No. 22-50536 UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

VOTE.ORG,

Plaintiff-Appellee,

v.

JACQUELYN CALLANEN, ET AL.

Defendants,

KEN PAXTON, IN HIS OFFICIAL CAPACITY AS THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS; LUPE C. TORRES, IN HIS OFFICIAL CAPACITY AS THE MEDINA COUNTY ELECTIONS ADMINISTRATOR; TERRIE PENDLEY, IN HER OFFICIAL CAPACITY AS THE REAL COUNTY TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR,

Intervenor-Defendants-Appellants.

On Appeal from the United States District Court for the Western District of Texas

PLAINTIFF-APPELLEE'S RESPONSE TO MOTION FOR STAY PENDING APPEAL

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CERTIFICATE OF INTERESTED PERSONS

1. In the district court, this case is captioned as *Vote.org v. Callanen, et al.*, Case No. SA-21-CV-00659-JKP-HJB. In this Court, it is captioned as *Vote.org v. Paxton, et al.*, No. 22-50536.

2. The undersigned counsel of record certifies that the following listed persons and entities as described in the fourth sentence of Rule 28.2.1 have an interest in the outcome of this case. These representations are made in order that the judges of this court may evaluate possible disqualification or recusal.

3. Counsel for Plaintiff-Appellee further certify under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26.1 that no organizational plaintiff has any parent corporation and no publicly held corporation owns 10% or more of stock in any organizational plaintiff.

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INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

County registrars in Texas are responsible for processing voter registration applications which, under a new Texas law, must be signed with an original, "wet" signature when submitted via facsimile machine ("fax"). But in processing these applications, registrars do not use the applicants' signatures for identity verification. In fact, undisputed evidence below confirmed that the form of the signatures on registration applications plays no role in determining voter eligibility: each Defendant admitted that they do not use the signatures *at all* in determining voter qualifications other than to confirm a signature's presence.

The fact is imaged signatures are common in Texas. The state permits their use in legal documents concerning business, health, marriage, and property transactions. Texas's Department of Public Safety ("DPS") uses imaged signatures when processing tens of thousands of voter registration applications each year. But under Texas's new law—§ 14 of HB 3107 ("Wet Signature Rule" or "Rule")—a registration application submitted via fax is ineffective unless the applicant submits "a copy of the original registration application containing the voter's original signature" within four days of submission. Tex. Elec. Code § 13.143(d-2). Because this wet signature requirement is immaterial to voter qualifications and advances no meaningful state interest, Judge Pulliam correctly entered a permanent injunction, concluding that the Rule violates the Civil Rights Act of 1964, *see* 52 U.S.C. §

10101(a)(2)(B) ("Materiality Provision"), and the First and Fourteenth Amendments. *See* Intervenors' Ex. C.

Intervenors now seek extraordinary relief but fail to demonstrate that this case should deviate from the ordinary course of appellate review. On the merits, Intervenors *still* cannot articulate a plausible explanation why a *wet* signature is material to voter qualifications, or what state interest the Rule serves—this alone undercuts any entitlement to a stay. Intervenors' attacks on Vote.org's statutory "standing" to pursue Materiality Provision and constitutional claims also fail: the Materiality Provision itself contemplates private enforcement by a "party aggrieved," 52 U.S.C. § 10101(d), and creates a federal right that can be enforced under 42 U.S.C. § 1983. And the exceptions to traditional limitations on third party standing also apply in this case.

Plaintiff Vote.org is a small, non-profit, nonpartisan organization dedicated to using technology to simplify political engagement and increase voter turnout. To support its mission, the organization created a technology platform that makes it easier to register to vote. The platform permits applicants to complete a voter registration form, using a smartphone, by uploading an image of their original signature onto the form ("e-sign tool"), then arranging to have the form printed, faxed, and mailed to their county registrar. Vote.org launched its web application in the Defendants' counties—after consulting with those county registrars—but the Wet Signature Rule bars Vote.org from using the e-sign tool in Texas, forcing the organization to divert its resources to find other solutions for the voters it serves. Vote.org filed this lawsuit to remedy the harm the Rule inflicts on the organization and to allow it to resume the use of its web application to enhance political engagement and turnout in Texas. Thus, Vote.org has not only suffered an organizational injury that gives rise to a cause of action under § 1983, but it is also well-positioned to advance the rights of the voters it serves, including future registrants who may rely on the web application if permitted by law.

In contrast to the clear injury to Vote.org and Texas voters, Intervenors' showing on the equitable stay factors is meager. County registrars suffer no irreparable harm from being unable to enforce an unconstitutional and pointless law, and Intervenor-Paxton admits that the State itself has no role in enforcing such rules. Implementation of the district court's injunction imposes no burden either. Even before the Wet Signature Rule, counties accepted imaged signatures from DPS and Defendants admitted they only glance at signatures on voter registration applications for mere seconds to ensure they are present, but otherwise do not inspect signatures for a stay will subject Vote.org and the public to unnecessary administrative barriers to the franchise. Intervenors' motion should be denied.

LEGAL STANDARD

"A stay is an intrusion into the ordinary processes of administration and judicial review, and accordingly is not a matter of right, even if irreparable injury might otherwise result to the appellant." *Nken v. Holder*, 556 U.S. 418, 427 (2009) (cleaned up). The movant "bears the burden of showing that a stay is justified." *United States v. Transocean Deepwater Drilling, Inc.*, 537 F. App'x 358, 360 (5th Cir. 2013). When weighing a stay request, courts consider: "(1) whether the stay applicant has made a strong showing that he is likely to succeed on the merits; (2) whether the applicant will be irreparably injured absent a stay; (3) whether issuance of the stay will substantially injure the other parties interested in the proceeding; and (4) where the public interest lies." *Nken*, 556 U.S. at 433 (quotation omitted).

ARGUMENT

I. Intervenors have not demonstrated a substantial likelihood of success, or a substantial case, on the merits.

A. The Wet Signature Rule is immaterial to voter qualifications and violates the Materiality Provision.

The Wet Signature Rule is precisely the kind of arbitrary requirement the Materiality Provision is intended to prevent. *See* 52 U.S.C. § 10101(a)(2)(B) (barring state actors from denying the right to vote because of an error or omission that is "not material in determining whether [an] individual is qualified under State law to vote"). Defendants admitted below the Rule serves no purpose related to determining a registrant's qualifications to vote. *E.g.*, Ex. A (Pl.'s App. at 271, Scarpello Resp.

to Pl.'s Interrog. No. 3; *see also* Pl.'s App. at 79, Callanen Dep. 115:16-20 (no use of signatures in registration process)). That resolves the merits of this claim because, *at minimum*, information that "does not matter" or is "superfluous" to determining a voter's eligibility is not material in determining whether someone is eligible to vote. *Migliori v. Cohen*, 36 F.4th 153, 163-164 (3d Cir. 2022), *stay denied sub nom. Ritter v. Migliori*, 142 S. Ct. 1824 (2022); *see also Fla. State Conf. of N.A.A.C.P. v. Browning*, 522 F.3d 1153, 1174 (11th Cir. 2008).

Recently, in *Migliori*, the Third Circuit applied the Materiality Provision to enjoin a state law that prevented county officials from counting mail ballots with a missing date on the ballot envelope. 36 F.4th at 162-64. The court reasoned that even an incorrect date on a ballot envelope would be accepted, which means "the substance of the string of numbers does not matter" and it has no "use in determining a voter's qualifications." Id This same reasoning dooms Intervenors' assertions that the mere presence of a "wet" (but not an imaged) signature on a voter registration application is "material." Just as the *Migliori* defendants accepted ballots with any date, Defendants here accept voter registration applications with any signature provided it is "wet." See Ex. A (Pl.'s App. at 169, Pendley Dep. at 85:21-86:9; Pl.'s App. at 176-177, Scarpello Dep. at 74:20-77:6; Pl.'s App. at 190-91, Torres Dep. at 61:13-22, 68:3-14). Defendants do not inspect or compare signatures; they look, at most, for mere "seconds," only to ensure the signature is present. See id. In short,

the specific instrument a voter used to enter their signature does not matter to Defendants and thus has no "use in determining a voter's qualifications." *Migliori*, 36 F.4th at 164.

Intervenors assert without explanation or citation that a wet-signature requirement is material "because any person who refuses to subject themselves to Texas's common-sense fraud prevention measures is disqualified from registering to vote." Mot. at 12. That argument is circular; but more importantly, compliance with "fraud prevention measures" is not—under Texas law—a qualification to vote,¹ *see* Tex. Elec. Code § 11.002 (enumerating criteria of a "qualified voter"), nor is it "material" to determining whether a voter is qualified. *See Migliori*, 36 F.4th at 162-63; *Reed*, 492 F. Supp. 2d at 1270.

Intervenors also point out that Texas has a 10-day cure provision for registration applications that are deemed incomplete, Mot. at 12-13, but this is beside the point. Whether on the initial application or during the cure period, a registrant must provide a wet signature on a voter registration application, otherwise they cannot vote. Suggesting that the Wet Signature Rule does not deny anyone the right to vote is both factually and legally incorrect. *See* Tex. Elec. Code § 13.073(b)

¹ Nor does a putative state interest in "fraud prevention" render a requirement "material." *E.g.*, *Migliori*, 36 F.4th at 163 (finding that fraud prevention "in no way helps the [state] determine" whether a person meets voter qualifications under state law); *Schwier v. Cox*, 412 F. Supp. 2d 1266, 1276 (N.D. Ga. 2005), *aff'd*, 439 F.3d 1285 (11th Cir. 2006) (similar); *Wash. Ass'n of Churches v. Reed*, 492 F. Supp. 2d 1264, 1270 (W.D. Wash. 2006) (similar).

(stating application "reject[ed] . . . for incompleteness" shall be returned to the applicant). The Wet Signature Rule thus violates the Materiality Provision.²

B. Private plaintiffs can enforce the Materiality Provision.

Unable to advance a lawful justification for the Wet Signature Rule, Intervenors reject the statute's plain language and argue that private plaintiffs may not enforce the Materiality Provision. Their argument has been rejected by most courts to consider it—and for good reason.

The first step of the inquiry is to determine "whether Congress *intended to create a federal right.*" *Gonzaga Univ. v. Doe*, 536 U.S. 273, 283 (2002). The Materiality Provision's text explicitly prohibits denial of "the right of any individual to vote" for specified reasons. It also "places all citizens qualified to vote at the center of its import and provides that they shall be entitled and allowed to vote." *Migliori*, 36 F.4th at 159 (cleaned up).

This Court has previously recognized federal rights conferred through far less express language. In *S.D. ex Rel. Dickson v. Hood*, this Court found the Medicaid Act's directive that "[a] State Plan must provide for making medical assistance available . . . to all individuals [who meet eligibility criteria]" was "precisely the sort

² Intervenors' purported concern about "defective third-party software," Mot. at 13, is also beside the point, as that too has nothing to do with a voter's qualifications. The district court also found that "the summary judgment evidence provided demonstrates these errors have been corrected," Intervenors' Ex. C at 18.

of 'rights-creating' language identified in *Gonzaga*...." 391 F.3d 581, 603 (5th Cir. 2004). If the Medicaid Act's requirement that states make "medical assistance available" to "all individuals" confers an individual right, *id*., so must the Materiality Provision's more explicit prohibition on certain restrictions on "the right of any individual to vote."

Because the Materiality Provision confers an individual right, it is "presumptively enforceable by § 1983," which Intervenors can overcome only by "showing that Congress 'specifically foreclosed a remedy under § 1983." *Gonzaga*, 536 U.S. at 284, 285 n.4 (quoting *Smith v. Robinson*, 468 U.S. 992, 1004–1005, n.9 (1984)). Intervenors fail to carry their burden. The fact that the Attorney General may *also* enforce the provision is not the sort of "comprehensive enforcement scheme that is incompatible with individual enforcement under § 1983." *Id.* at 285 n.4 (cleaned up); *Migliori*, 36 F.4th at 160-62. Nor is there evidence from the statute itself of intent to foreclose a private remedy.

In fact, Congress intended to provide an implied right of action by which to enforce the Materiality Provision. *Tex. Democratic Party v. Hughs*, 474 F. Supp. 3d 849, 858-860 (W.D. Tex. 2020), *rev'd and remanded on other grounds* 860 F. App'x 874 (2021); *Migliori*, 36 F.4th at 160-62; *Schwier*, 340 F.3d at 1294-1297. Because

private enforcement was commonplace when Congress amended the statute,³ Congress is presumed to be aware of this fact and acquiesced to it. *Cf. Silva-Trevino v. Holder*, 742 F.3d 197, 202 (5th Cir. 2014) ("It hardly seems unreasonable to abide by this assumption here, as Congress has had numerous opportunities to make any desired changes."). This is further evidenced by the legislative history of the 1957 amendments, which reveals that Congress permitted enforcement by the Attorney General "to provide means of *further* securing" the right to vote. H.R. Rep. No. 85-291 (1957), *reprinted in* 1957 U.S.C.C.A.N. 1966, 1966 (emphasis added); *see also Schwier*, 340 F.3d at 1295 (discussing legislative history); *Hughs*, 474 F. Supp. 3d at 858 (same).

Intervenors' primary authority, *McKay v. Thompson*, 226 F.3d 752 (6th Cir. 2000), considered none of this; its reasoning comprised a single, conclusory sentence asserting that "Section 1971 is enforceable by the Attorney General, not by private citizens." *Id.* at 756. Intervenors also cite *McKay v. Altobello*, No. CIV. A. 96-3458, 1996 WL 635987 (E.D. La. Oct. 31, 1996), which likewise lacks analysis and observes only that the statute permits enforcement by the Attorney General and that the plaintiff was "not the Attorney General." *Id.* at *1. When courts addressed this

³ *Reddix v. Lucky*, 252 F.2d 930, 934 (5th Cir. 1958) (finding that private plaintiffs, asserting claim under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 to enforce 42 U.S.C. § 1971—which was later amended to include the Materiality Provision—had "stated a cause of action warranting relief"); *Bell v. Southwell*, 376 F.2d 659, 665 (5th Cir. 1967) (similar); *Coal. for Educ. in Dist. One v. Bd. of Elections*, 495 F.2d 1090, 1094 (2d Cir. 1974) (similar); *Taylor v. Howe*, 225 F.3d 993, 996 (8th Cir. 2000) (similar).

issue with more than a passing reference, they almost uniformly agreed that federal law permits private enforcement of the Materiality Provision. *E.g.*, *Migliori*, 36 F.4th at 159-60, *Schwier*, 340 F.3d at 1294-1297.

C. Materiality Provision claims do not require proof of intentional race discrimination.

Intervenors' insistence that the Materiality Provision encompasses only intentional race discrimination is meritless. The provision makes no mention of race, and it protects "*any* individual"—words that would be rendered meaningless by narrowing the statute to racial categories. 52 U.S.C. § 10101(a)(2)(B) (emphasis added); *Young v. UPS, Inc.*, 135 S. Ct. 1338, 1352 (2015) (holding that statutes should be construed to ensure "no clause is rendered superfluous, void, or insignificant" (quotations omitted)); *Angliori*, 36 F.4th at 163 n.56 ("[T]he text of the provision does not mention facial discrimination . . . thus we cannot find that Congress intended to limit this statute to . . . instances of racial discrimination"); *see also In re Enron Corp. Sec.*, 535 F.3d 325, 341 (5th Cir. 2008) ("[W]e will not adopt an interpretation of a statute that is contrary to its text."). The statute's plain language ends the inquiry.

Intervenors rely upon a single district court decision, *Broyles v. Texas*, 618 F. Supp. 2d 661 (S.D. Tex. 2009), to advance their atextual interpretation of the Materiality Provision, but—as Judge Pulliam observed—*Broyles* relied primarily upon cases addressing § 2 of the Voting Rights Act, not the Civil Rights Act of 1964. See id. at 697. That difference is key: unlike the provision at issue here, § 2 of the VRA *expressly* prohibits denying or abridging the right to vote "on account of race or color." 52 U.S.C. § 10301(a). No similar language exists in the Materiality Provision. Intervenors cite no other case holding that the Materiality Provision requires a showing of racial discrimination. Intervenors also insist that the Materiality Provision addresses only intentional racial discrimination because it was enacted under the Fifteenth Amendment. But it is well-established that in "combating [the] specific evils" of race discrimination. Congress may choose "a broader remedy." *Browning*, 522 F.3d at 1173 (citing *Pa. Dep't of Corrs. v. Yeskey*, 524 U.S. 206 (1998)); *accord Kimel v. Fla. Bd. of Regents*, 528 U.S. 62, 81 (2000) (observing Congress has authority to enforce Fourteenth Amendment "by prohibiting a somewhat broader swath of conduct").

Because undisputed evidence shows that a "wet" signature is immaterial to a registrant's qualification to vote, and because Vote.org may enforce the Materiality Provision without showing racial discrimination, Intervenors cannot meet their burden.

D. The Wet Signature Rule unduly burdens the right to vote in violation of the First and Fourteenth Amendments.

The Wet Signature Rule also unduly burdens Texans' right to vote and Intervenors identified no state interest sufficiently weighty to justify this burden. *See Burdick v. Takushi*, 504 U.S. 428, 434 (1992). Undisputed evidence demonstrates

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the Rule burdens voters. See Ex. A (Pl.'s App. at 40, 46, 48-49 (explaining burden on Texas voters); Pl.'s App. at 76, Bryant Dep. at 104:19-105:25 (detailing arbitrary nature of burdens created by Rule)). Rather than address the record evidence, Intervenors argue that the Rule imposes no burden because "it is part of the Legislature's expansion of the opportunity to register for the vote" by narrowing a 2013 law allowing registration via fax. Mot. at 14. Controlling precedent rejects this argument. The Supreme Court has made clear that there can be no "litmus test for measuring the severity of a burden that a state law imposes" as an alternative to conducting Anderson-Burdick balancing. Crawford v. Marion Cnty. Election Bd., 553 U.S. 181, 191 (2008) (plurality op.); Anderson v. Celebrezze, 460 U.S. 780, 789 (1983). Instead, courts always "must first consider the character and magnitude of the asserted injury to" the right to vote and then "identify and evaluate the precise interests put forward by the State as justifications for the burden imposed by its rule." Anderson, 460 U.S. at 780, 789. That was the approach the district court employed. But under the Intervenors' reasoning, no restriction on registration by fax can ever burden the right to vote because at one point—nearly a decade ago—this procedure was unavailable. Their argument distorts the Anderson-Burdick test and should be rejected. See Burdick, 504 U.S. at 434.

The Intervenors' reliance on *Texas League of United Latin American Citizens* v. *Hughs*, 978 F.3d 136 (5th Cir. 2020) ("*LULAC*"), is also unhelpful. *See* Mot. at 14. *LULAC* concerned a challenge to close-in-time proclamations issued by Governor Abbott in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. This Court rejected the challenge because the proclamation was part of an "*expansion* of opportunities to cast an absentee ballot in Texas." *Id.* at 144 (emphasis in original). But those proclamations—issued within just a three-month period—bear little resemblance to this case, where the Legislature acted in 2021 to restrict access to a registration method established in 2013 without *any* lawful rationale.

Turning to the second part of the *Anderson-Burdick* framework, Intervenors' motion confirms that they are unable to offer any coherent explanation for the Wet Signature Rule, much less an interest that justifies the burden imposed on voters. For one, Intervenors fail to explain why a signature has to appear in wet ink in order to "guarantee[] that registrants attest to meeting the qualifications to vote," Mot. at 16, given that Texas permits residents to "attest" to important information via imaged signature in other contexts, such as business, health, marriage, and property transactions. Intervenors' Ex. C at 16-17.

Intervenors next surmise that election officials "might" compare a wet signature with a latter signature if the authenticity of a registration or ballot is in question. Mot. at 16. Speculation aside, that rationale again fails to explain why a *wet* signature is required. And it ignores the district court's finding—backed by extensive evidence—that "[a]t no time is an original, wet signature used to conduct a voter-fraud investigation." Intervenors' Ex. C at 33.

The *Anderson-Burdick* framework also makes clear that Intervenors may not rely upon fraud prevention as a rationale for the Wet Signature Rule without offering a coherent explanation of how the latter serves the former. *Anderson*, 460 U.S. at 789 ("[T]he Court . . . must consider the extent to which [the state's] interests make it necessary to burden the plaintiff's rights."); *Democratic Exec. Comm. of Fla. v. Lee*, 915 F.3d 1312, 1318-19 (11th Cir. 2019) ("[E]ven when a law imposes only a slight burden on the right to vote, relevant and legitimate interests of sufficient weight still must justify that burden."). At most, Intervenors offer reasons for requiring a signature generally, but fall well short of explaining their interest in demanding a *wet* signature when an imaged or electronic version will suffice.

E. Vote.org has statutory "standing."

Intervenors do not dispute Vote.org's Article III standing. Nor could they undisputed evidence shows how Vote.org is harmed by the Rule and how the permanent injunction remedies that harm. Ex. A (Pl.'s App. at 123-25, Hailey Dep. at 108:12-109:11; 114:12-115:11). Instead, Intervenors contend that Vote.org lacks statutory "standing" to sue under § 1983. *See* Mot. at 8-10. That argument is unlikely to prevail because (1) it is contradicted by the weight of precedent and (2) the principles of third party "standing" support permitting Vote.org to assert the rights of third parties.

Intervenors' suggestion that organizations possessing Article III injuries cannot bring § 1983 claims to remedy those harms has been rejected by at least one federal court in Texas and the Eleventh Circuit, as the district court noted. *See Hughs*, 474 F. Supp. at 858-860; *Schwier*, 340 F.3d at 1294-1297. Specifically, organizational "plaintiffs have standing to sue for voting rights violations using [§ 1983] as a vehicle for remedial, not monetary, relief." *Hughs*, 489 F. Supp. 3d at 685 (citing *Ass'n of Am. Physicians & Surgeons, Inc. v. Texas Med. Bd.*, 627 F.3d 547, 551 (5th Cir. 2010)).

Other courts have similarly found that organizations may bring Materiality Provision claims when they "demonstrate standing . . . through an injury to the organizations themselves," as Vote.org has done. *Common Cause v. Thomsen*, No. 19-CV-323-JDP, 2021 WL 5833971, at *2 (W.D. Wis. Dec. 9, 2021); *see also Hughs*, 474 F. Supp. 3d at 859-60; *Anderson v. Ghaly*, No. 15-CV-05120-HSG, 2022 WL 717842, at *8 (N.D. Cal. Mar. 10, 2022). And courts have permitted injured organizations to bring § 1983 claims to enforce other statutes. *E.g.*, *Ass'n of Am. Physicians & Surgeons*, 627 F.3d at 551; *Nnebe v. Daus*, 644 F.3d 147, 156 (2d Cir. 2011) ("[N]othing prevents an organization from bringing a § 1983 suit on its own behalf so long as it can independently satisfy the requirements of Article III standing as enumerated in *Lujan*."); *cf. Mercado Azteca, L.L.C. v. City of Dallas*, No. 3:03-CV-1145-B, 2004 WL 2058791, at *6 (N.D. Tex. Sept. 14, 2004) (holding corporation had "prudential standing to bring a section 1983 claim" because it "alleges to have suffered direct harm as a result of the City's allegedly discriminatory actions...").

Intervenors cite no authority supporting their claim that an organization may not remedy its injuries through a §1983 claim. *McCormack v. NCAA* addressed a claim for damages raised by individuals on behalf of a university and acknowledged that so-called "third parties" may in some cases bring § 1983 claims when they have suffered a cognizable injury—as Vote.org has, 845 F.2d 1338, 1341 (5th Cir. 1988). Similarly, *Coon v. Ledbetter* requires only that a plaintiff show a personal *injury*, which Vote.org has done. 780 F.2d 1158, 1160 (5th Cir. 1986); *see also Danos v. Jones*, 652 F.3d 577, 584 (5th Cir. 2011) (declining to grant declaratory relief where plaintiff "lack[ed] the necessary injury-in-fact"). And *Conn v. Gabbert*, 526 U.S. 286 (1999) involved a plaintiff that failed to show personal injury. *Id.* at 291; *see also Nat'l Fed'n of the Blind of Tex., Inc. v. Abbott*, 647 F.3d 202, 209 (5th Cir. 2011) (addressing Article III injury-in-fact requirement, not statutory "standing"). The district court's conclusion, moreover, finds support in principles of prudential "standing."⁴ *First*, the appropriate inquiry is whether Vote.org falls within the "zone of interests," *Collins v. Mnuchin*, 938 F.3d 553, 575 (5th Cir. 2019), a "lenient" requirement. *Lexmark*, 572 U.S. at 130. It does: Vote.org has been harmed directly by the Rule, and its mission relates to the nature of the challenge. *Cf. Gersman v. Grp. Health Ass'n*, 931 F.2d 1565, 1568 (D.C. Cir. 1991) ("[I]f a corporation can suffer harm from discrimination, it has standing to litigate that harm."), *vacated on other grounds* 502 U.S. 1068 (1992); *White Glove Staffing, Inc. v. Methodist Hosps. of Dall.*, 947 F.3d 301 (5th Cir. 2020) (finding employer within zone of interests of because it was harmed by discrimination against employee).

Second, "third party standing" is permissible where (1) the plaintiff has established an injury in fact, (2) the plaintiff has a "close relation to the third party," and (3) there is "some hindrance to the third party's ability to protect his or her own interests." *Powers v. Ohio*, 499 U.S. 400, 411 (1991).

These conditions are met. Intervenors do not dispute that Vote.org has established injury. *See supra* at 14. And Vote.org has a "close relation" with the voters whose rights have been infringed because their "enjoyment" of the right to

⁴ This assumes, without conceding, that the prudential standing doctrine remains intact. See Lexmark Int'l, Inc. v. Static Control Components, 572 U.S. 118, 128 (2014); see Excel Willowbrook, L.L.C. v. JP Morgan Chase Bank, Nat'l Ass'n, 758 F.3d 592, 603 n.34 (5th Cir. 2014).

vote is inextricable from Vote.org's platform. *Singleton v. Wulff*, 428 U.S. 106, 114 (1976). For that reason, Vote.org is "fully, or very nearly, as effective a proponent of the right" as the voters affected. *Id.* at 114.

Finally, there is "some hindrance" to the ability of voters to bring suit. *Powers*, 499 U.S. at 411. Injured voters who can overcome the barriers imposed by the Wet Signature Rule may encounter a challenge to their standing once registered despite being burdened by the law. *See Lee*, 915 F.3d at 1318-19. That would require unregistered individuals to potentially forego their right to vote to prosecute unlawful restrictions in the registration process. Moreover, there are substantial "practical barriers to suit" such as "the small financial stake involved and the economic burdens of litigation," such that few individuals impacted by the law would have the resources necessary to "set in motion the arduous process needed to vindicate his or her own rights." *Powers*, 499 U.S. at 415. Vote.org's constitutional and statutory claims are properly before the Court.

II. Intervenors fail to present a substantial case on the merits.

In a "limited subset of cases," a movant may obtain a stay by "present[ing] a substantial case on the merits." *Tex. Democratic Party v. Abbott*, 961 F.3d 389, 397 (5th Cir. 2020) ("*TDP I*") (quoting *Arnold v. Garlock, Inc.*, 278 F.3d 426, 439 (5th Cir. 2001)). To cross this threshold, the movant must show that "(1) 'a *serious legal question* is involved' and (2) 'the balance of the equities weighs *heavily* in favor of

granting the stay."" *Id.* (emphasis in original). This case does not fall within this "limited" subset of cases warranting a stay.

While the Wet Signature Rule implicates the constitutional right to vote, Intervenors have failed to show that this appeal involves a serious legal question. See ODonnell v. Harris County, 260 F. Supp. 3d 810, 818 (S.D. Tex. 2017) (noting that "merely stating the importance of the issues" is insufficient to present a substantial case on the merits). As explained, county registrars tasked with reviewing voter registration applications acknowledged that whether a signature is "wet" or "original" plays no role in determining applicants' qualifications; the registrars make no effort to distinguish between wet or imaged signatures, see Ex. A (Pl.'s App. at 111, 154, 166, Garza Dep. at 107:17-108:1; Ingram Dep. at 192:12-22; Pendley Dep. at 69:2-18, 71:18-72:2). There is no legal question—never mind a serious one—that the Wet Signature Rule is immaterial to voter qualifications, and that the burden it imposes on voters is unjustified by a sufficient state interest. Intervenors do not present a substantial case on the merits warranting disruption of the ordinary appellate review process. And even if they did, the balance of equities does not weigh heavily in their favor.

III. The remaining equitable factors counsel against a stay.

The balance of equities disfavors a stay of the injunction. Intervenors will not be harmed absent a stay because they have no interest in enforcing an unconstitutional law—particularly one that furthers no plausible state interest. *See Abbott v. Perez*, 138 S. Ct. 2305, 2324 (2018) (state is not harmed by injunction when "statute is unconstitutional").

While Intervenors argue that the injunction disrupts the State's interest in "clear and uniform" laws, Mot. at 17-18, any alleged harm to the State caused by dis-uniformity in enforcement is speculative and self-inflicted. The district court declared that the Wet Signature Rule is unconstitutional and violates federal law, and the Secretary of State has the authority (and obligation) to obtain uniformity in the application, operation, and interpretation of the Election Code by issuing guidance to local authorities in light of the court's order. *See* Tex. Elec. Code § 31.003. The State is not entitled to a stay simply because its election officials insist upon enforcement of an unconstitutional law or refuse to use the tools at their disposal to prevent the purported "[h]aphazard enforcement" the Attorney General complains of.

Granting a stay, moreover, will harm Vote.org and the individuals it serves by permitting Defendants and Intervenors to continue enforcing an unconstitutional law that, in turn, requires voters to jump through unnecessary hoops to register, and Vote.org to continue diverting resources. Intervenors Ex. C at 27-28; Ex. A (Pl.'s App. at 130, Hailey Dep. at 258:17-260:13). "A restriction on the fundamental right to vote . . . constitutes irreparable injury." *See Mich. State A. Philip Randolph Inst.*

v. Johnson, 833 F.3d 656, 669 (6th Cir.), *stay denied* 579 U.S. 967 (2016); *cf. Middleton-Keirn v. Stone*, 655 F.2d 609, 611 (5th Cir. 1981) (concluding "irreparable injury should be presumed from the very fact that the statute has been violated" in civil rights context) (quoting *United States v. Hayes Int'l Corp.*, 415 F.2d 1038 (5th Cir. 1969)).

Finally, the public interest weighs strongly against a stay of the Court's order enjoining the unconstitutional and illegal Rule because "[i]njunctions protecting constitutional freedoms are always in the public interest." Intervenors' Ex. C at 35; *see also Texans for Free Enter. v. Tex. Ethics Comm. n*, 732 F.3d 535, 539 (5th Cir. 2013). A stay would ensure the continued enforcement of an unlawful requirement that even Defendants have recognized is meaningless. As such, the public interest weighs heavily against granting Intervenors' motion.

CONCLUSION

For the reasons above, Intervenors' motion should be denied.

Dated: June 29, 2022

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Uzoma N. Nkwonta

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CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

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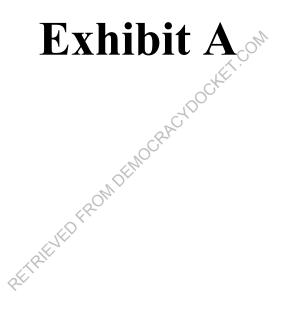
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> <u>/s/ Uzoma N. Nkwonta</u> Uzoma N. Nkwonta

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on June 29, 2022, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court for the United States Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit by using the CM/ECF system. I certify that counsel for the Intervenor-Defendant-Appellants are registered CM/ECF users and that service will be accomplished by the CM/ECF system.

> <u>/s/ Uzoma N. Nkwonta</u> Uzoma N. Nkwonta



UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION

| VOTE.ORG, | Civil Action |
|--|------------------------------|
| Plaintiff, | |
| V. | |
| JACQUELYN CALLANEN, in her official capacity as the Bexar County Elections Administrator; BRUCE ELFANT, in his official | Case No. 5:21-cv-649-JKP-HJB |
| capacity as the Travis County Tax Assessor- Collector; REMI GARZA, in his official capacity as the Cameron County Elections Administrator; MICHAEL SCARPELLO, in his official capacity | |
| as the Dallas County Elections Administrator, | ACTO CKET. COM |
| Defendants, | DOCIC |
| and | |
| KEN PAXTON, in his official capacity as Attorney General of Texas, LUPE TORRES, in his official capacity as Medina County Elections Administrator; TERRIE PENDLEY, in her official capacity as Real County Tax Assessor-Collector, | |
| Intervenor-Defendants. | |

APPENDIX TO PLAINTIFF VOTE.ORG'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

Pursuant to Local Rule CV-7(c)(1), Plaintiff Vote.org submits this Appendix to its

Motion for Summary Judgment, filed contemporaneously herewith.

Dated: April 8, 2022

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Uzoma N. Nkwonta

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION

VOTE.ORG,

Plaintiff,

v.

JACQUELYN CALLANEN, in her official capacity as the Bexar County Elections Administrator; BRUCE ELFANT, in his official capacity as the Travis County Tax Assessor-Collector; REMI GARZA, in his official capacity as the Cameron County Elections Administrator; MICHAEL SCARPELLO, in his official capacity as the Dallas County Elections Administrator,

Defendants.

Civil Action

Case No. ____5:21-cv-649

Related to *Stringer, et al. v. Hughs, et al.*, No. 5:20-cv-00046-OLG

COMPLAINT FOR DECLARATORY AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

52 U.S.C. § 10101 and the First and Fourteenth Amendments to the U.S. Constitution

Plaintiff VOTE.ORG, by and through its undersigned counsel, files this COMPLAINT for DECLARATORY and INJUNCTIVE RELIEF against Defendants JACQUELYN CALLANEN, in her official capacity as the Bexar County Elections Administrator, BRUCE ELFANT, in his official capacity as the Travis County Tax Assessor-Collector, REMI GARZA, in his official capacity as the Cameron County Elections Administrator, and MICHAEL SCARPELLO, in his official capacity as the Dallas County Elections Administrator, and alleges as follows:

NATURE OF CASE

1. Registering to vote in Texas is a cumbersome process, and intentionally so. Despite a concerted effort to modernize election procedures, when it comes to voter registration—and, for that matter, other procedures that expand access to the franchise—Texas continues to embrace and reinforce antiquated rules that serve no purpose other than to make voting harder. For instance, Texas does not provide online registration, and for years the Secretary of State (the "Secretary")

ignored federal laws that require the State to allow voters to simultaneously update their driver's licenses and voter registration information.

2. This lawsuit challenges yet another outdated and unlawful voter registration rule. Under Texas law, voters must sign their registration applications with original, *wet* signatures (the "Wet Signature Rule")—a perplexing requirement given that the method by which a voter enters their signature has absolutely nothing to do with their eligibility to register.

3. In 2018, this antiquated rule resulted in the rejection of voter registration applications signed using a web application developed by Plaintiff Vote.org, simply because the applications were signed with imaged rather than wet signatures. Indeed, five days before the voter registration deadline for the 2018 midterm election, then Secretary of State Roland Pablos instructed county registrars to reject all registration applications prepared using the e-signature function of Plaintiff's web application, claiming that the registration applications were incomplete because they lacked original, wet signatures.

4. During the 2021 legislative session—mere months after Texas officials sought to overturn the 2020 presidential election results and disenfranchise millions of voters in *other states*, and on the heels of an election that the State's elections administrators described as safe and secure—the Texas Legislature codified the Wet Signature Rule through House Bill 3107 ("HB 3107"). *See* HB 3107, 87th Leg., Reg. Sess. (Tex. 2021).

5. HB 3107 provides that in order "[f]or a registration application submitted by telephonic facsimile machine to be effective, a copy of the *original* registration application

¹ The rule announced by Secretary Pablos was the subject of a lawsuit filed by the Texas Democratic Party, DSCC, and DCCC against the Secretary on January 6, 2020. *See* Compl. for Declaratory & Injunctive Relief, *Tex. Democratic Party v. Hughs*, No. 5:20-cv-00008-OLG (W.D. Tex. Jan. 6, 2020), ECF No. 1. That lawsuit was dismissed following the Fifth Circuit's determination that the claims against the Secretary were barred by sovereign immunity.

containing the voter's original signature must be submitted." *Id.* § 14 (amending Tex. Elec. Code § 13.143(d-2)). In other words, a voter cannot complete their registration form electronically, nor can they use an imaged signature; instead, the voter must provide a copy of their registration application with a wet-ink signature affixed.

6. For a bill that makes various upgrades to the Election Code—including allowing documents to be filed via e-mail, *see id.* § 1 (amending Tex. Elec. Code § 1.007(c))—the Wet Signature Rule is a conspicuous addition. It contradicts the State's longstanding recognition that electronic signatures carry the force of law, *see*, *e.g.*, Tex. Bus. & Com. Code § 322.007(d) ("If a law requires a signature, an electronic signature satisfies the law.") and is irreconcilable with the State's ongoing practice of accepting electronic or imaged signatures on voter registration applications submitted through state agencies.

7. Voters who renew their licenses or change their addresses through the Texas Department of Public Safety ("DPS"), for instance, can enter their signatures on electronic keypads; these signatures are then stored electronically, allowing DPS officials to piece together a voter registration application by combining the personal information populated on the renewal or change of address form with the voter's signature from the electronic file. This information, once compiled, becomes the voter's registration application and is approved if the applicant meets the eligibility requirements.

8. Thus, even with the Wet Signature Rule enshrined in the Election Code, thousands of Texans will continue to register at state agencies with imaged or electronic signatures, which undermines any suggestion that the Wet Signature Rule is somehow essential to protecting election integrity.

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9. Instead, the Wet Signature Rule—from its inception at the Secretary's whim shortly before the 2018 midterm election to its codification through HB 3107—is an assault on innovative methods of expanding voter participation like the e-signature function of Plaintiff's web application.

10. The ability to complete and sign registration applications electronically is critical to ensure that voters with limited access to printers or mailing facilities, or who otherwise need assistance to register to vote, have meaningful opportunities to do so. The Wet Signature Rule imposes unnecessary roadblocks that are not only hopelessly out of step with other provisions of Texas law, but also create undue burdens for voters and the organizations that help them register, all while failing to advance any sufficiently weighty state interest that could justify such restrictions.

11. Accordingly, the Wet Signature Rule violates the U.S. Constitution and the federal Civil Rights Act by selectively targeting and burdening private organizations' efforts to increase voter turnout, and by imposing an arbitrary barrier to registration that has already denied many Texans the opportunity to vote for reasons entirely unrelated to their eligibility. For these reasons and those stated below, Plaintiff requests that the Court declare that the Wet Signature Rule violates the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and the First and Fourteenth Amendments to the U.S. Constitution, and enjoin Defendants from enforcing the Wet Signature Rule.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

12. Plaintiff brings this action under 52 U.S.C. § 10101 and 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983 and 1988 to redress the deprivation, under color of state law, of rights secured by the federal Civil Rights Act and the U.S. Constitution.

