

The State and other State Defendants' aggrievement is not vitiated by the absence of affirmative relief directed at them. The district court did not enter affirmative relief against State Defendants for a simple, straightforward reason: "Because county officials"—not any of the State Defendants—"are responsible for accepting or rejecting absentee ballots," Doc. 70-5, at 17, "an order directed to State Defendants will not redress Plaintiffs' alleged injuries," *id.* at 18. Because of the way Georgia law allocates duties among election officials, the State Defendants "are removed from the process of accepting or rejecting absentee ballots." *Id.* 

But the absence of affirmative relief against State Defendants does not and could not remove their standing to appeal to protect the uniform enforcement of a state statute. Many state statutes do not make state agencies susceptible to injunctions. Those statutes cover a multitude of topics, ranging from the relations between private parties to the operation of local governments. A State's sovereign interest in maintaining and enforcing its own duly enacted laws applies to those categories of statutes as well. Litigation seeking to invalidate such statutes threatens the State's interest just as much as litigation aimed at statutes that require actions by state agencies.

Lopez-Aguilar illustrates the point. In that case, a State was allowed to intervene for the purpose of appealing a stipulated judgment between a local sheriff's department and an individual because that judgment prevented enforcement of a state statute within a single county. Quoting *Maine v. Taylor*, 477 U.S. at 137, the Seventh Circuit held "a state has a cognizable interest sufficient to establish Article III standing in the 'continued enforceability of its own statutes,' even when another party with an aligned interest has determined not to appeal." *Lopez-Aguilar*, 924 F.3d at 385. The State had standing even though the stipulated judgment was "not a total declaration of unconstitutionality," because the judgment "restrict[ed] significantly the vitality of the statute." *Id.* 

For similar reasons, this Court recently held that the Florida Secretary of State had standing to appeal a judgment enjoining a county

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supervisor of elections from enforcing a provision of Florida election law. See League of Women Voters, 66 F.4th at 945–46. The Secretary had standing even though he was not enjoined, and apparently had no direct role in enforcing the provision at issue. See id. at 945.

As this Court explained, the Secretary

need not be bound by an injunction nor even bear the primary responsibility for enforcing the [challenged] provision to enjoy the requisite interest. The Secretary is not merely a "concerned bystander" without a "personal stake in defending [the law's] enforcement." ... He has a statutory obligation to uniformly administer elections according to the election code adopted by the Legislature.

*Id.* (quoting *Hollingsworth*, 570 U.S. at 707). *Cf.* O.C.G.A. § 21-2-31(1) (duties of State Election Board include promulgating rules and regulations "so as to obtain uniformity" statewide in election administration).

Because the district court's order in the present case impaired State Defendants' interest in the uniform enforcement of Georgia law, they are not entirely prevailing parties, and thus do not come within *Henderson v. Ford Motor Co.*, 72 F.4th 1237, 1245 (11th Cir. 2023), which limits the standing of prevailing parties to appeal to situations where those parties face adverse collateral estoppel effects. The status and interests of State Defendants differ from those of private litigants. State Defendants have interests that are harmed directly by judicial impediments to the enforcement of Georgia law, interests that would be harmed more gravely if a precedential opinion of this Court made enforcement impossible. Thus, "[t]he State's participation facilitates 'a full and fair adversarial testing of [its] interests and arguments." *League of Women Voters*, 66 F.4th at 946 (quoting *Berger*, 142 S. Ct. at 2201). That is enough to render the State Defendants "aggrieved" by the decision below, and thus to confer standing to appeal.

### D. Additional Considerations Support State Defendants' Appellate Standing Here.

The procedural setting further underscores why State Defendants have standing to appeal the order enjoining enforcement of the birthdate requirement in O.C.G.A. § 21-2-385(a). Plaintiffs have cross-appealed the denial of relief against State Defendants. State Defendants can defend that denial both on standing grounds and on the ground that Plaintiffs are not entitled to relief on the merits. Had Plaintiffs appealed first, State Defendants could have filed a protective cross-appeal encompassing the adverse finding on the merits. Their standing to do that does not depend on who files first.

