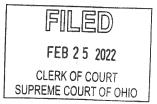
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Nos. 2021-1193/1198/1210 Kennedy, J. (dissenting) File No. 9075 February 24, 2022

1 League of Women Voters of Ohio v. Ohio Redistricting Comm.

KENNEDY, J., dissenting.

| 3 | I dissent from today's administrative orders setting this matter for a contempt |
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| 4 | hearing. The chief justice, acting alone, does not have the authority to reject the |
| 5 | answers filed by respondents, the Ohio Redistricting Commission and the |
| 6 | commission members, to the show-cause orders in these cases and order the |
| 7 | commission members to appear in person. Rather, such orders require the assent of |
| 8 | at least three other justices of this court. See Article IV, Section 2(A), Ohio |
| 9 | Constitution. |
| 10 | Because the administrative orders are not approved by four members of the |
| 11 | court, I dissent. |
| 12 | On January 12, 2022, a divided court held that the General Assembly-district |
| 13 | plan adopted by the commission on September 16, 2021, violated Article XI, |
| 14 | Sections 6(A) and 6(B) of the Ohio Constitution, and it directed the commission to |
| 15 | adopt a new plan within ten days. League of Women Voters of Ohio v. Ohio |
| 16 | Redistricting Comm., Ohio St.3d, 2022-Ohio-65, N.E.3d The |
| 17 | commission adopted a second plan on January 22, 2022, but a majority of this court |

- 1 invalidated it, holding that it too violated Sections 6(A) and 6(B). League of Women
- 2 Voters of Ohio v. Ohio Redistricting Comm., __ Ohio St.3d __, 2022-Ohio-342, __
- 3 N.E.3d __. The majority ordered the commission to adopt a new plan by February
- 4 17, 2022, and to file it with this court by 9:00 a.m. on February 18, 2022. *Id.* at ¶ 68.
- 5 Petitioners were then given three days after the filing of the maps to present
- 6 objections. Id. at ¶ 69.
- The commission reconvened, but it reached an impasse and adopted no new
- 8 plan. It then filed a "Notice of Impasse" with this court on February 18, 2022. On
- 9 that same day, the petitioners filed motions in the three cases before the court.
- Petitioners in case No. 2021-11931 requested that this court "order
- Respondents to show cause why they failed to comply" with the court's February 7,
- 12 2022 order and further requested that "Respondents be required to file their response
- 13 by Tuesday, February 22, 2022 at 9:00 am Eastern Time." Petitioners in case No.
- 14 2021-1198² asked this court to "order Respondents to show cause with a detailed

^{1.} Petitioners in case No. 2021-1193 are the League of Women Voters of Ohio, the A. Philip Randolph Institute of Ohio, and six individual voters: Tom Harry, Tracy Beavers, Valerie Lee, Iris Meltzer, Sherry Rose, and Bonnie Bishop.

^{2.} Petitioners in case No. 2021-1198 are ten individual voters: Bria Bennett, Regina C. Adams, Kathleen M. Brinkman, Martha Clark, Susanne L. Dyke, Carrie Kubicki, Meryl Neiman, Holly Oyster, Constance Rubin, and Everett Totty.

| 1 | written response and evidence, no later than 9:00 a.m. on Tuesday, February 22, |
|----|--|
| 2 | 2022, as to why, given the Commission's assertion that it was unable to pass a |
| 3 | constitutionally compliant plan." (Footnote deleted.) In addition, petitioners in |
| 4 | 2021-1210 ³ asked this court to "order the Commission, and all of its members, to |
| 5 | show cause by 9:00 am on February 22, 2022, as to why they should not be held in |
| 6 | contempt of court, with appropriate remedies to follow." |
| 7 | Without calling for a vote of the court, the chief justice, acting alone, issued |
| 8 | an administrative order in each case, stating. |
| 9 | CRACTION . |
| 10 | This cause originated in this court upon the filing of a complaint |
| 11 | invoking this court's original jurisdiction pursuant to Article XI, |

13 It is ordered by the court, sua sponte, that respondents show

Section 9 of the Ohio Constitution.