13. This Court has original jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action under 28U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1343 because the matters in controversy arise under the Constitution and laws

of the United States and involve the assertion of deprivation, under color of state law, of rights under the U.S. Constitution and federal law.

14. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants, who are sued in their official capacities.

15. Venue is proper in this Court under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) because a substantial part of the events that give rise to Plaintiff's claims occurred and will occur in this judicial district.

16. This Court has the authority to enter declaratory judgment and provide injunctive relief under Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 57 and 65 and 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202.

PARTIES

17. Plaintiff Vote.org is the largest 501(c)(3) nonprofit, nonpartisan voter registration and get-out-the-vote ("GOTV") technology platform in the country. Vote.org uses technology to simplify political engagement, increase voter turnout, and strengthen American democracy. Vote.org works extensively to support low-propensity voters, including racial and ethnic minorities and younger voters who tend to have lower voter-turnout rates. In total, Vote.org has registered more than 6.7 million new voters and verified more than 16 million voters' registration statuses. Since 2012, it has helped over 776,000 Texans register to vote and 1.9 million Texans verify their registration statuses.

18. In preparation for the 2018 elections, Vote.org invested significant resources in developing and launching a web application that helped Texans complete their voter registration forms, just as it had done successfully in Alaska, Colorado, the District of Columbia, Kansas, and South Carolina. The e-signature function of Vote.org's web application allowed potential registrants in Bexar, Cameron, Dallas, and Travis Counties to enter information into a virtual voter registration application; sign the form by uploading an image of their signature into the web application; review their signed voter registration application; fax the completed application to

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their county registrar; and generate a hard copy to be mailed to the county registrar, as required by Texas law.

19. Between late September and early October of 2018, more than 2,400 voters in Texas used Vote.org's web application, including the e-signature function, to complete their voter registration applications. Just five days before the registration deadline, Secretary Pablos called the validity of those 2,400 voter registrations into question. He claimed, without any basis in the law, that registration forms prepared using Vote.org's web application were invalid because they did not contain original, wet signatures. His announcement—and the decision of Texas counties to abide by it—effectively ended Vote.org's use of the e-signature function included in its voter registration web application.

20. Section 14 of HB 3107—the Wet Signature Rule—is simply a codification of the rule that Secretary Pablos devised in 2018. It continues to prevent Vote.org from making full use of one of its most effective tools: the e-signature function of its voter registration web application. No longer able to use features of its web application that it created specifically for Texas, Vote.org has been forced to divert resources from its general, nationwide operations—as well as its specific programs in other states—to redesign its Texas voter registration and GOTV programs and utilize more expensive (and less effective) means of achieving its voter registration goals in the State.

21. Defendant Jaquelyn Callanen is sued in her official capacity as the Bexar County Elections Administrator. In this capacity, she serves as the voter registrar for Bexar County and oversees its voter registration activities. *See* Tex. Elec. Code §§ 12.001, 13.004. 13.071–13.072, 15.022. This includes "review[ing] each submitted application for registration to determine whether it complies with Section 13.002" of the Election Code. *Id.* § 13.071; *see also id.* § 13.002

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(enumerating registration application requirements). The Bexar County Elections Administrator is sued for the manner in which she enforces the Wet Signature Rule.

22. Defendant Bruce Elfant is sued in his official capacity as the Travis County Tax Assessor-Collector. In this capacity, he serves as the voter registrar for Travis County and oversees its voter registration activities. *See id.* §§ 12.001, 13.004. 13.071–13.072, 15.022. This includes "review[ing] each submitted application for registration to determine whether it complies with Section 13.002" of the Election Code. *Id.* § 13.071; *see also id.* § 13.002 (enumerating registration application requirements). The Travis County Tax Assessor-Collector is sued for the manner in which he enforces the Wet Signature Rule.

23. Defendant Remi Garza is sued in his official capacity as the Cameron County Elections Administrator. In this capacity, he serves as the voter registrar for Cameron County and oversees its voter registration activities. *See id.* §§ 12.001, 13.004. 13.071–13.072, 15.022. This includes "review[ing] each submitted application for registration to determine whether it complies with Section 13.002" of the Election Code. *Id.* § 13.071; *see also id.* § 13.002 (enumerating registration application requirements). The Cameron County Elections Administrator is sued for the manner in which he enforces the Wet Signature Rule.

24. Defendant Michael Scarpello is sued in his official capacity as the Dallas County Elections Administrator. In this capacity, he serves as the voter registrar for Dallas County and oversees its voter registration activities. *See id.* §§ 12.001, 13.004. 13.071–13.072, 15.022. This includes "review[ing] each submitted application for registration to determine whether it complies with Section 13.002" of the Election Code. *Id.* § 13.071; *see also id.* § 13.002 (enumerating registration application requirements). The Dallas County Elections Administrator is sued for the manner in which he enforces the Wet Signature Rule.

STATEMENT OF FACTS AND LAW

25. Texas law provides several avenues through which eligible citizens may submit their voter registration applications to their county registrars: by personal delivery, mail, or fax. *See id.* § 13.002(a).

26. Prior to the enactment of the Wet Signature Rule, none of these options required a wet signature on a voter's registration application. Although a voter who chose to register by fax was required to mail a copy of the application to their registrar, the previous version of Section 13.143(d-2) did not require that the copy include an original, wet signature.

27. In 2018, Plaintiff deployed a web application to assist voters with completing their registration forms. As discussed above, five days before the registration deadline, Secretary Pablos indicated that any applications signed using Plaintiff's web application were invalid because every registration required an original, wet signature. A spokesperson for Secretary Pablos went so far as to declare that use of the web application's e-signature function to prepare voter registration applications was "illegal."

28. Secretary Pablos's announcement created confusion among Texas counties and voters, who were forced to reconcile the inherent conflict between the registration laws and the newly announced rule.

29. For example, the day after Secretary Pablos announced the Wet Signature Rule, the Travis County Tax Assessor-Collector said that he would process and accept registration applications without wet signatures despite the new rule. According to his legal counsel, state law allowed for copies of voter registration forms to be submitted without wet signatures. The next day, the Travis County Tax Assessor-Collector reversed course and claimed that between 400 and 500 applications submitted without wet signatures would be rejected. He also acknowledged that not all affected voters would be able to resubmit their applications and register before the deadline.

After much confusion and multiple conversations between county officials and Secretary Pablos, the Travis County Tax Assessor-Collector decided that he would accept the applications given the limited time remaining before the deadline, but would follow the new rule moving forward and reject any future applications without wet signatures.

30. In addition to its problematic inception, the Wet Signature Rule contradicts wellestablished federal and state laws that recognize the validity of electronic and other non-ink signatures.

31. For example, the Texas Administrative Code authorizes election officials to capture voters' signatures using electronic devices for election day signature rosters, and specifically defines "Electronic Signature" as "a digitized image of a hardwritten signature." 1 Tex. Admin. Code § 81.58(a)–(b). The Texas Business and Commerce Code recognizes that a signature "may not be denied legal effect . . . solely because it is in electronic form" and expressly states that "[i]f a law requires a signature, an electronic signature satisfies the law." Tex. Bus. & Com. Code § 322.007(a), (d). And if a person completes a voter registration application through DPS, the agency must "inform the applicant that the applicant's electronic signature provided to the department will be used for submitting the applicant's voter registration application." Tex. Elec. Code § 20.066(a)(2).

32. The processing of voter registration applications through DPS underscores that the Wet Signature Rule serves no useful or justifiable purpose. DPS employs a system that, like Plaintiff's web application, allows voters to sign voter registration applications using electronically captured signatures. When an applicant interacts with DPS—whether by applying for or renewing a driver's license or changing their address—they complete the relevant DPS forms and sign an electronic keypad. The electronic keypad is just that: it is not a physical, paper form but rather a

separate electronic device with a space for an applicant to sign. DPS then captures and electronically stores the signatures entered into the keypad. *See Stringer v. Pablos*, 320 F. Supp. 3d 862, 872–74 (W.D. Tex. 2018), *rev'd and remanded on other grounds sub nom. Stringer v. Whitley*, 942 F.3d 715 (5th Cir. 2019).

33. DPS reviews its own forms and selects information relevant to voter registration and then combines this information with the electronically stored signatures to create separate voter registration applications, which it then submits electronically to the Secretary's office. The Secretary then transmits the information to local registrars to complete the registration process. *See id.* at 872–73.

34. DPS applicants do not review or complete this voter registration application, nor do they ever physically sign the application form. *See id.* And DPS acknowledged in previous litigation that the information it transmits to the Secretary's office includes only a "digital image" of the applicant's signature taken from DPS forms. App. to Pls.' Mot. for Summ. J. at 117, *Stringer v. Pablos*, No. 5:16-cv-00257-OLG (W.D. Tex. June 30, 2017), ECF No. 77-1. An applicant's wet-ink signature on DPS's physical forms is not used for any purpose in the voter registration process. *Id.* at 39; *see also Stringer*, 320 F. Supp. 3d at 873.

35. In short, the inconsistency between DPS's practices and the Wet Signature Rule for faxed and mailed registration applications demonstrates that the latter serves no legitimate governmental interest—let alone an interest sufficiently weighty to justify the added burdens on voting—and is entirely unrelated to any determination of an individual's eligibility to register to vote.

36. For some eligible Texans, the burdens caused by the Wet Signature Rule will be insurmountable. In order to register under the Wet Signature Rule, a voter needs access to a printer

to print and sign an application. If the voter lacks access to a printer, then they must wait for local officials or another third party to provide a physical copy of the form for them to sign. For many voters—such as those whose local officials choose not to distribute applications, who do not have access to registrar's offices due to lack of transportation, or who live in rural areas outside the reach of third-party organizations—these options are insufficient and create unnecessary barriers to the franchise.

CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

COUNT I

52 U.S.C. § 10101; 42 U.S.C. § 1983 Violation of Section 1971 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 Against All Defendants

37. Plaintiff realleges and reincorporates by reference all prior paragraphs of this

Complaint and the paragraphs in the count below as though fully set forth herein.

38. Section 1971 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 provides that

[n]o person acting under color of law shall . . . deny the right of any individual to vote in any election because of an error or omission on any record or paper relating to any application, registration, or other act requisite to voting, if such error or omission is not material in determining whether such individual is qualified under State law to vote in such election.

52 U.S.C. § 10101(a)(2).

39. The Wet Signature Rule is immaterial to determining whether an elector is qualified to vote in Texas. In prior litigation involving the State's voter registration procedures, the Secretary's office admitted that "it never uses physical, manual, or wet ink handwritten signatures on paper for voter registration purposes." *Stringer*, 320 F. Supp. 3d at 899. DPS utilizes electronic signatures for voter registration purposes. And Texas expressly permits election officials to collect electronic signatures for election day signature rosters.

40. Defendants' enforcement of the Wet Signature Rule will deprive Texans including the voters that Plaintiff helps register—of the constitutional right to vote, as well as the rights secured to them by Section 1971 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.

COUNT II

U.S. Const. Amends. I, XIV; 42 U.S.C. § 1983 Undue Burden on the Right to Vote Against all Defendants

41. Plaintiff realleges and reincorporates by reference all prior paragraphs of this Complaint and the paragraphs below as though fully set forth herein.

42. Under the First and Fourteenth Amendments to the U.S. Constitution, a state cannot utilize election practices that unduly burden the right to vote.

43. When addressing a challenge to a state election practice, a court balances the character and magnitude of the burden that the challenged practice imposes on any First and Fourteenth Amendment rights the plaintiff seeks to vindicate against the justifications offered by the state in support of the challenged law. *See Burdick v. Takushi*, 504 U.S. 428, 434 (1992); *Anderson v. Celebrezze*, 460 U.S. 780, 789 (1983).

44. "However slight th[e] burden may appear . . . it must be justified by relevant and legitimate state interests 'sufficiently weighty to justify the limitation." *Crawford v. Marion Cnty. Election Bd.*, 553 U.S. 181, 191 (2008) (controlling op.) (quoting *Norman v. Reed*, 502 U.S. 279, 288–89 (1992)).

45. The Wet Signature Rule imposes yet another logistical hurdle that eligible Texans must navigate to exercise their most fundamental right. In order to register, a voter must have access to a printer (to print and sign their applications form) or wait for their local officials or another third party to provide a physical copy of the form for them to sign—and then must mail their original application form to their county registrar.

46. These additional procedural hurdles imposed by the Wet Signature Rule cannot be justified by any legitimate state interest. Texas statutes already recognize electronic signatures as legally binding. *See Stringer*, 320 F. Supp. 3d at 895–96. And election officials are not expected to, and typically do not, analyze or compare signatures on voter registration applications. *See id.* at 874.

47. The Wet Signature Rule thus furthers no legitimate governmental interest. Consequently, the burden it imposes on voters—including the voters that Plaintiff helps register violates the First and Fourteenth Amendments to the U.S. Constitution.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that this Court enter judgment:

- a. Declaring that the Wet Signature Rule, as it appears in Section 14 of HB 3107 (amending Texas Election Code § 13:143(d-2)), and any other provisions requiring a voter to sign an application form with an original, wet signature in order to register to vote, violate Section 1971 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and the First and Fourteenth Amendments to the U.S. Constitution;
- b. Preliminarily and permanently enjoining Defendants, their respective agents, officers, employees, and successors, and all persons acting in concert with each or any of them, from implementing, enforcing, or giving any effect to the Wet Signature Rule;
- c. Awarding Plaintiff its costs, disbursements, and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred in bringing this action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1988 and other applicable laws; and
- d. Granting such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Dated: July 8, 2021.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ John R. Hardin

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Counsel for Plaintiff

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INTRODUCTION

Plaintiff Vote.org, an internet company promoting a smartphone app meant to process voter registration applications, asks the Court to enjoin recently enacted legislation in Texas clarifying when an original signature is required on a voter's application. House Bill 3107 (HB 3107) allows voters to submit a registration application through telephonic facsimile machine. *See* Tex. Elec. Code § 13.143(d-2). The new legislation clarifies that the registration is effective when the voter mails the original application form with the original signature. *See id.* Defendant-Intervenor Ken Paxton, in his official capacity as Attorney General of Texas (OAG), files this Motion to Dismiss and for Judgment on the Pleadings to defend the constitutionality of this duly enacted legislation from Plaintiff's jurisdictionally flawed attack. Plaintiff cannot establish standing to maintain this suit—it has no personal stake in the exercise of the franchise and it can allege no unconstitutional harm stemming from the County Defendants¹ enforcement of HB 3107.

Moreover, each of Plaintiff's claims fails individually. Plaintiff cannot prevail on Count I because it does not have a private cause of action and because it does not allege that HB 3107 was racially motivated. Count II should be dismissed because HB 3107 is constitutional. It imposes, at most, a minimal burden on voters but advances weighty state interests in protecting the franchise. Additionally, while the law and our Constitution protect the rights of voters to register and cast a ballot, these guarantees do not afford Plaintiff's organization a right to suspend the signature requirement so that it may use its preferred technology in facilitating the registration of others.

For the reasons explained below, OAG respectfully requests that the Court dismiss Plaintiff's claims. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(b)(1), (c).

¹ For the sake of brevity, this term will refer collectively to County Defendants Jacquelyn Callanen, in her official capacity as the Bexar County Elections Administrator; Bruce Elfant, in his official capacity as the Travis County Tax Assessor-Collector; Remi Garza, in his official capacity as the Cameron County Elections Administrator; and Michael Scarpello, in his official capacity as the Dallas County Elections Administrator.

ARGUMENT

I. Legal Standard

A. Rule 12(b)(1)

Federal Rule of Procedure 12(b)(1) governs motions to dismiss for lack of subject-matter jurisdiction. Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(b)(1). When the court lacks the statutory or constitutional power to adjudicate a claim, the claim is properly dismissed for lack of subject-matter jurisdiction. *Hooks v. Landmark Indus., Inc.,* 797 F.3d 309, 312 (5th Cir. 2015). The party asserting jurisdiction bears the burden of proving jurisdiction exists. *Exelon Wind 1, L.L.C. v. Nelson,* 766 F.3d 380, 388 (5th Cir. 2014). If there is no subject-matter jurisdiction, the claim must be dismissed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(h)(3); *see also Home Builders Ass'n, Inc. v. City of Madison,* 143 F.3d 1006, 1010 (5th Cir. 1998).

B. Rule 12(c)

Federal Rule of Procedure 12(c) allows a party to "move for judgment on the pleadings." Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(c). A court may hear a party's motion for judgment on the pleadings after the pleadings are closed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(c). The standard for deciding a Rule 12(c) motion is the same as the standard for evaluating a Rule 12(b)(6) motion to dismiss for failure to state a claim. *Vanderbrook v. Unitrin Preferred Ins. Co.*, 495 F. 3d 191, 205 (5th Cir. 2007); *Martin v. City of Jersey Village*, No. 4:10-CV-2070, 2010 WL 5092811, at *1 (S.D. Tex. Dec. 7, 2010).

When considering a Rule 12(b)(6) motion to dismiss, a court must "accept the complaint's well-pleaded facts as true and view them in the light most favorable to the plaintiff." *Johnson v. Johnson*, 385 F.3d 503, 529 (5th Cir. 2004). "To survive a Rule 12(b)(6) motion to dismiss, a complaint 'does not need detailed factual allegations,' but must provide the plaintiff's grounds for entitlement to relief—including factual allegations that when assumed to be true 'raise a right to relief above the speculative level." *Cuvillier v. Taylor*, 503 F.3d 397, 401 (5th Cir. 2007) (citing *Bell Atl. Corp. v. Twombly*, 550 U.S. 544, 555 (2007)). That is, "a complaint must contain sufficient factual matter,

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accepted as true, to 'state a claim to relief that is plausible on its face." *Ashcroft v. Iqbal*, 556 U.S. 662, 678 (2009) (quoting *Twombly*, 550 U.S. at 570).

II. Plaintiff does not have Article III standing as to any defendant.

Plaintiff cannot establish standing to sue any defendant because it is a corporate party whose personal voting rights are not at stake and because a court order that affects only a limited slate of County Defendants will not redress a statewide harm. Because Plaintiff seeks prospective relief, it must establish an "imminent" future injury. *Lujan v. Defs. of Wildlife*, 504 U.S. 555, 564 (1992). The Supreme Court has "repeatedly reiterated that threatened injury must be *certainly impending* to constitute injury in fact." *Clapper v. Amnesty Int'l USA*, 568 U.S. 398, 409 (2013) (quotation omitted). Allegations of "an imminent injury" must be "[p]laintiff-specific." *Stringer v. Writley*, 942 F.3d 715, 722 (5th Cir. 2019). "[F]uture injury to others is irrelevant; plaintiffs seeking injunctive relief must show a continuing or threatened future injury to themselves." *Id.* at 721.

The fundamental flaw in Plaintiff's suit is that it depends on an allegation that the constitutional rights of third parties not before the Court are violated. "A claim of injury generally is too conjectural or hypothetical to conter standing when the injury's existence depends on the decisions of third parties not before the court." *Little v. KPMG LLP*, 575 F.3d 533, 540 (5th Cir. 2009). Plaintiff's theory of standing depends on speculation because it presupposes, without corroboration, that a voter in Texas will attempt to use Plaintiff's mobile phone app rather than visit a local governmental office, mail in a voter registration form, or register at the time of driver-license renewal, and that voters reside in areas where these alternatives are not easily available. *See* ECF 1 ¶ 18; *Little*, 575 F.3d at 540. This level of speculation is not enough to confer standing.

A. Plaintiff does not have organizational standing because it is not injured.

An organization lacks organizational standing unless it satisfies the same Article III requirements applicable to individuals: injury in fact, causation, and redressability. See NAACP v. City

of Kyle, 626 F.3d 233, 237 (5th Cir. 2010) (citing *Lujan*, 504 U.S. at 560–61). In an appropriate case, an organization can establish an injury in fact by showing that the challenged law conflicts with the organization's mission and "perceptibly impair[s]" its activities. *Havens Realty Corp. v. Coleman*, 455 U.S. 363, 379 (1982).

If an organization avoids the impairment of its activities by spending additional resources to combat the effects of the challenged law, then the "drain on the organization's resources" may constitute an injury in fact. *Id.; see City of Kyle*, 626 F.3d at 238. But if the alleged effect of the challenged law on the plaintiff's activities would not qualify as an injury in fact, the plaintiff's reaction to the challenged law cannot qualify either. *See Elec. Privacy Info. Ctr. v. Presidential Advisory Comm'n on Election Integrity*, 878 F.3d 371, 379 (D.C. Cir. 2017) ("[A]ny resources [the organizational plaintiff] used to counteract the lack of a privacy impact assessment—an assessment in which it has no cognizable interest—were a self-inflicted budgetary choice that cannot qualify as an injury in fact." (quotation omitted)). That is because a plaintiff "cannot manufacture standing by choosing to make expenditures based on" an alleged harm that does not itself qualify as an injury in fact. *Clapper*, 568 U.S. at 402.

Here, Plaintiff fails on both theories. It has not plausibly alleged that HB 3107 causes a cognizable injury in fact. And the reactions to HB 3107 do not qualify either.

1. Plaintiff has not plausibly alleged impairment of its activities or direct conflict with its mission.

To establish standing under an impairment theory, Plaintiff must plausibly allege both that HB 3107 makes its "*activities* more difficult" and that there is "a direct conflict between the defendant's conduct and the organization's *mission.*" *Nat'l Treasury Emps. Union v. United States*, 101 F.3d 1423, 1430 (D.C. Cir. 1996); *see also id.* at 1429 (requiring that the "action challenged" be "at loggerheads with the [plaintiff's] stated mission"). Plaintiff has not done so here. As a result, "it is entirely speculative whether the defendant's conduct is impeding the organization's activities." *Id.* at 1430.

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Plaintiff does not allege that HB 3107 prohibits its activities. Nor could it. The statute does not prohibit working to assist voters in the registration process or "support[ing] low-propensity voters." ECF 1 ¶ 17. The Complaint admits that voters can register if they have a printer or if they retrieve an application from their local government officials; the voter can then either hand deliver their application or mail it to the local registrar. *See id.* ¶¶ 36, 45. Contrary to Plaintiff's assertions, common sense suggests a voter need not wait for an election official to personally deliver the voter a registration application if the voter lacks a printer. *See id.* ¶ 36. Plaintiff offers no reasons for why it cannot direct its outreach programs to facilitating these mechanisms in a way that complies with state law, but merely makes ungrounded assertions that it should be entitled to utilize any technology it wants in registering voters. *See id.* ¶¶ 18–20.

Recognizing this, Plaintiff instead relies on the contention that HB 3107 "prevent[s] Vote.org from making **full use** of one of its most effective tools, the e-signature function of its voter registration web application." ECF 1 ¶ 20 (emphasis added); accord id. ¶¶ 18, 19. But there is no "direct conflict" between HB 3107 and Plaintiff's mission. *Nat'l Treasury Emps. Union*, 101 F.3d at 1430.

In National Treasury Employees Union, a public-sector union wanted to challenge the Line Item Veto Act. Id. But the union's "mission [wa]s to obtain improved worker conditions—a mission not necessarily inconsistent with the Line Item Veto Act." Id. Thus, the union rested its standing on the possibility the President would use his line-item veto authority to affect benefits for government workers. The court found no standing: "For a myriad of reasons, a given President may be disinclined to exercise the item veto power as to government employee benefits." Id. Such a speculative possibility could not be an injury in fact. See Clapper, 568 U.S. at 409.

The same is true here. HB 3107 is not in "direct conflict" with Plaintiff's mission of voter outreach. Plaintiff does not allege that any of the voters it assists are unable to register. Indeed, Plaintiff conspicuously fails to allege that HB 3107 will cause it to be unable to help any prospective Texas

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voter to register. Thus, Plaintiff cannot establish that the statute impairs its organizational activities or directly conflicts with its mission.

2. Plaintiff cannot establish standing based on diversion of resources.

Plaintiff cannot claim standing based on a diversion of resources. ECF 1 ¶ 17–20, 26–27, 36. "Not every diversion of resources to counteract the defendant's conduct . . . establishes an injury in fact." *City of Kyle*, at 626 F.3d at 238. The Fifth Circuit explained in *City of Kyle* that a redirection of resources involving litigation or legal counseling in response to the need to comply with the law is not necessarily sufficient to establish an injury in fact and, therefore, standing. *Id.* (citing *La. ACORN Fair Housing v. LeBlanc*, 211 F.3d 298, 305 (5th Cir. 2000); *Ass'n for Retarded Citizens of Dall. v. Dall. Cty. Mental Health & Mental Retardation Ctr. Bd. of Trs.*, 19 F.3d 241, 244 (5th Cir. 1994)). Showing that an organization has suffered a "drain on resources" is sufficient to establish standing when an organization's staff has "stopped everything else" in order to "counter defendant's conduct." *ACORN*, 211 F.3d at 305 (quoting *Alexander v. Kiga*, 208 F.3d 419, 427 (3rd Cir. 2000)).

Plaintiff's allegation that it could not make "full use" of an e-signature registration tool that it "invested significant resources in developing and launching" does not establish an injury in fact under these principles. ECF 1 ¶ 18; *see City of Kyle*, at 626 F.3d at 238. First, the tangential impact HB 3107 is alleged to have on Plaintiff does not rise to the level of a "drain on resources" the Fifth Circuit has articulated is necessary to establish organizational standing. ECF 1 ¶ 20 (stating that Plaintiff cannot make "full use" of the registration tool, which leads to use of "more expensive (and less effective) means of achieving its voter registration goals in the State."); *see City of Kyle*, at 626 F.3d at 238. Second, Plaintiff has "not identified any specific projects that [it] had to put on hold or otherwise curtail in order to respond to" HB 3107. *See City of Kyle*, 626 F.3d at 238. Vague references to the effect on "general nationwide operations" and "programs in other states" do not suffice. ECF 1 ¶ 20.

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Moreover, the alleged effects of HB 3107 on Plaintiff's activities are not injuries in fact, so Plaintiff's reactions are not either. As discussed above, a plaintiff "cannot manufacture standing by choosing to make expenditures based on" an alleged harm that is not itself an injury in fact. *Clapper*, 568 U.S. at 402. That general principle applies with equal force to organizational standing. In *National Treasury Employees Union*, because the possibility that the President would line-item veto benefits for government workers was not an injury in fact, the union's reaction to that possibility was also not an injury in fact. 101 F.3d at 1430. "Absent a direct conflict between [the union's] mission and the Line Item Veto Act, we are unsure whether [the union's] additional expenditure of funds is truly necessary to improve the working conditions of government workers or rather is unnecessary alarmism constituting a self-inflicted injury." *Id*. Likewise, Plaintiff's inability to have its software tool work in the precise manner it would prefer does not constitute a legally cognizable injury. Accordingly, Plaintiff has failed to demonstrate organizational standing.

B. Plaintiff does not have associational standing because it lacks members.

To the extent Plaintiff seeks to establish standing as an association acting on behalf of individual members, that claim also fails to establish subject-matter jurisdiction in this Court. An association or organization claiming to act on behalf of others must satisfy the three part test articulated in *Lujan* to establish standing. *City of Kyle*, 626 F.3d at 237. Thus, Plaintiff must "identify members who have suffered the requisite harm" to establish injury in fact. *Summers v. Earth Island Inst.*, 555 U.S. 488, 499 (2009); *see also City of Kyle*, 626 F.3d at 237 (requiring evidence of "a specific member"). Plaintiff does not describe itself as a membership organization, ECF 1 ¶¶ 17–20, and not having members is fatal to associational standing. *See Hunt v. Wash. State Apple Advert. Comm'n*, 432 U.S. 333, 344 (1977) (requiring "indicia of membership in an organization" for associational standing); *City of Olmsted Falls v. FAA*, 292 F.3d 261, 267–68 (D.C. Cir. 2002) (holding a city could not assert associational standing because it did not have members). Plaintiff may work on behalf of individual

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voters, but beneficiaries of a plaintiff's services do not qualify as members for associational standing. *See Ne. Ohio Coal. for Homeless v. Blackwell*, 467 F.3d 999, 1010 n.4 (6th Cir. 2006) ("[T]he Northeast Ohio Coalition for the Homeless apparently seeks to assert a form of representational standing never recognized by any court—standing on behalf of the group served by the organization."); *id.* at 1013 (McKeague, J., concurring). Absent plausible allegations that HB 3107 will lead to the rejection of registration applications from identified members, Plaintiff cannot establish associational standing.

C. Plaintiff cannot show statutory standing because artificial entities do not have voting rights.

Even if Plaintiff had Article III standing, it would lack statutory standing. *See Lexmark Int'l, Inc. v. Static Control Components, Inc.*, 572 U.S. 118, 128 n.4 (2014). Section 1983 provides a cause of action only when *the plaintiff* suffers "the deprivation of any rights, privileges, or immunities secured by the Constitution and laws." 42 U.S.C. § 1983. It does not provide a cause of action to plaintiffs claiming an injury based on the violation of a *third party's* rights. *See Coon v. Ledbetter*, 780 F.2d 1158, 1160 (5th Cir. 1986) ("[L]ike all persons who claim a deprivation of constitutional rights, [plaintiffs] were required to prove some violation of their personal rights.").

Section 1983 "incorporates, but without exceptions, the Court's 'prudential' principle that the plaintiff may not assert the rights of third parties." David P. Currie, *Misunderstanding Standing*, 1981 Sup. Ct. Rev. 41, 45. When "[t]he alleged rights at issue" belong to a third party, rather than the plaintiff, the plaintiff lacks statutory standing, regardless of whether the plaintiff has suffered his own injury. *Danos v. Jones*, 652 F.3d 577, 582 (5th Cir. 2011); *see also Conn v. Gabbert*, 526 U.S. 286, 292–93 (1999) (holding that a lawyer "clearly had no standing" to bring a § 1983 claim for an injury he suffered as a result of "the alleged infringement of the rights of his client" because a plaintiff "generally must assert his own legal rights and interests, and cannot rest his claim to relief on the legal rights or interests of third parties").

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Here, all of Plaintiff's claims depend on the right to vote. ECF 1 ¶¶ 25, 29, 35–36. But Plaintiff is an artificial entity without voting rights. Plaintiff claims it suffered injury in having to expend resources to comply with the law, but this is injury is different in kind from that necessary to establish standing in a voting rights case. "[A] plaintiff who has been subject to injurious conduct of one kind [does not] possess by virtue of that injury the necessary stake in litigating conduct of another kind, although similar, to which he has not been subject." *Nat'l Federation of the Blind of Tex., Inc. v. Abbott,* 647 F.3d 202, 209 (5th Cir. 2011) (quoting *Blum v. Yaretsky,* 457 U.S. 991, 999 (1982)); *cf. Vieth v. Pennsylvania,* 188 F. Supp. 2d 532, 546 (M.D. Pa. 2002) ("It goes without saying that political parties, although the principal players in the political process, do not have the right to vote."). Plaintiff is necessarily asserting the rights of third parties and therefore cannot sue under § 1983. Because this follows from the statute itself, Plaintiff cannot invoke any prudential exceptions. *See Warth v. Seldin,* 422 U.S. 490, 514 (1975).

III. Plaintiff's claims fail as a matter of law.

A. Plaintiff's Section 1971 claim should be dismissed.

In Count I, Plaintiff contends that requiring a signature on a voter's registration violates Section 1971 of the Civil Rights Act. This claim should be dismissed because Section 1971 cannot be enforced as a private right of action, even under Section 1983. The statute contains no indication that Congress intended to create either a private right or a private remedy, and the detailed remedial scheme Congress did provide is at odds with the enforcement procedures set out in Section 1983. However, even if there was a private cause of action, Plaintiff's claim would still fail because only racially motivated deprivations of rights are actionable under Section 1971. *Broyles v. Tex.*, 618 F. Supp. 2d 661, 697 (S.D. Tex. 2009), *aff'd*, 381 Fed. Appx. 370 (5th Cir. 2010). But Plaintiff makes no allegations to that effect. The only reference to race contained in the Complaint concerns the actions taken by Plaintiff, not the State. Plaintiff therefore has failed to plead an element necessary for its claim to proceed. The claim fails as a matter of law.

1. Plaintiff has not asserted an actionable claim under Section 1971.

Plaintiff has not met the necessary pleading requirements to qualify for relief for its Section 1971 clam. "[W]ell-settled law establishes that § 1971 was enacted pursuant to the Fifteenth Amendment for the purpose of eliminating racial discrimination in voting requirements." *Broyles n. Tex.*, 618 F. Supp. 2d 661, 697 (S.D. Tex. 2009) (quoting *Ind. Democratic Party v. Rokita*, 458 F. Supp. 2d 775, 839 (S.D. Ind. 2006)). Accordingly, "only racially motivated deprivations of rights are actionable under 42 U.S.C. § 1971." *Id.* Plaintiff's Complaint, however, contains no allegations that HB 3107 (or the signature rule it clarified) was racially motivated. It only references race one time and that is in the context of describing Plaintiff's mission. *See* ECF 1.¶ 17 (stating that Plaintiff works "to support low-propensity voters, including racial and ethnic minorities and younger voters who tend to have lower voter-turnout rates"). Instead, Plaintiff argues that HB 3107 poses an obstacle to voters who lack access to a printer, particularly if they five in a rural community or if their local officials choose not to distribute applications. Even if this allegation was true—and it is not—the conduct would not be actionable under Section 1971. *See Kirksey v. City of Jackson*, 663 F.2d 659, 664 (5th Cir. 1981) (requiring discriminatory intent). The claim should be dismissed.

2. There is no private cause of action under Section 1971

The failure to identify actionable conduct under Section 1971 is but one of multiple deficiencies dooming Plaintiff's claim. The claim also fails because Section 1971 does not create a private cause of action. Congress created a cause of action in Section 1971 for "the Attorney General," not private plaintiffs. 52 U.S.C. § 10101(c). Plaintiff presumably relies on an implied cause of action, but that does not work either. As many courts recognize, Section 1971 did not create an implied cause of action. *See, e.g., McKay v. Thompson*, 226 F.3d 752, 756 (6th Cir. 2000) ("Section 1971 is enforceable by the Attorney General, not by private citizens."); *Mixon v. State of Ohio*, 193 F.3d 389, 406 n.12 (6th

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Cir. 1999); Gilmore v. Amityville Union Free Sch. Dist., 305 F. Supp. 2d 271, 279 (E.D.N.Y. 2004); Spivey v. State of Ohio, 999 F. Supp. 987, 996 (N.D. Ohio 1998); McKay v. Altobello, No. 2:96-cv-3458, 1996 WL 635987, at *2 (E.D. La. Oct. 31, 1996); Cartagena v. Crew, No. 1:96-cv-3399, 1996 WL 524394, at *3 n.8 (E.D.N.Y. Sept. 5, 1996); Willing v. Lake Orion Cmty. Sch. Bd. of Trustees, 924 F. Supp. 815, 820 (E.D. Mich. 1996); Good v. Roy, 459 F. Supp. 403, 405–06 (D. Kan. 1978); but see Schwier v. Cox, 340 F.3d 1284, 1297 (11th Cir. 2003) (permitting plaintiff to bring a private cause of action via Section 1983).

This authority is in keeping with the modern approach to implied causes of action. In *Alexander n. Sandoral*, 532 U.S. 275, 287 (2001), the Supreme Court rejected the looser approach to implying causes of action prevalent in the 1960s. Today, "private rights of action to enforce federal law must be created by Congress." *Id.* at 286. "The judicial task is to interpret the statute Congress has passed to determine whether it displays an intent to create not just a private right but also a private remedy." *Id.* Unless Congress expresses that intent, "a cause of action does not exist and courts may not create one, no matter how desirable that might be as a policy matter, or how compatible with the statute." *Id.* at 286–87. To be sure, federal courts have not always followed that strict approach. There was a time when federal courts "assured it to be a proper judicial function to 'provide such remedies as are necessary to make effective' a statute's purpose." *Ziglar v. Abbasi*, 137 S. Ct. 1843, 1855 (2017) (quoting *J.I. Case Co. v. Borak*, 377 U.S. 426, 433 (1964)). However, that time has passed. Since jettisoning the "*ancien regime*," *id.* at 1855, the Supreme Court has "not returned to it." *Sandoral*, 532 U.S. at 287; *see also Stokes v. Sw. Airlines*, 887 F.3d 199, 205 (5th Cir. 2018) (rejecting reliance "on pre-*Sandoral* reasoning").

Yet, Section 1971 contains no indication of an intent to create a private right, much less a private remedy. The statute's text is focused on the local official it regulates, not individual voters. *See* 52 U.S.C. § 10101(a)(2) ("No person acting under color of law shall"). "Statutes that focus on the

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person regulated rather than the individuals protected create no implication of an intent to confer rights on a particular class of persons." *Sandoval*, 532 U.S. at 289 (quotation omitted). Section 1971 "is framed in terms of the obligations imposed on the regulated party" (the local official) while voters are "referenced only as an object of that obligation." *Logan v. U.S. Bank Nat'l Ass'n*, 722 F.3d 1163, 1171 (9th Cir. 2013); *see also Conservation Force v. Delta Air Lines, Inc.*, 190 F. Supp. 3d 606, 616 (N.D. Tex. 2016), *aff'd*, 682 F. App'x 310 (5th Cir. 2017) (holding that under *Sandoval*, the Air Carrier Access Act does not imply a private right of action).

Indeed, although Section 1971 refers to "the right of any individual to vote in any election," 52 U.S.C. § 10101(a)(2)(B), it does not contain any "rights-creating' language." *Sandoval*, 532 U.S. at 288. The right to vote to which Section 1971 refers is based on rights created by virtue of *state* law. *See, e.g., Rodriguez v. Popular Democratic Party*, 457 U.S. 1, 9 (1982). Even if Section 1971 referred to federal rights created elsewhere, *see, e.g.,* U.S. Const. amend. XV, such a reference would not transform Section 1971 itself into a rights-creating provision. Thus, Section 1971 does not create a federal right "in clear and unambiguous terms," *Gonzaga Univ. v. Doe*, 536 U.S. 273, 290 (2002), meaning that Plaintiffs cannot bring a private cause of action.

Additionally, Section 1271 does not create private remedies. It instead authorizes the Attorney General to bring suit. *See* 52 U.S.C. § 10101(c). Plaintiff attempts to get around this limitation by dressing up their Section 1971 claim in the trappings of Section 1983, but this does not work. Congress provided a detailed remedial scheme in Section 1971 that is inconsistent with Section 1983 suits. For example, procedural protections like the ability to request a three-judge district court in Section 1971 suits are not available under Section 1983. *See* 52 U.S.C. § 10101(g). "Courts should presume that Congress intended that the enforcement mechanism provided in the statute be exclusive." *Alsbrook v. City of Maumelle*, 184 F.3d 999, 1011 (8th Cir. 1999) (en banc); *see also Sandoval*, 532 U.S. at 290 ("The

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express provision of one method of enforcing a substantive rule suggests that Congress intended to preclude others.").