Nor would there be serious doubt that the State had standing to appeal if it had not been named as a defendant but rather had intervened to defend the statute even though the County Defendants declined to do so.<sup>3</sup> In that setting, too, injunctive relief against the State would be as improper as it was when the State was named a party, but the State's interest in the "continued enforceability" of its laws would suffice to confer appellate standing. Maine v. Taylor, 477 U.S. at 137. A State's right to intervene in order "to urge on appeal the constitutionality of its laws is not contingent on [the] participation of other appellants." Arizonans for Off. Eng. v. Arizona, 520 U.S. 43, 70 (1997) (citing Maine v. Taylor, 477 U.S. at 136–37). Indeed, the Supreme Court held that an intervenor-State had standing to appeal a criminal judgment even though the prosecuting authority (the federal government) had not appealed. See Maine v. Taylor, 477 U.S. at 136–37. The Court held that, while "separate sovereigns" perhaps "have no legally cognizable interest in the prosecutorial decisions of the Federal Government, ... a State

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> And the State could have intervened as of right under 28 U.S.C. § 2403(b) (allowing a state to intervene as of right to defend the constitutionality of a state statute).

clearly has a legitimate interest in the continued enforceability of its own statutes." *Id.* at 137.

The same principles apply with even more force here, where the enjoined parties are county officials who have been ordered not to obey state law. That was enough to support appellate standing in *League of Women Voters*, 66 F.4th at 45, and enough to support intervention for the purpose of appeal in *Lopez-Aguilar*, 924 F.3d at 385. And the result cannot and should not differ here. If anything, the State Defendants' status as parties should enhance rather than detract from the standing to appeal that they would have as intervenors.

Nor does the fact that this appeal is from a preliminary injunction undercut standing here. Unless vacated by this Court, the preliminary injunction is likely to remain in effect through the next election cycle. No trial date for a permanent injunction has been set. With another motion for preliminary injunction to be decided, two preliminary injunctions (including this case) on appeal, a fourth decision on preliminary injunction for which the time to appeal has not expired, and seven summary judgment motions expected to be filed shortly, trial proceedings on a permanent injunction will not take place until well into the 2024 election cycle, with a decision only after that. Unless the district court reverses course, the birthdate requirement may well remain enjoined in eleven counties for two years or more before this Court could address an appeal from final judgment.

Thus, the preliminary injunction "restricts significantly the vitality of the statute." *Lopez-Aguilar*, 924 F.3d at 385. The State of Georgia and the other State Defendants are concretely aggrieved now, and should not have to wait for years before receiving an authoritative determination of the legality of its statute.

## E. State Defendants' Injury Is Traceable to the Decision Below and Redressable on Appeal.

State Defendants easily satisfy the other factors for appellate standing. Their injury—interference with the enforceability of the birthdate provision of O.C.G.A. § 21-2-385(a)—is fairly traceable to the district court's order because the injury results directly and only from that order. And a favorable decision on appeal will allow that provision to be enforced uniformly across the State. The *Lopez-Aguilar* court instructively distinguished authorities that, like those Plaintiffs cite—see Doc. 70-1 at 10 (citing *Schultz v. Alabama*, 42 F. 4th 1298, 1317 (11th Cir. 2022), *cert. denied sub nom. Hester v. Gentry*, 143 S. Ct. 2610 (2023))-have denied standing to private parties seeking to appeal

judgments entered against someone else. Here, as in Lopez-Aguilar,

we are not dealing with the derivative injury of a private party whose interests are dependent on the enjoined party. Rather, the district court has enjoined a subordinate component of state government from acting in accordance with the directive of the state legislature.

924 F.3d at 387. Reversing the preliminary injunction will redress State

Defendants' injury.

# CONCLUSION

The State Defendants have standing to appeal the preliminary injunction against the enforcement of a Georgia statute in eleven Georgia counties. The Motion to Dismiss Appeal for Lack of Jurisdiction should

be denied.

October 23, 2023

Respectfully submitted,

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#### **CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE**

The foregoing motion opposition complies with the type volume limitation of Fed. R. App. P. 27(d)(2) because it contains 3,656 words.

This opposition also complies with the typeface requirements of Fed. R. App. P. 32(a)(5) and the type-style requirements of Fed. R. App. P. 32(a)(6) because it has been prepared in a proportionally spaced typeface using Microsoft Word in 14-point Century Schoolbook font.

> <u>/s/ Gene C. Schaerr</u> Gene C. Schaerr