12

14 cause by filing a response with the clerk of this court no later than 12:00

15 p.m. on February 23, 2022, why respondents should not be found in

^{3.} Petitioners in case No. 2021-1210 are the Ohio Organizing Collaborative, the Ohio chapter of the Council on American-Islamic Relations, the Ohio Environmental Council, and six individual voters: Pierrette Talley, Samuel Gresham Jr., Ahmad Aboukar, Mikayla Lee, Prentiss Haney, and Crystal Bryant.

- 1 contempt for failure to comply with this court's February 7, 2022 order.
- 2 The clerk shall refuse to file a response that is untimely.

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- 4 __ Ohio St.3d __, 2022-Ohio-498, __ N.E.3d __.
- 5 The commission filed a timely response to the show-cause orders, as did each
- 6 of the commission members. The commission argued that none of its members
- 7 should be held in contempt, and it asked this court to "withhold judgment on any
- 8 finding of contempt, allowing the Commission a few additional days to attempt to
- 9 adopt a compliant General-Assembly plan, file any such plan with the Court, and
- 10 allowing the Court to consider any objections and responses thereto."
- The following morning, February 24—again without calling for a vote of the
- 12 court—the chief justice issued another administrative order in each case, this time
- 13 requiring the members of the commission (the governor of Ohio, the secretary of
- state, the auditor of state, the president of the Ohio Senate, the speaker of the Ohio
- 15 House of Representatives, the minority leader of the Ohio Senate, and the minority
- 16 leader of the Ohio House of Representatives) to "appear in person in this court for a
- 17 hearing on March 1, 2022 at 10:00 a.m." __ Ohio St.3d __, 2022-Ohio-518, __
- 18 N.E.3d ___.

- Nothing in the Ohio Constitution grants the chief justice of this court authority
- 2 to rule on motions on behalf of the full court. Rather, Article IV, Section 2(A) states:
- 3 "The supreme court shall, until otherwise provided by law, consist of seven judges,
- 4 who shall be known as the chief justice and justices." It further provides that "[a]
- 5 majority of the supreme court shall be necessary to constitute a quorum or to render
- 6 a judgment." Article IV, Section 2(A), Ohio Constitution.
- Nonetheless, we have delegated authority to the chief justice to issue
- 8 administrative orders in certain instances. For example, we have allowed the chief
- 9 justice to grant an appellant's application for the dismissal of a case and to issue an
- 10 interim order suspending an attorney for committing a felony. However, we have
- 11 never, other than in attorney-discipline cases, authorized the chief justice to make a
- determination on behalf of the court that there is a prima facie case that a party is in
- 13 contempt of one of our orders and that it must show cause why it is not. Our
- 14 precedent reveals that in cases other than those involving attorney discipline, a
- 15 motion to show cause why a party is not in contempt involves the vote of the entire
- 16 court. See, e.g., McDougald v. Greene, 157 Ohio St.3d 1468, 2019-Ohio-4419, 133
- 17 N.E.3d 543 (the respondent was ordered to show cause within 14 days why he should
- 18 not be held in contempt for failing to provide the records under the terms of the

preemptory writ or produce evidence that the records did not exist); State ex rel. 1 2 Stuart v. Greene, 157 Ohio St.3d 1413, 2019-Ohio-3797, 131 N.E.3d 941 (sua 3 sponte, the respondent was ordered to show cause within five days why he should not be held in contempt); State ex rel. Doner v. Logan, 133 Ohio St.3d 1431, 2012-4 Ohio-4958, 977 N.E.2d 663 (ordering a show-cause hearing). 5 The chief justice, acting alone, has made a prima facie finding of contempt 6 and set the matter for a hearing. This is not authorized by the Constitution, our rules, 7 or the precedent of this court. I therefore dissent from the administrative orders 8 issued in these cases today. 9 10

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