The main case holding otherwise, *Schmier v. Cox*, does not grapple with *Sandoval* and makes other errors besides. 340 F.3d 1284, 1297 (11th Cir. 2003). First, the *Schmier* court limited its *Sandoval* analysis to a "see also" citation and emphasized legislative history. *See* 340 F.3d at 1295–96. But as Judge Lynn has explained, *Sandoval* requires that "[l]egislative history and contemporaneous legal context [be] eschewed in favor of plain language interpretation." *Conservation Force v. Delta Air Lines, Inc.*, 190 F. Supp. 3d 606, 615 (N.D. Tex. 2016), *aff'd*, 682 F. App'x 310, 311 (5th Cir. 2017) (per curiam) (affirming "[e]ssentially for the reasons stated in the district court's comprehensive and well-reasoned opinion"). And plain language of Section 1971 does not create a federal right. *See Gonzaga Univ.*, 536 U.S. at 290. Section 1971 at most references a preexisting right, which is not "rights-creating' language." *See Sandoval*, 532 U.S. at 288–90.

Second, *Schwier* relies on the repudiated teasoning from *Allen v. State Bd. of Elections*, 393 U.S. 544 (1969). *See Schwier*, 340 F.3d at 1294. *Allen* exemplifies the methodology the Supreme Court has abandoned in favor of "a far more eautious course before finding implied causes of action." *Ziglar*, 137 S. Ct. at 1855. It is thus no longer the courts' job to "provide such remedies as" it deems "necessary to make effective a statute's purpose effective," *id.* (internal quotation marks omitted), as the court in *Allen* and *Schwier* sought to accomplish. The very premise off which *Allen*, *Schwier*, and *Schwier's* progeny builds their findings is in error. *See, e.g., Tex. Democratic Party v. Hughs*, 474 F. Supp. 3d 849, 859 (W.D. Tex. 2020), *rev'd and remanded*, 860 F. App'x 874 (5th Cir. 2021).

B. HB 3107 is constitutional under Anderson-Burdick

The crux of Plaintiff's claim in Count II is that asking a voter to put pen to paper when registering to vote is simply too much under our Constitution and that voters have a fundamental right to sign their applications electronically. Neither case law nor common experience supports that

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view. Requiring an ink signature is not a "new" phenomenon the State of Texas invented on its own. People are asked to physically sign documents to accomplish a myriad of everyday tasks, including by this Court.² It is not a serious inconvenience. *See Lemons v. Bradbury*, 538 F.3d 1098, 1104 (9th Cir. 2008) (holding that a system analyzing voters' signatures imposed "only a minimal burden"). Moreover, the requirement advances weighty state interests that more than outweigh any *de minimis* burden experienced by voters. The rule is therefore constitutional under the *Anderson-Burdick* rubric.

1. Any burden imposed on voters is minimal if that.

"Common sense, as well as constitutional law, compels the conclusion that government must play an active role in structuring elections; 'as a practical matter, there must be a substantial regulation of elections if they are to be fair and honest and if some sort of order, rather than chaos, is to accompany the democratic processes." *Burdick v. Takushi*, 504 U.S. 428, 433 (1992) (quoting *Storer v. Brown*, 415 U.S. 724, 730 (1974)). For this reason, the Supreme Court has implemented a sliding-scale framework that governs the level of scrutiny applied to "constitutional challenges to specific provisions of a State's election laws" under the First and Fourteenth Amendments." *Richardson v. Tex. See'y of State*, 978 F.3d 220, 234 (5th Cir. 2020) (cleaned up) (quoting *Anderson v. Celebreeze*, 460 U.S. 780, 798 (1983)).

The framework has three parts but effectively it requires courts to balance "the character and magnitude of the asserted injury" to the rights the plaintiff seeks to vindicate against "the precise interests put forward by the State as justifications" for the challenged rule, all while taking into consideration "the extent to which those interests make it necessary to burden the plaintiff's rights." *Burdick*, 504 U.S. at 434 (quoting *Anderson*, 460 U.S. at 789). When a state election law imposes only

² The United States District Court for the Western District of Texas requires that any pleading or motion that adds or seeks to add a new party must be filed traditionally, which includes an original signature. *See* United States District Court, Western District of Tex., Administrative Policies & Procedures for Electronic Filing in Civil & Criminal Cases §5(a), *available at* https://bit.ly/3GONQDJ.

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"reasonable, nondiscriminatory restrictions" upon the First and Fourteenth Amendment rights of voters, "the state's important regulatory interests are generally sufficient to justify" the restrictions. *Anderson*, 460 U.S. at 788. The State, after all, has considerable power "to engage in 'substantial regulation of elections" to ensure that elections are well run. *Voting for Am., Inc. v. Steen*, 732 F.3d 382, 394 (5th Cir. 2013) (quoting *Storer*, 415 U.S. at 730).

In this case, the challenged law, HB 3107, does not encroach on the right to vote whatsoever, and even if it did, the law survives *Anderson-Burdick* review because any burden is miniscule. The Constitution does not include a freestanding right to for individuals to register to vote in whatever manner they or Plaintiff deem most convenient. When considering a challenge to the limited availability of absentee ballots, the Supreme Court distinguished "the right to vote" from the "claimed right to receive absentee ballots." *McDonald v. Bd. of Election Comm'rs of Chi.*, 394 U.S. 802, 807 (1969). It concluded that the plaintiffs' inability to vote by mail did not implicate the right to vote because it did not "preclude[] [the plaintiffs] from voting" via other methods. *Id.* at 808. The same reasoning applies here, as Texas provides voters with multiple methods by which to register. Registering to vote via a telephonic facsimile machine is but one.

As per the Election Code, any "person desiring to register to vote" can submit his or her application to the county registrar by personal delivery, by mail, or by fax machine. Tex. Elec. Code § 13.002(a). If the person needs assistance, the applicant has the option of appointing an agent to submit the application on his behalf pursuant to § 13.003. Further, the Election Code designates certain government offices to act as "voter registration agencies," including the Department of Public Safety (DPS), the Health and Human Services Commission, and public libraries. *Id.* § 20.001. Each of these offices "shall provide a voter registration application form to each" qualified individual "in connection with the person's application for initial services" and "any recertification, renewal, or change of address, unless the person declines in writing." *Id.* at § 20.031. If the voter utilizes the

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service, then the office "shall deliver to the voter registrar . . . each completed registration application." *Id.* § 20.35.

Because the challenged statute does not affect voters' numerous other options for registering to vote it does not affect the "right to vote," only the "claimed right" to utilize a specific web application developed by Plaintiff. *See McDonald*, 394 U.S. at 807. Indeed, if anything, HB 3107 helps *expand* voters' ability to register. The fax machine option only exists because Texas recognizes that voters may need to register or update their information close to an election deadline. The State therefore allows voters to submit their application in a way that avoids any incidental delays, before expecting voters to complete the remaining registration requirement—i.e., providing a wet signature. *See* Tex. Elec. Code § 13.143 (measuring a registration's effective date from the date the transmission is received by the registrar). Accordingly, the challenged provision represents a limited exception to the default rule that individuals, not utilizing the services of a voter registration agency, provide their original signature at the time they initially submit their application. It is an accommodation, not a restriction.

However, even if this Court usagreed, there is no reason to suspect that voters will be unable to register to vote. Signature requirements are a familiar aspect of modern life that Texans are well equipped to navigate, especially in light of the numerous application methods Texas affords voters. The most Plaintiff offers to the contrary is an improbable hypothetical where a voter not only lacks a printer, but also has no access to the registrar's office and lives in an area where local officials and third-party organizations refuse to distribute ballots. But even accepting those facts as true, the voter would still have the option of visiting the Secretary of State's website and requesting a postage-page application be sent to the voter's residence, among other options. *See Request for Voter Registration Applications*, TEXAS SECRETARY OF STATE, https://www.sos.state.tx.us/elections/voter/reqvr.shtml (last visited Nov. 5, 2021).

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Also, Plaintiffs conflate the *burden of complying* and the *consequence of not complying*. Under *Anderson-Burdick*, the former matters; the latter does not. *See Cranyford v. Marion Cnty. Election Bd.*, 553 U.S. 181, 198 (2008) (lead opinion) (analyzing the burden on voters of obtaining identification rather than the consequence of attempting to vote without identification); *id.* at 209 (Scalia, J., concurring in the judgment) (same). That is why the Supreme Court has always analyzed "the magnitude of burdens ... categorically and [has] not consider[ed] the peculiar circumstances of individual voters or candidates." *Id.* at 206. To the extent HB 3107 imposes a burden, that burden is uniform and *de minimis*: to register to vote, one must physically sign the application. It poses no real barrier to an individual who wants to vote.

2. The State's interests more than justify the supposed burden placed on voters.

Because HB 3107 imposes only minimal, non-discriminatory burdens if any, the statute is subject to relaxed scrutiny. *See Burdick*, 504 U.S. at 434. Texas therefore need only point to a "legitimate state interest[]" to justify HB 3107 under the *Anderson-Burdick* test. *Tex. Indep. Party v. Kirk*, 84 F.3d 178, 184 (5th Cir. 1996). Texas meets this requirement easily, as the weighty and compelling interests advanced by this rule justify HB 3107 under any level of scrutiny.

First, HB 3107 helps maintain accurate voting rolls and combat fraud. See Brnovich v. Democratic Nat'l Comm., 141 S. Ct. 2321, 2340 (2021).

One strong and entirely legitimate state interest is the prevention of fraud. Fraud can affect the outcome of a close election, and fraudulent votes dilute the right of citizens to cast ballots that carry appropriate weight. Fraud can also undermine public confidence in the fairness of elections and the perceived legitimacy of the announced outcome.

Id. Inaccuracies in voter registration are a serious problem: "It has been estimated that 24 million voter registrations in the United States—about one in eight—are either invalid or significantly inaccurate." *See Husted v. A. Philip Randolph Inst.*, 138 S. Ct. 1833, 1838 (2018). "Any corruption in voter registration affects a state's paramount obligation to ensure the integrity of the voting process and threatens the

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public's right to democratic government." *Steen*, 732 F.3d at 394. Accordingly, Texas has a weighty "interest in preventing voter registration fraud," *id.* at 394–95, and other inaccuracy-causing conduct.

Requiring an original signature is a stronger and more certain method to guarantee the signature's authenticity—and thereby, the applicant's identity—than an electronic signature. That is so because it is harder to forge an individual's handwritten signature than it is to copy a previously-executed electronic signature or to use software to generate such a signature. Requiring a signature also impresses upon the applicant the importance of providing accurate information. And because a signature could be used against a fraudster, HB 3107 both deters fraud and assists law enforcement in detecting and prosecuting that fraud.

Plaintiff argues that the use of electronic signatures by DPS somehow invalidates the interest explained above. *See* ECF 1 ¶¶ 7–8, 32–35. But the argument is plainly erroneous because it fails to recognize the glaring reason why the safeguards implemented in these two circumstances differ. When someone registers through DPS, the applicant appears in person and has with him documentation that verifies his identity. The pertinent employee can readily determine that the applicants are who they say they are. The same is not true when an applicant registers via fax machine, much less a web application where a third party submits the application on the applicant's behalf.

Second, Texas has an interest in maintaining the solemnity of voter registration. The right to vote has been called "sacred." *Trustees of Dartmonth Coll. v. Woodward*, 17 U.S. (4 Wheat.) 518, 701 (1819); *Save Our Aquifer v. City of San Antonio*, 237 F. Supp. 2d 721, 727 (W.D. Tex. 2002). The exercise of a sacred right should be undertaken seriously, not casually. The State's signature requirement helps impress upon would-be voters the serious nature of the rights and obligations connected to voting. People are accustomed to important events requiring signatures. An application for a marriage license must be signed in person. *See* Tex. Fam. Code § 2.002(5). Purchasing a home often requires in-person signatures, and the same is true for consenting to a medical procedure. Requiring that kind of signature

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sets the activity apart from routine events, such as online transactions that require only an electronic "signature" like clicking "I agree" to various unread terms and conditions.

In light of these interests, HB 3107 is constitutional under the *Anderson-Burdick* framework. Plaintiff's claim that the wet-signature requirement violates the First and Fourteenth Amendments clearly lacks merit. The Court should enter judgment on the pleadings and dismiss that claim.

CONCLUSION

For each of the foregoing reasons, Plaintiff's claims should be dismissed.

REPRESED FROM DEMOCRACYDOCKET.COM

Date: November 9, 2021

Respectfully submitted.

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on November 9, 2021 a true and correct copy of the foregoing document has been sent by electronic notification through ECF by the United States District Court, Western District of Texas, San Antonio Division, to:

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Counsel for Plaintiff

/s/ Cory A. Scanlon CORY A. SCANLON Assistant Attorney General

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION

| VOTE.ORG, | Civil Action |
|---|--------------|
| Plaintiff, | |
| V. | |
| JACQUELYN CALLANEN, in her official capacity as the Bexar County Elections Administrator; BRUCE ELFANT, in his official capacity as the Travis County Tax Assessor- Collector; REMI GARZA, in his official capacity as the Cameron County Elections Administrator; MICHAEL SCARPELLO, in his official capacity as the Dallas County Elections Administrator, | |
| Defendants, | OCKE. |
| and | |
| KEN PAXTON, in his official capacity as Attorney General of Texas, LUPE TORRES, in his official capacity as Medina County Elections Administrator; TERRIE PENDLEY, in her official capacity as Real County Tax Assessor-Collector, Intervenor-Defendants. | |

DECLARATION OF DR. LISA A. BRYANT

I, Dr. Lisa Bryant, declare the following:

1. Attached is a true and accurate copy of my Expert Report signed and dated

December 13, 2021.

2. If called as a witness, I will testify truthfully to the expert opinions and conclusions

offered in my Expert Report and the bases for those opinions, all of which are matters within

my personal knowledge.

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct based on my information and understanding.

Executed on April 8, 2022.

LinchByant

Dr. Lisa Bryant

REPRESED FROM DEMOCRACY DOCKET.COM

EXPERT REPORT

Vote.org

v.

Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT MDEMOCRACIDOCKET.COM WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION Case No: 5:21-cv-649

December 13, 2021

Lisa A. Bryant, Ph.D.

STATEMENT OF INQUIRIY

I have been retained as an expert by Elias Law Group LLP, counsel for Plaintiff Vote.org to examine whether the Wet Signature Rule, as defined in Plaintiff's Complaint, burdens the right to vote for citizens of Texas. I am being compensated at the rate of \$200 per hour. My compensation is in no way contingent on the results of my analysis.

SUMMARY OF OPINIONS

I reviewed Texas House Bill 3107 (HB 3107), which became law on June 15, 2021 and went into effect on September 1, 2021. HB 3107 made multiple changes to the State's election code, including amending Section 13.143(d-2), which requires that registration applications submitted via telephonic facsimile must be accompanied by an original paper registration application that contains an "original" signature in order to be considered a valid, successful registration. Furthermore, the original application containing the wet signature must be received by the registrar no later than the fourth business day after the facsimile (fax) is received.

I reviewed the State's voter registration data, discovery responses and pleadings filed in this matter, including the applications of those who attempted to register to vote in 2018 using an electronic signature, and census data for the state of Texas.¹ Additionally, I am drawing upon my expertise and training as a scholar of election administration and voter participation.

It is my considered opinion that the Wet Signature Rule codified in House Bill 3107 increases the costs of registering to vote and burdens Texas voters by requiring them to submit registration applications with a pen-ink or "wet" signature, adding unnecessary resource-intensive steps to the registration process. This burden disproportionately falls on younger, lower-income, and minority voters who are more likely to be smartphone dependent and have limited access to computers or other devices or office equipment that would facilitate compliance with the wet signature rule. Accepting applications with electronic signatures will reduce the registration costs or burdens some of these groups already face.

BACKGROUND AND QUALIFICATIONS

I am an Associate Professor of Political Science at California State University, Fresno. I earned my PhD in political science at the University of New Mexico in 2014. I have been employed by California State University, Fresno since 2014 and received tenure and promotion to Associate Professor in 2020. My curriculum vitae, including publications and reports with organizations, is attached as Appendix A.

I study American politics and within the subfield, my areas of expertise are in election administration, political behavior, gender and representation, public opinion, and survey and experimental methodology. I teach courses on these topics at the undergraduate and graduate

¹ I use the term electronic signature throughout this report to indicate an electronic, digital, or imaged signature used with the intent to sign a document or record.

levels. I am the author of ten peer-reviewed journal articles and book chapters. My articles have appeared in top journals in my field, such as *Electoral Studies, American Politics Research, Political Behavior*, and *Publius: the Journal of Federalism*. I have also written five invited book chapters or encyclopedia entries, and over a dozen professional papers and reports. I am first author on a book under contract at New York University Press, *Working Parents Represent: How Parenthood Influences the Legislative Agenda of Mothers in Congress*, with my co-author Julia Marin Hellwege. I currently serve on the editorial board of two peer-reviewed research journals: *Political Methodology* and the *Journal of Election Administration Research*, of which I am an inaugural board member. I am a member of the American Political Science Association and have been active in the profession, serving as the section organizer for the Civic Engagement Division of APSA and a board member of the Midwest Women's Caucus for Political Science. I have given over 50 presentations at various conferences. In 2021, I was co-chair and co-program organizer of the Election Science, Reform, and Administration Conference (ESRA) and I was identified and invited to be listed as an expert in election sciences by the MIT Election Data and Science Lab (MEDSL).

I have particular expertise in election administration, and specifically on voter registration, voter confidence and voter mobilization. I have two publications based on large scale voter registration efforts where I partnered with state election officials and the nonpartisan Election Registration Information Center (ERIC) and the Pew Charitable Trusts, also a nonpartisan organization. In my peer-reviewed article with Christopher B. Mann, PhD, we partnered with chief election officials in Delaware and Oregon and identified eligible but unregistered citizens using ERIC data. Once identified, we contacted them via direct mail notifying them of their eligibility and providing instructions on how to register. I used a similar approach in my study with Michael Hanmer, PhD where we partnered with the Pennsylvania Department of State to conduct the largest nonpartisan outreach to eligible but unregistered citizens by state officials, reaching out to nearly 2.4 million unregistered citizens.² As a result of my extensive work using ERIC data, I was asked to be on ERIC's research advisory board.³

In graduate school, I worked with Dr. Lonna Atkeson for 6 years to develop the first ecosystems approach to studying elections. I directly contributed to conducting statewide election observations, fielding voter and poll worker surveys, and analyzing the data. I also contributed to multiple executive reports summarizing the observations with both qualitative and quantitative data and making recommendations to improve the election experience. I spent a summer shadowing all of the positions in the Bernalillo County Clerk's Office to learn the voter registration system and write procedures for the office. I also helped develop procedures for election audits in New Mexico and wrote a chapter in the book *Confirming Elections*, edited by R. Michael Alvarez, Lonna Rae Atkeson, and Thad Hall. Lastly, I am frequently contacted by journalists seeking information about elections, voter registration, voter behavior, and campaigns, and have been interview and quoted by several national media outlets including *The New York Times, Los Angeles Times*, and *NPR*.

² Due to language requirements under provisions of the Voting Rights Act, outreach was done in English and Spanish in Pennsylvania.

³ Serving on the advisory board precludes me from continuing research with ERIC data because it could present a conflict of interest.

MATERIALS REVIEWED

To establish an expert opinion in this case, I reviewed a variety of materials from academic, governmental, legal, marketing, and media sources. Building on my existing knowledge, experience, and expertise, I consulted scholarly literature on voter registration and the cost of voting. I also reviewed literature on access to and the use of technology, and the use of electronic signatures in legal documents and in voter registration procedures, specifically. My review also included data sources obtained through a records request and discovery responses in this case. Finally, I relied on data and statutes made publicly available by various agencies and counties in Texas and on Census data made available by the federal government. I make note of those sources throughout the report and they are listed in Appendix B.

DISCUSSION

The Calculus of Voting

The likely effects of HB 3107 may best be understood using the "calculus of voting." The calculus of voting is the dominant theoretical framework used by scholars to study voter turnout. In this theory, which was originated by Anthony Downs in his 1957 book, An Economic Theory of Democracy, researchers attach costs to the various acts required to vote. There is a general understanding that voting is considered to be a time consuming and costly activity and a person will only vote if the benefits outweigh the costs. Because the odds of one person's vote being the deciding vote in any election are miniscule, the best way to increase turnout is to decrease the costs that are associated with voting. The voting process requires multiple steps and each comes with an associated cost. A voter must research candidates and issues, which takes time. A voter must go to the voting center on or before Election Day. This requires time, transportation, and knowledge of voting locations and policies. With the exception of North Dakota, a citizen must register to vote before they can cast a ballot.⁴ Registration is often considered one of the heaviest burdens or highest cost activities a citizen must overcome in the voting process. In fact, in the 2020 Cost of Voting in the American States Index, five of the nine factors considered in the cost equation are related to registration.⁵ The Cost of Voting Index (COVI) considers state election laws that systematically influence the cost of voting. A state's composite score, or index value, represents the totality of time and effort associated with casting a vote in that state. Findings indicate that turnout is lower in states with higher index values, or states where it is more costly to vote.⁶

Under the calculus or cost of voting theory, time, resources, and activities are all required to overcome the administrative requirements and barriers to registering to vote and casting a ballot.

⁴ North Dakota is the only state that does not require voter registration.

⁵ Scot Schraufnagel, Michael J. Pomantee II, and Quan Li. 2020. "Cost of Voting in the American States: 2020 | Election Law Journal: Rules, Politics, and Policy." *Election Law Journal: Rules, Politics, and Policy.* https://www.liebertpub.com/doi/10.1089/elj.2020.0666.

⁶ Li, Quan, Michael J. Pomante, and Scot Schraufnagel. "Cost of voting in the American states." *Election Law Journal: Rules, Politics, and Policy* 17, no. 3 (2018): 234-247.

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This cost of the registration burden is not the same for all Americans, due to differences in both geography (i.e., state policies) and personal resources. Election administrators have the power to control the costs through policy and many jurisdictions have been actively reducing costs and trying to eliminate burdens to voters.

Texas is ranked 50th in the 2020 COVI, indicating it has the most restrictive electoral climate or highest costs associated with voting.⁷ Requiring a registration application that contains an original wet signature (even when a copy of the voter registration application has already been submitted via telephonic facsimile) adds additional administrative burdens. Requiring receipt of the wet signature copy within four business days of the original facsimile submission further increases these costs.

Previous research on voter turnout finds that many citizens report not participating in elections due to the complexities of the registration process.⁸ According to a recent study on the cost of voting in the United States, the decentralized and dynamic nature of election laws creates considerable confusion for American voters.⁹ Issues such as lack of knowledge about state registration policies, where to get registration forms, or state registration deadlines are key reasons for not registering.¹⁰ The burden of registration can be reduced through policies such as allowing online voter registration (OVR), moving registration deadlines closer to Election Day, automatic voter registration (AVR), same day registration (SDR), and opt-out rather than opt-in registration policies through the DMV.^{11,12} Registration can also be made more complicated and burdensome through policies, such as requiring registration be completed using only paper forms, requiring additional documents such as copies of birth certificates or identification cards be included with a mailed registration form, requiring citizens to present documents or applications in person prior to Election Day, or placing registration deadlines well before Election Day. Requiring multiple steps to register to vote, such as allowing a voter to complete a voter form online, but then also requiring they print, sign again, and mail the form to the local election officials creates an additional burden or cost increase, which can lead to decreased registration attempts and fewer successful registrations.

⁷ Ibid.

⁸ Merivaki, Thessalia and Daniel A. Smith. (2020) "Challenges in Voter Registration." *The Future of Election Administration*, 59–82. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-14947-5_5; Merivaki, Thessalia. 2021. *The Administration of Voter Registration, Expanding the Electorate Across and Within the States*. Palgrave.

⁹ Schraufnagel, Scot, Michael J. Pomantee II, and Quan Li. 2020. "Cost of Voting in the American States: 2020 | Election Law Journal: Rules, Politics, and Policy." *Election Law Journal: Rules, Politics, and Policy.* https://www.liebertpub.com/doi/10.1089/elj.2020.0666.

¹⁰ Merivaki, Thessalia. (2018). "Access denied? Investigating voter registration rejections in Florida." State Politics & Policy Quarterly, 19(1), 53-82.

¹¹ Brians, Craig Leonard, and Bernard Grofman. 2001. "Election Day Registration's Effect on U.S. Voter Turnout." Social Science Quarterly 82(1): 170–83. https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1111/0038-4941.00015.

¹² Opt-in refers to the process of offering voter registration to citizens when they obtain a driver's license or other government service, allowing them to "opt-in" to being a registered voter. Opt-out means that citizens will be registered to vote unless they indicate they do not want to be, requiring them to "opt-out" of being a registered voter.

It is well documented by over 40 years of research that the burdens of voter registration can both prevent people from registering and depress turnout. Powell (1986) found that registration requirements also help explain why education and income are strongly correlated with lower voter turnout in the U.S., but not in other democracies. Wolfinger and Rosenstone (1980) estimated that registration requirements decrease turnout by approximately 9 percentage points, while Powell (1986) found it might be as high as 14 percentage points. Mitchel and Wlezian (1995) found a decrease of 7.6 percentage points, while Burden and Neiheisel (2013) found a negative effect of only 2 percentage points.¹³ Although the effect sizes vary widely due to the cross-sectional nature of the studies and changes in policies over time, they are consistent in their findings that registration requirements are linked to a decrease in turnout and that "voter registration arrangements . . . carry much of the burden of sustaining a system of limited electoral participation."¹⁴

It is important to note that these effects are not felt equally across groups. The registration requirement has been found to reduce participation rates among disadvantaged groups based on income, education, race, ethnicity, age, and English language proficiency. ¹⁵ Research shows that young people who are inexperienced with the registration process, people who rent rather than own, and those who have moved between elections may be more impacted by voter registration requirements than others.¹⁶ Looking at the existing research or each of these groups helps us better understand the burdens they already face in the voting process and will help us understand how a wet signature or printing requirement could increase their cost of voting even more.

A. Young voters

It is well known that young people are among the least likely to be registered to vote, though there are some signs that has been changing in recent years. According to CIRCLE, an organization

¹⁴ Piven, Frances Fox and Richard A. Cloward. (1988) *Why Americans Don't Vote.* Pantheon. (Quoted material appears on page 21.)

¹³ Wolfinger, Raymond E., and Steven J. Rosenstone. 1980. *Who votes?* Yale University Press.; Powell, G. Bingham. 1986. "American voter turnout in comparative perspective." *American Political Science Review* 80, no. 1: 17-43.; Mitchell, Glenn E., and Christopher Wlezien. 1995. "The impact of legal constraints on voter registration, turnout, and the composition of the American electorate." *Political behavior* 17, no. 2: 179-202.; Burden, Barry C., and Jacob R. Neiheisel. 2013. "Election administration and the pure effect of voter registration on turnout." *Political Research Quarterly* 66, no. 1: 77-90.

¹⁵ Ritter, Michael and Caroline J. Tolbert. 2021. *Accessible Elections: How the States Can Help Americans Vote*. Oxford.

¹⁶ Hill, Charlotte. 2020. "Young People Face Higher Voting Costs and Are Less Informed about State Voting Laws.".; Merivaki, Thessalia. 2021. *The Administration of Voter Registration, Expanding the Electorate Across and Within the States*. Palgrave.; Squire, Peverill, Raymond E. Wolfinger, and David P. Glass. "Residential mobility and voter turnout." *American Political Science Review* 81, no. 1 (1987): 45-65; Jiang, Boqian. "Homeownership and voter turnout in us local elections." *Journal of Housing Economics* 41 (2018): 168-183; Kim, Seo-young Silvia. 2021. "Automatic Voter Registration as a Housewarming Gift: Quantifying Causal Effects on Turnout Using Movers." https://preprints.apsanet.; Plutzer, E. (2002). "Becoming a Habitual Voter: Inertia, Resources, and Growth in Young Adulthood. *American Political Science Review.*, *96*(1), 41–56.; Bergan, Daniel E., Dustin Carnahan, Nazita Lajevardi, Mel Medeiros, Sarah Reckhow, and Kjerstin Thorson. "Promoting the youth vote: The role of informational cues and social pressure." *Political Behavior* (2021): 1-21.

that studies youth participation at Tufts University, there was an 11% increase in turnout among 18- to 29-year-olds between 2016 and 2020.¹⁷ Even with this increase in participation, young voters still experience a higher cost associated with registration and participation than other voters.

In one of the most thorough examinations to date about the cost of voting among young voters, Charlotte Hill finds that youth are less informed about the voting process, including voter registration policies and requirements, and are more likely than older voters to report that voter registration and voting are difficult.¹⁸ Young voters struggle to find time to vote to a greater extent than older voters due to school and work, and have to balance tradeoffs between voting and earning money more often than older voters. They also face greater transportation issues. In points that directly relate to HB 3107, young voters have greater difficulty with aspects of the voting process that cannot be completed online and disproportionately find voting by mail to be confusing and difficult.¹⁹ Young people are also more likely to be smartphone dependent, which makes printing documents difficult and less likely (this is discussed more in the section on Smartphone Reliance and Printer Access section of the report). A wet signature requirement imposes a disparate burden on young voters who are less likely to use mail and who already find the registration process difficult and cumbersome.

Furthermore, voters are required to re-register to vote after each move unless they live in a state with automatic voter registration, and research finds that this is a "key stumbling block in a trip to the polls" for many individuals and reduces voter registration rates.²⁰ Moving is one of the most common reasons people provide when asked why they are not registered to vote.²¹ Estimates show that as much as 10% of the population moves each year, with young people and low-income individuals being far more likely to move than their older counterparts.²² Young people between the ages of 18 and 29 move more than twice as frequently as those over 30.²³ Scholars have called this a life-cycle effect with clear ramifications for voting behavior.²⁴

¹⁷ "Half of Youth Voted in 2020, an 11-Point Increase from 2016." 2021. Tufts.edu. https://circle.tufts.edu/latest-research/half-youth-voted-2020-11-point-increase-2016 (Accessed December 5, 2021).

¹⁸ Hill, Charlotte. 2020. "Young People Face Higher Voting Costs and Are Less Informed about State Voting Laws." Working paper available at:

https://youngamericans.berkeley.edu/wpcontent/uploads/2020/08/Hill_BIFYA_Working_Paper_08_08_2020.pdf.

¹⁹ Ibid.

²⁰ Squire, Peverill, Raymond E. Wolfinger, and David P. Glass. 1987. "Residential Mobility and Voter Turnout." American Political Science Review 81(1): 45–65.

²¹ Merivaki, Thessalia. 2021. The Administration of Voter Registration, Expanding the Electorate Across and Within the States. Palgrave.

²² US Census Bureau. 2018. "CPS Historical Geographical Mobility/Migration Graphs." https://www.census.gov/library/visualizations/time-series/demo/historic.html

²³ US Census Bureau. 2016. "Geographical Mobility: 2015 to 2016." https://www.census.gov/data/tables/2016/demo/geographic-mobility/cps-2016.html.

²⁴ Ansolabehere, Stephen, Eitan Hersh, and Kenneth Shepsle. 2012. "Movers, Stayers, and Registration: Why Age Is Correlated with Registration in the U.S." Quarterly Journal of Political Science 7(4): 333–63.

Let us consider how the Wet Signature Rule might impact a young, unregistered Texan who wants to exercise their right to vote. What might that process look like and what are the costs associated with it?

Because they are unfamiliar with the Texas policies, they must first navigate the administrative complexities of figuring out how to register in Texas and determine when and if there is a registration deadline. As a young person, they are likely to go online to find this information, and Google how to register to vote in Texas. Research shows young people are much more likely to use the internet to find information rather than calling or traveling to a location, which would also require time.²⁵ They are very likely conducting this search on a smartphone, as that is the most common way for people under 30 to access the internet.²⁶ While searching they are likely to find an application form online either through votetexas.gov, which provides an "Online SOS Voter Registration Application" as the first option; the Texas Secretary of State's (SOS) office, which provides the same application; a county elections office website (many of which direct them back to the SOS website application); or through a third-party organization that will likely direct them to the same state application or to a universal voter registration application.

Under HB 3107, upon completing their application, the voter will be informed that they need to print and sign the application and submit it to their local registrar. If the voter submits the application by fax, they must also deliver the original document (with a wet signature) either by mail or in person and the local official must receive the original application within four business days of the initial fax. If the young voter is one of the 32% of Americans who do not have a printer at home, which is likely a safe assumption given their other demographic characteristics, the young voter would have to save the completed form on their device, locate a place to print the form, travel to that location, and in some instances pay to print out the form. They then have to mail or deliver the original application within four days, the latter of which requires additional travel. This requirement adds both time and transportation costs to a process could just as easily have been completed with an electronic signature if the wet signature rule was not in place, significantly reducing the burden to the registrant.

B. Low-income voters

Low-income citizens participate in politics at a lower rate than high-income individuals.²⁷ This participation gap is the result of income-based differences in resources, recruitment, mobilization,

²⁵ Twnege, Jeam M. 2021. *IGen: Why Today's Super-Connected Kids Are Growing up Less Rebellious, More Tolerant, Less Happy--and Completely Unprepared for Adulthood--and What That Means for the Rest of Us.* Simon & Schuster, New York, NY.

²⁶ Anderson, Monica. 2019. "Mobile Technology and Home Broadband 2019." *Pew Research Center: Internet, Science & Tech.* https://www.pewresearch.org/internet/2019/06/13/mobile-technology-and-home-broadband-2019. (Accessed December 5, 2021).

²⁷ Blais, Andre. 2006. "What Affects Voter Turnout?" 2019. *Annual Reviews.*; Rosenstone, Steven J. "Economic adversity and voter turnout." *American Journal of Political Science* (1982): 25-46.; Brady, Henry E., Sidney Verba, and Kay Lehman Schlozman. 1995. "Beyond SES: A resource model of political participation." *American political science review* 89, no. 2: 271-294.; Denny, Elaine. 2016. "The Good Intention Gap: Poverty, Anxiety, and Implications for Political Action." pp. 1–47.

and the individual's ability to absorb increases in the cost of voting.²⁸ Low-income voters often have more restrictions on their time than those with more economic resources.²⁹ For instance, they are more likely to work hourly jobs and have less flexibility to take time off to vote on Election Day.^{30, 31} Like young voters, low income voters are more likely to forego participating in the political process because of the associated costs.

Low-income voters are also less likely to be contacted by voter registration and voter mobilization organizations, and research shows that when people are asked to participate, they are more likely to register and turnout, even if it is the state that is doing the asking.³² Similar to young people, low-income citizens tend to be highly mobile, which requires re-registering with each new residence, another cost associated with participation.³³ Finally, low-income voters are more likely to be smartphone dependent, and less likely to have other computers or devices in the home that would allow them to print and hand-sign their registration applications without incurring additional costs.

C. Minority voters

There are wide disparities between racial and ethnic groups in voter registration.³⁴ Existing research has found that socioeconomic factors, such as age, income, education, and a history of discrimination in voting can largely explain the low participation rates of Blacks and, to some degree, Hispanics when compared to whites.³⁵ Research also shows that increasing the costs of

³² Mann, Christopher B., and Lisa A. Bryant. 2020. "If You Ask, They Will Come (to Register and Vote): Field Experiments with State Election Agencies on Encouraging Voter Registration." *Electoral Studies* 63.; Green, Donald P., and Alan S. Gerber. *Get out the vote: How to increase voter turnout.* Brookings Institution Press, 2019.

³³ US Census Bureau. 2019. "Desire to Move and Residential Mobility: 2010-2011." *Census.gov.* https://www.census.gov/library/publications/2015/demo/p70-140.html (Accessed December 5, 2021).

³⁴ Merivaki, Thessalia. 2021. *The Administration of Voter Registration, Expanding the Electorate Across and Within the States*. Palgrave.

²⁸ Ojeda, Christopher. 2018. "The Two Income-Participation Gaps." *American Journal of Political Science* 62(4): 813-829.

²⁹ Verba, Sidney, Kay Scholzman, and Henry E. Brady. 1995. *Voice and Equality: Civic Voluntarism in American Politics*. Harvard University Press.

³⁰ Hershkoff, Helen. 2019. "The Right to Vote" in *Getting By: Economic Rights and Legal Protections for People with Low Income*, eds. Helen Hershkoff and Stephen Loffredo. Oxford University Press.

³¹A 2018 workplace benefits study by the Society for Human Resource Management found only 44% of employers provide paid time off to vote. Society for Human Resource Management. 2018. "2018 Employee Benefits: The Evolution of Benefits," https://www.shrm.org/hr-today/trends-and-forecasting/research-and-surveys/Documents/2018%20Employee%20Benefits%20Report.pdf. And a review of state "time off" laws shows that policies vary widely, some restricting time off to salaried employees or employees in particular occupations, such as manufacturing. GovDocs. 2020. "State Voting Laws: Time Off for Employees," https://www.govdocs.com/state-voting-laws-time-off-for-employees/.

³⁵ DeSipio, Louis.1996. "Making citizens or good citizens? Naturalization as a predictor of organizational and electoral behavior among Latino immigrants." Hispanic Journal of Behavioral Sciences 18, no. 2: 194-213; Lien, Pei-te. 1994. "Ethnicity and political participation: A comparison between Asian and Mexican Americans." Political Behavior 16: 237-264; Tate, Katherine. 1991. "Black political participation in the 1984 and 1988 presidential elections." American Political Science Review 85, no. 4: 1159-1176.

voting usually has greater negative effects for racial and ethnic minorities who often have fewer socioeconomic resources and have a shorter history of electoral participation due to oppression and voter suppression.³⁶ A study of the 2000 election shows the disproportionate impact of administrative changes such as shortening polling hours and not mailing sample ballots which decreased turnout among whites by 4 percentage points, 4.8 percentage points among Blacks, and 6.8 percentage points among Latinos.³⁷ Minority voters are already burdened by several of the administrative policies in Texas, such as voter ID requirements, to a greater degree than white voters and the increased cost of participation imposed by the Wet Signature Rule will disproportionately impact minorities, as research shows they already have a high cost of voting.³⁸

When we think about all of the existing costs associated with voting, from registration rules to voter ID requirements, information collection, administrative hurdles, time, and transportation, it becomes clear that each additional burden imposed on voters lowers the probability that they will actually vote. There comes a point when all of the steps in the process outweigh the perceived benefit of casting an influential or deciding vote. Research supports this and finds that rules that increase the cost of voting such as strict voter identification laws or voter registration requirements *depress* turnout, and a wet signature rule is no exception.³⁹

Lowering the Cost of Voting and HB 3107

States have adopted a number of reforms to help case the burden of voter registration and modernize the process. Twenty-five states now have policies allowing young people to pre-register prior to their 18th birthday, some allow citizens as young as 16 to pre-register.⁴⁰ Texas allows people to register at 17 years and 10 months of age, the most restrictive of the pre-registration laws. Pre-registration helps ensure that young people will not miss an election due to voter registration cutoffs that precede their 18th birthday. Twenty states have adopted Same Day (SDR) or Election Day Registration (EDR), which allows voters to register and cast a ballot on the same day and have been found to increase registration rates by around 5% when compared to the 30-day deadline (Vonnahme 2012) used in Texas.⁴¹

³⁶ For an overview of the history of suffrage and voting rights in the United States, including voter suppression of minority groups, see: Keyssar, Alexander. 2009. *The Right to Vote: The Contested History of Democracy in the United States.* Basic Books.

³⁷ Wolfinger, Raymond E. Benjamin Highton, and Megan Mullin. 2005. "How Post registration Laws Affect the Turnout of Citizens Registered to Vote." *State Politics & Policy Quarterly* 5:1-23.

³⁸ Zoltan, Hajnal, Nazita Lajevardi, and Lindsay Nielson. 2017. "Voter Identification Laws and the Suppression of Minority Votes". *Journal of Politics*, 79(2):363-379.; Barreto, Matt A., Stephen Nuño, Gabriel R. Sanchez, and Hannah L. Walker. 2018. "The Racial Implications of Voter Identification Laws in America." *American Politics Research* 47(2): 238–49.

³⁹ Zoltan, Hajnal, Nazita Lajevardi, and Lindsay Nielson. 2017. "Voter Identification Laws and the Suppression of Minority Votes". *Journal of Politics*, 79(2):363-379.

⁴⁰ "Preregistration for Young Voters." 2021. Ncsl.org. https://www.ncsl.org/research/elections-and-campaigns/preregistration-for-young-voters.aspx (Accessed December 3, 2021).

⁴¹ In some states the Election or Same Day registrant's ballot is cast as a provisional ballot that is counted only once the SDR/EDR application is verified.

One of the most popular reforms aimed at reducing registration costs is online voter registration (OVR). OVR was first adopted in Arizona in 2002 (Hicks et al., 2016) and by 2018, 37 states had implemented some form of online registration.⁴² OVR allows citizens to register to vote over the internet, often with no paper or wet signature requirements at all. For example, "in Missouri, residents can register to vote online and provide a signature electronically using a mobile device, tablet computer, or touchscreen computer. The state performs an initial review of the information and prints out the registration form, which it sends to the applicant's local elections office for verification.⁴³ The local election authority then "carries out their normal procedures, reviewing each form for completeness and validity, before notifying the applicants of their registration status."⁴⁴ This process removes the paper/wet-signature burden, eliminating an additional, unnecessary step in the registration process and reducing the overall cost of voting.

By contrast, a wet signature registration requirement places an additional burden on citizens who have already provided the required information to register to vote. Applicants can enter their name, confirm both their age and citizenship, provide the address of their permanent residence, or a mailing address if they do not receive mail at their permanent residence, the location of their former residence, their date of birth, and any other necessary identification, including a Texas state driver's license number, a state identification card number, or the last four digits of their Social Security number, without printing out the form and entering a wet ink signature. Applicants can also include an electronic signature ("e-signature") or upload a digital image of their wet signature (similar to making a digital deposit to a bank account using a smart phone by taking a photo of the check and uploading the image). Obtaining the original application form with a wet signature does not make this information more accurate or carry any additional weight or credibility under the law. In fact, according to the Texas Uniform Electronic Transactions Act (2009), "A record or signature may not be denied legal effect or enforceability solely because it is in electronic form" and "If a law requires a signature, an electronic signature satisfies the law."⁴⁵ Given the state's long history of accepting electronic signatures for state business, the wet signature requirement serves no election administration purpose other than to increase the cost of voting.

Smartphone Reliance and Printer Access

In an increasingly digital world, the Wet Signature Rule imposes unique burdens on Texas voters. Applicants must obtain a printed copy of each application in order to provide a wet-ink signature, which presents a burden for those without easy access to printers. It is estimated that as

⁴² In addition to reducing the cost of voting for voters, online or electronic registration processing also provides a monetary cost reduction for the state. Maricopa County, AZ estimated that it saved over \$1 million over five years by providing online registration, reducing the cost from \$.83 per paper form to \$.03 per digital application. All of these processes can ensure that eligible citizens are being registered while reducing costs to both the voters and the counties.

⁴³ See more information about state online voter registration policies here: https://www.ncsl.org/research/elections-and-campaigns/electronic-or-online-voter-registration.aspx.

⁴⁴ "Kander Unveils New Tool Allowing Missourians to Fill out Their Voter Registration Forms Online." 2013. *Mo.gov.* https://www.sos.mo.gov/default.aspx?PageID=5387.

⁴⁵ "BUSINESS and COMMERCE CODE CHAPTER 322. UNIFORM ELECTRONIC TRANSACTIONS ACT." 2019. *Texas.gov.* https://statutes.capitol.texas.gov/Docs/BC/htm/BC.322.htm (December 5, 2021).

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of 2019, almost 40 percent of U.S. households did not have a printer.⁴⁶ Even if some of these individuals are able to print personal items at work or school, those in blue collar, manual, or hourly wage jobs, as well as those who are unemployed, retired, or disabled may not have access to a printer at all.

In addition, a significant number of Americans are entirely dependent on a smartphone. According to a recent study by the Pew Research Center (2021), 85% of adults own a smart phone and a full 15% of American adults are "smartphone only" or smartphone dependent internet users—with no other computer or device in home.⁴⁷ Younger people are more likely to own a smartphone than older Americans: 96% of 18–29-year old's, compared to only 61% of those 65 and over own smartphones. And smartphone dependence among 18–29-year-olds is nearly double that of the national average, with 28% of young Americans reporting they use only their phones to access the internet.

The digital divide also exists among those with varying income and education levels, and racial or ethnic groups. Nearly one-third (27%) of those who make less than \$30,000 dollars per year are smartphone reliant compared to only 12% of those who make more than \$75,000 dollars per year. Nearly one-quarter (23%) of those with a high school diploma or less are smartphone dependent, compared to only 4% of those with a college degree. One in four (25%) Hispanics are smartphone dependent, compared to 17% of Black and just 12% of white Americans. Finally, Americans with disabilities are less likely to have access to all devices, but are more likely to have smartphone (72%) than a computer (62%) or tablet (47%).⁴⁸

The increasing reliance on smartphones as the sole or primary device used to access the Internet and conduct computer-based functions is important because smartphones were not designed for printing documents and often require printing through a cloud service or third-party application.⁴⁹ According to the 2020 TUP/Technology User Profile Study, only 12% of online adults with a printer in the home use it to print documents from cell phones or smartphones.⁵⁰ The requirement to print a voter registration application before signing it and mailing to the registrar is an additional step that places a higher burden on those who, by necessity, are smartphone dependent. The wet signature requirement also represents a step backward at a time when

⁴⁶ Okubo, N., & Stewart, D. (2020) Printers Charming: Working and studying at home means printing at home too! Deloitte.

⁴⁷ Perrin, Andrew. 2021. "Mobile Technology and Home Broadband 2021." *Pew Research Center: Internet, Science* & *Tech.* https://www.pewresearch.org/internet/2021/06/03/mobile-technology-and-home-broadband-2021/ (Accessed December 5, 2021).

⁴⁸ Perrin, Andrew, and Sara Atske. 2021. "Americans with Disabilities Less Likely than Those without to Own Some Digital Devices." *Pew Research Center*. https://www.pewresearch.org/fact-tank/2021/09/10/americans-with-disabilities-less-likely-than-those-without-to-own-some-digital-devices/ (Accessed December 4, 2021).

⁴⁹ One of the two most popular third-party printing services, Google Cloud Print, was discontinued on December 30, 2020. Osborne, Charlie. 2020. "Google Is Retiring the Cloud Print Service This Month: What to Do Next." *ZDNet*. https://www.zdnet.com/article/google-is-killing-the-cloud-print-service-this-month-what-to-do-next/ (December 4, 2021).

⁵⁰ "Home Printer Trends in the US [TUPdate]." 2021. *MetaFacts*. https://metafacts.com/home-printer-trends-in-the-us-tupdate/ (Accessed December 5, 2021).

technological advances and the widespread use of smartphones have made e-communications, banking, the medical industry, and even government interactions easier and more accessible.

To better understand access to computers in Texas and how a wet signature requirement impacts voters in various counties or regions, we looked at computer ownership and smartphone dependence in Texas using the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey (2015-2019).⁵¹ Figure 1a shows the percent of the population in each county that owns only a smartphone (no desktop, laptop, or other device) or is smartphone dependent. The redder a county, the higher the percentage of households that own only a smartphone; the bluer the county, the higher the percentage of households that have a laptop or desktop in the home, likely making printing easier. According to the ACS (2015-2019), 16% of Texans rely exclusively on a smartphone for any computing in the home.⁵² Of the six counties examined for this report, Travis County has the lowest smartphone dependence at 9%, while Bexar (17%), Dallas (16%), Medina (17%) and Real (13%) are all similar to the state average. In Cameron County, 26% of residents are smartphone dependent. In some counties, mostly in the western and southern parts of the state, nearly 60% of households report owning only a smartphone and no laptop, desktop, or other device in the home. These regions are also more likely to have high Hispanic populations and have lower median household incomes.⁵³ Throughout the state there are several counties in which nearly 50% of households do not own a laptop or desktop computer. Again, these households are also unlikely to have printers and may have difficulty printing an original application to sign and mail as required by HB 3107.

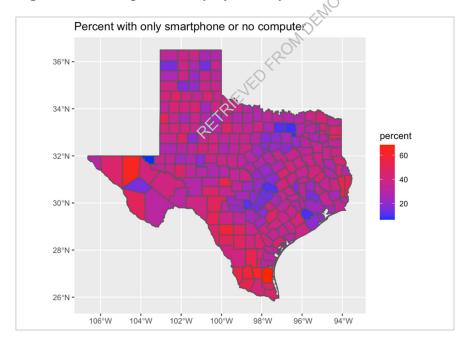


Figure 1a. Smartphone Only by County

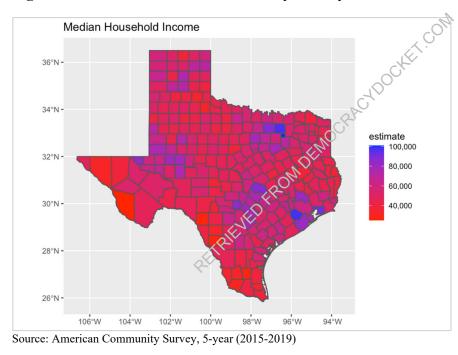
⁵¹ US Census Bureau. 2021. "American Community Survey 5-Year Data (2009-2019)." *Census.gov.* https://www.census.gov/data/developers/data-sets/acs-5year.html (December 5, 2021).

⁵² This is among people with any computing devices in their home.

⁵³ See Appendix D for maps showing Hispanic population by county.

Source: American Community Survey, 5-year (2015-2019)

Figure 1b shows the median household income by county. In this figure, the redder the county, the lower the median household income, the bluer the county, the higher the median household income. Examining the figures side by side it is easy see correlations between high income and access to desktops or laptops, as opposed to smartphone dependence. For example, Denton and Collin Counties in northern Texas are two of the darkest blue counties in both figures, suggesting that a large number of households in these high-income counties have a computer in the home. In 2019, these counties were approximately 55% white, and had median household incomes of nearly 1.5 times the statewide average.⁵⁴ Conversely, the borderland counties from El Paso down to the southern tip of the state, which have predominantly Hispanic populations, are mostly red in both figures, which suggests that these counties with lower median incomes are more likely to be smartphone dependent with no other computing devices in the home. This further illustrates how the wet signature rule creates a higher burden for minorities and those with lower incomes.





The Disparate Impact of HB 3107

The cost of voter registration is not distributed equally across the population and the additional burden of a wet signature requirement is likely not distributed equally either. I analyzed the demographic characteristics of those who attempted to submit voter registration applications

⁵⁴ "Census Reporter." 2019. *Census Reporter*. https://censusreporter.org/profiles/04000US48-texas/ (December 6, 2021).

with electronic signatures in Travis County in the 2018.⁵⁵ Of the 962 applications provided by the county, 18 people did not complete all of the required information and were removed from the data set. An additional 7 people gave a permanent address that was not located in Travis County and were removed. This left 937 unique individuals in the analysis who submitted voter registration applications with electronic signatures between September 19, 2018, and the registration deadline of October 9, 2018.

We plotted the addresses of these applicants and determined that the individuals who submitted applications with electronic signatures were spread throughout the county in a pattern consistent with population distribution. It is reasonable to expect that we would see a similar pool of applicants using digitally based application processes across the state and there is no reason to expect that Travis County would be unique in assessing who benefited from the app or was burdened by the wet signature requirement.

A. Young Voters

Applicants who submitted registration applications with electronic signatures ranged from 17 to 91 years of age, but the majority of applicants were 30 and under, and the average age was 30.3 years old, which is slightly younger than the median age in Travis county (34.8 years) and significantly younger than the average age of registered voters in the county (46.3 years).⁵⁶ Over 62% of applicants were between 18 and 30 years old. Of those, about 30% were between 18 and 24, the group least likely to be registered to vote, and 32% were between 25 and 30. Nearly 25% of people who used the app were between 30 and 40 years old and only 13.4% were 41 or older.

| in Travis County compared to Travis County Voter Registration File ³⁷ | | | |
|---|------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| AGE | | Applicants (%) | Registered Voters (%) |
| 18-24 | G | 30.1 | 8.7 |
| 25-30 | R | 32.4 | 13.2 |
| 31-35 | ALL' | 15.6 | 12.0 |
| 36-40 | | 8.6 | 10.7 |
| 41+ | | 13.4 | 55.4 |
| Sources: Travis County Records, 2018 and Texas Voter Registration File, January 16, | | | |

 Table 1. Ages of Individuals Who Submitted Applications with Electronic Signatures

 in Travis County compared to Travis County Voter Registration File⁵⁷

Sources: Travis County Records, 2018 and Texas Voter Registration File, January 16, 2021

It is no surprise that young people disproportionately used the app to submit their registration applications. Young people are more likely to be smartphone dependent, and 48% of

⁵⁵ Travis and Cameron County are the only counties that provided copies of all applications they received with digital signatures. Cameron County is a small sample (17); but Travis County is fairly large (937).

⁵⁶ Median age was taken from the 2019 ACS Census data. Statistics available at "Census Reporter." 2019. Census Reporter. https://censusreporter.org/profiles/04000US48-texas/ (December 6, 2021).

⁵⁷ There are only 924 individuals used to examine the age of the registrants because year of birth was redacted on copies of applications provided for 12 of the applicants and one registrant was only 17 years of age and removed from this analysis because it is unknown if they were pre-registering within the allotted window due to redaction of the month and day from the date of birth.

18–29-year-olds say they are on their smartphones "almost constantly."⁵⁸ Young people are also more likely to be first time registrants unfamiliar with the process of registering to vote, so the ability to complete registration applications digitally helps them overcome this hurdle.⁵⁹

While applications with electronic signatures were submitted by people of all ages, it is clear that young voters under 30 bear the greatest burden when election administrators impose additional steps to the registration process by requiring voters to print and hand-sign their applications before mailing or delivering them to the county registrars.

B. Minority Voters

Minority voters have historically been underrepresented in voting. Registration and voting gaps persist for many racial and ethnic minority groups in the U.S. Hispanics, for instance, make up 40% of the general population in Texas and approximately 26% of the voting age population.⁶⁰ They are the single largest minority group in the state, but only make up 20.8% of registered voters.⁶¹ The five percentage point difference between the Hispanic voting age population and percentage of registered voters suggests there is Hispanic underrepresentation among voters in Texas. The same is true of Travis County, where Hispanics make up 34% of the general population, and 21.2% of voting age population, but only 14.7% of registered voters are Hispanic—an almost 7 percentage point gap.

Hispanic voters have multiple burdens to overcome, making their cost of voting quite high. Hispanics in Texas (and nationwide) tend to be younger, more mobile, and have lower incomes than other demographic groups in the U.S. They are more likely than Black or white citizens to be new immigrants or children of immigrants and may be unfamiliar with election processes; in fact, 34% of eligible immigrant voters are Hispanic, compared to 22% who are white and 10% who are Black.⁶² They may also have to overcome language barriers to register and participate in elections. As was shown earlier, they are also far more likely than other racial or ethnic groups to be smartphone dependent. An application that can be used on their smartphone to submit a voter application via fax and mail with an electronic signature, for example, would help reduce those costs. Considering all of these factors, the requirement to hand-sign a voter registration application in wet-ink and mail the original form to the registrar poses significant additional costs on Hispanic voters.

⁵⁸ Perrin, Andrew and Sara Atske. 2021. "About Three-In-Ten U.S. Adults Say They Are 'Almost Constantly' Online." *Pew Research Center*. https://www.pewresearch.org/fact-tank/2021/03/26/about-three-in-ten-u-s-adults-say-they-are-almost-constantly-online/ (December 6, 2021).

⁵⁹ Plutzer, E. (2002). "Becoming a Habitual Voter: Inertia, Resources, and Growth in Young Adulthood. *American Political Science Review.*, *96*(1), 41–56.; Bergan, Daniel E., Dustin Carnahan, Nazita Lajevardi, Mel Medeiros, Sarah Reckhow, and Kjerstin Thorson. "Promoting the youth vote: The role of informational cues and social pressure." *Political Behavior* (2021): 1-21.

⁶⁰ CVAP Special Tabulation from ACS 2015-2019 estimates. https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/decennial-census/about/voting-rights/cvap.2019.html.

⁶¹ The Texas voter file includes a Hispanic surname flag, allowing identification of Hispanic voters. There is no similar indicator in the voter file for voters from other racial or ethnic groups.

⁶² Budiman, Abby, Luis Noe-Bustamante, and Mark Hugo Lopez. 2020. "Naturalized Citizens Make up Record One-In-Ten U.S. Eligible Voters in 2020." *Pew Research Center's Hispanic Trends Project.*

C. Renters

A large percentage of the applications with electronic signatures were submitted by those in rental housing, specifically apartments.⁶³ Renters are often more transient than homeowners and tend be registered and turnout at lower rates than homeowners.⁶⁴ They are also more likely to be low-income and Hispanic or Black.⁶⁵ Individuals living in multi-tenant housing are also less likely to be contacted by groups or parties conducting voter registration drives and get out the vote (GOTV) efforts because apartments are often difficult to access and canvass.⁶⁶ The data suggests that renters are disproportionately burdened by the wet signature rule. Just over half (50.7%) of the applications submitted with electronic signatures came from individuals who listed a multi-unit permanent residence, even though only 30.3% of registered voters in Travis County live in an apartment or multi-unit dwelling.

Figure 2a shows areas in the county with high rates of renters. The brighter red the Census tract, the higher the percent of renter occupied housing units.

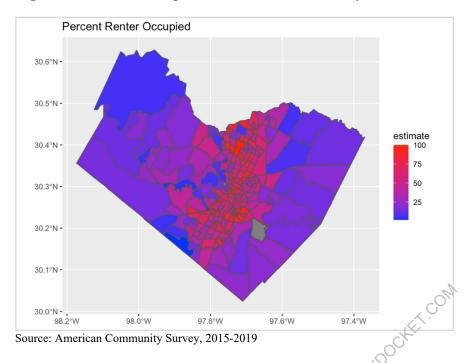
REFRIEVED FROM DEMOCRACYDOCKET.COM

⁶³ The application and Texas voter file both document apartment or unit numbers in separate fields, allowing for straightforward identification of multi-unit dwellings.

⁶⁴ Squire, Peverill, Raymond E. Wolfinger, and David P. Glass. 1987. "Residential Mobility and Voter Turnout." *American Political Science Review* 81(1): 45–65. https://www.cambridge.org/core/journals/american-political-science-review/article/abs/residential-mobility-and-voter-turnout/101B4BBEE7BA0EC891E39CB76EDE4C49 (December 5, 2021).

⁶⁵ Haurin, Donald R., Christopher E. Herbert, and Stuart S. Rosenthal. "Homeownership gaps among low-income and minority households." *Cityscape* (2007): 5-51.

⁶⁶ Michelson, Melissa R., and David W. Nickerson. 2011. "Voter mobilization." *CambridgeHhandbook of Experimental Political Science*, 228. Cambridge.





The black circles in Figure 2b show where the applicants reside. As the graph illustrates, the applicants' residences tend to be located in areas with a higher percentage of renter-occupied units, and they are not simply clustered in one or two census tracts. Rather, they are well distributed throughout the population center and rural areas.⁶⁷

⁶⁷ The data used for the maps includes all applications received. There are a few circles outside the county lines in Figure 2b. These are individuals who were marked as having an error in other data analysis for this report, as their application would have been rejected regardless of the signature requirement.

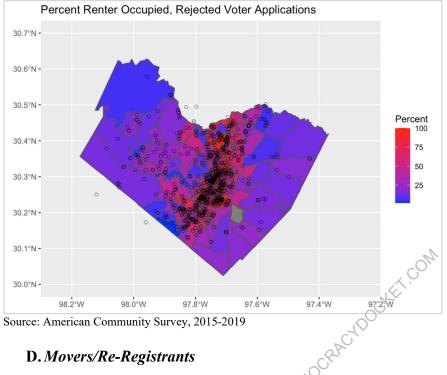


Figure 2b. Applicants Residences and Percentage of Rental Occupied Units in Travis County

D. *Movers/Re-Registrants*

One of the fields on the voter registration application asked registrants to provide an address where they were previously registered if they had been registered to vote before. Using this data, I was able to examine the extent to which the 2018 registration applications were submitted by individuals who were already registered and had moved since the previous election.

Table 2 shows that almost 28% of the registration applications with electronic signatures were submitted by people who indicated they had previously been registered and had moved. Among these movers, 55% had relocated *within* Travis County. This means the county already had their signature on file and they were simply updating their address. Another 26% of registrants had moved within the state of Texas, and because they provided a driver's license or state ID number, their signatures were likely easily accessible as well. Approximately 20% of movers came from out of state.

| All Applications | Among Movers Only |
|------------------|----------------------------|
| (%) | (%) |
| 72.4 | |
| 15.2 | 54.8 |
| 7.0 | 25.5 |
| 5.4 | 19.7 |
| | (%) 72.4 15.2 7.0 |

Table 2 Percent of Applications Received from Re-Registrants or Movers

Source: Travis County Records, 2018

The overall impact of the wet signature rule is that it increases the time and effort required to register to vote and increases the overall cost of participation. In my expert opinion, the wet signature rule does not make voter rolls more accurate or elections more secure, but the additional burdens and costs it imposes fall most heavily on those who are least equipped to overcome these unnecessary hurdles in the voting process.

CONCLUSION

I conclude that the wet signature rule increases the cost of voting and disproportionately impacts younger voters, lower-income voters, and Hispanic citizens who are already underrepresented among registered voters. The law increases the cost of voting by requiring a wet signature on a printed copy of an application that can just as easily be completed digitally with an electronic signature and is even published online by the state. Electronic signatures are widely used and accepted under Texas law for many important transactions. A wet-ink signature does not guarantee the eligibility of an applicant any more than an electronic or digital version of their signature. Requiring a wet ink signature for voter registration appears to be designed to make the registration process more difficult and more costly to voters. For all of the reasons outlined above, it is my opinion that the wet signature rule will increase the cost and burdens of participating in the electoral process for Texas voters.

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APPENDIX A Curriculum Vitae

Lisa A. Bryant September, 2021

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Academic Positions

| Associate Professor, Political Science, California State University, Fresno Assistant Professor, Political Science, California State University, Fresno, Survey Director, Institute for Leadership and Public Policy, California State University, Fresno, | 2020 - 2014 - 2020 2016 - current |
|---|---|
| Academic Background | |
| Ph.D. University of New Mexico, Political Science | 2014 |
| Concentrations: American Politics, Methodology | |
| M.A. University of New Mexico, Political Science | 2009 |
| B.A. University of New Mexico, Political Science | 2006 |
| (with honors, magna cum laude) | |
| | |
| Additional Training | |
| ICPSR workshop on R, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor | 2021 |
| Q1 – QLT Online Teaching Certification | 2020 |
| NSF Conference on Politics Experiments: Lab, Field, and Classroom, | 2010 |
| University of Virginia, Charlottesville | |
| ICPSR workshop on Survey Panel Data, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor | 2008 |

Dissertation

Mobilizing the Immigrant Vote: A Comparison of Mobilization Methods to Increase Turnout Among Minority and Naturalized Citizens.

Peer Reviewed Articles, Book Chapters, and Case Studies

Statistical Skills for the Workplace: A Practical Approach to Teaching Methods with Excel. 2021. Mallinson, Daniel J., Julia Marin Hellwege, and Eric D. Loepp, eds. *The Palgrave Handbook of Political Research Pedagogy*. Springer International Publishing. https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-3-030-76955-0 The Power of the State: How Postcards from the State Increased Registration and Turnout in Pennsylvania. 2020. *Political Behavior*. doi.org/10.1007/s11109-020-09625-2 Co-Authors: Michael J. Hanmer, Alauna C. Safarpour, Jared MacDonald.

Seeing is Believing: An Experiment on Absentee Ballots and Voter Confidence. 2020. *American Politics Research*. doi.org/10.1177/1532673X20922529

If You Ask, They Will Come (to Register and Vote): Field Experiments with State Election Agencies on Encouraging Voter Registration. 2019. *Electoral Studies*: Online first (3/20/19). doi.org/10.1016/j.electstud.2019.02.012. Co-Author: Christopher B. Mann.

Field Experiments: Design and Implementation Challenges using a Minority Voter Mobilization Study. 2019. *Sage Research Methods Cases: Politics & International Relations.* Sage Publishing. London, UK. doi:10.4135/9781526475282

Working Moms Represent: How Children Affect the Legislative Agenda of Women in Congress. 2019. *American Politics Research*, 47(3), 447–470. doi.org/10.1177/1532673X18808037. Co-author: Julia Marin Hellwege.

*Awarded the Hahn-Sigelman Prize for the best paper published in *American Politics Research* 2019.

Sampling Hard to Reach Populations: Lessons from Sampling Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs). 2018. *Oxford Handbook of Survey Methodology,* Oxford University Press: New York. Co-author: Prakash Adhikari

Considering Mixed Mode Surveys for Questions in Political Behavior: Using the Internet and Mail to Get Quality Data at Reasonable Costs. 2011. *Political Behavior* 33(1):161-178. Co-authors: Lonna Rae Atkeson, Alex N. Adams, Luciana Zilberman, and Kyle L. Saunders.

A New Barrier to Participation: Heterogeneous Application of Voter Identification Policies. 2010. *Electoral Studies* 29(1): 66-73. Co-authors: Lonna Rae Atkeson, Thad E. Hall, Kyle L Saunders, and R. Michael Alvarez.

Shifting the Blame: Federalism, Causal Attribution and Public Assignment of Blame Following Hurricane Katrina. 2008. *Publius* 38(4): 609-632. Co-authors: Cherie D. Maestas, Lonna Rae Atkeson, and Thomas Croom

Book Under Contract

Working Parents Represent: How Parenthood Influences the Legislative Agenda of Members of Congress. Forthcoming 2022. New York University Press, New York, NY. Co-Author: Julia Marin Hellwege.

Invited Book Chapters, Book Reviews, and Encyclopedia Entries

Book Review - Accessible Elections: How the States Can Help Americans Vote. 2021. *Perspectives on Politics* 19(3): 1010-1011. DOI: https://doi.org/10/1017/S153759271001286

Mail and Absentee Voting. 2020. In *Voting and Political Representation in America: Issues and Trends,* edited by Mark Jones. ABC-CLIO, Santa Barbara, CA.

Election Auditing. 2020. In *Voting and Political Representation in America: Issues and Trends,* edited by Mark Jones. ABC-CLIO, Santa Barbara, CA.

The Cost of Election Audits: Time and Money. *Confirming Elections*, edited by R. Michael Alvarez, Lonna Rae Atkeson and Thad Hall. 2012. Palgrave MacMillan: New York. With Lonna Rae Atkeson.

Moving from Red to Blue: The 2008 New Mexico Presidential, Senate, and First Congressional District Races. 2010. *The Change Election: Money, Mobilization, and Persuasion in the 2008 Federal Elections,* edited by David Magleby, Temple University Press: Philadelphia. With Michael Rocca, Lonna Rae Atkeson, and Yann Kerevel.

Professional Papers and Reports, Newspaper and Professional Blog Posts

Mothers in the US Congress have led the way on children and family issues. LSE USAPP blog. Available at: http://bit.ly/2TxzFxP.

More moms in Congress could mean more attention on children and families. February 20, 2019. *LegBranch.org* Available at: http://tinyurl.com/yyhmnrad

Congress has a record number of mothers with children at home. This is why it matters. February, 15, 2019. *Washington Post: Monkey Cage.* Available at: http://tinyurl.com/y3jfnjw2

2018 Report on San Joaquin Valley Public Opinion Survey. Institute for Leadership and Public Policy. June 2018. (with Jeffery Cummins)

2017 Report on San Joaquin Valley Public Opinion Survey. Institute for Leadership and Public Policy. June 2017. (with Jeffery Cummins and Annabella España-Nájera)

2016 ERIC Voter Registration Experiments in Three U.S. States. (with Michael Hanmer)

The Public View of the American Election System: An Overview and Summary of Trends. Prepared for the Democracy Fund. 2017. (with Paul Gronke)

Report on Civic Engagement in Fresno County. Prepared for the Edmund G. "Pat" Brown Institute for Public Affairs at Cal State LA. 2016. (with Dr. Raphael Sonenshine)

2012 ERIC Voter Registration Experiments in Delaware. Prepared for the Pew Center on the States and Delaware and Maryland. 2013. (with Christopher B. Mann)

Insights into Immigrant Mobilization: Summary Report on the 2010 MIV Treatment and Control Research Project. 2011. Mobilizing the Immigrant Vote Publication. (with Lolita Roibal)

Assessing Electoral Performance in the 2010 New Mexico General Election. 2011. University of New Mexico. (with Lonna Rae Atkeson, R. Michael Alvarez, and Alex N. Adams)

The City of Albuquerque 2009 Mayoral Election Administration Report. 2010. University of New Mexico. (with Lonna Rae Atkeson, Alex Adams, Angelina Gonzalez-Aller, Willard Hunter, Yann Kerevel, Kimberly Proctor, Lisa Sanchez and Lori Tafoya)

The 2008 New Mexico Post Election Audit Report. 2009. University of New Mexico. (with Lonna Rae Atkeson, R. Michael Alvarez, Thad E. Hall, Yann Kerevel, Morgan Llewyllen, David Odegard)

Selected Grants and Awards

| COSS, Faculty Service Award, \$500 | 2020-2021 |
|--|--------------|
| Hahn-Sigelman Award for Best Paper Published in APR for | 2019-2020 |
| Provost's Promising New Faculty Award, \$4000 | 2019-2020 |
| MIT Election Data and Science Lab, New Initiatives Grant, \$8,874 | 2018-2021 |
| COSS Research and Development Grant, \$5000 value | 2018-2019 |
| Department of Education, Reimagining History and Civics Education, | 2017-2022 |
| \$1.7 million, co-PI with Michelle DenBeste | |
| COSS, Research and Development Grant, \$7500 | 2017-2018 |
| COSS, Research and Development Grant, \$5000 value | 2016-2017 |
| Fresno State Talks Selected Scholar Award, \$500 | 2016 |
| Claude C. Laval Award for Innovative Technology and Research, | 2015 |
| California State University, Fresno, \$5,000 | |
| Graduate Dean's Dissertation of the Year Fellowship, | 2012 |
| University of New Mexico, \$8,000 | |
| Harrell Rodgers MPSA Scholar Award, Policy Studies Organization, | 2012 Midwest |
| Political Science Association, \$500 | |
| Dorothy Cline Memorial Scholarship, Department of Political Science, | 2011 |
| University of New Mexico, \$2,500 | |
| Graduate Research and Development Grant, University of New Mexico, | 2009-2010 |
| \$7,500 | |
| Dorothy Cline Memorial Scholarship, Department of Political Science, | 2008-2009 |
| University of New Mexico, \$6,000 | |

Recent Conference Participation

Conference Organizer, Election Science, Research and Administration Conference *with* co-organizers, Charles Stewart, MIT and Lonna Atkeson, UNM/FSU. Virtual Online. July 19-21, 2021.

Giving Voters Choices: An Examination of Vote Mode in California. Presented at the Midwest Political Science Association Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL, April 15-18, 2021. (with Natalie Griswold, undergraduate student).

Pay to Play: Gender and Partisan Differences in Net Worth Between Congressional Candidates. Presented at the Midwest Political Science Association Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL, April 15-18, 2021. (with Ann Patricia Kreuscher, undergraduate student).

Words Matter: A Comparative Text Analysis of Child and Family Centered Bills by Moms and Dads in Congress. Presented at the Midwest Political Science Association Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL, April 15-18, 2021. (with Julia Marin-Hellwege).

Discussant, Election Sciences 2: Public Opinion About Election Administration 2020 and Beyond. Midwest Political Science Association Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL, April 15-18, 2021. *Moderator*, Voter Registration Panel, Election Center 3rd Biennial Symposium on Election Administration at Auburn University. Auburn, AL, October 13-15, 2019.

Does Changing Rules Change Voting? Natural Experiment on Increasing Choices. Presented at the American Political Science Association, Washington, D.C., August 29-September 1, 2019.

Representing Families and Children: Parenthood and Policymaking. Presented at the American Political Science Association, Washington, D.C., August 29-September 1, 2019. (with Julia Marin Hellwege)

Changing the Way People Vote? An Examination of the CA Voter's Choice Act. Presented at the Election Science, Reform, & Administration Conference, Philadelphia, PA, July 12-13, 2019.

Partisanship & Local Elections. Presented at the Cooperative Congressional Election Studies Conference, Sundance, UT, May 30-June 1, 2019.

What's in a Bill? Parenthood and Partisanship in Children & Family Legislation. Presented at the American Political Science Association, Boston, MA, August 29-Septemeber 1, 2018. (with Julia Marin Hellwege)

A Field Experiment to Examine States' Efforts to Increase Registration and Turnout: Age and Language Effects. Presented at the American Political Science Association, Boston, MA, August 29-Septemeber 1, 2018. (with Michael Hanmer, Jared A. McDonald, and Alauna C. Safarpour.)

A Field Experiment to Examine States' Efforts to Increase Registration and Turnout: Pennsylvania. Presented at the Election Sciences, Reform, & Administration Conference, Madison, WI, July 26-27, 2018. (with Michael Hanmer)

A Field Experiment to Examine States' Efforts to Increase Registration and Turnout. Presented at the American Political Science Association Annual Meeting, San Francisco, CA, August 30-September 3, 2017. (with Michael Hanmer)

NSF Muslim American Workshop on Studying Muslims in the American Context. Menlo College, December 2017.

Hacked and Rigged: Voter Perceptions of a Fair 2016 Election. Presented at the Midwest Political Science Association Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL, April 6-9, 2017. (with Paul Gronke)

Mother and Father Know Best: Parenthood and Policymaking. Presented at the Midwest Political Science Association Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL, April 6-9, 2017. (with Julia Marin Hellwege)

Working Moms Represent: Fighting for Family Friendly Policies in Congress. Presented at the Visions in Methodology Conference, UC Davis, Sacramento, CA, May 16-18, 2016. (with Julia Marin Hellwege)

Are Voting Convenience Centers Convenient? Presented at the Midwest Political Science Association, Chicago, IL, April 7-10, 2016. (with Lonna R. Atkeson)

Working Moms Represent: Fighting for Family Friendly Policies in Congress. Presented at the Western Political Science Association, San Diego, CA, March 24-26, 2016. (with Julia Marin Hellwege)

If You Ask, They Will Come (to Register and Vote): Field Experiments with State Election Agencies on Encouraging Voter Registration." Presented at the 2015 MIT Conference for New Research on Election Administration and Reform, Cambridge, MA, June 8, 2015.

Inviting Backlash? The Use of Stereotypes in Political Advertising." Presented at the Midwest Political Science Association Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL, April 16-19, 2015.

Restrictive Immigration Policies and Latino Political Participation." Presented at the Midwest Political Science Association Annual Meeting, Chicago, IL, April 16-19, 2015. With Jason L. Morin.

Research Interests

Political Behavior Campaigns and Elections Gender and Politics Race and Ethnicity Political Psychology

Teaching Experience

American Politics Campaigns and Elections Data Visualization Political Psychology Political Parties and Participation

Manuscript Referee

Political Analysis The Journal of Politics Political Research Quarterly American Review of Politics Political Behavior Election Law Journal Politics and Gender Public Opinion Political Communication Survey/Experimental Methods Public Policy/State Policy

Policy and Public Administration Public Opinion and Political Behavior Undergraduate Methods of Analysis Graduate Methods of Analysis State and Local Politics

American Journal of Political Science American Political Science Research Journal of Women, Politics, & Policy American Politics Research Journal of Elections, Public Opinion, and Parties Journal of Experimental Political Science

University Service at California State University, Fresno

| CSUF, Executive Search Committee, Government Relations Director, Chair | 2021 |
|--|--------------|
| Department of Political Science Search Committee, | 2020 - 2021 |
| CSUF Executive Committee of the Academic Senate | 2020 - 2021 |
| CSUF, College of Social Sciences Assembly, Chair | 2020 - 2021 |
| CSUF, GE Assessment Subcommittee, <i>Chair</i> | 2018 - 2021 |
| COSS, Dean's Investment Ad-hoc Committee, Member | 2018 - 2019 |
| CSUF, GE Assessment Subcommittee, Member | 2017 - 2018 |
| COSS, Faculty Assembly Executive Committee, Vice Chair or Member | 2015 - 2019 |
| COSS, Research Committee, Member and Chair | 2016 - 2019 |
| CSUF Academic Senate, Universitywide Senator | 2016 - 2021 |
| CSUF Academic Senate, Ex officio Senator | 2014 - 2016 |
| Department of Political Science Curriculum Committee, Member | 2016-ongoing |
| Leon Panetta Congressional Fellow Selection Committee, Member | 2014-ongoing |
| Student Unit of the League of Women Voters, Faculty Advisor | 2015-2020 |
| Fresno State College Democrats, Faculty Advisor | 2015-2017 |
| | |

| <u>Committee Work for Discipline</u> | | |
|--|-----------------|--|
| APSA Gender Studies Book Award Committee | 2020-2021 | |
| APSA Civic Engagement Section Organizer (2021 meeting) | 2020-2021 | |
| MPSA Women's Caucus Board Member | 2019-2025 | |
| WPSA Best Dissertation Award Committee | 2017 | |
| Service to the Community/Board Memberships | | |
| NSF Convergence Accelerator - Participant and Reviewer | 2021 | |
| Political Analysis, Editorial Board Member | 2020-onging | |
| Electronic Registration Information Center, National Research | 2019-ongoing | |
| Advisory Board, Member | 2017 0180118 | |
| Fresno County League of Women Voters, Board Member | 2015-2020 | |
| | | |
| Professional Research Partnerships | (2010 | |
| Early Voting Information Center/Democracy Fund. (with Paul Gronke), 201 | | |
| Pew Center on the States, ERIC Voter Registration Center. (with Michael Ha | - | |
| The Edmund G. "Pat" Brown Institute for Public Affairs at California State U | niversity, | |
| Los Angeles (with Dr. Raphael Sonenshine), 2016 | and | |
| Bernalillo County Clerk's Office. (with Lonna R. Atkeson, R. Michael Alvarez Alex N. Adams). 2008, 2010, 2012 | , anu | |
| | чD | |
| Pew Center on the States/ERIC Voter Registration Center. (with Christophe Mann), 2012. | I D. | |
| Conservation Voters of New Mexico (with Christopher B. Mann), 2012 | | |
| City of Albuquerque, NM-City Clerk /Travis County, TX Travis County Clerk | | |
| (with Robert Stein, Christopher B. Mann, Greg Vonnahme, and Lonn | | |
| National Environmental Group (name withheld). [with Christopher B. Mann | | |
| Mobilizing the Immigrant Vote. 2010. | | |
| Bernalillo County, Curry County, Dona Ana County, Lincoln County, San Juan | | |
| County, and Santa Fe County Clerks. (with Lonna R. Atkeson, R. | | |
| Michael Alvarez, Thad Hall, and Alex N. Adams), 2010 | | |
| NM Secretary of State, Bernalillo County, Dona Ana County, San Juan County | 7, | |
| Santa Fe County.(with Lonna R. Atkeson, R. Michael Alvarez and Thad B. Hall), 2008. | | |
| | | |
| Selected Invited Talks | o Tuoil. A | |
| U.S House of Representatives, Moms in the House Caucus Event. "Blazing th | | |
| Women's History Month Forum on the Political History and Power of Washington, D.C. July 22, 2020 | DI MOIIIS. | |
| Washington, D.C., July 22, 2020. The Ethics Center, Leon S. Peters Ethics Lecture. <i>The #MeToo Moment: Sexu</i> | al Harassmant | |
| and Professional Life. Panelist. February 13, 2018. | ui mui ussinent | |
| Fresno Bar Association, <i>Panelist, Fake News</i> . November, 2017. | | |
| Café Scientifique. <i>Voter Fraud in U.S. Elections</i> . November 7, 2016. | | |
| The African American Intellectual Thought Symposium. African Americans | and the 2016 | |
| Election. Speaker. April 20, 2017. | | |
| Young Executives Club of Fresno County. <i>Registration and Turnout in the 20</i> | 16 | |
| California Primary. June 16, 2016 | 10 | |
| National Women's Political Caucus. <i>Democracy in Action or Democracy Inaction?</i> | | |
| Voters, Media and Getting the Democracy We Deserve. May 3, 2016. | | |
| CSUF Women's Resource Center/Women's Studies. <i>The History of Gender</i> | | |
| Stereotyping in Political Campaign Advertisements. March 17, 2015. | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Advising for Dissertations, Theses, and Undergraduate Student Research

Graduate Theses-Dissertations

Laura Whitehouse, California State University, Fresno, MPA Thesis Chair, *current* David Santos, California State University, Fresno, MPA Thesis Committee, 2021 Melissa Villegas, California State University, Fresno, MPA Thesis Committee, 2020 Shelby Brisky, California State University, Fresno, MPA Thesis Committee, 2018 Genevieve Mayhew, University of Maryland, PhD Dissertation Committee, 2017

Undergraduate Research – California State University, Fresno

Patricia Natalie Griswold, Smittcamp Senior Research Project, 2020-2021 Ann Kreuscher, College of Social Science Honors Thesis, 2020-2021 Beverly Perez Alvarez, College of Social Science Honors Thesis, 2019-2020 Nicholas Matoian, College of Social Science Honors Thesis, 2018-2019 Erin Mah, Skidmore College, Skidmore, NY, PS Honors Thesis, Spring 2019 Alexandra Gallo, College of Social Science Honors Thesis, 2016-2017 Ryan Ditchfield, Independent Study, Political Psychology, Spring 2016 Edward Berdan (received Undergraduate Research Award for 2015-2016) Sarah Hayes (received Undergraduate Research Award for 2015-2016)

PERPERENTED FROM DEMOCRACYDOCKEI

Appendix B: Reliance Materials

Academic Articles and Books

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Appendix C Examination of Cameron County

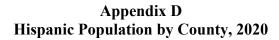
A total of 22 people had voter registration applications rejected for signature-related issues between September 19, 2018 and October 09, 2018 according to the information provided by Cameron County.⁶⁸ Of those 22 applicants, 77% (17) attempted to register using electronic signatures on their application forms. Of those 17 applicants, only two (12.5%) were able to correct their registrations with a wet signature before the October 9 deadline, according to county records. An additional six of the 17 applicants were able to correct their registrations between October 10 and October 12, and four were corrected the following week. Two individuals did not get registered until after Election Day and two people did not attempt to correct their registration at all.⁶⁹

According to the voter registration file, a total of 765 people in Cameron County registered to vote between September 09, 2018 and October 09, 2018. Of those 765 people, 538 or 70.3 percent voted in the November 2018 General Election. It is reasonable to assume that the turnout rate would be similar among those who attempted to register with electronic signatures. But of those seventeen applicants, nine (52.9%) successfully voted in the 2018 general election.

While most applicants using electronic signatures in Cameron County were able to vote in the 2018 election, that is due in large part to the fact that the county sent letters notifying them that they needed to correct their applications and were willing to accept the corrected applications after the October 9 deadline. Again, some voters were unable to correct their registration applications in time to vote in the November 2018 General Election and two individuals did not register at all when faced with the additional burden of the wer signature rule.

⁶⁸ Two applications were rejected on October 12, 2019, but the records indicate at least one of those two applied on October 9 using an electronic signature. To keep the analysis consistent, the second application rejected on October 12 was included in the analysis even though a copy of their application form was not provided.

⁶⁹ According to the county records provided and the statewide voter registration file, eight of the registrants show a registration or effective registration date after October 9 in both records, but were allowed to vote in the 2018 election; one registrant shows a registration date of October 5 in the county records, but an effective registration date of October 28, 2019 in the statewide voter file and another shows a registration date of October 8 in the county records, but an effective registration date of October 21, 2018 in the statewide voter file. These two voters were also allowed to vote in the 2018 election.



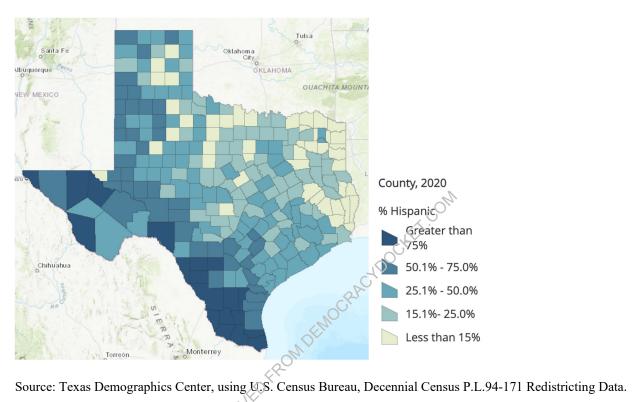


Figure C.1. Hispanic Population by County

Source: Texas Demographics Center, using U.S. Census Bureau, Decennial Census P.L.94-171 Redistricting Data.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS AUSTIN DIVISION VOTE.ORG, Plaintiff, vs. JACUELYN CALLANEN, in her official capacity as the Bexar County Elections Administrator, BRUCE ELFANT, in his official capacity as the Travis County Tax Assessor-Collector, REMI) CIVIL ACTION GARZA, in his official)) NO.: 5:21-CV-00649 capacity as the Cameron County Elections Administrator, MICHAEL SCARPELLO, in his official capacity as the Dallas VED FROM DEMC County Elections Administrator, Defendants, And KEN PAXTON, in his official capacity as the Attorney General of Texas, Intervenor-Defendant.) ______ ORAL AND VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF DR. LISA BRYANT FEBRUARY 7, 2022 _____

Case: 3250536/-00 0000 ument 0005/16376753-2 Prage: 84/08/02ate Fated 806/29/2022/7/2022

| | | | LISA DIYANC - | 2/1/2022 |
|----|---|----|---|----------|
| | 102 | | | 104 |
| 1 | deadline, and maybe the steps to take to do | 1 | go to register to vote today, start by going | |
| 2 | that. So, you would agree with me that that | 2 | online and finding that in information. So, | |
| 3 | would be the same under both analyses, right, | 3 | all things being equal, you know, access to | |
| 4 | if you're looking at the cost of voting index | 4 | internet and things like that, I think that the | |
| 5 | for either option? | 5 | assumption that that burden is equal across | |
| 6 | A. I think, actually, in this case, that | 6 | everybody is fair. | |
| 7 | that might not be the same, because the onus is | 7 | I think that when we start to look | |
| 8 | more on the person registering. When they're | 8 | at information, additional information, such | |
| 9 | doing it through an online website, they're | 9 | as, now what do I have to do with this | |
| 10 | going out and seeking that information on how | 10 | registration form, are there additional steps | |
| 11 | to. When they're at the motor vehicles, that's | 11 | required, that people who have more resources | |
| 12 | a convenience measure. And so, because they | 12 | might be able to absorb additional burdens | |
| 13 | are at the motor vehicles, or DPS, getting | 13 | easier than people who don't. | |
| 14 | their license, and it's offered to them as a | 14 | Q. Okay. And you also mentioned | |
| 15 | convenience at the time, that might be a lower | 15 | administrative hurdles, I think, as part of | |
| 16 | cost. | 16 | this cost of voting index. What kind of | |
| 17 | And that they they probably | 17 | administrative hurdles are are factored into | |
| 18 | aren't going to say, well, hold on, let me | 18 | that? | |
| 19 | check and see when the registration deadline | 19 | A. So, for example, in the case that | |
| 20 | is. If they know they need to update their | 20 | we're talking about here, administrative | |
| 21 | information and the opportunity to do so is in | 21 | burdens would be that you have to print off | |
| 22 | front of them, then I think that that is less | 22 | so, you've already completed your voter | |
| 23 | costly than having to do the fax machine | 23 | registration form, you've already affirmed with | |
| 24 | registration or to go online and seek the | 24 | your digital signature that you are you meet | |
| 25 | information. | 25 | the legal requirements in the state of Texas, | |
| | | | C.N. | |
| | | 25 | \sim | |
| | Q. And do you know the proportion of voters in Texas who register using that method as opposed to the fax machine method? A. I do not, because that is not in the voter registration file Q. Okay. | | | 105 |
| 1 | Q. And do you know the proportion of | 1 | and now you have to print that off. So, that | |
| | voters in Texas who register using that method | 2 | is an administrative burden, requiring someone | |
| 3 | as opposed to the fax machine method? | 3 | to print something that they've already | |
| 4 | A. I do not, because that is not in the | 4 | provided the information to the state. | |
| 5 | voter registration file | 5 | And you have to mail that or | |
| 6 | Q. Okay. | 6 | deliver that to the election official. And | |
| 7 | A that is that is made publicly | 7 | there is a very limited amount of time. That, | |
| 8 | available. | | to a degree, is out of the registrant's | |
| 9 | Q. I think and going a little bit more | 9 | control. Right? Putting it in the postal | |
| 10 | into the report, there is we we've kind | 10 | service and hoping that it gets there within | |
| 11 | of talked about this already, the information | 11 | four days is something that's out of their | |
| 12 | collection burden, I think, is what you | 12 | | |
| 13 | mentioned. | 13 | And we call that an administrative | |
| 14 | Other than the information about | 14 | burden because it's a seemingly arbitrary | |
| 15 | the deadlines, how else is that, I guess, | 15 | requirement. What is special about four days, | |
| 16 | burdensome? 'Cause if I I would imagine | 16 | or why is a paper copy of something you've | |
| 17 | that, and correct me if I'm wrong, but someone | 17 | already submitted and affixed your signature to | |
| 18 | going onto a website to get the information | 18 | affirm that the information is true, what is | |
| 19 | they need to register to vote, that would be | 19 | this additional administrative requirement for? | |
| 20 | pretty similar no matter like that step of | 20 | And so, that's what we would call | |
| 21 | the process would be, I would think it would be | 21 | an administrative burden, additional steps that | |
| 22 | the same burden no matter what method you're | 22 | you have to take to be able to complete a | |
| 23 | using. | 23 | process, or, you know, sort of bureaucratic | |
| 24 | A. I think that that assumption is fair. | 24 | rules that you have to navigate in order to | |
| 25 | I think that, you know, most people, when they | 25 | to complete a process. | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |

Integrity Legal Support Solutions
 www.integrity-texas.com

Case: 3250536/-00 DocuMent D005/16376753-2 Prage: 08208/DateFailed 806/29/2022

2/2/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Jacquelyn Callanen 30(b)(6)

| IN TH | IE UNITED STATES DIS | STRICT COURT |
|--------------|---|--------------------|
| | WESTERN DISTRICT OF | |
| | SAN ANTONIO DIVI | SION |
| | | X |
| VOTE.ORG, | | : |
| | Plaintiff, | : |
| V. | | : Case No.: |
| | | : 5:21-cv-649-JKP- |
| | LLANEN, IN HER | : |
| | PACITY AS THE BEXAR | : |
| | IONS ADMINISTRATOR; | : |
| | , IN HIS OFFICIAL | : |
| | THE TRAVIS COUNTY T | |
| | LECTOR; REMI GARZA, ZIAL CAPACITY AS THE | \sim |
| | ITY ELECTIONS | |
| | R; MICHAEL SCARPELI | : |
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| DALLAS COUNT | | • |
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| | Administrators by | 2 |
| designated | l representative, JA | |
| | Conducted Virtua | - |
| Ń | Mednesday, February | |
| | 10:04 a.m. Central | Time |
| Reported by: | Matthew Goldstein, | RMR, CRR |
| | DIGITAL EVIDE | INCE GROUP |
| | 1730 M Street, NV | |
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| | Washington, I | D.C. 20036 |

Case: 3250536/-00 Document D005/16376753-2 Prage: 0308/DateFailed 806/29/2022

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Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Jacquelyn Callanen 30(b)(6)

| 1 online voter registration because we wouldn't have 1 any application for ballot by mail. It goes 2 as many of those coming back. 2 through the same – you know, time-stamp it, put a 3 And that's sort of the life span of a 3 label on it, scan it, clip the signature, and then 4 voter registration card. 5 Go kay. I want to just ask two questions, 6 6 first going back to the scanning process. 6 early ballot module where now our signature 7 So you said that you scan both sides of 7 verification committee and our early ballot board 8 the voter registration cards. 9 and a Republican. Each one of them will be 10 Q. And you make sure that you capture in 10 sitting in front of a computer. 11 that sam the voter's signature. 11 that main ballot, when the mail ballot comes back 13 Q. Okay. Why do you capture the voter's 13 in after they voted it, we're going to a the same 14 signature? 14 thing. We're going to but a sticker on 15 14 signature. 18 Nokay. That leads us to another 16 in the signature. 10 <t< th=""><th></th><th>Page 109</th><th></th><th>Page 111</th></t<> | | Page 109 | | Page 111 |
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Case: 32550536/-00 DocuMent D005/16376753-2 Page: 084/08/DateFaled 806/29/2022

2/2/2022 Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Jacquelyn Callanen 30(b)(6)

| | Page 113 | | Page 115 |
|--|--|--|---|
| 1 | But, again, the legislature has looked | 1 | A. Correct. |
| 2 | at it. They've heard us, that we need to be able | 2 | Q is that correct? |
| 3 | to look at different signatures to make sure, if | 3 | A. Correct. |
| 4 | someone is having a bad day, that that is, in | 4 | Q. You use that signature sometimes for |
| 5 | fact, their signature. | 5 | things that come later? |
| 6 | So again, that was a long, rambled way | 6 | A. After. After, yes. |
| 7 | of why we're clipping signatures. | 7 | Q. And I'm sorry, when I say "you," it |
| 8 | Q. No, I appreciate the explanation. | 8 | is the early ballot board will sometimes use |
| 9 | So when you clip those signatures, do | 9 | that signature for things that come later; is that |
| 10 | you compare when you're processing voter | 10 | right? |
| 11 | sorry. Let me back up. Let me pause. | 11 | A. Correct. |
| 12 | When you are processing voter | 12 | Q. And the signature verification committee |
| 13 | registration applications, do you compare that | 13 | will sometimes use that signature for things that |
| 14 | signature like Jackie Callanen signed her voter | 14 | come later; correct? |
| 15 | registration application. Do you compare that | 15 | A. Yes, ma'am. |
| 16 | signature to any other signatures or is that I | 16 | Q. But you don't use that signature in |
| 17 | see you nodding so | 17 | the |
| 18 19 | A. I'm sorry. I'm not allowed to do that. No, ma'am, we are not and this is a | 18 | A. No. Q in the registration process? |
| 20 | piece we, the elections administrators, are not | 20 | A. No, ma'am. |
| 20 | an investigative body. Even if we see it, it's | | Q. Okay. And then I want to just revisit |
| 22 | like we are not an investigative body. The | 21 22 | working PSVs. |
| | | P | |
| | | | |
| | Page 114 | | Page 116 |
| 1 | Page 114 election code is set up so it's the function of | 1 | Page 116 When you say you are working a PSV, what |
| 1 2 | election code is set up so it's the function of the early ballot board. It's the function of the | 1 2 | _ |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 | election code is set up so it's the function of the early ballot board. It's the function of the signature verification committee. And that's why we have signature rosters and everyone signs in at the poll site. So that if anybody wants to question, look, Jackie Callanen signed in here, I know she wasn't there | 2 3 4 5 6 7 | When you say you are working a PSV, what does that mean? A. Again, it comes back the next day from the Secretary of State's office basically saying the information you sent us does not match. It's either a birth date that could be the number is transposed. It could be the Texas' driver's |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | election code is set up so it's the function of the early ballot board. It's the function of the signature verification committee. And that's why we have signature rosters and everyone signs in at the poll site. So that if anybody wants to question, look, Jackie Callanen signed in here, I know she wasn't there that day, we actually will bring up that piece of paper that Jackie Callanen signed at the poll site and match it against what's in our database. So it's there for a checks and balance, but we are not the investigative body. So to answer your question, Kassi, it's, no, another authorized group has to bring up that question. Q. I understand. But when you get a voter registration application just at the application level. We have not requested a ballot by mail. We have not voted. But when you get that application and you see that signature, you don't use that signature | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | When you say you are working a PSV, what does that mean? A. Again, it comes back the next day from the Secretary of State's office basically saying the information you sent us does not match. It's either a birth date that could be the number is transposed. It could be the Texas' driver's license number is not assigned to that person. It could be that they don't have either number, that they put in their registration and they didn't give us either number. They now check the box and say, I don't have any of that information. So those are all handled differently. But, again, I keep saying I'm not the techie, so I have no idea how the program is written for the state, for the TEAM. So I don't know what pieces they're looking for as it automatically goes through their we call it a live check. They send it up through their live check. |

29 (Pages 113 to 116)

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|----|--|------|--|
| | Page 129 | | Page 131 |
| 1 | such-and-such a date, we have a I want to say | 1 | I go re when I re-up my driver's license. I |
| 2 | like a special hotline that we have a path to | 2 | have not so I don't I can't speak to that |
| 3 | them that we can send an Excel spreadsheet and | 3 | process if someone says they want to register to |
| 4 | say, you know, Jackie Callanen said she registered | 4 | vote. Because when they ask me when I go there, |
| 5 | in the month of January, did she register to vote? | 5 | I'm like, no, I'm already registered, and then |
| 6 | And at that point, they will answer us | 6 | that's the end of that. I don't go through that |
| 7 | within one or two days. And they will send us an | 7 | process to see what it would be. |
| 8 | image of the actual card that the voter signed. | 8 | Q. Okay. But you only when you get |
| 9 | Because on their their request says, do you | 9 | voter registration applications back from DPS, |
| 10 | want to be a registered voter, yes or no? And so | 10 | you your office has not had a hand in |
| 11 | that's the information we need to qualify that | 11 | determining whether that voter is eligible to |
| 12 | provisional voter because then we can say, here's | 12 | vote; is that correct? |
| 13 | your card and you checked no. You're not a | 13 | A. That's correct. It's gone through the |
| 14 | register voter. So that's another step. | 14 | screening for the Secretary of State. |
| 15 | And those pieces don't come | 15 | Q. The process to make sure I'm clear |
| 16 | automatically to us. We must go and request | 16 | goes DPS to the Secretary of State, and then those |
| 17 | those. | 17 | voters come to you already verified; is that |
| 18 | Q. And that's okay. I understand. | 18 | correct? |
| 19 | So when you're talking about that form | 19 | A. Correct, correct. They have their VUIDs |
| 20 | where a voter checks at the DMV, yes, I would like | 20 | assigned. |
| 21 | to be a registered voter or, no, I don't want to | 2,10 | Q. And you get a separate file when you |
| 22 | be a registered voter, that form that's sent to | Q2 | get that download with the VUID or the VUIDs, you |
| | _ | ly. | |
| | Page 130 you, it's an electronic form; right? A. Yes, yes. | | Page 132 |
| 1 | you, it's an electronic form; right? | 1 | get a separate file with those voters' signatures? |
| 2 | A. Yes, yes. | 2 | A. Yes. |
| 3 | Q. And when you're at the DMV I guess | 3 | Q. And those are digital signatures that |
| 4 | just because we've used voter registration card to | 4 | you receive? |
| 5 | mean paper voter registration application, I just | 5 | A. Yes. |
| 6 | want to make sure I'm being precise here that | 6 | Q. And so now I want to move on to some of |
| 7 | form is filled out electronically at the DMV; is | 7 | the uses that you sort of alluded to already for |
| 8 | that correct? | 8 | signatures on voter registration applications. |
| 9 | A. I think so. I can't | 9 | MS. YUKEVICH: So would you mind, Dan, |
| 10 | Q. And so | 10 | just pulling up Exhibit D, what I've premarked as |
| 11 | A. I think so. I can't testify either way. | 11 | Exhibit D. |
| 12 | I'm not sure. | 12 | (Callanen Deposition Exhibit D was |
| 13 | Q. Okay. And that's fair. | 13 | marked for identification and attached to the |
| 14 | And I apologize. I grew up in | 14 | transcript.) |
| 15 | California so I will often say "DMV." When I say | 15 | MS. YUKEVICH: And then can you go to |
| 16 | "DMV" | 16 | page 5. And then can you zoom in on the response |
| 17 | A. That's fine. | 17 | to Interrogatory Number 2. |
| 18 | Q I do mean DPS, just to be clear. | 18 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: |
| 19 | Okay. And when a voter submits their | 19 | Q. So I know that's a lot of text, and I |
| 20 | signature at DPS, when they sign, they sign an | 20 | apologize for not pre-highlighting. |
| 21 | electronic keypad; is that right? | 21 | But, Ms. Callanen, do you know what this |
| 22 | A. Again, I can only speak for myself when | 22 | document is? |
| | | | |
| | | - | |

33 (Pages 129 to 132)

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| | Page 133 | | Page 135 |
|--|---|--|---|
| 1 | A. Yes, this response was written by Robert | 1 | process to me earlier, but with paper and I |
| 2 | Green. | 2 | just want to walk through it again, so that I'm |
| 3 | Q. Okay. And have you seen this response | 3 | clear. |
| 4 | before? | 4 | When you have a paper voter registration |
| 5 | A. Yes. | 5 | card, your office scans that paper voter |
| 6 | Q. Okay. And to this interrogatory so | 6 | registration card and pulls off the signature; is |
| 7 | just to be I want to take a look here. I want | 7 | that correct? |
| 8 | to make sure that I start you at the right spot | 8 | A. Correct. |
| 9 | here. | 9 | Q. Okay. And then you save that image that |
| 10 | So you say here and it is the sixth | 10 | you've pulled of the signature; is that right? |
| 11 | line down. And I apologize for where it | 11 | A. Yes. |
| 12 | says it will start with "voter signatures | 12 | Q. Okay. And then after a voter after a |
| 13 | obtained from voter registration applications." | 13 | voter is registered to vote, after they have here |
| 14 | It's actually six, seven, eight it's the ninth | 14 | submitted a ballot by mail, you will pull up an |
| 15 | line down. | 15 | image of that signature; is that right? |
| 16 | MS. YUKEVICH: Yeah, right where you're | 16 | A. Yes. |
| 17 | at. | 17 | Q. And you will compare it to the signature |
| 18 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: | 18 | on their ballot by mail, their mail-in ballot; is |
| 19 | Q. So you say here and I just want to | 19 | that right? |
| 20 | read it out. This interrogatory asked you to | 20 | A. Yes. |
| 21 | "State and describe the purposeof a signature | 21 | Q. Okay. And so you mentioned that you do |
| 22 | on voter registration applications, including any | 22 | this on a computer; is that correct? |
| | Q | | |
| | | | |
| | Page 134 | | Page 136 |
| 1 | differences in the purpose [or] function of | 1 | A. It's a computer program, yes. |
| 1 2 | differences in the purpose [or] function of wet-ink signatures compared to electronic," what | 2 | A. It's a computer program, yes.Q. Okay. And is it your office that does |
| | differences in the purpose [or] function of wet-ink signatures compared to electronic," what we have been using today "or imaged," what we | 2 | A. It's a computer program, yes.Q. Okay. And is it your office that does the comparing, or is it the early ballot board |
| 2 3 4 | differences in the purpose [or] function of wet-ink signatures compared to electronic," what we have been using today "or imaged," what we have been referring to today as oigital | 2 3 4 | A. It's a computer program, yes.Q. Okay. And is it your office that does the comparing, or is it the early ballot board that does it? |
| 2 3 4 5 | differences in the purpose [or] function of wet-ink signatures compared to electronic," what we have been using today "or imaged," what we have been referring to today as digital signatures. | 2 3 4 5 | A. It's a computer program, yes.Q. Okay. And is it your office that does the comparing, or is it the early ballot board that does it?A. It's the early ballot board and the |
| 2 3 4 5 6 | differences in the purpose [or] function of wet-ink signatures compared to electronic," what we have been using today "or imaged," what we have been referring to today as digital signatures. So you say here that "voter signatures | 2 3 4 5 6 | A. It's a computer program, yes. Q. Okay. And is it your office that does the comparing, or is it the early ballot board that does it? A. It's the early ballot board and the signature verification committee, yes. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 | differences in the purpose [or] function of wet-ink signatures compared to electronic," what we have been using today "or imaged," what we have been referring to today as digital signatures. So you say here that "voter signatures obtained from voter registration applications are | 2 3 4 5 6 7 | A. It's a computer program, yes. Q. Okay. And is it your office that does the comparing, or is it the early ballot board that does it? A. It's the early ballot board and the signature verification committee, yes. Q. Okay. And does your office your |
| 2 4 5 7 8 | differences in the purpose [or] function of wet-ink signatures compared to electronic," what we have been using today "or imaged," what we have been referring to today as digital signatures. So you say here that "voter signatures obtained from voter registration applications are sometimes used by county elections personnel to | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | A. It's a computer program, yes. Q. Okay. And is it your office that does the comparing, or is it the early ballot board that does it? A. It's the early ballot board and the signature verification committee, yes. Q. Okay. And does your office your office helps to facilitate that process; is that |
| 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 | differences in the purpose [or] function of wet-ink signatures compared to electronic," what we have been using today "or imaged," what we have been referring to today as aigital signatures. So you say here that "voter signatures obtained from voter registration applications are sometimes used by county elections personnel to verify voter identity." | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | A. It's a computer program, yes. Q. Okay. And is it your office that does the comparing, or is it the early ballot board that does it? A. It's the early ballot board and the signature verification committee, yes. Q. Okay. And does your office your office helps to facilitate that process; is that right? |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 | differences in the purpose [or] function of wet-ink signatures compared to electronic," what we have been using today "or imaged," what we have been referring to today as digital signatures. So you say here that "voter signatures obtained from voter registration applications are sometimes used by county elections personnel to verify voter identity." I want to make sure what you meant here | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 | A. It's a computer program, yes. Q. Okay. And is it your office that does the comparing, or is it the early ballot board that does it? A. It's the early ballot board and the signature verification committee, yes. Q. Okay. And does your office your office helps to facilitate that process; is that right? A. Correct. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 | differences in the purpose [or] function of wet-ink signatures compared to electronic," what we have been using today "or imaged," what we have been referring to today as digital signatures. So you say here that "voter signatures obtained from voter registration applications are sometimes used by county elections personnel to verify voter identity." I want to make sure what you meant here is after a voter is registered to vote, that's | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 | A. It's a computer program, yes. Q. Okay. And is it your office that does the comparing, or is it the early ballot board that does it? A. It's the early ballot board and the signature verification committee, yes. Q. Okay. And does your office your office helps to facilitate that process; is that right? A. Correct. Q. Okay. So and when they're going |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 | differences in the purpose [or] function of wet-ink signatures compared to electronic," what we have been using today "or imaged," what we have been referring to today as digital signatures. So you say here that "voter signatures obtained from voter registration applications are sometimes used by county elections personnel to verify voter identity." I want to make sure what you meant here is after a voter is registered to vote, that's when you will A. Right. Q use those signatures? A. Right, the mail ballots. | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 | A. It's a computer program, yes. Q. Okay. And is it your office that does the comparing, or is it the early ballot board that does it? A. It's the early ballot board and the signature verification committee, yes. Q. Okay. And does your office your office helps to facilitate that process; is that right? A. Correct. Q. Okay. So and when they're going through and doing that, do they do that for every early ballot that they receive? A. Mail ballot. Q. Or excuse me, yes, I apologize. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 | differences in the purpose [or] function of wet-ink signatures compared to electronic," what we have been using today "or imaged," what we have been referring to today as digital signatures. So you say here that "voter signatures obtained from voter registration applications are sometimes used by county elections personnel to verify voter identity." I want to make sure what you meant here is after a voter is registered to vote, that's when you will A. Right. Q use those signatures? A. Right, the mail ballots. Q. Okay. And then you go on to give | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 | A. It's a computer program, yes. Q. Okay. And is it your office that does the comparing, or is it the early ballot board that does it? A. It's the early ballot board and the signature verification committee, yes. Q. Okay. And does your office your office helps to facilitate that process; is that right? A. Correct. Q. Okay. So and when they're going through and doing that, do they do that for every early ballot that they receive? A. Mail ballot. Q. Or excuse me, yes, I apologize. A. Yes. |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | differences in the purpose [or] function of wet-ink signatures compared to electronic," what we have been using today "or imaged," what we have been referring to today as digital signatures. So you say here that "voter signatures obtained from voter registration applications are sometimes used by county elections personnel to verify voter identity." I want to make sure what you meant here is after a voter is registered to vote, that's when you will A. Right. Q use those signatures? A. Right, the mail ballots. Q. Okay. And then you go on to give examples here, "such as by comparing that signature to the voter's signature as it appears on the carrier envelope used to submit a ballot by | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | A. It's a computer program, yes. Q. Okay. And is it your office that does the comparing, or is it the early ballot board that does it? A. It's the early ballot board and the signature verification committee, yes. Q. Okay. And does your office your office helps to facilitate that process; is that right? A. Correct. Q. Okay. So and when they're going through and doing that, do they do that for every early ballot that they receive? A. Mail ballot. Q. Or excuse me, yes, I apologize. A. Yes. Q. Let me be clear. They do that for every mail-in ballot that they receive? |

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| | Page 137 | | Page 139 |
|----------|--|----------|--|
| 1 | board has made? | 1 | I just want to make sure I'm understanding. |
| 2 | A. I'm not sure how to answer that. It is | 2 | So the early ballot board does not see |
| 3 | a requirement that the early ballot board okay. | 3 | the original signature, wet-ink signature of the |
| 4 | In pre computer technology, the way the process | 4 | voter, is that correct, from the voter |
| 5 | worked is that the mail ballot application would | 5 | registration application? |
| 6 | come in. It was data-entered. They got their | 6 | A. They see the scanned copy. |
| 7 | mail ballot. When it came back, the ballot was, | 7 | Q. Right. |
| 8 | you know, technically rubber-banded back-to-back | 8 | The early ballot board will only see the |
| 9 | with that application. | 9 | scan of the registered voter's signature; is that |
| 10 | Now, the signature verification | 10 | correct? |
| 11 | committee would come in and sit in front of trays | 11 | A. Correct. |
| 12 | of ballots. And they literally would pick up one | 12 | Q. And the early ballot board will also |
| 13 | at a time. And whoever the person was, they would | 13 | only see the scan of the ballot-by-mail signature; |
| 14 | say, okay, I see that signature, that signature, | 14 | is that correct? |
| 15 | yeah, I think they match. And then they would put | 15 | A. Correct. |
| 16 | it over on the other side to be opened. If they | 16 | Q. Okay. Thank you for clarifying. |
| 17 | said no, it went on the other side. | 17 | And they will also only see to the |
| 18 | Well, again, with the advent of | 18 | extent that your system has other signatures, |
| 19 | technology, we've stopped that. The early ballot | 19 | we've sort of been talking about this as two |
| 20 | board no longer touches the physical mail ballot | 20 | signatures, the early ballot board will only ever |
| 21 | because we've done I don't want to say the work | 21 | see scans of signatures; is that correct? |
| 22 | for them, but we've clipped the signatures. And | G2 | A. Correct. |
| | <u> </u> | | |
| | Page 138 | | Page 140 |
| 1 | so when they bring it up on their computer screen, | 1 | Q. So I want to move on to the second |
| 2 | both signatures are there on top of each other. | 2 | oh, before we move on from here. I'm sorry. |
| 3 | So they can go back and they, you know, | 3 | So you'll do the signature matching |
| 4 | PR it. They say, yes, okay, I'm going to accept | 4 | with the early ballot board will do the |
| 5 | this one and they just check it and keep on going. | 5 | signature review process with voters who submitted |
| 6 | So they're no longer using the physical part. | 6 | their voter registration applications on paper; is |
| 7 | But to answer your question, yes, it's | 7 | that correct? |
| 8 | required by statute that someone, somehow matches | 8 | A. Correct. |
| 9 | the signatures off the ABBM and the ballot. But | 9 | Q. And do they also do it with voters who |
| 10 | what again, this SB1 what's changing now | 10 | submitted their voter registration applications |
| 11 | with SB1 is that they want to be able to match | 11 | through DPS? |
| 12 | that signature to the voter registration card. | 12 | A. Occasionally. |
| 13 | So there's a difference there. Our | 13 | Q. Okay. |
| 14 | program has again, as I said, we can keep the | 14 | A. Occasionally. They can ask. |
| 15 | last six signatures. So we have that voter | 15 | Q. Okay. So to be clear, the early ballot |
| 16 17 | registration card embedded in that program so that | 16 17 | board will compare signatures from voter |
| | the early ballot board can just click on it and | | registration applications with signatures on |
| 18 19 | see. | 18 19 | ballots by mail; is that correct? A. Correct. |
| 20 | Q. Okay. So that was a very helpful explanation. Thank you. I just want to clarify a | 20 | A. Correct.Q. Okay. And does the early ballot board |
| 21 | couple things. And I understand that again | 20 | make a distinction between voters who vote by mail |
| 22 | sometimes my questions will seem pretty basic, but | 22 | who registered on paper and voters who vote by |
| | sometimes my questions win seem pietty basic, but | | The registered on paper and voters will vote by |

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|---|---|--|--|
| 1 | early ballot board to do that? | 1 | that's that that's what the early ballot board |
| 2 | A. No. I know it's in there. I have my | 2 | would use to compare the vote-by-mail application |
| 3 | copy of SB1. I can go through it, but I don't | 3 | signature to? |
| 4 | know off the top of my head. | 4 | MS. HUNKER: Objection; speculation. |
| 5 | Q. No, no, that's not necessary right now. | 5 | You can answer. |
| 6 | Is it your understanding that's okay. | 6 | THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. I got lost |
| 7 | It's a big bill. | 7 | when I heard can I answer? May I answer? |
| 8 | Is it your understanding that the early | 8 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: |
| 9 | ballot board then will be able to compare the | 9 | Q. Yes, you can answer. |
| 10 | signatures that voters provide to DPS with the | 10 | A. Oh. |
| 11 | early ballot or I'm sorry mail ballot | 11 | Q. It's okay. You can answer. |
| 12 | application? | 12 | A. Yes, at this point. But I just want to |
| 13 | A. That's a great question, Kassi. And I | 13 | be clear that our way forward is as clear as mud. |
| 14 | can honestly say we have not had our first meeting | 14 | Because SB1 has a whole section in it that says if |
| 15 | with the early ballot board yet. That's going to | 15 | the ballot board does not agree on the signatures, |
| 16 | come up next week. So we don't have those | 16 | that the voter themselves has the opportunity to |
| 17 | procedures in place yet. So I'm sorry. I just | 17 | come in and cure it. So, you know, we have to |
| 18 | can't answer that right now. | 18 | work our way through that part also. |
| 19 | Q. That's all right. | 19 | So, yes, we're going to have the scanned |
| 20 | A. I apologize. | 20 | O images, and, yes, the early ballot board may have |
| 21 | Q. No, that's all right. That's okay. | 230 | a question. But as I said, we have not met with |
| 22 | I guess what I would say is if you if | 22 | them yet to get this full procedure on what |
| | | <^─ | |
| | Page 150 | | Page 152 |
| 1 | you had to speculate if you had a voter who | 1 | happens if everyone says no, and it would be the |
| 2 | registered January 1st, 2022, at DPS and then | 2 | ballot board saying we're going to reject this |
| 3 | requested a mail-in ballot, sent you a request for | 3 | ballot. SB1 has come and put a number of layers |
| 4 | a mail-in ballot, and those are the only two | 4 | |
| | | 1 | in there so that the voter can come forward and |
| 5 | signatures you have on file | 5 | we use the term "cure it" so they can make it |
| | signatures you have on file (Dog barking interruption.) | 5 6 | |
| 5 | (Dog barking interruption.) MS. YUKEVICH: I'm sorry. Someone is | | we use the term "cure it" so they can make it |
| 5 6 | (Dog barking interruption.) MS. YUKEVICH: I'm sorry. Someone is knocking at my door. Give me a moment. | 6 | we use the term "cure it" so they can make it whole. Q. Understood. And just to make sure that I was |
| 5 6 7 | (Dog barking interruption.) MS. YUKEVICH: I'm sorry. Someone is knocking at my door. Give me a moment. THE WITNESS: Don't worry about it. | 6 7 8 9 | we use the term "cure it" so they can make it whole. Q. Understood. And just to make sure that I was there was some barking in my house. |
| 5 6 7 8 | (Dog barking interruption.) MS. YUKEVICH: I'm sorry. Someone is knocking at my door. Give me a moment. THE WITNESS: Don't worry about it. (Pause from the record.) | 6 7 8 | we use the term "cure it" so they can make it whole. Q. Understood. And just to make sure that I was there was some barking in my house. To make sure it was clear earlier, the |
| 5 6 7 8 9 | (Dog barking interruption.) MS. YUKEVICH: I'm sorry. Someone is knocking at my door. Give me a moment. THE WITNESS: Don't worry about it. (Pause from the record.) BY MS. YUKEVICH: | 6 7 8 9 | we use the term "cure it" so they can make it whole. Q. Understood. And just to make sure that I was there was some barking in my house. To make sure it was clear earlier, the early ballot board has used DPS signatures for |
| 5 6 7 8 9 10 | (Dog barking interruption.) MS. YUKEVICH: I'm sorry. Someone is knocking at my door. Give me a moment. THE WITNESS: Don't worry about it. (Pause from the record.) BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. I knew it would happen eventually, a | 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | we use the term "cure it" so they can make it whole. Q. Understood. And just to make sure that I was there was some barking in my house. To make sure it was clear earlier, the early ballot board has used DPS signatures for other functions in the past? |
| 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 | (Dog barking interruption.) MS. YUKEVICH: I'm sorry. Someone is knocking at my door. Give me a moment. THE WITNESS: Don't worry about it. (Pause from the record.) BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. I knew it would happen eventually, a second time. | 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 | we use the term "cure it" so they can make it whole. Q. Understood. And just to make sure that I was there was some barking in my house. To make sure it was clear earlier, the early ballot board has used DPS signatures for other functions in the past? A. Yes. |
| 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | (Dog barking interruption.) MS. YUKEVICH: I'm sorry. Someone is knocking at my door. Give me a moment. THE WITNESS: Don't worry about it. (Pause from the record.) BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. I knew it would happen eventually, a second time. A. That's okay, Kassi. But, Kassi, that's | 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 | we use the term "cure it" so they can make it whole. Q. Understood. And just to make sure that I was there was some barking in my house. To make sure it was clear earlier, the early ballot board has used DPS signatures for other functions in the past? A. Yes. Q. Including comparing signatures that's |
| 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 | (Dog barking interruption.) MS. YUKEVICH: I'm sorry. Someone is knocking at my door. Give me a moment. THE WITNESS: Don't worry about it. (Pause from the record.) BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. I knew it would happen eventually, a second time. A. That's okay, Kassi. But, Kassi, that's okay. It makes you human and it puts a smile on | 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 | we use the term "cure it" so they can make it whole. Q. Understood. And just to make sure that I was there was some barking in my house. To make sure it was clear earlier, the early ballot board has used DPS signatures for other functions in the past? A. Yes. Q. Including comparing signatures that's one of the signatures that they'd use to compare |
| 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 | (Dog barking interruption.) MS. YUKEVICH: I'm sorry. Someone is knocking at my door. Give me a moment. THE WITNESS: Don't worry about it. (Pause from the record.) BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. I knew it would happen eventually, a second time. A. That's okay, Kassi. But, Kassi, that's okay. It makes you human and it puts a smile on our face. | 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 | we use the term "cure it" so they can make it whole. Q. Understood. And just to make sure that I was there was some barking in my house. To make sure it was clear earlier, the early ballot board has used DPS signatures for other functions in the past? A. Yes. Q. Including comparing signatures that's one of the signatures that they'd use to compare vote-by-mail signatures to? |
| 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 | (Dog barking interruption.) MS. YUKEVICH: I'm sorry. Someone is knocking at my door. Give me a moment. THE WITNESS: Don't worry about it. (Pause from the record.) BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. I knew it would happen eventually, a second time. A. That's okay, Kassi. But, Kassi, that's okay. It makes you human and it puts a smile on our face. Q. That's very sweet. He's very | 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 | we use the term "cure it" so they can make it whole. Q. Understood. And just to make sure that I was there was some barking in my house. To make sure it was clear earlier, the early ballot board has used DPS signatures for other functions in the past? A. Yes. Q. Including comparing signatures that's one of the signatures that they'd use to compare vote-by-mail signatures to? A. Correct. |
| 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 | (Dog barking interruption.) MS. YUKEVICH: I'm sorry. Someone is knocking at my door. Give me a moment. THE WITNESS: Don't worry about it. (Pause from the record.) BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. I knew it would happen eventually, a second time. A. That's okay, Kassi. But, Kassi, that's okay. It makes you human and it puts a smile on our face. Q. That's very sweet. He's very protective. | 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 | we use the term "cure it" so they can make it whole. Q. Understood. And just to make sure that I was there was some barking in my house. To make sure it was clear earlier, the early ballot board has used DPS signatures for other functions in the past? A. Yes. Q. Including comparing signatures that's one of the signatures that they'd use to compare vote-by-mail signatures to? A. Correct. Q. Okay. I want to move on. |
| 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 | (Dog barking interruption.) MS. YUKEVICH: I'm sorry. Someone is knocking at my door. Give me a moment. THE WITNESS: Don't worry about it. (Pause from the record.) BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. I knew it would happen eventually, a second time. A. That's okay, Kassi. But, Kassi, that's okay. It makes you human and it puts a smile on our face. Q. That's very sweet. He's very protective. So I'll just restate my question, to be | 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 | we use the term "cure it" so they can make it whole. Q. Understood. And just to make sure that I was there was some barking in my house. To make sure it was clear earlier, the early ballot board has used DPS signatures for other functions in the past? A. Yes. Q. Including comparing signatures that's one of the signatures that they'd use to compare vote-by-mail signatures to? A. Correct. Q. Okay. I want to move on. MS. YUKEVICH: We can unhighlight, Dan, |
| 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | (Dog barking interruption.) MS. YUKEVICH: I'm sorry. Someone is knocking at my door. Give me a moment. THE WITNESS: Don't worry about it. (Pause from the record.) BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. I knew it would happen eventually, a second time. A. That's okay, Kassi. But, Kassi, that's okay. It makes you human and it puts a smile on our face. Q. That's very sweet. He's very protective. So I'll just restate my question, to be clear for the deposition record. | 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | we use the term "cure it" so they can make it whole. Q. Understood. And just to make sure that I was there was some barking in my house. To make sure it was clear earlier, the early ballot board has used DPS signatures for other functions in the past? A. Yes. Q. Including comparing signatures that's one of the signatures that they'd use to compare vote-by-mail signatures to? A. Correct. Q. Okay. I want to move on. MS. YUKEVICH: We can unhighlight, Dan, if that's okay. And then I want to move on just |
| 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | (Dog barking interruption.) MS. YUKEVICH: I'm sorry. Someone is knocking at my door. Give me a moment. THE WITNESS: Don't worry about it. (Pause from the record.) BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. I knew it would happen eventually, a second time. A. That's okay, Kassi. But, Kassi, that's okay. It makes you human and it puts a smile on our face. Q. That's very sweet. He's very protective. So I'll just restate my question, to be | 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | we use the term "cure it" so they can make it whole. Q. Understood. And just to make sure that I was there was some barking in my house. To make sure it was clear earlier, the early ballot board has used DPS signatures for other functions in the past? A. Yes. Q. Including comparing signatures that's one of the signatures that they'd use to compare vote-by-mail signatures to? A. Correct. Q. Okay. I want to move on. MS. YUKEVICH: We can unhighlight, Dan, |

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|---------|--|----------|--|
| | Page 153 | | Page 155 |
| 1 | of that the whole rest of the paragraph. Thank | 1 | obvious that this is the son. He's on the wrong |
| 2 | you. | 2 | record. Go ahead and let the dad go ahead and |
| 3 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: | 3 | vote. And we follow through on some of those on |
| 4 | Q. You say here, "In some circumstances | 4 | provisional ballots also. That's when we do use |
| 5 | "In some" "In some circumstances where a voter | 5 | that signature on Election Day. And they are |
| 6 | mistakenly affixes their signature to a roster for | 6 | errors. It's not malicious. It's not anything. |
| 7 | in-person voting on the line for another voter's | 7 | It's just the junior, the second, the third, the |
| 8 | signature, a signature comparison can be used to | 8 | fourth, that they've just brought up the wrong |
| 9 | identify that error so that the voter whose | 9 | voter. |
| 10 | signature line was mistakenly filled may proceed | 10 | Q. I understand. |
| 11 | to cast a ballot." | 11 | And you can use so just to be clear, |
| 12 | Can I just ask you, do you how often | 12 | when a voter comes in to vote in Bexar County |
| 13 | does this happen, to your knowledge? | 13 | before Election Day at a vote center, for example, |
| 14 | A. A couple of times every election. | 14 | are they signing in on an electronic poll book or |
| 15 | Q. Okay. And does it happen on paper poll | 15 | are they signing in on a paper poll book? |
| 16 | books or electronic poll books? | 16 | A. In Bexar County right now, they're |
| 17 | A. It's happened on both. But now that | 17 | signing in on a paper. |
| 18 | we've been on electronic poll books for a while, | 18 | Q. So they sign a paper poll book? |
| 19 | the voter is still signing their wet signature to | 19 | A. Yes. |
| 20 | a paper copy. They do sign on a combination form. | 20 | Q. Okay. |
| 21 | And as I said, this happens regularly. And I hate | | A. We did try when we first had the |
| 22 | to have to admit to that. | 21 22 | electronic poll books, we did try the signature |
| | | r | |
| | Page 154 | | Page 156 |
| 1 | But as a voter comes in, John Smith | 1 | pads, but the voters complained so much. I think |
| 2 | comes in, well, John Smith hands in his driver's | 2 | this was prior to COVID and prior to everybody |
| 3 | license and they type it in. But maybe John Smith | 3 | signing in at Kmart, Walmart, HEB, on those little |
| 4 | doesn't have "junior" on his license, but he is in | 4 | pads. And so our voters did not like the |
| 5 | fact junior. So they prepare mark his record. | 5 | signature pads. |
| 6 | He signs it now. He's now John Smith, Jr. He | 6 | Q. Okay. |
| 7 | votes. Everything is just fine. | 7 | A. They said, that's not my signature. It |
| 8 | Well, the following day, during early | 8 | doesn't look like my signature. So we removed the |
| 9 | voting or later on that day, John Smith shows up | 9 | signature the electronic signature pads and we |
| 10 | to vote and he comes to a different location. He | 10 | went back to the hard copy combination form. |
| 11 | presents himself to vote. And the election | 11 | Q. Okay. And so you use a hard copy |
| 12 | official said, but you've already voted. Remember | 12 | combination form. So when you're comparing on |
| 13 | I said how all the machines talk to each other? | 13 | Election Day if something happens like this, |
| 14 | Q. Yes. | 14 | you're looking at a paper signature that a voter |
| 15 | A. So they say, you've already voted. | 15 | has signed on a poll book; is that right? |
| 16 | And he says, no, I have not voted. This | 16 | A. Yes, ma'am. |
| 17 | is my first time, you know. | 17 | Q. And then you're looking at scans of a |
| 18 | And then they oh, that may be my son. | 18 | voter's signature to compare; is that correct? |
| 19 | Maybe you put my son on my record. | 19 | A. Yes, ma'am. |
| 20 | And so then that's when we are comparing | 20 | Q. Okay. So when you receive okay. |
| 21 | signatures at that point. We will bring up the | 21 | What would you do if a voter submitted a |
| | | 1 | |

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voter registration application without a

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signature. And it's like, yes, this is very

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|---|--|--|--|
| 1 | signature, on a paper voter registration | 1 | A. No, ma'am. |
| 2 | application without a signature? | 2 | Q. Okay. And how much time do you think it |
| 3 | MS. YUKEVICH: And we can take this | 3 | takes for them to do that review? |
| 4 | exhibit down. | 4 | A. Probably ten seconds. |
| 5 | THE WITNESS: Sure. If we get a card | 5 | Q. Okay. Just like a quick look then? |
| 6 | that's not signed and we have a name and an | 6 | A. Yes. |
| 7 | address, we will send them, again, another | 7 | Q. Okay. Sorry. Just give me one moment. |
| 8 | confirmation card. And it explains that we don't | 8 | Okay. We talked earlier about the use |
| 9 | have sufficient information to register them, will | 9 | of DPS signatures by the early ballot board. Are |
| 10 | they please complete this and fill this in and get | 10 | you aware of any problems that the early ballot |
| 11 | it back to us. | 11 | board has ever had comparing early vote-by-mail |
| 12 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: | 12 | application or excuse me vote-by-mail ballot |
| 13 | Q. Okay. And what would you do if a voter | 13 | signatures with DPS signatures? |
| 14 | submitted a voter registration application on | 14 | A. Again, we're not in that room. We |
| 15 | paper with an imaged signature or a digital | 15 | hand we print out whatever we have, the |
| 16 | signature on that piece of paper? | 16 | signature we have, and then we hand it over to the |
| 17 | A. Again, we would reach out to them and | 17 | presiding judges. And so I would have to say we |
| 18 | tell them that we need that wet signature. | 18 | don't have any knowledge whether they use it to |
| 19 | Q. Okay. Does someone in your office | 19 | accept it or not. |
| 20 | review signatures on paper voter registration | 20 | Q. Okay. |
| 21 | applications to make sure that they are wet-ink | 210 | A. Again, that's a completely different |
| 22 | signatures? | Q2 | group of people. |
| | | 14 | |
| | Page 158 | | Page 160 |
| 1 | A. I would like to think that all my data | 1 | |
| | | L + | Q. Okay. But you're not aware of any |
| 2 | | 2 | Q. Okay. But you're not aware of any the early ballot board or the presiding judge has |
| 2 3 | processors, when they have a card in their hand | | Q. Okay. But you're not aware of any the early ballot board or the presiding judge has never expressed a concern to you about using DPS |
| | processors, when they have a card in their hand absolutely one of the things they check. Do we | 2 | the early ballot board or the presiding judge has never expressed a concern to you about using DPS |
| 3 | processors, when they have a card in their hand absolutely one of the things they encek. Do we have the name, the birth date, the address and is | 2 3 | the early ballot board or the presiding judge has never expressed a concern to you about using DPS signatures in their review process? |
| 3 4 | processors, when they have a card in their hand absolutely one of the things they check. Do we have the name, the birth date, the address and is it signed? | 2 3 4 | the early ballot board or the presiding judge hasnever expressed a concern to you about using DPSsignatures in their review process?A. No, ma'am. No, ma'am. |
| 3 4 5 | processors, when they have a card in their hand absolutely one of the things they encek. Do we have the name, the birth date, the address and is | 2 3 4 5 | the early ballot board or the presiding judge hasnever expressed a concern to you about using DPSsignatures in their review process?A. No, ma'am. No, ma'am.Q. Okay. So apart from your DPS |
| 3 4 5 6 | processors, when they have a card in their hand absolutely one of the things they enck. Do we have the name, the birth date, the address and is it signed? Q. Okay. A. So | 2 3 4 5 6 | the early ballot board or the presiding judge has never expressed a concern to you about using DPS signatures in their review process?A. No, ma'am. No, ma'am.Q. Okay. So apart from your DPS applications, have you ever received voter |
| 3 4 5 7 8 | processors, when they have a card in their hand absolutely one of the things they check. Do we have the name, the birth date, the address and is it signed? Q. Okay. A. So Q. And so you said that the people who do | 2 3 4 5 6 7 | the early ballot board or the presiding judge hasnever expressed a concern to you about using DPSsignatures in their review process?A. No, ma'am. No, ma'am.Q. Okay. So apart from your DPS |
| 3 4 5 6 7 | processors, when they have a card in their hand absolutely one of the things they eheck. Do we have the name, the birth date, the address and is it signed? Q. Okay. A. So Q. And so you said that the people who do this are your data processors? | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | the early ballot board or the presiding judge has never expressed a concern to you about using DPS signatures in their review process?A. No, ma'am. No, ma'am.Q. Okay. So apart from your DPS applications, have you ever received voter registration applications with digital signatures on them? |
| 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 | processors, when they have a card in their hand absolutely one of the things they eheck. Do we have the name, the birth date, the address and is it signed? Q. Okay. A. So Q. And so you said that the people who do this are your data processors? A. Yes. | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 | the early ballot board or the presiding judge has never expressed a concern to you about using DPS signatures in their review process? A. No, ma'am. No, ma'am. Q. Okay. So apart from your DPS applications, have you ever received voter registration applications with digital signatures on them? A. I mean, we did it one time in that 2018. |
| 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 | processors, when they have a card in their hand absolutely one of the things they check. Do we have the name, the birth date, the address and is it signed? Q. Okay. A. So Q. And so you said that the people who do this are your data processors? A. Yes. Q. How many of those do you have in your | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 | the early ballot board or the presiding judge has never expressed a concern to you about using DPS signatures in their review process? A. No, ma'am. No, ma'am. Q. Okay. So apart from your DPS applications, have you ever received voter registration applications with digital signatures on them? A. I mean, we did it one time in that 2018. And they had digital signatures on them, and we |
| 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | processors, when they have a card in their hand absolutely one of the things they check. Do we have the name, the birth date, the address and is it signed? Q. Okay. A. So Q. And so you said that the people who do this are your data processors? A. Yes. Q. How many of those do you have in your office? | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | the early ballot board or the presiding judge has never expressed a concern to you about using DPS signatures in their review process? A. No, ma'am. No, ma'am. Q. Okay. So apart from your DPS applications, have you ever received voter registration applications with digital signatures on them? A. I mean, we did it one time in that 2018. And they had digital signatures on them, and we did not accept those. Those were rejected. |
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40 (Pages 157 to 160)

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2/2/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Jacquelyn Callanen 30(b)(6)

| | Page 245 | Page 247 |
|--|---|--|
| 1 | Q. And we can see where it says "fax" | 1 BY MS. HUNKER: |
| 2 | there, it has the number of five. I assume you | 2 Q. And thank you very much for providing |
| 3 | believe that that is incorrect? | ³ it. I do appreciate the effort you took prior to |
| 4 | A. Yes, ma'am. | 4 the deposition to secure the numbers. |
| 5 | Q. I'm going to ask the same question I | 5 MS. HUNKER: Daniel, can you please put |
| 6 | asked before, which is, do you have a rough | 6 up Exhibit Number 7. |
| 7 | approximation of how many you think you would have | 7 (Callanen Deposition Exhibit 7 was |
| 8 | received through fax machine? | 8 marked for identification and attached to the |
| 9 | A. No. For 2018 | 9 transcript.) |
| 10 | Q. That's fine. | 10 BY MS. HUNKER: |
| 11 | A I would say it would be anywhere | 11 Q. Do you recognize this document? |
| 12 | between the 30 and 40 and the hundred, sort of | 12 A. Yes, ma'am. |
| 13 | halfway in between that. | 13 Q. This is the responses you had to the |
| 14 | Q. Okay. Now, is it fair to say that the | 14 plaintiff's interrogatories; is that correct? |
| 15 | number of registration applications Bexar County | 15 A. Yes, ma'am. |
| 16 | has received has gone up over the last decade? | 16 Q. And we discussed you discussed this a |
| 17 | A. Oh, yes, ma'am. | 17 bit with opposing counsel earlier during the |
| 18 | Q. And has it gone up since 2018 as a | 18 deposition; is that correct? |
| 19 | general trend? | 19 A. Yes, ma'am. |
| 20 | A. Oh, yes, ma'am. Yes, ma'am. | 20 Q. All right. |
| 21 | Q. So you would not have seen a decrease | 21 MS. HUNKER: Can we go to response to 22 Interrogatory Number 1. |
| 22 | post actually, I'm going to strike that | Interrogatory Number 1. |
| | 6 | |
| | | |
| | Page 246 | Page 248 |
| 1 | question. | 1 THE WITNESS: Excuse me. |
| 2 | question. Based on these numbers and the increase | 1 THE WITNESS: Excuse me. 2 BY MS. HUNKER: |
| 2 3 | question. Based on these numbers and the increase you described, there's no indication that voters | THE WITNESS: Excuse me. BY MS. HUNKER: Q. Now, here at the start of the |
| 2 3 4 | question. Based on these numbers and the increase you described, there's no indication that voters are having a hard time to register since 2018; is | THE WITNESS: Excuse me. BY MS. HUNKER: Q. Now, here at the start of the highlighted text, you say, "applications that lack |
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Case: 3250536/-00 DocuMent D005/16376753-2 Prage: 09208/DateFailed 906/29/2022

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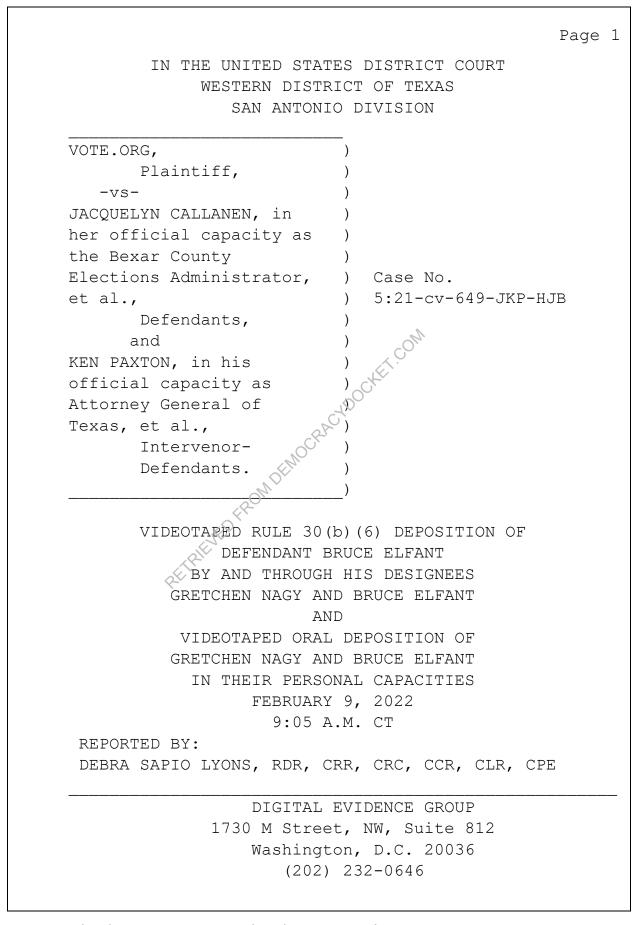
| | Page 249 | Page 251 |
|--|---|--|
| 1 | applications. Occasionally, and I want to say | 1 Texas Election Code Section 13.002(b)." |
| 2 | rarely, do we see personal information where a | 2 Did I read that correctly? |
| 3 | voter will leave us their phone number on their | 3 A. Yes, ma'am. |
| 4 | application. Those are all marked optional. And | 4 Q. So I'm trying to get a sense of what |
| 5 | with the whole fear of identity theft, our voters | 5 that 730 entails. |
| 6 | have gotten very, very cautious. And so we're not | 6 Does that include anybody who did not |
| 7 | seeing an awful lot of the phone numbers anymore. | 7 include proper signatures, so including |
| 8 | Q. So you would say the number of voters | 8 individuals who did not include a signature at |
| 9 | who have been putting the additional information | 9 all? |
| 10 | has gone down in recent years? | 10 A. Yes, yes, ma'am. |
| 11 | A. Correct. | 11 Q. So that number extends beyond those who |
| 12 | Q. But you do call when that information is | 12 fail to provide a wet signature or not limited to |
| 13 | provided? | 13 individuals who are |
| 14 | A. Yes. | 14 A. Yeah. Not limited to, yes, ma'am. |
| 15 | Q. Do you know if that is a common practice | 15 Q. And these were the only registration |
| 16 | among counties? | 16 applications between September 1st, 2018, and when |
| 17 | A. I can't speak to that, I'm sure. | 17 you responded to the interrogatory that were |
| 18 | Q. Do you know if it's a recommended | 18 designated as incomplete because of a failure to |
| 19 | practice from the Secretary of State? | 19 provide the signature; is that correct? |
| 20 | A. I think it is recommended. | 20 A. To the best of our knowledge, yes. |
| 21 | Q. So a voter, if they receive a contact | 21 Q. So that 730 number, that would include |
| 22 | from your office telling them that their voter | applications that were submitted by mail? |
| _ | | |
| | () () | |
| | Page 250 | Page 252 |
| 1 | Page 250 registration application is incomplete, they then | Page 252 1 A. All types. But I will say that, again, |
| 1 | | _ |
| | registration application is incomplete, they then | 1 A. All types. But I will say that, again, |
| 2 | registration application is incomplete, they then correct the information, does the registration application still date back to their original submission date? | A. All types. But I will say that, again, anecdotally, the majority of those are from the |
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Case: 32550536/-006/0000/ment 0005/16376753-2 Prage: 09308/Date Falged 906/29/2022

2/9/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Gretchen Nagy, Bruce Elfant



Case: 3250536/-00 Document D005/16376753-2 Prage: 094/08/DateFailed 906/29/2022

2/9/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Gretchen Nagy, Bruce Elfant

| | Page 65 | | Page 67 |
|--|--|--|---|
| 1 | A. I I believe I I believe so, | 1 | Did I read that correctly? |
| 2 | yes. | 2 | A. Yes. |
| 3 | MS. YUKEVICH: Okay. Can we zoom | 3 | Q. Okay. And do you still understand |
| 4 | in on the "Request for Admission," | 4 | this response to be correct? |
| 5 | Number 5. | 5 | A. Yes. |
| 6 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: | 6 | Q. Okay. So and my questions, you |
| 7 | Q. Okay. So this is these are | 7 | know, of course, might not have been clear. So |
| 8 | Defendant Elfant's responses to request for | 8 | it's good that we, you know, walk through and |
| 9 | admission issued by Plaintiff Vote.org" in this | 9 | clarify. |
| 10 | case. | 10 | But to be clear, if a voter |
| 11 | Is that what you understand this | 11 | submitted their voter registration application |
| 12 | document to be as well? | 12 | by telephonic facsimile and mailed a copy of |
| 13 | A. Yes. | 13 | their application that did not contain a wet-ink |
| 14 | Q. Okay. So I'm going to read Request | 14 | signature, would your office consider that |
| 15 | for Admission Number 5. So this says, "Admit | 15 | application complete? |
| 16 | that the use of a wet-ink signature, as opposed | 16 | A. No, we would not consider it |
| 17 | to an imaged or electronic signature," let me | 17 | complete at this time. So, therefore, we would |
| 18 | just move really quickly, "as opposed to an | 18 | just consider it incomplete and then we'd |
| 19 | imaged or electronic signature on an application | 19 | provide that voter the opportunity to to |
| 20 | is not a material or relevant factor in | 20 | complete it. |
| 21 | determining whether an individual is eligible to | 210 | Q. But prior to House Bill 3107 |
| 22 | vote in Texas." | 22 | Section 14, which enacted Section 13.143(d-2) of |
| | | 8 | |
| | Page 66 | | Page 68 |
| | | | |
| 1 | Did I read that correctly? | 1 | the Texas Election Code, would your office |
| 1 2 | Did I read that correctly? A. Yes. | 1 | the Texas Election Code, would your office A. Sure. |
| | | | |
| 2 | | 2 | A. Sure. |
| 2 3 | Q. Okay. | 2 | A. Sure. Q have accepted a a voter a |
| 2 3 4 | Q. Okay. MS. YUKEVICH: And can we go to | 2 3 4 | A. Sure. Q have accepted a a voter a mailed in copy with a photocopied signature, |
| 2 3 4 5 | Q. Okay. MS. YUKEVICH: And can we go to response. We can take this down and go | 2 3 4 5 | A. Sure. Q have accepted a a voter a mailed in copy with a photocopied signature, photocopy of a wet-ink signature, after an |
| 2 3 4 5 6 | Q. Okay. MS. YUKEVICH: And can we go to response. We can take this down and go zoom in on the response the second | 2 3 4 5 6 | A. Sure. Q have accepted a a voter a mailed in copy with a photocopied signature, photocopy of a wet-ink signature, after an application had been received by telephonic |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 | Q. Okay. MS. YUKEVICH: And can we go to response. We can take this down and go zoom in on the response the second response. | 2 3 4 5 6 7 | A. Sure. Q have accepted a a voter a mailed in copy with a photocopied signature, photocopy of a wet-ink signature, after an application had been received by telephonic facsimile? |
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17 (Pages 65 to 68)

Case: 3250536/-00 DocuMent D005/16376753-2 Prage: 09508/DateFailed 906/29/2022

2/9/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Gretchen Nagy, Bruce Elfant

| | Page 69 | | Page 71 |
|--|---|---|--|
| 1 | MS. YUKEVICH: Was it Exhibit J? | 1 | a an apparatus that would allow someone to |
| 2 | No. | 2 | do to write a signature, in most cases, using |
| 3 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: D. | 3 | a stylus or in some cases, utilizing a finger, |
| 4 | MS. YUKEVICH: D. D. | 4 | to to provide an electronic signature. |
| 5 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Sorry. | 5 | Q. Okay. So as we move and what |
| 6 | MS. YUKEVICH: No. | 6 | about, like, if you just, like, check a box, |
| 7 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Got it. | 7 | like, with DocuSign, would you would you call |
| 8 | MS. YUKEVICH: It's Exhibit D for | 8 | that a digital signature as well? |
| 9 | the purposes of this deposition. | 9 | A. I I would call that for |
| 10 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Okay. | 10 | certain purposes, yes, I would say that is |
| 11 | MS. YUKEVICH: Thank you so much, | 11 | that is an option as well. |
| 12 | Joe, for keeping me on track. | 12 | Q. Okay. So as we move forward in |
| 13 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: No worries. | 13 | in our sort of conversation today, I just want |
| 14 | MS. YUKEVICH: Much, much | 14 | to be clear about terminology. |
| 15 | appreciated. | 15 | So when we're referring to "wet-ink |
| 16 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: | 16 | signature," I'm referring to, you know or |
| 17 | Q. Okay. So can you tell me, and I | 17 | "wet-ink signature" or an "original signature," |
| 18 | just want to make sure that we're on the same | 18 | signature made on a piece of paper with a pen. |
| 19 | page in terms of definitions and timing or | 19 | And then when we're referring to |
| 20 | excuse me, definitions and meaning, what a | 20 | "imaged signatures," I'm referring to an imaged |
| 21 | wet-ink signature is? | 21 22 | capture of a wet-ink signature on a piece of |
| 22 | A. It would be one of an original | C22 | paper; so whether it be a scan, a photo, a |
| | <u>.</u> | <u> </u> | |
| | Page 70 | | Page 72 |
| 1 | signature. It would be one that a person that's | 1 | you know, a photo uploaded or a photocopy. |
| 2 | utilizing a a pen to to do their | | |
| | | 2 | That's what we're referring to sort of as an |
| 3 | signature to provide their signature. | 3 | "imaged signature." |
| 4 | Q. And what is an imaged signature? | 3 4 | "imaged signature." Does that make sense? |
| 4 5 | Q. And what is an imaged signature? When I use that term, what do you | 3 4 5 | "imaged signature." Does that make sense? A. Yes, it does. |
| 4 5 6 | Q. And what is an imaged signature? When I use that term, what do you understand that to mean? | 3 4 5 6 | "imaged signature." Does that make sense? A. Yes, it does. Q. And then when we talk "digital |
| 4 5 6 7 | Q. And what is an imaged signature?When I use that term, what do youunderstand that to mean?A. An image could be taken and | 3 4 5 6 7 | "imaged signature."Does that make sense?A. Yes, it does.Q. And then when we talk "digital signatures," talking about all the other sort of |
| 4 5 6 7 8 | Q. And what is an imaged signature? When I use that term, what do you understand that to mean? A. An image could be taken and provided in different forms, whether it would be | 3 4 5 6 7 8 | "imaged signature."Does that make sense?A. Yes, it does.Q. And then when we talk "digital signatures," talking about all the other sort of ways that all the other buckets that we can |
| 4 5 6 7 8 9 | Q. And what is an imaged signature? When I use that term, what do you understand that to mean? A. An image could be taken and provided in different forms, whether it would be scanned, whether it would be a picture taken of | 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | "imaged signature."Does that make sense?A. Yes, it does.Q. And then when we talk "digital signatures," talking about all the other sort of ways that all the other buckets that we can capture signatures, right, whether it be |
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| 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | Q. And what is an imaged signature? When I use that term, what do you understand that to mean? A. An image could be taken and provided in different forms, whether it would be scanned, whether it would be a picture taken of it. So there are different forms of an image. Q. But you understand an imaged signature to be either a scan or a photo or a copy of a wet-ink signature; is that correct? A. I believe I would define it that way. Q. Okay. And then if we're talking about a digital signature or an electronic signature, how do you understand that to be different than an imaged signature? A. A digital, I would believe, I would | 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | "imaged signature." Does that make sense? A. Yes, it does. Q. And then when we talk "digital signatures," talking about all the other sort of ways that all the other buckets that we can capture signatures, right, whether it be checking a box on DocuSign, possibly using a stylus. And if I'm ever asking you about that type of signature, I will be, you know you know, clear about sort of when we're when we're talking about those types of signatures. Does that make sense? A. Yes, it does. Q. Okay. All right. So can you I |
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2/9/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Gretchen Nagy, Bruce Elfant

| 2/9/202 | | | anen, et al. Gretchen Nagy, bruce Ellant |
|---------|---|----------|--|
| | Page 101 | | Page 103 |
| 1 | us. However, this was a presidential year so in | 1 | this year is the midterm. |
| 2 | presidential years, yes, we do see a larger | 2 | Q. What involvement does your office |
| 3 | number of application. | 3 | have in processing voter registration |
| 4 | Q. Okay. And it's fair to say almost | 4 | applications that come through DPS? |
| 5 | every year your office processes somewhere | 5 | A. Our business analysts and one of |
| 6 | between the hundred thousand and sometimes | 6 | our administrative assistants actually do work |
| 7 | upwards of 200,000 paper applications; is that | 7 | those files. They do view those and download |
| 8 | correct? | 8 | those and get them into our system. |
| 9 | A. Yes, that is correct. | 9 | Q. Okay. Can you walk me through how |
| 10 | Q. And the you receive somewhere | 10 | you receive those DPS voter registration files? |
| 11 | between, it looks like in recent years, | 11 | A. We receive we download them |
| 12 | around around 100,000 files from DPS each | 12 | through TEAM which is the state system. These |
| 13 | year? | 13 | are downloaded from the from the system and |
| | A. Yes, it has increased over the | 14 | then they are uploaded into our system. |
| 14 | years dramatically. | 15 | |
| 15 | | | Q. Is it your understanding that DPS |
| 16 | Q. Okay. | 16 | sends the information to the Secretary of State, |
| 17 | MS. YUKEVICH: We can put this away | 17 | the Secretary of State's office processes it, |
| 18 | for right now. | 18 | and then it comes to your office? |
| 19 | And make sure that's marked as | 19 | A. Yes, they do send it to to us. |
| 20 | Exhibit O as in opal. | 20 | And we receive an image, electronic |
| 21 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: | 21 | electronic form that that we have and that we |
| 22 | Q. Okay. Do you see we just looked | 22 22 | will hold. |
| | Page 102 | | Page 104 |
| 1 | Page 102 at the yearly breakdowns. | | |
| 1 | at the yearly breakdowns. | 1 | Q. And that form includes an imaged |
| 2 | In your experience, does your | 2 | signature? |
| 3 | office receive more voter registration | | A. It do they do include |
| 4 | applications in some months than other months? | 4 | signatures, yes. |
| 5 | A. We receive more applications during | 5 | Q. Okay. Do you know if the |
| 6 | an election cycle, the month before the voter | 6 | signatures that your DPS applications are |
| 7 | registration deadline. So in January of this | 7 | they digital signatures signed on a with a |
| 8 | year, we have seen we saw a much larger | 8 | stylus on a pad? |
| 9 | number of applications than we would have | 9 | A. Yes, I am aware of that, yes. |
| 10 | received in November or December. | 10 | Q. Okay. But you get copies of those |
| 11 | Q. Okay. Does your office hire | 11 | signatures with the DPS voter registration |
| 12 | temporary workers during that time? | 12 | applications or voter registration files that |
| 13 | A. Yes, we do hire temporary workers | 13 | come to your office; is that right? |
| 14 | as well. | 14 | A. Yes, we receive that. |
| 15 | Q. How many temporary workers do you | 15 | Q. I want to go back very briefly to |
| 16 | hire during an election cycle? | 16 | the way that your office processes paper voter |
| 17 | A. It does vary by election cycle. We | 17 | registration applications. |
| 18 | hire two to three on smaller cycles and we have | 18 | A. Okay. |
| 19 | hired up to 15 in a heavier, larger cycle. | 19 | Q. Does your office use signatures on |
| 20 | Q. And is a larger cycle, presidential | 20 | voter registration applications to verify |
| 21 | cycle? | 21 | someone's identity in the registration process? |
| | - | | |
| 22 | A. Presidential and midterm, which | 22 | A. No, we do not. |

26 (Pages 101 to 104)

Case: 3250536/-00 Document D005/16376753-2 Page: 97/08/DateFaled 906/29/2022

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| | Page 105 | | Page 107 |
|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | Q. And what about with DPS, do you use | 1 | surprise you if that count was higher than even |
| 2 | signatures to verify identity with those DPS | 2 | 5,000 applications? |
| 3 | voter registration applications? | 3 | A. Yes, I would say it would surprise |
| 4 | A. We do not. We do not. | 4 | me. |
| 5 | Q. So we've just went through the | 5 | Q. How does your does your office |
| 6 | number of voter registration applications that | 6 | determine whether someone is eligible to vote in |
| 7 | your office receives. | 7 | Travis County? |
| 8 | And is it fair to say that your | 8 | A. No, we simply do the data entering |
| 9 | office gets more voter registration applications | 9 | and we send it to the State and they're the ones |
| 10 | on paper than from DPS generally? | 10 | that certify and provide the VUID, which is the |
| 11 | A. Yes, yes. | 11 | Voter Unique ID, for a voter. They provide that |
| 12 | Q. I want to ask you about some other | 12 | information to us. |
| 13 | voter registration agencies in the State of | 13 | Q. And what's your understanding of |
| 14 | Texas if you don't mind. | 14 | how the Secretary of State determines if someone |
| 15 | A. Okay. | 15 | is eligible to vote in Travis County? |
| 16 | Q. Do you guys get that sort of | 16 | MS. VEIDT: Objection, speculation. |
| 17 | broke down your paper applications and the | 17 | THE WITNESS: The Secretary of |
| 18 | applications that you receive from DPS. | 18 | State's office matches first, they do a |
| 19 | Do you have a sense of how many | 19 | match to see if anybody is registered at |
| 20 | voter registration applications your office | 20 | that if a person, a voter profile, is |
| 21 | receives from the Department of Health and Human | 21 | registered in another county. If that is |
| 22 | Services, for example? | 22 | the case, they would cancel that person in |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | Page 106 | | Page 108 |
| 1 | | 1 | |
| 1 2 | A. No, we do not track that that | 1 2 | Page 108 the other county and then transfer their information to to our county. |
| | A. No, we do not track that that number separately. | | the other county and then transfer their |
| 2 | A. No, we do not track that that number separately. | 2 | the other county and then transfer their information to to our county. |
| 2 3 | A. No, we do not track that that number separately.Q. All right. Do you have a sense? | 2 | the other county and then transfer their information to to our county. They also do match for Social |
| 2 3 4 | A. No, we do not track that that number separately.Q. All right. Do you have a sense?You know, is it more than a thousand | 2 3 4 | the other county and then transfer their information to to our county. They also do match for Social Security Number to see if the name, birth |
| 2 3 4 5 | A. No, we do not track that that number separately.Q. All right. Do you have a sense?You know, is it more than a thousand applications from those agencies? | 2 3 4 5 | the other county and then transfer their information to to our county. They also do match for Social Security Number to see if the name, birth date and number match. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 | A. No, we do not track that that number separately. Q. All right. Do you have a sense? You know, is it more than a thousand applications from those agencies? A. I can't say that it's more than | 2 3 4 5 6 | the other county and then transfer their information to to our county. They also do match for Social Security Number to see if the name, birth date and number match. Also they do that with DPS, with a |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 | A. No, we do not track that that number separately. Q. All right. Do you have a sense? You know, is it more than a thousand applications from those agencies? A. I can't say that it's more than a thousand. | 2 3 4 5 6 7 | the other county and then transfer their information to to our county. They also do match for Social Security Number to see if the name, birth date and number match. Also they do that with DPS, with a driver's license or Texas ID number. I do |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | A. No, we do not track that that number separately. Q. All right. Do you have a sense? You know, is it more than a thousand applications from those agencies? A. I can't say that it's more than a thousand. Q. Okay. Do you think it's so you | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | the other county and then transfer their information to to our county. They also do match for Social Security Number to see if the name, birth date and number match. Also they do that with DPS, with a driver's license or Texas ID number. I do not know their processes other than we |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 | A. No, we do not track that that number separately. Q. All right. Do you have a sense? You know, is it more than a thousand applications from those agencies? A. I can't say that it's more than a thousand. Q. Okay. Do you think it's so you think it's less than a thousand? A. It it it could be just at a thousand, but, again, we really do not | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 | the other county and then transfer their information to to our county. They also do match for Social Security Number to see if the name, birth date and number match. Also they do that with DPS, with a driver's license or Texas ID number. I do not know their processes other than we receive information certifying a voter and we receive information stating that something does not match. Therefore, we |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | A. No, we do not track that that number separately. Q. All right. Do you have a sense? You know, is it more than a thousand applications from those agencies? A. I can't say that it's more than a thousand. Q. Okay. Do you think it's so you think it's less than a thousand? A. It it it could be just at a thousand, but, again, we really do not track we don't track those separately in any | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | the other county and then transfer their information to to our county. They also do match for Social Security Number to see if the name, birth date and number match. Also they do that with DPS, with a driver's license or Texas ID number. I do not know their processes other than we receive information certifying a voter and we receive information stating that something does not match. Therefore, we then go into our process of mailing the |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 | A. No, we do not track that that number separately. Q. All right. Do you have a sense? You know, is it more than a thousand applications from those agencies? A. I can't say that it's more than a thousand. Q. Okay. Do you think it's so you think it's less than a thousand? A. It it it could be just at a thousand, but, again, we really do not track we don't track those separately in any manner | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 | the other county and then transfer their information to to our county. They also do match for Social Security Number to see if the name, birth date and number match. Also they do that with DPS, with a driver's license or Texas ID number. I do not know their processes other than we receive information certifying a voter and we receive information stating that something does not match. Therefore, we then go into our process of mailing the voter to to get more information and to |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 | A. No, we do not track that that number separately. Q. All right. Do you have a sense? You know, is it more than a thousand applications from those agencies? A. I can't say that it's more than a thousand. Q. Okay. Do you think it's so you think it's less than a thousand? A. It it it could be just at a thousand, but, again, we really do not track we don't track those separately in any manner Q. Okay. But it's not A yes. Q nearly as many as you get from | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 | the other county and then transfer their information to to our county. They also do match for Social Security Number to see if the name, birth date and number match. Also they do that with DPS, with a driver's license or Texas ID number. I do not know their processes other than we receive information certifying a voter and we receive information stating that something does not match. Therefore, we then go into our process of mailing the voter to to get more information and to clarify. And we review the files to see if there was a data entry issue for any reason since everything is entered |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 | A. No, we do not track that that number separately. Q. All right. Do you have a sense? You know, is it more than a thousand applications from those agencies? A. I can't say that it's more than a thousand. Q. Okay. Do you think it's so you think it's less than a thousand? A. It it it could be just at a thousand, but, again, we really do not track we don't track those separately in any manner Q. Okay. But it's not A yes. Q nearly as many as you get from DPS, for example; is that fair to say? A. Definitely. DPS is is by far the the largest. | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | the other county and then transfer their information to to our county. They also do match for Social Security Number to see if the name, birth date and number match. Also they do that with DPS, with a driver's license or Texas ID number. I do not know their processes other than we receive information certifying a voter and we receive information stating that something does not match. Therefore, we then go into our process of mailing the voter to to get more information and to clarify. And we review the files to see if there was a data entry issue for any reason since everything is entered manually. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. Understood. And is it your |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | A. No, we do not track that that number separately. Q. All right. Do you have a sense? You know, is it more than a thousand applications from those agencies? A. I can't say that it's more than a thousand. Q. Okay. Do you think it's so you think it's less than a thousand? A. It it it could be just at a thousand, but, again, we really do not track we don't track those separately in any manner Q. Okay. But it's not A yes. Q nearly as many as you get from DPS, for example; is that fair to say? A. Definitely. DPS is is by far the the largest. Q. Okay. And would it surprise you if | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | the other county and then transfer their information to to our county. They also do match for Social Security Number to see if the name, birth date and number match. Also they do that with DPS, with a driver's license or Texas ID number. I do not know their processes other than we receive information certifying a voter and we receive information stating that something does not match. Therefore, we then go into our process of mailing the voter to to get more information and to clarify. And we review the files to see if there was a data entry issue for any reason since everything is entered manually. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. Understood. And is it your understanding that the Texas Secretary of |

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|-----|--|------|--|
| 1 | through TEAM? Is that right? | 1 | not understanding why they didn't get |
| 2 | A. As as far as the | 2 | registered. Also, talk about online voter |
| 3 | MS. VEIDT: Objection, speculation. | 3 | registration. But generally, that's not that |
| 4 | MS. HUNKER: Objection, form. | 4 | would be it, every once in a while. |
| 5 | MS. YUKEVICH: Again, Ms. Hunker, | 5 | Q. Okay. And in the context of those |
| 6 | I'll just re-raise what I raised off the | 6 | complaints, you mentioned online voter |
| 7 | record earlier, that I think at this point | 7 | registration. What do folks have to say to your |
| 8 | it's inappropriate for you to be objecting | 8 | office about online voter registration? |
| 9 | during a deposition, which you are not | 9 | A. Why don't we have voter |
| 10 | MS. HUNKER: And I will reiterate | 10 | registration is usually the question. |
| 11 | my position that I think the rules allow | 11 | Q. Fair enough. And have you ever |
| 12 | the parties, not just the person who's | 12 | received complaints that folks thought that they |
| 13 | representing that specific party, to raise | 13 | had registered to vote, didn't realize that they |
| 14 | objections, particularly, the deposition | 14 | had to mail in an application? |
| 15 | is going to be used in other parts of the | 15 | A. That is true. There are some |
| 16 | trial. | 16 | individuals that believe that they have |
| 17 | MS. YUKEVICH: Understood. | 17 | registered online because they filled out a |
| 18 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: | 18 | form not realizing that they needed to either |
| 19 | Q. I apologize, Ms. Nagy. I'll just | 19 | print it out, or if they received it at home, |
| 20 | ask my question again if that's helpful for you. | 20 | that they needed to then sign it and mail it |
| 21 | A. Certainly. Thank you. | 2100 | back in. So there is confusion about that. |
| 22 | Q. Of course. My my question is: | 22 | Q. All right. But you don't have |
| | | 1.5- | |
| | Page 120 | | Page 112 |
| 1 | Is it your understanding that the Secretary of | 1 | just to be as sort of as clear as possible, you |
| 2 | State's office is able to verify voter | 2 | don't have, like, documents with those that |
| 3 | registration whether a voter is eligible to | 3 | volume or the number of those complaints; right? |
| 4 | vote with the information your office provides | 4 | A. No. No. Those complaints may come |
| 5 | to them? | 5 | around voter registration deadline. Generally |
| 6 | MS. HUNKER: Same objection. | 6 | we do receive complaints from individuals who |
| 7 | THE WITNESS: That is my that is | 7 | believe they registered on time. However, we |
| 8 | my understanding. | 8 | have to follow certain processes by the State |
| 9 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: | 9 | utilizing a post mark and and so those we |
| 10 | Q. So we talked earlier about the fact | 10 | have to follow that, those guidelines. |
| 11 | that voters will sometimes call your office; is | 11 | Q. So you've received complaints |
| 12 | that correct? | 12 | about, like, mailing in a voter registration |
| 13 | A. That is correct. | 13 | application thinking that they had submitted it |
| 14 | Q. And we talked earlier that you | 14 | on time but they hadn't; is that also fair to |
| 15 | don't have a universal capture system for to | 15 | say? |
| 16 | record those calls; is that correct? | 16 | A. Yes, that is correct. |
| 17 | A. That is correct. | 17 | Q. So we talked earlier about |
| 18 | Q. Has your office ever received any | 18 | sorry. I got some feedback there for a second. |
| 19 | complaints from the residents of Travis County | 19 | I apologize. |
| 20 | about the voter registration process? | 20 | So we talked earlier about voters |
| 21 | A. From time to time, there have been | 21 | needing to sign their voter registration |
| 2.2 | | 1 | |
| 22 | complaints that they're confused, maybe they | 22 | applications for them to be considered complete; |
| ZZ | complaints that they're confused, maybe they | 22 | applications for them to be considered complete; |

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| | Page 113 | | Page 115 |
| 1 | is that correct? | 1 | you would, or your office would, pull up if |
| 2 | A. Yes, that is correct. | 2 | the Early Ballot Board needed a signature, you |
| 3 | Q. Okay. And what is your | 3 | would pull up that voter's signature in your |
| 4 | understanding of what signatures on voter | 4 | electronic system; is that correct? |
| 5 | registration applications are used for in the | 5 | A. We would pull up we would pull |
| 6 | election administration context? | 6 | up the system in a software package that it was |
| 7 | MS. VEIDT: Objection, speculation. | 7 | stored in. And so, yes, we would pull up the |
| 8 | MS. HUNKER: Same objection. | 8 | application in our software package. |
| 9 | THE WITNESS: The the signature | 9 | Q. And that application in your |
| 10 | is utilized by the Elections Division | 10 | software package included the scan of this |
| 11 | of in the ballot-by-mail process as I | 11 | signature from the paper voter registration |
| 12 | understand. | 12 | application; is that correct? |
| 13 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: | 13 | A. It included the entire image of the |
| 14 | Q. Okay. Does your office have any | 14 | application. It did not it did not secure |
| 15 | involvement in that process? | 15 | the signature by itself. It was just |
| 16 | A. No, our office does not at this | 16 | Q. Okay. |
| 17 | time with our new system, no, we don't in this | 17 | A the entire appli |
| 18 | - | 18 | Q. You can continue. I didn't mean to |
| 19 | system.Q. Did you used to be involved in that | 19 | cut you off. |
| 20 | process? | 20 | A. Oh, no. And and so we would |
| 20 | Did your office used to be involved | | have the entire application to view. |
| 22 | in that process? | 21 | However, we would provide a screen |
| 22 | in that process? | Rez | However, we would provide a screen |
| | Page 114 | | Page 116 |
| 1 | A. Prior to going to our new system | 1 | shot of the signature and print it out and |
| 2 | that actually captures the signature and can be | 2 | provide it to the Ballot Board for their |
| | viewed by the Elections Division, we did have | 3 | their needs and what they were needing to |
| | members of the Ballot Board that would walk over | 4 | to what they needed the signature for. |
| 5 | to our office, they are located across the hall | 5 | Q. Understood. So you had a scan of |
| | from us, and would request signatures from | 6 | the signature and because you had a scan of |
| | voters that they needed to have a signature, | 7 | the whole ballot app or excuse me, the whole |
| 8 | they needed something, and we would screen shot | 8 | registration application? |
| 9 | and print out a signature to provide to them. | 9 | A. Correct. |
| 10 | But with our new system that is not necessary | 10 | Q. And you would just click the |
| | anymore. | 11 | signature for the Early Ballot Board; is that |
| 12 | Q. Okay. When did you get your new | 12 | correct? |
| 13 | system? | 13 | A. That is correct. |
| 14 | A. January of 2021. | 14 | Q. Would they ever view it on your |
| 15 | Q. Okay. And that to be clear, | 15 | computer screen? |
| 16 | when we're talking about that system and screen | 16 | A. No, no. I and I didn't do that. |
| | shotting, I just want to break that down. | 17 | Our office manager was the one who would |
| 18 | So you would go on into the | 18 | generally provide that signature; and I don't |
| 19 | your system prior to getting your new | 19 | I am not aware that they looked at it on the |
| | system let me just be as clear as I can. | 20 | on the screen. |
| 21 | A. Yes. | 21 | Q. But they would so they would |
| 22 | Q. Prior to getting your new system, | 22 | print the image of the signature and take it to |
| | | | |

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| | Page 117 | | Page 119 |
| 1 | the Early Ballot Board? | 1 | less than a thousand per election cycle? |
| 2 | A. And the ballot person Ballot | 2 | A. Yes. Yes. I would say definitely |
| 3 | Board person would wait there for it. We would | 3 | yes. |
| 4 | screen shot it, print it out, and give them a | 4 | Q. Any other uses for signatures |
| 5 | copy. | 5 | during the election administration process that |
| 6 | Q. Then you said now, with your new | 6 | you're aware of? |
| 7 | system, you don't need to do that anymore; is | 7 | A. I am not let's see. Um. |
| 8 | that correct? | 8 | There has been a time or two when |
| 9 | A. That is correct. The signatures | 9 | they did need to do a check on whether someone |
| 10 | are clipped when they're scanned and the | 10 | signed in to vote at a particular time. There |
| 11 | Elections Division has access to view those | 11 | may be an occurrence where two individuals, |
| 12 | images of signatures. So we are we're not | 12 | ended up happened, a father and son with the |
| 13 | involved in that process. | 13 | same name but a junior and one was actually |
| 14 | Q. And did that happen with every | 14 | checked in. |
| 15 | mail-in ballot or just some mail-in ballots? | 15 | So there are situations where they |
| 16 | A. Oh, it was I it was rare. I | 16 | may have to check a signature to see if who |
| 17 | mean, during during early voting or during | 17 | actually signed in, and to to confirm that |
| 18 | | 18 | actually signed in, and to to confirm that and make a correction on that. But that's on |
| | the election cycle of receiving ballot-by-mail | | the election side. |
| 19 | applications and reviewing those, we could have | 19 20 | |
| 20 | daily visits, sometimes for one signature, | | Q. Just give me one moment. I |
| 21 22 | sometimes for ten. It just really depended on on their needs. | 21) 22 | apologize. A. Uh-huh. |
| 22 | on on their needs. | B 22 | A. Uh-huh. |
| | Page 118 | | Page 120 |
| 1 | | 1 | |
| 1 | But during a busy election cycle | 1 | MS. YUKEVICH: Can we pull up |
| 2 | yes, we could have almost daily visits from the | 2 | Exhibit C just one more time, Joe. |
| 3 | Ballot Board. It depended on when they met, and | 3 | And can we go to Page sorry. |
| 4 | I we just we didn't have their schedule. | 4 | That's my job. Can we go to Page 7? |
| 5 | Q. But you never your office never | 5 | Can we zoom in on Interrogatory |
| 6 | provided a thousand signatures to them; is that | 6 | Number 2, please. Okay. |
| 7 | correct? | 7 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: |
| 8 | A. No, I would I would say not. | 8 | Q. So here we are, [as read]: "State |
| 9 | No, nowhere close to that. | 9 | and describe the purpose and function of a |
| 10 | Q. So during an election cycle, is it | 10 | signature on voter registration applications, |
| 11 | fair to say that you would your office, when | 11 | including any differences in the purpose and |
| 12 | you needed to provide those signatures, would | 12 | function of the wet-ink signatures compared to |
| 13 | provide less than 100 signatures during an | 13 | electronic or imaged signatures." |
| 14 | election cycle? | 14 | Did I read that correctly? |
| 15 | A. Potentially. I I don't have | 15 | A. Yes. |
| 16 | that number. We we didn't track that so I | 16 | Q. Okay. |
| 17 | don't have that number. But from what I | 17 | MS. YUKEVICH: Can we zoom in on |
| 18 | observed, I know that it could be up to a dozen | 18 | and this is again, this is has been |
| 19 | at one time, but I it wasn't something that I | 19 | previously entered as Exhibit C. This is |
| 20 | tracked and I didn't ask my staff to track how | 20 | Defendant Elfant's Responses to |
| 21 | many times they came to ask. | 21 | Plaintiff's First Set of Interrogatories. |
| 22 | Q. Understood. But you agree it's | 22 | Can we zoom in on the answer, the |

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|--|---|--|---|
| 1 | in purpose or function between a wet-ink | 1 | from DPS? |
| 2 | signature and an electronic or imaged | 2 | A. I am not aware of examples since I |
| 3 | signature." | 3 | don't perform that function, but it would be a |
| 4 | Is that still your office's | 4 | signature that we would have on file, and it |
| 5 | understanding today? | 5 | could be from DPS or a mail-in. So it would be |
| 6 | A. For voter registration purposes, | 6 | from either application that we had available. |
| 7 | yes. | 7 | Q. When the Early Ballot Board used to |
| 8 | Q. Okay. | 8 | come to your office and they would ask for |
| 9 | MS. YUKEVICH: We can take this | 9 | signatures, did they did your office ever |
| 10 | down, Joe. Thanks. | 10 | make a distinction between voters who registered |
| 11 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: | 11 | at DPS and voters who registered on paper |
| 12 | Q. And so are you aware of any | 12 | application? |
| 13 | the two sort of things that we've discussed | 13 | A. Again, I did not perform that |
| 14 | today as uses for after for election | 14 | function and I'm not aware that my staff made |
| 15 | administration purposes, the use for a voter | 15 | that distinction. |
| 16 | a signature on a voter registration application | 16 | Q. And the software you have now, that |
| 17 | for election administration purposes are | 17 | includes signatures that your office has scanned |
| 18 | exemplar signature that can be used for | 18 | from voter registration applications that come |
| 19 | comparison purposes by an Early Ballot Board and | 19 | in on paper or via facsimile; is that correct? |
| 20 | the one instance that you're aware of where | 20 | A. Correct. |
| 21 | signatures on voter registration application | 21 | Q. And it also includes DPS |
| 22 | forms can be used for comparison purposes | 22 | signatures; is that correct? |
| | | y . | |
| | Page 126 | | Page 128 |
| 1 | against in-person voter sign-in sheets in | 1 | A. That is correct. |
| 2 | connection with an election context; is that | 2 | Q. And the Early Ballot Board has |
| 3 | correct? | 3 | access to that system now; is that right? |
| 4 | A. Yes, everything would be a function | 4 | A. That is correct. |
| 5 | of the Elections Division. | 5 | Q. Okay. Sorry. Just give me one |
| 6 | Q. Any other purpose or use for | 6 | moment. I apologize. |
| 7 | signatures on voter registration applications | 7 | All right. So we talked a little |
| 8 | that you're aware of? | 8 | bit about this earlier and I just want to go |
| 9 | MS. VEIDT: Objection, speculation. | 9 | back over it again. For that I am sorry. |
| 10 | THE WITNESS: That I am aware of, | 10 | What does your office do if a voter |
| 11 | no. | 11 | submits a voter registration application without |
| 12 | | | |
| 1 0 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: | 12 | a signature at all? |
| 13 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. And when the early I want to go | 12 13 | a signature at all? A. Well, we consider that an |
| 13 14 | Q. And when the early I want to go | | A. Well, we consider that an |
| 14 | Q. And when the early I want to go back to before you got your new software and | 13 14 | A. Well, we consider that an incomplete application and we do send |
| | Q. And when the early I want to go back to before you got your new software and back to when the Early Ballot Board used to have | 13 | A. Well, we consider that an incomplete application and we do send correspondence to the voter letting them know |
| 14 15 | Q. And when the early I want to go back to before you got your new software and back to when the Early Ballot Board used to have to come to your office to when they for | 13 14 15 | A. Well, we consider that an incomplete application and we do send correspondence to the voter letting them know that it's incomplete and offer them the |
| 14 15 16 | Q. And when the early I want to go back to before you got your new software and back to when the Early Ballot Board used to have to come to your office to when they for when they needed a signature. | 13 14 15 16 | A. Well, we consider that an incomplete application and we do send correspondence to the voter letting them know that it's incomplete and offer them the opportunity to complete the application and send |
| 14 15 16 17 18 | Q. And when the early I want to go back to before you got your new software and back to when the Early Ballot Board used to have to come to your office to when they for | 13 14 15 16 17 | A. Well, we consider that an incomplete application and we do send correspondence to the voter letting them know that it's incomplete and offer them the opportunity to complete the application and send us a completed application including the |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 | Q. And when the early I want to go back to before you got your new software and back to when the Early Ballot Board used to have to come to your office to when they for when they needed a signature. Are you with me so far? A. Yes. Yes. | 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | A. Well, we consider that an incomplete application and we do send correspondence to the voter letting them know that it's incomplete and offer them the opportunity to complete the application and send us a completed application including the signature. |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | Q. And when the early I want to go back to before you got your new software and back to when the Early Ballot Board used to have to come to your office to when they for when they needed a signature. Are you with me so far? A. Yes. Yes. Q. Okay. When they would do that, did | 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | A. Well, we consider that an incomplete application and we do send correspondence to the voter letting them know that it's incomplete and offer them the opportunity to complete the application and send us a completed application including the signature. Q. And what would your office do today |
| 14 15 16 17 18 19 | Q. And when the early I want to go back to before you got your new software and back to when the Early Ballot Board used to have to come to your office to when they for when they needed a signature. Are you with me so far? A. Yes. Yes. | 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | A. Well, we consider that an incomplete application and we do send correspondence to the voter letting them know that it's incomplete and offer them the opportunity to complete the application and send us a completed application including the signature. |

32 (Pages 125 to 128)

Case: 32550536/-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 04028/2Date at a to 006/29/2022

2/9/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Gretchen Nagy, Bruce Elfant

| | Page 129 | | Page 131 |
|--|---|--|--|
| 1 | A. Can you clarify in what in what | 1 | State of Texas? |
| 2 | way would we receive it? | 2 | A. I am not aware of |
| 3 | Q. Oh, yes. Good point. What if you | 3 | MS. HUNKER: Object to form. |
| 4 | received an imaged signature on a paper voter | 4 | Objection, speculation. |
| 5 | registration application form? | 5 | THE WITNESS: I I am not aware |
| 6 | A. If we determined that it was an | 6 | of how of them distinguishing the |
| 7 | image, if we were able to make that | 7 | difference. |
| 8 | determination in some manner, we would consider | 8 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: |
| 9 | it an incomplete application. | 9 | Q. Okay. So you've processed |
| 10 | Q. Okay. And you mentioned if you | 10 | applications that came in from a voter with a |
| 11 | "were able to make that determination." | 11 | disability who's unable to sign their name, and |
| 12 | Is there someone in your office | 12 | those people have subsequently successfully |
| 13 | that reviews every signature to determine | 13 | registered to vote; is that correct? |
| 14 | whether it's a wet-ink signature or an imaged | 14 | A. Yes. |
| 15 | signature? | 15 | Q. Okay. So we talked earlier about |
| 16 | A. No, all of our administrative | 16 | the Early Ballot Board and the or Early |
| 17 | staff, including myself sometimes in a busy | 17 | Balloting Board and and the interactions that |
| 18 | election cycle, will review applications for | 18 | your office used to have with the Early |
| 19 | completeness and and everything. So we | 19 | Balloting Board. I do want to ask just one more |
| 20 | will we will look at the applications to | 20 | question. |
| 21 | ensure that there is a signature. | | Did you ever go to get a voter a |
| 22 | Q. Okay. Is it your understanding | 21 22 | paper copy of a voter registration application |
| | | 2 | |
| | Page 130 | | Page 132 |
| | | | Tage 152 |
| 1 | that the signature on the voter registration | 1 | for the Early Ballot Board? |
| 1 2 | | 1 2 | |
| | that the signature on the voter registration application is an affirmation that the rest of the information is correct? | | for the Early Ballot Board? |
| 2 | that the signature on the voter registration application is an affirmation that the rest of | 2 | for the Early Ballot Board? A. Again, not performing that task, I |
| 2 3 | that the signature on the voter registration application is an affirmation that the rest of the information is correct? A. Yes, I would make that determine yes. | 2 3 | for the Early Ballot Board?A. Again, not performing that task, Iam not aware that any of my staff did have toget a paper application to retrieve a signature.Q. Okay. And you we testified |
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| 2 3 4 5 | that the signature on the voter registration application is an affirmation that the rest of the information is correct? A. Yes, I would make that determine yes. Q. And are you aware of disabled voters or voters that struggle with motor skills | 2 3 4 5 | for the Early Ballot Board?A. Again, not performing that task, Iam not aware that any of my staff did have toget a paper application to retrieve a signature.Q. Okay. And you we testified |
| 2 3 4 5 6 | that the signature on the voter registration application is an affirmation that the rest of the information is correct? A. Yes, I would make that determine yes. Q. And are you aware of disabled voters or voters that struggle with motor skills that are unable to sign a full name signature? | 2 3 4 5 6 | for the Early Ballot Board? A. Again, not performing that task, I am not aware that any of my staff did have to get a paper application to retrieve a signature. Q. Okay. And you we testified earlier that you you're unaware of ever needing to bring voter paper voter registration applications back from storage; is |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 | that the signature on the voter registration application is an affirmation that the rest of the information is correct? A. Yes, I would make that determine yes. Q. And are you aware of disabled voters or voters that struggle with motor skills that are unable to sign a full name signature? A. Yes. Yes. We do receive we do | 2 3 4 5 6 7 | for the Early Ballot Board? A. Again, not performing that task, I am not aware that any of my staff did have to get a paper application to retrieve a signature. Q. Okay. And you we testified earlier that you you're unaware of ever needing to bring voter paper voter registration applications back from storage; is that right? |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | that the signature on the voter registration application is an affirmation that the rest of the information is correct? A. Yes, I would make that determine yes. Q. And are yoe aware of disabled voters or voters that struggle with motor skills that are unable to sign a full name signature? A. Yes. Yes. We do receive we do have some applications that do do come in in those in that manner, yes. Q. Okay. What does your office do with those applications? A. Well, if there is some form of marking, I mean, we do process it as well. Q. And you process it in the same way that you process any other voter registration application? A. That that is correct, yes. | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | for the Early Ballot Board? A. Again, not performing that task, I am not aware that any of my staff did have to get a paper application to retrieve a signature. Q. Okay. And you we testified earlier that you you're unaware of ever needing to bring voter paper voter registration applications back from storage; is that right? A. That is correct. Q. What are Signature Verification Committees? A. I cannot address those. That is not a function that we're involved in. Q. Okay. So you your office, to be clear, has never had any interaction with Signature Verification Committees specifically? A. No, I we have not. Q. So your office just had |

33 (Pages 129 to 132)

Case: 32550536-00 Decument D005/1697/61753-2 Prage: 04038/2Date at led 006/29/2022

2/9/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Gretchen Nagy, Bruce Elfant

| | Page 145 | | Page 147 |
|--|--|--|---|
| 1 | 2018, that under Texas Election Code that you | 1 | Q. Okay. And how could you could |
| 2 | your office could accept those voter | 2 | you tell the difference between Vote.org |
| 3 | registration applications if you received them | 3 | applications that came in from Vote.org with |
| 4 | within four days and via facsimile? | 4 | Vote.org's web let me withdraw. |
| 5 | A. That is correct. We yes, that | 5 | Could you tell the difference I |
| 6 | is correct. | 6 | apologize. |
| 7 | Q. And is it your understanding that | 7 | Could your could you and your |
| 8 | the law required you to accept those | 8 | office tell the difference between applications |
| 9 | applications? | 9 | that came in from voters who used Vote.org's web |
| 10 | A. Yes. | 10 | application versus app paper applications |
| 11 | Q. And did that understanding change | 11 | that came in from voters who did not use that |
| 12 | when House Bill 3107 passed? | 12 | application? |
| 13 | A. Yes, that that did change | 13 | A. I would say that at the the |
| 14 | Q. How did it change? | 14 | first set of applications we received, there was |
| 15 | A is our understanding. | 15 | a difference. There was a technical issue that |
| 16 | That we would require a wet-ink | 16 | Vote.org had and the signatures were not coming |
| 17 | signature or that's that is what has been | 17 | in clearly and we communicated with them that |
| 18 | state that has been stated in in | 18 | there was an issue. They improved, worked on |
| 19 | guidelines from the Secretary of State's office. | 19 | it, and and and repaired the problem that |
| 20 | Q. And you, just to be clear, you | 20 | they were having, and then the signatures came |
| 21 | would require now, after September 1st, 2021, | 21 | in. We, of course, receive our faxes via |
| 22 | you your office | 22 | e-mail, so we we don't use a fax machine. |
| | ~ | ls. | |
| | | | |
| | Page 146 | | Page 148 |
| 1 | Page 146 A. Uh-huh. | 1 | Page 148 And so we received those. Then we would have to |
| 1 2 | A. Uh-huh. | 1 2 | _ |
| | A. Uh-huh. | | And so we received those. Then we would have to |
| 2 | A. Uh-huh.Q would only accept that copy with | 2 | And so we received those. Then we would have to print those out to be able to then scan them |
| 2 3 | A. Uh-huh.Q would only accept that copy with a wet-ink signature; is that correct? | 2 | And so we received those. Then we would have to print those out to be able to then scan them into our system. |
| 2 3 4 | A. Uh-huh.Q would only accept that copy with a wet-ink signature; is that correct?A. That is correct at this time, yes. | 2 3 4 | And so we received those. Then we would have to print those out to be able to then scan them into our system. Q. I understand. So when you would |
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2/9/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Gretchen Nagy, Bruce Elfant

| | Page 149 | | Page 151 |
|--|---|--|--|
| 1 | were, like, coming on paper, is that because you | 1 | be as clear as we can for the record here, I |
| 2 | were receiving them via facsimile? | 2 | used the word "legible" earlier. |
| 3 | A. What let me just clarify. | 3 | Not that when I say the word |
| 4 | The the technical issue was that they had | 4 | "legible," you mean that to understand, you |
| 5 | they were changing the the white background | 5 | know, someone signs a name, you can read exactly |
| 6 | was coming in dark and the signature was coming | 6 | what it is that they're saying; is that is |
| 7 | in white. So they had a technical issue. We | 7 | that right? |
| 8 | told them we couldn't accept the applications | 8 | A. Correct. Yes. |
| 9 | and they had to work on their technical issues. | 9 | Q. Like, if I signed Kathyrn Yukevich, |
| 10 | Then when they resent them, then | 10 | you would know that I signed Kathyrn Yukevich. |
| 11 | the images were clearer and we were able to | 11 | Is that what you mean by "legible"? |
| 12 | distinguish signatures, you know, that that | 12 | A. Yes, it's you know, we're |
| 13 | weren't blackened out, so that we could we | 13 | we're saying that the that the image is is |
| 14 | could see them. And they basically did look | 14 | clear. It's it's not it's not damaged, so |
| 15 | like other any other image that we would | 15 | that we we can actually pull the image and |
| 16 | have. | 16 | everything. And so that's really that's all |
| 17 | Q. I understand. So there were some | 17 | that we're trying to do is just ensure that |
| 18 | technical issues at the beginning; is that fair | 18 | that it's that it's that it's clear |
| 19 | to say? | 19 | Q. Okay. |
| 20 | A. Yes. | 20 | A so that our system accounts |
| 21 | Q. And this was the | | track. |
| 22 | A. Yes. | 21 22 | Q. Okay. And so when you mean |
| 22 | A. 105. | F | Q. Okay. And so when you mean |
| | Page 150 | | Page 152 |
| | | | 1490 102 |
| 1 | \sim | 1 | |
| 1 2 | Q first time, to your knowledge, | 1 2 | when you know, I understood your implication your that some were coming in |
| | Q first time, to your knowledge, that you received voter registration | | when you know, I understood your |
| 2 | Q first time, to your knowledge, | 2 | when you know, I understood your implication your that some were coming in |
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Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Gretchen Nagy, Bruce Elfant

| | Page 153 | | Page 155 |
|--|---|--|--|
| 1 | Q web application? | 1 | e-mail? |
| 2 | A. Yes. Yes. Yes. | 2 | A. Yes, I do. |
| 3 | Q. Not always legible? | 3 | Q. Okay. And did you send this |
| 4 | A. That is correct. | 4 | e-mail? |
| 5 | Q. But all but clear? | 5 | A. Yes, I did. |
| 6 | A. Yes. Yes. | 6 | Q. And who did you send it to? |
| 7 | Q. Okay. And I appreciate you being | 7 | A. I sent it to I believe it would |
| 8 | precise and and helping me to understand the | 8 | have been Sarah. So I unless there was anybody |
| 9 | difference there. Thank you. | 9 | else on the e-mail, I would have sent it to her. |
| 10 | And then my next question: Were | 10 | Q. Okay. And I think Sarah is on the |
| 11 | you able to enter for those voter | 11 | e-mail. |
| 12 | registration applications that you received via | 12 | What I want to ask you about here |
| 13 | facsimile and received a subsequent copy of the | 13 | is just what you said. So you said |
| 14 | voter registration application, were you able to | 14 | A. Uh-huh. |
| 15 | enter that voter's information into the system | 15 | Q and I just want to make sure I |
| 16 | that you share with the Secretary of State? | 16 | read it correctly "I needed to let you know |
| 17 | A. Yes. | 17 | that some signatures are not coming through and |
| 18 | Q. And and did your office do that? | 18 | others are very faint. We've received maybe six |
| 19 | A. Yes, we did. | 19 | thus far." |
| 20 | Q. And were some of those voter | 20 | So it's Friday, September 21st, |
| 21 | registration applications accepted by the | 21 22 | 2018. Did I read that correctly? |
| 22 | Secretary of State's office? | 802 | A. Uh-huh. Yes. |
| | Page 154 | 1 | Page 156 |
| | | | |
| 1 | | 1 | |
| 1 | A. We did not track but, yes, they | 1 | Q. And you you expressed two |
| 2 | A. We did not track but, yes, they were. We did not track if any of them had | 2 | Q. And you you expressed two concerns here. The first is that some |
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Case: 32550536/-00 Document D005/1637/6753-2 Prage: 04068/2Date active d006/29/2022

2/9/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Gretchen Nagy, Bruce Elfant

| | Page 249 | | Page 251 |
|--|---|--|--|
| 1 | the conferences in the summer and then you also | 1 | I no, I don't. |
| 2 | participate or at least listen to the webinars? | 2 | Q. So, Ms. Nagy, we've been going for |
| 3 | A. Yes, yes. | 3 | about an hour. I am about to change topics so |
| 4 | Q. Okay. Thank you. Who else | 4 | this might be a good place for a break if you'd |
| 5 | attended these conferences? | 5 | like one. |
| 6 | A. Eleanor Staff, our business | 6 | A. Okay. Certainly. We can do that. |
| 7 | analyst, attend the attend the conferences. | 7 | MS. HUNKER: Does 10 minutes work? |
| 8 | Also our administrative staff attend. And in | 8 | We can come back at 2:30. |
| 9 | the past, our outreach and training coordinator | 9 | MS. VEIDT: That works. |
| 10 | has also attended. So we do vary and who | 10 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Okay. We are |
| 11 | attends and for what length of time they attend. | 11 | now going off the video record. The time |
| 12 | Q. Did you attend any trainings hosted | 12 | is 2:20 p.m. |
| 13 | by the Secretary of State when you joined the | 13 | (A recess is held from 2:20 p.m. to |
| 14 | office | 14 | 2:31 p.m.) |
| 15 | A. Yes. | 15 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We are now going |
| 16 | Q when you joined the Tax Office? | 16 | back on the video record. The time is |
| 17 | A. When I joined the Voter | 17 | 2:32 p.m. |
| 18 | Registration Division in the Tax Office, I would | 18 | BY MS. HUNKER: |
| 19 | have attended that summer of 2016. | 19 | Q. Hi, Ms. Nagy. Did you enjoy your |
| 20 | Q. But it was not specific to you as a | 20 | break? |
| 21 | new employee; is that correct? | 210 | A. Yes, yes, I did. Thank you. Thank |
| 22 | A. I'm sorry. I don't understand your | G2 | you. |
| | C. | r | |
| | Page 250 | | Page 252 |
| 1 | \cdot | | |
| - | question. | 1 | Q. So early in our deposition we spoke |
| 2 | Q. The conference was the usual | 1 2 | Q. So early in our deposition we spoke a little bit about your role and the Tax |
| | | | |
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Case: 32550536/-00 Document D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 040708/2Date active d006/29/2022

2/9/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Gretchen Nagy, Bruce Elfant

| | Page 253 | | Page 255 |
|--|---|--|--|
| 1 | Early Voting Ballot Board came to your office to | 1 | A. I spoke to who? |
| 2 | request applications; is that correct? | 2 | Q. You mentioned, I think, that when a |
| 3 | A. That is correct. | 3 | voter appears in person they sign an e-poll |
| 4 | Q. And was it is it fair to say you | 4 | book? |
| 5 | know that you have less knowledge now that | 5 | A. Yes. Yes. That's from my personal |
| 6 | you moved on to a different system on how many | 6 | experience. |
| 7 | times the Early Ballot Board needs to look at an | 7 | Q. That's from your personal |
| 8 | application or signature? | 8 | experience as a Travis County voter? |
| 9 | A. That is correct, yes. | 9 | A. Yes. Yes. |
| 10 | Q. But you can confirm that when you | 10 | Q. So that, I assume, was implemented |
| 11 | had the old system, the Early Voting Ballot | 11 | by the County Clerk's Office? |
| 12 | Board did request the application in order to | 12 | A. Yes, that is correct. |
| 13 | compare the signature? | 13 | Q. So you wouldn't know if voters |
| 14 | A. They actually requested a | 14 | liked the change to an e-poll book from the |
| 15 | signature, a copy of the signature, not the | 15 | paper sign-in? |
| 16 | actual application. | 16 | A. Oh, I I have no knowledge of |
| 17 | Q. Okay. So let me rephrase the | 17 | of how voters feel about that conversion when we |
| 18 | question. | 18 | did that conversion. |
| 19 | But you can confirm that the Early | 19 | Q. And you wouldn't know if it's made |
| 20 | Voting Ballot Board requested the signature on | 20 | it more difficult or less difficult for either |
| 21 | the application for a comparison during the | 210 | voters or the county; correct? |
| 22 | elections? | G22 | A. I wouldn't have any knowledge of |
| | | 17. | |
| | Demo 254 | | |
| | Page 254 | | Page 256 |
| 1 | A. That is correct. | 1 | Page 256 that, uh-uh. |
| 1 2 | | 1 2 | - |
| | A. That is correct. | | that, uh-uh. |
| 2 | A. That is correct.Q. Can you confirm that this occurred | 2 | that, uh-uh. Q. Thank you. |
| 2 3 | A. That is correct.Q. Can you confirm that this occurred each election at least once? | 2 3 | that, uh-uh. Q. Thank you. A. Uh-huh. |
| 2 3 4 | A. That is correct. Q. Can you confirm that this cocurred each election at least once? A. I I don't know that I can | 2 3 4 | that, uh-uh.Q. Thank you.A. Uh-huh.Q. You also spoke some with counsel |
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2/9/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Gretchen Nagy, Bruce Elfant

| | Page 393 | | Page 395 |
|--|---|--|--|
| 1 | registration applications via facsimile? | 1 | precise date |
| 2 | A. Yes, generally so. | 2 | Q. Okay. |
| 3 | Q. Okay. How was that? | 3 | A but I certainly did see. |
| 4 | Can you just explain what you | 4 | Q. Okay. And can you just what was |
| 5 | understand to have happened? | 5 | your understanding of what this announcement |
| 6 | A. Do you want to ask me a more | 6 | meant for the voter registration applications |
| 7 | specific question or do you want to risk me | 7 | that you had received via facsimile in the fall |
| 8 | going really, really broad? | 8 | of 2018? |
| 9 | Q. That's fair. I will withdraw my | 9 | A. Well, the Secretary of State's |
| 10 | question. That a fair point. | 10 | position was that the statute didn't allow for |
| 11 | Did you ever speak to anyone at | 11 | what the Vote.org folks were wanting to do with |
| 12 | Vote.org about voter registration applications | 12 | sending in the fax and then sending in a copy. |
| 13 | being transmitted to your office via facsimile? | 13 | That was their position. |
| 14 | A. I don't believe that I spoke to | 14 | Q. And was it your office's position |
| 15 | anybody directly. | 15 | that it did? |
| 16 | Q. Okay. Are you aware that other | 16 | A. Well, okay. This is where I want |
| 17 | members of your office spoke to folks at | 17 | to start a little bit at the beginning. |
| 18 | Vote.org? | 18 | Our as Gretchen said, our |
| 19 | A. Yes, I know Ms. Nagy spoke with | 19 | office's position for years was that we have to |
| 20 | them. | 20 | have a real signature, we have to have a |
| 21 | Q. And do you recall former Secretary | 21 | original signature. And she came in to see me |
| 22 | of State Rolando Pablos making an announcement | 22 | one afternoon, told me what the Vote.org folks |
| | Page 394 | | |
| | | | |
| | | | Page 396 |
| 1 | before the 2018 midterm election about | 1 | wanted to do and my first reaction is, "I don't |
| 2 | before the 2018 midterm election about signatures on voter registration applications? | 2 | wanted to do and my first reaction is, "I don't think we can do that. I think we have to have |
| 2 3 | before the 2018 midterm election about signatures on voter registration applications? A. I do. | 2 | wanted to do and my first reaction is, "I don't think we can do that. I think we have to have an original." |
| 2 3 4 | before the 2018 midterm election about signatures on voter registration applications? A. I do. Q. Okay. Do you | 2 3 4 | wanted to do and my first reaction is, "I don't think we can do that. I think we have to have an original." And she said, "Look at the |
| 2 3 4 5 | before the 2018 midterm election about signatures on voter registration applications? A. I do. Q. Okay. Do you MS. YUKEVICH: Let's pull up what I | 2 3 4 5 | wanted to do and my first reaction is, "I don't think we can do that. I think we have to have an original." And she said, "Look at the statute." |
| 2 3 4 5 6 | before the 2018 midterm election about signatures on voter registration applications? A. I do. Q. Okay. Do you MS. YUKEVICH Let's pull up what I premarked as Exhibit L. And if we can | 2 3 4 5 6 | wanted to do and my first reaction is, "I don't think we can do that. I think we have to have an original." And she said, "Look at the statute." And she showed me the statute and |
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2/9/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Gretchen Nagy, Bruce Elfant

| | Page 397 | | Page 399 |
|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | that copy meant copy and it didn't mean | 1 | conversations with county officials, she's |
| 2 | original. | 2 | representing the Secretary of State himself, so, |
| 3 | Shortly after that, I received a | 3 | yes. |
| 4 | call from Christina Adkins who's Elizabeth's | 4 | Q. Okay. And did you ever discuss |
| 5 | replacement at the Secretary of State's office | 5 | this announcement or the intent of that |
| 6 | and she said, "We don't want you accepting these | 6 | announcement with anyone else at the Secretary |
| 7 | applications." | 7 | of State's office? |
| 8 | And I said, "But the statute says | 8 | A. I don't believe I did. I believe |
| 9 | copy." | 9 | my contact with Christina and then Elizabeth |
| 10 | And she said, "Well, that's really | 10 | Winn's subsequent follow-up with her were the |
| 11 | not what we meant. We meant that it should be | 11 | extent of our contacts |
| 12 | original." | 12 | Q. Okay. Did you review with them |
| 13 | And I said, "The statute says copy. | 13 | A since |
| 14 | I don't know what to tell you, Christina. You | 14 | THE REPORTER: I didn't hear the |
| 15 | know what you ought to do is contact our | 15 | end. |
| 16 | lawyer." | 16 | THE WITNESS: I apologize. To the |
| 17 | And she said, "Who's your lawyer?" | 17 | extent of my knowledge. |
| 18 | And I said, "Elizabeth Winn." | 18 | I'm going to do better. I promise. |
| 19 | And she said, "Oh, she hired me." | 19 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: |
| 20 | And I said, "All right. You-all | 20 | Q. It's okay. It's me too. |
| 21 | know each other. So you-all should talk and | 210 | Did you receive let me I'll |
| 22 | work this out. And, you know, if you can get us | 22 | take that back. |
| | | <u>~</u> | |
| | | | |
| | Page 398 | | Page 400 |
| 1 | Page 398 restrained, we won't do it. But our reading | 1 | Page 400 What was your understanding |
| 1 2 | restrained, we won't do it. But our reading here at the county of the statute is that it | 1 2 | - |
| | restrained, we won't do it. But our reading here at the county of the statute is that it says copy, it doesn't say original." | | What was your understanding |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | restrained, we won't do it. But our reading here at the county of the statute is that it says copy, it doesn't say original." And so that's what what I told Christina. And I wasn't in on the call between her and Elizabeth Winn, but that's you know, that was our conversation. Q. And just to be clear, when you raised that the statute said copy and not original, her response was "that wasn't really what we meant"; is that right? A. That wasn't I'm saying to the to the extent that it wasn't our intent. Q. Okay. And when she said "we" do you know who she was referring to? A. When she I'm sorry. When she said what? Q. When she said "we," was did you take that to mean she was referring to the | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | What was your understanding what I'll take that back as well. What was the outcome of Ms. Winn's conversation with Christina Adkins? A. I I don't know. And I don't believe that Elizabeth ever shared with me their conversation. But our our our advice remained the same, didn't didn't change. Q. Your office's policy from the time that from the fall of 2018 until House Bill 3107 that advice did not change; is that correct? A. Ask I'm sorry. Ask that again. I want to make sure I get the dates right. Q. Sure. So between the fall of 2018 and until the effective date of House Bill 3107, that policy didn't change; is that correct? A. Yes, that's correct. Q. But now that House Bill 3107 has been enacted, it has changed; is that correct? |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | restrained, we won't do it. But our reading here at the county of the statute is that it says copy, it doesn't say original." And so that's what what I told Christina. And I wasn't in on the call between her and Elizabeth Winn, but that's you know, that was our conversation. Q. And just to be clear, when you raised that the statute said copy and not original, her response was "that wasn't really what we meant"; is that right? A. That wasn't I'm saying to the to the extent that it wasn't our intent. Q. Okay. And when she said "we" do you know who she was referring to? A. When she I'm sorry. When she said what? Q. When she said "we," was did you | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | What was your understanding what I'll take that back as well. What was the outcome of Ms. Winn's conversation with Christina Adkins? A. I I don't know. And I don't believe that Elizabeth ever shared with me their conversation. But our our our advice remained the same, didn't didn't change. Q. Your office's policy from the time that from the fall of 2018 until House Bill 3107 that advice did not change; is that correct? A. Ask I'm sorry. Ask that again. I want to make sure I get the dates right. Q. Sure. So between the fall of 2018 and until the effective date of House Bill 3107, that policy didn't change; is that correct? A. Yes, that's correct. Q. But now that House Bill 3107 has |

100 (Pages 397 to 400)

3/4/2022 Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Remi Garza 30(b)(6) Page 1 IN THE WESTERN UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION -----x VOTE.ORG, • Plaintiff, : ٠ vs. JACQUELYN CALLANEN, in her official capacity as the Case No. Bexar County Elections Administrator, et al., 5:21-cv-649-Defendants, JKP-HJB and KEN PAXTON, in his official capacity as Attorney : General of Texas, et al., : Intervenor-Defendants. : -----x VIRTUAL VIDEOTAPED 30(b)(6) DEPOSITION OF REMI GARZA Friday, March 4, 2022 10:01 a.m. Central Standard Time REPORTER: Dawn A. Jaques, CSR, CLR DIGITAL EVIDENCE GROUP 1730 M Street, NW, Suite 812 Washington, D.C. 20036 (202) 232-0646

Case: 32550536/-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 0/4/08/2Date acjed 106/29/2022

3/4/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Remi Garza 30(b)(6)

| | Page 81 | | Page 83 |
|--|--|--|---|
| 1 | A Yes. | 1 | would use to call and request a paper |
| 2 | Q And you received 4,592 applications? | 2 | application to request that a paper application |
| 3 | A Yes. | 3 | is mailed to their place of residence? |
| 4 | Q And then in person, line 8, just 1? | 4 | A Yes. |
| 5 | A Yes, so far this year. | 5 | Q Is that required by law? |
| 6 | Q And then go down to line 12. So this | 6 | A I don't know if it is, but it should |
| 7 | one does not have an NVRA code. Can you explain | 7 | be. |
| 8 | why that's not it doesn't have an NVRA code? | 8 | Q Sure, okay. |
| 9 | A That was an event in the VOTEC system | 9 | Is that phone is your phone in the |
| 10 | where a correction was done to a voter's | 10 | office staffed by one individual person, or does |
| 11 | registration file that didn't change their status | 11 | everyone kind of answer those calls as they come |
| 12 | from either active or suspends, or require that a | 12 | into your office? |
| 13 | notice be sent out to the voter. | 13 | A The reception desk has four phones for |
| 14 | Q Okay. All right. So I'm going to | 14 | each one of the stations, although it's primarily |
| 15 | stop sharing. | 15 | two individuals that are working there, and it |
| 16 | I will mark this as Garza Exhibit 1 | 16 | rings on all the desks at the same time. |
| 17 | for the record, Zach and Dawn, for purposes of our | 17 | Q And to be sure, the people at the |
| 18 | deposition today so that our record is clear of | 18 | reception desk, the two individuals that you |
| 19 | what documents have been reviewed and examined | 19 | referenced, do they speak Spanish? |
| 20 | during today's deposition. | 20 | A Yes. |
| 21 | (Garza Exhibit 1 was marked | 210 | Q Okay. Do they speak any other |
| 22 | for identification.) | 21 22 | languages? |
| | C. | 2 | |
| | . () <u> </u> | | |
| | Page 82 | | Page 84 |
| 1 | Page 82 BY MR. HARRIS: | 1 | A Not that I've heard them. |
| 1 2 | BY MR. HARRIS: Q I'm going to stop sharing that. So no | 1 2 | A Not that I've heard them.Q Do they speak English? |
| | BY MR. HARRIS: Q I'm going to stop sharing that. So no one can see my secret sauce, right, anymore? | | A Not that I've heard them.Q Do they speak English?A Oh, yes. I'm sorry. |
| 2 | BY MR. HARRIS: Q I'm going to stop sharing that. So no one can see my secret sauce, right, anymore? So now what I want to talk about is | 2 | A Not that I've heard them.Q Do they speak English?A Oh, yes. I'm sorry.Q Okay, fair enough. |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 | BY MR. HARRIS: Q I'm going to stop sharing that. So no one can see my secret sauce, right, anymore? So now what I want to talk about is that we discussed that voters can actually request an application by coming into your office, or also | 2 3 4 | A Not that I've heard them. Q Do they speak English? A Oh, yes. I'm sorry. Q Okay, fair enough. Do you keep records of the number of calls you get with voters requesting that voter |
| 2 3 4 5 | BY MR. HARRIS: Q I'm going to stop sharing that. So no one can see my secret sauce, right, anymore? So now what I want to talk about is that we discussed that voters can actually request | 2 3 4 5 | A Not that I've heard them. Q Do they speak English? A Oh, yes. I'm sorry. Q Okay, fair enough. Do you keep records of the number of calls you get with voters requesting that voter registration applications be mailed to their place |
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| 2 3 6 7 8 9 10 11 | BY MR. HARRIS: Q I'm going to stop sharing that. So no one can see my secret sauce, right, anymore? So now what I want to talk about is that we discussed that voters can actually request an application by coming into your office, or also by calling your office, and you would mail a paper application out to the voter in Cameron County; is that correct? A Yes. Q And is that number published on your | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 | A Not that I've heard them. Q Do they speak English? A Oh, yes. I'm sorry. Q Okay, fair enough. Do you keep records of the number of calls you get with voters requesting that voter registration applications be mailed to their place of residence? A No. Q Do you keep a record of who calls your office to request voter registration applications? |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | BY MR. HARRIS: Q I'm going to stop sharing that. So no one can see my secret sauce, right, anymore? So now what I want to talk about is that we discussed that voter can actually request an application by coming into your office, or also by calling your office, and you would mail a paper application out to the voter in Cameron County; is that correct? A Yes. Q And is that number published on your website? A I'm sorry, the number Q The number to your office to call, is that published? A Yes. Q I'm sorry, is the number published is your office number published on the website? | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | A Not that I've heard them. Q Do they speak English? A Oh, yes. I'm sorry. Q Okay, fair enough. Do you keep records of the number of calls you get with voters requesting that voter registration applications be mailed to their place of residence? A No. Q Do you keep a record of who calls your office to request voter registration applications? A Not that I'm aware of. Q Who in your office is responsible for mailing out applications once you get a call or I'll ask it strike that. Who in your office is responsible for mailing out a voter registration application once requested by a voter? A Primarily it would be Ms. Diaz, Maribel Diaz. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | BY MR. HARRIS: Q I'm going to stop sharing that. So no one can see my secret sauce, right, anymore? So now what I want to talk about is that we discussed that voters can actually request an application by coming into your office, or also by calling your office, and you would mail a paper application out to the voter in Cameron County; is that correct? A Yes. Q And is that number published on your website? A I'm sorry, the number Q The number to your office to call, is that published? A Yes. Q I'm sorry, is the number published is your office number published on the website? | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | A Not that I've heard them. Q Do they speak English? A Oh, yes. I'm sorry. Q Okay, fair enough. Do you keep records of the number of calls you get with voters requesting that voter registration applications be mailed to their place of residence? A No. Q Do you keep a record of who calls your office to request voter registration applications? A Not that I'm aware of. Q Who in your office is responsible for mailing out applications once you get a call or I'll ask it strike that. Who in your office is responsible for mailing out a voter registration application once requested by a voter? A Primarily it would be Ms. Diaz, |

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Remi Garza 30(b)(6)

| J/ 7/ 202 | | | |
|-----------|--|----|--|
| | Page 85 | | Page 87 |
| 1 | generally tries to be prompt with getting that | 1 | Q And so what on this document lets you |
| 2 | application out once that request is received by | 2 | know that you have to wait for the original to |
| 3 | your office, usually same day; is that right? | 3 | arrive? |
| 4 | A Yes. | 4 | A At the top of the page, just |
| 5 | Q Do you know on average how long it | 5 | underneath the I guess the header, it has |
| 6 | takes for your office to receive the completed | 6 | application previously submitted by fax on the |
| 7 | application back from a voter? On average, how | 7 | 25th of September 2018, 11:26 Central Daylight |
| 8 | long does that typically take, if you know? | 8 | Time. |
| 9 | A I don't have any information. It's | 9 | Q Did your office apply this, or did |
| 10 | not something that we track. | 10 | someone else, some other entity apply this |
| 11 | Q Okay. All right. | 11 | timestamp? |
| 12 | What I want to do now is, Zach, could | 12 | A It appears that somebody else |
| 13 | we look at Exhibit D? | 13 | submitted applied that timestamp. |
| 14 | (Garza Exhibit D was marked | 14 | Q Okay. Do you know if that was applied |
| 15 | for identification.) | 15 | by Vote.org? |
| 16 | BY MR. HARRIS: | 16 | A It appears to be one of the |
| 17 | Q Mr. Garza, please take a moment to | 17 | applications that we received through their |
| 18 | review this first part of Exhibit D, and I can | 18 | process. |
| 19 | represent to you Zach, if you'd scroll down to | 19 | Q Okay. And so it would be fair to say |
| 20 | the very bottom. | 20 | that you know that and I believe the voter's |
| 21 | Mr. Garza, do you see in the bottom | 21 | name is Mr. Perez. |
| 22 | right corner the number 0018? | 22 | Would it be fair to say that Mr. Perez |
| | | 8 | ······································ |
| | Page 80 | | Page 88 |
| 1 | A Yes. | 1 | used Vote.org's web application tool to submit his |
| 2 | Q So whenever you see this number, | 2 | application to your office? |
| 3 | they're going to be Bates numbers, this is a | 3 | A It appears so. |
| 4 | document that you produced to us in this case. | 4 | Q Is Mr. Perez's signature on this |
| 5 | And so I'm going to review this | 5 | application? |
| 6 | document, I think this document has 4 pages in | 6 | A There is an image of his signature, |
| 7 | total, but for clarity of the record, and so that | 7 | yes. |
| 8 | we have an easy conversation on this exhibit, I'll | 8 | Q And that signature is legible? |
| 9 | reference the Bates number so that you know where | 9 | A Yes. |
| 10 | my line of questioning will come from. | 10 | Q And you can read it? |
| 11 | Is that fair? | 11 | A Yes. |
| 12 | A Yes. | 12 | Q But you initially let me strike |
| 13 | Q Okay. So take a moment to review the | 13 | that. |
| 14 | document that has been premarked, and now marked | 14 | When you received this application, |
| 15 | as Exhibit D, and let me know when you're ready | 15 | what did you do with it? |
| 16 | for my next set of questions. | 16 | A It was reviewed and determined to be |
| 17 | A I'm prepared. | 17 | incomplete because it did not contain an original |
| 18 | Q Mr. Garza, what is this document? | 18 | signature. |
| 19 | A It appears to be a voter registration | 19 | Q Okay. So, Zach, can we scroll down to |
| 20 | application that was submitted to our office | 20 | 0019? It's the second page in this document. |
| 21 | originally by fax, and then we waited for the | 21 | Perfect. |
| 22 | original application to arrive. | 22 | Mr. Garza, take a moment to review |
| | ongina approaton to antic. | | with Garza, take a moment to review |
| | | | |

22 (Pages 85 to 88)

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| | Page 89 | | Page 91 |
|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | this letter or this document, sorry, and let me | 1 | Q All right. So let's look at the last |
| 2 | know when you're ready for me to continue our | 2 | page in this. Zach, is there a way for you to |
| 3 | conversation. | 3 | you're amazing. |
| 4 | A I'm ready. | 4 | All right, so if we look at the bottom |
| 5 | Q All right. So you told me that | 5 | where it says "Comments," do you see that, |
| 6 | Mr. Perez's application was not fully processed | 6 | Mr. Garza? |
| 7 | because you did not have a signature; is that | 7 | A Yes. |
| 8 | correct? | 8 | Q It says, "APPLIED TEAM SSN VOTER |
| 9 | A The signature wasn't considered to be | 9 | REPLIED TO LETTER WITH CORRECTIONS." |
| 10 | a complete signature. | 10 | And correct me if I'm wrong, that |
| 11 | Q Even though there was a signature on | 11 | correction was the second signature we just looked |
| 12 | the application? | 12 | at in the previous page; is that correct? |
| 13 | A There was an image of his signature, | 13 | A Yes, I believe so. |
| 14 | yes. | 14 | Q Okay. And once that correction was |
| 15 | Q Okay. And is this what is this | 15 | made, Mr. Perez's voter registration application |
| 16 | letter? Is this something that I mean, I see | 16 | was deemed complete, correct? |
| 17 | that you wrote it, but tell me what this is. Talk | 17 | A Kes. |
| 18 | to me about it. | 18 | Q All right, we can take that down. |
| 19 | A It's one of notices that's generated | 19 | Thank you. |
| 20 | through the VOTEC system based on the particular | 20 | So now you told me one of the goals of |
| 21 | problem with an application, and it's generated | 21 | your office is to make sure that voting is more |
| 22 | and ultimately mailed to the person whose | (22 | accessible. Would that be do you recall |
| | | P | |
| | | | |
| | Page 90 | | Page 92 |
| 1 | Page 90 application has been deemed incomplete. | 1 | |
| 1 2 | application has been deemed incomplete. | 1 2 | Page 92 stating that earlier today? A Yes. |
| | application has been deemed incomplete. Q Okay. And this is something you said | | stating that earlier today? A Yes. |
| 2 | application has been deemed incomplete. Q Okay. And this is something you said that's generated from the VOTEC system, and then | 2 | stating that earlier today? A Yes. Q And you also told me that another one |
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23 (Pages 89 to 92)

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Case: 32550536/-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 0/4//48/2Date acjed 106/29/2022

3/4/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Remi Garza 30(b)(6)

| 5/4/202 | vole.org v. Jacque | ayn Call | dilen, et al. Refill Garza 30(D)(6) |
|---------|--|-----------|--|
| | Page 93 | | Page 95 |
| 1 | Election Administrator, your office has received | 1 | their driver's license. |
| 2 | phone calls from voters about how difficult it is | 2 | Q Okay. Any other solutions? |
| 3 | to vote in Texas as a general matter? | 3 | A Not that immediately come to mind |
| 4 | A We received phone calls where voters | 4 | because that was one of the biggest difficulties |
| 5 | have expressed concerns during the election | 5 | that we were having with respect to our community. |
| 6 | process about how they felt they were registered | 6 | Q Okay. So the biggest issue you were |
| 7 | or had submitted their registration on time, but | 7 | having with the registration process related to |
| 8 | weren't eligible to vote. | 8 | voter ID. It did not relate to faxing in voter |
| 9 | You know, we have had individuals who, | 9 | registration applications? |
| 10 | despite multiple attempts to correct an | 10 | A Not that I'm aware of. |
| 11 | application, have expressed concerns and deemed it | 11 | Q And after you provided that feedback, |
| 12 | difficult to register to vote in Texas. | 12 | what percentage would you say strike that. |
| 13 | Q Does your office sorry, strike | 13 | After you provided the recommended, |
| 14 | that. | 14 | you know, remedies or solutions for these |
| 15 | Outside of those two general | 15 | complaints, what percentage of applications do you |
| 16 | categories of complaints, can you recall any other | 16 | think are rectified within, you know, the required |
| 17 | categories of complaints from Texas voters? | 17 | time period? |
| 18 | A Not immediately. | 18 | A I wouldn't have a way of quantifying |
| 19 | Q Okay. And once your office receives | 19 | that at the moment. |
| 20 | that feedback or that complaint from a voter, do | 20 | Q Okay. All right, so let's look at |
| 21 | you record it or log it anywhere? | | Exhibit E now, what has been premarked as |
| 22 | A Not that I'm aware of. | 210 22 | Exhibit E. |
| | | 8 | LAmon L. |
| | Page 94 | | Page 96 |
| 1 | Q Okay. So you receive it and do what | 1 | (Garza Exhibit E was marked |
| 2 | with it? | 2 | for identification.) |
| 3 | A Well, we consider the issues that may | 3 | BY MR. HARRIS: |
| 4 | have presented themselves during with the | 4 | Q Mr. Garza, what I want to do, and I |
| 5 | complaint to see if there's mything we can do to | 5 | believe, you can correct me if I'm wrong, this is |
| 6 | either better explain the process, or things that | 6 | one of the documents you stated at the top of our |
| 7 | we can do to help people avoid those types of | 7 | conversation that you do have in front of you? |
| 8 | situations. | 8 | A Yes, I do, but it doesn't have |
| 9 | Q And give me some examples of the | 9 | Bates stamps. |
| 10 | solutions that you provide to the voter in those | 10 | Q Okay. And I don't think mine does |
| 11 | instances. | 11 | either. Okay, great. So let's do this. |
| 12 | A We recommend that if they have their | 12 | Take a moment to review this document. |
| 13 | driver's license available, that they write their | 13 | Obviously, I'm not going to go over this entire |
| 14 | names in the order that's on the driver's license, | 14 | thing, what has now been marked as Exhibit E, but |
| 15 | so that when it goes through the state check, we | 15 | please take a moment to review this document, and |
| 16 | train our volunteer deputy registrars and include | 16 | let me know once you're ready to proceed. |
| 17 | that and suggest that they recommend that to | 17 | A I'm prepared to proceed. |
| 18 | registrants so that people with multiple last | 18 | Q All right. Mr. Garza, what is this, |
| 19 | names, or what appear to be multiple last names, | 19 | what has now been marked as Exhibit E? |
| 20 | would not find rejections based on putting one | 20 | A It appears to be my responses and |
| 21 | name in front of the other on their card, | 21 | objections to Plaintiff's First Set of |
| 22 | registration card, versus how they have it on | 22 | Interrogatories. |
| | | | |
| | | 1 | |

24 (Pages 93 to 96)

Case: 3250536/-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 0/4/58/2Date acjed 106/29/2022

3/4/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Remi Garza 30(b)(6)

| | Vote.org v. Jacque | ayn ca | llanen, et al. Remi Garza 30(b)(6 |
|--|--|---|---|
| | Page 101 | | Page 103 |
| 1 | different or better way, like I said, you've been | 1 | A Yes. |
| 2 | doing good so far with me, so I appreciate you in | 2 | Q And then after the applications have |
| 3 | that regard. Just let me know, and I'm happy to | 3 | been scanned into the VOTEC system, you told me |
| 4 | work a little harder to make my questions clearer. | 4 | that the physical applications are then destroyed |
| 5 | That's not an issue at all. | 5 | by your office; is that correct? |
| 6 | So let's look at the third sentence. | 6 | A Yes. |
| 7 | It says, "An electronic signature, or imaged | 7 | Q At no point during that process are |
| 8 | signature would not create a unique document that | 8 | you using the signature on the application to |
| 9 | could be distinguishable from an original | 9 | determine the voter's eligibility to vote, |
| 10 | application submitted by an applicant." | 10 | correct? |
| 11 | And based upon your testimony so far, | 11 | A The signature is used to determine |
| 12 | that is because there's no pen stroke unique to | 12 | whether the application has been successfully |
| 13 | that document, right? | 13 | submitted to the office, which would ultimately |
| 14 | A I think that's a fair assessment of | 14 | lead to its acceptance and their ability to vote. |
| 15 | what I was trying to say. | 15 | Q Right. So we're using the signature |
| 16 | Q Well, it made sense to me. So you | 16 | to make sure the application is complete; is that |
| 17 | just walked me through it, so great. | 17 | right? |
| 18 | So let me ask you this and we can | 18 | A Yes, that it complies with code. |
| 19 | take this exhibit down. Thank you. | 19 | Q Okay. But you're not using that |
| 20 | Let me ask you this, and then we'll | 20 | signature on that application to verify a voter's |
| 21 | break for lunch. | 2,3 | identity, correct? |
| 22 | You told me earlier that I come into | 22 | A No, we're not. |
| | | 1 | |
| | Page 102 | | Page 104 |
| 1 | your office, I submit the application, correct? | 1 | Q Let me see. I think we should break |
| 2 | | | |
| | A Yes. | 2 | for lunch. I got to a logical stopping point. |
| 3 | A Yes.Q And then your office would stamp it | 2 3 | |
| 3 4 | | 1 | for lunch. I got to a logical stopping point. |
| | Q And then your office would stamp it | 3 | for lunch. I got to a logical stopping point. THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off record. The |
| 4 | Q And then your office would stamp it with a time code so you know when it was received? | 3 4 | for lunch. I got to a logical stopping point. THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off record. The time is 11:57. |
| 4 5 | Q And then your office would stamp itwith a time code so you know when it was received?A Yes. | 3 4 5 | for lunch. I got to a logical stopping point. THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off record. The time is 11:57. (Lunch break taken.) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Back on record. |
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| 4 5 6 7 | Q And then your office would stamp it with a time code so you know when it was received? A Yes. Q And then after that, you take the physical voter registration application to your chief deputy to confirm that the applications are | 3 4 5 6 7 | for lunch. I got to a logical stopping point. THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off record. The time is 11:57. (Lunch break taken.) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Back on record. Time is 1:00 p.m. THE WITNESS: Mr. Harris, I'm sorry, I |
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Case: 3250536-00 Decument D00516976753-2 Page: 044/68/2Date a filed 106/29/2022

3/4/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Remi Garza 30(b)(6)

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|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | registered before 2012. | 1 | want to stay on that just for a little bit. |
| 2 | So they still exist. They're not | 2 | How long does it take your deputy |
| 3 | shredded, as I had indicated. They're actually | 3 | chief to determine whether or not an application |
| 4 | just maintained in the warehouse under each month | 4 | is complete? |
| 5 | that the individual registered or that the record | 5 | A I believe generally she takes a day |
| 6 | was presented. | 6 | when she gets them all put in her office, and then |
| 7 | I apologize. It's been a subject when | 7 | she goes through whatever was left from the day |
| 8 | we are undergoing another scanning project and | 8 | before, and then brings it to the clerk. So it's |
| 9 | what to do with the records, because we're running | 9 | about a day or two. |
| 10 | out of storage space, and it is still apparently | 10 | Q Okay, so that's for like all of the |
| 11 | being debated in the office. | 11 | applications that may have come in one day, and |
| 12 | Q All right, and thank you for that | 12 | then whatever is left over from the day before, |
| 13 | clarification on that. Let me ask you this then. | 13 | right? |
| 14 | Have you on occasion, strictly during | 14 | A Yeah. She reviews everything as it |
| 15 | the voter registration process, had to actually go | 15 | comes in, and then she sets it so that the clerks |
| 16 | back to the warehouse to pull the physical hard | 16 | can take them and start entering the data. |
| 17 | copy of a voter registration application? | 17 | Q Qkay. And then what I also want to |
| 18 | A Yes, we have, either because something | 18 | know, for an individual application, like if I |
| 19 | got misfiled, or it was just something we wanted | 19 | submit an application, how long does it take your |
| 20 | to see if we still had. | 20 | office to determine that a single application is |
| 21 | Q But not for any other reason regarding | 21 | complete? |
| 22 | eligibility, for example? | 22 | A No more than a few seconds as they're |
| | | 2 | |
| | | | |
| | Page 106 | | Page 108 |
| 1 | Page 106 A No, not regarding eligibility. | 1 | Page 108 being reviewed. |
| 1 2 | | 1 2 | |
| | A No, not regarding eligibility. | | being reviewed. |
| 2 | A No, not regarding eligibility.Q And it wasn't you didn't go back to | 2 | being reviewed. Q Okay. And I'm sorry, I want to ask |
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Case: 3250536-00 Decument D00516376753-2 Page: 044/08/2Date a Filed 106/29/2022

3/4/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Remi Garza 30(b)(6)

| | Page 113 | | Page 115 |
|--|--|---|--|
| 1 | Q Okay. Mr. Garza, what is what has | 1 | A That's correct. |
| 2 | been premarked as Exhibit F? | 2 | Q That is a separate entity from your |
| 3 | A It appears to be my answers to | 3 | office? |
| 4 | Plaintiff's First Set of Requests for Admissions. | 4 | A Yes, but we do provide support for the |
| 5 | Q And how do you know that? | 5 | Early Voting Ballot Board. |
| 6 | A I'm reading the heading underneath the | 6 | Q And that support that you provide, is |
| 7 | caption. | 7 | that during the voter registration process, or at |
| 8 | Q Okay. And in particular, I want to | 8 | some other time in the life span of voter |
| 9 | point your attention to RSA No. 2. I know in the | 9 | participation in the electoral process? |
| 10 | document it says Request for Production No. 2, but | 10 | A It would be when they convene with |
| 11 | I understand this is RFA No. 2. | 11 | respect to viewing early voting/ballot by mail |
| 12 | Do you see that on page 3? | 12 | returned envelopes. |
| 13 | A Yes. | 13 | Q So it has nothing to do your |
| 14 | Q So Request for Admission No. 2 reads, | 14 | involvement with the Early Ballot Board has |
| 15 | "Admit that you would reject a voter registration | 15 | nothing to do with voter registration, correct? |
| 16 | application that was signed using an electronic or | 16 | A Other than providing voter |
| 17 | imaged signature, rather than a wet-ink signature, | 17 | registration applications or documents in our |
| 18 | unless that voter registration application was | 18 | possession for their review of the signatures, no, |
| 19 | sent by the Texas Department of Public Safety." | 19 | it doesn't have anything to do with that. |
| 20 | Did I read the request accurately? | 20 | Q And the signatures that you provide to |
| 21 | A Yes. | 210 | the Early Ballot Board are not original wet I'm |
| 22 | Q And your response reads, "I admit that | <u>G2</u> | sorry, excuse me. |
| | C. | r. | |
| | Page 134 | | Page 116 |
| 1 | I would reject a voter registration application | 1 | The signatures that you on occasion |
| 2 | that was signed using an electronic or imaged | 2 | have provided to the Early Ballot Board are not |
| 3 | signature, rather than an original (wet) | 3 | original signatures, correct? |
| 4 | | | |
| | signature, unless that voter registration | 4 | A They're original signatures based on |
| 5 | application was sent through the Texas Department | 4 5 | |
| 5 6 | | 1 | A They're original signatures based on |
| | application was sent through the Texas Department | 5 | A They're original signatures based on the applications for a ballot by mail, but |
| 6 | application was sent through the Texas Department of Public Safety or through the Federal Post Card | 5 6 | A They're original signatures based on the applications for a ballot by mail, but generally we provide them copies; or, on occasion, |
| 6 7 | application was sent through the Texas Department of Public Safety or through the Federal Post Card Application process, unless it was submitted by | 5 6 7 | A They're original signatures based on the applications for a ballot by mail, but generally we provide them copies; or, on occasion, we have sent them the original voter registration |
| 6 7 8 | application was sent through the Texas Department of Public Safety or through the Federal Post Card Application process, unless it was submitted by fax." Did I read that correctly? | 5 6 7 8 | A They're original signatures based on the applications for a ballot by mail, but generally we provide them copies; or, on occasion, we have sent them the original voter registration record from our files. Q Right. And the ones that you send from the file, would that be an electronic |
| 6 7 8 9 | application was sent through the Texas Department of Public Safety or through the Federal Post Card Application process, unless it was submitted by fax." Did I read that correctly? A Yes. | 5 6 7 8 9 | A They're original signatures based on the applications for a ballot by mail, but generally we provide them copies; or, on occasion, we have sent them the original voter registration record from our files. Q Right. And the ones that you send |
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29 (Pages 113 to 116)

Case: 32550536-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 0/4/88/2Date acjed 106/29/2022

3/4/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Remi Garza 30(b)(6)

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|------------------|---|----------|---|
| | Page 117 | | Page 119 |
| 1 | Are you aware of any instances of | 1 | regarding their project. |
| 2 | voter fraud connected with imaged signatures? | 2 | Q Does the name Ofelia Alonso sound |
| 3 | A No, I'm not aware of any voter fraud. | 3 | familiar to you from Texas Rising? |
| 4 | Q Are you aware of any instances of | 4 | A Yes, that would be the individual. |
| 5 | voter fraud connected to voter registration | 5 | Q So you were introduced to Vote.org |
| 6 | applications submitted from DPS? | 6 | from a representative from another organization |
| 7 | A No, I'm not aware of any. | 7 | active in voter registration in Texas, correct? |
| 8 | Q Are you aware of any instances of | 8 | A Yes. |
| 9 | voter fraud connected to the signatures on voter | 9 | Q And did you speak do you recall |
| 10 | registration applications generally? | 10 | with whom you spoke to from Vote.org? |
| 11 | And when I say voter registration | 11 | A I'm sorry, the name doesn't come. |
| 12 | applications, I'm talking about the actual paper, | 12 | Q Does the name Raven Brooks sound |
| 13 | physical application. | 13 | familiar? |
| 14 | A No, I'm not aware of any. | 14 | A Yes, that's the individual. |
| 15 | Q Okay. And let's talk about the Early | 15 | O What about Sarah Jackel? |
| 16 | Ballot Board. | 16 | A Honestly, I don't recall that name, |
| 17 | Are you familiar if I use the term | 17 | but it possibly could have been. |
| 18 | "Signature Verification Committee," do you know | 18 | But you do remember Raven? |
| 19 | what I'm talking about? | 19 | A Yes. |
| 20 | A Yes. | 20 | Q Did you speak to an individual named |
| 21 | Q What is the Signature Verification | () | Debra Cleaver? |
| 22 | Committee? | 21 22 | A I may have. I just didn't |
| | 3 | r | |
| | Page 138 | | Page 120 |
| 1 | A Signature Verification Committee is a | 1 | I'm sorry, I'm normally very bad with names. |
| 2 | group of individuals that can be conversed in order | 2 | Q Fair enough. But as you sit here |
| 3 | to review the return ballots by mail | 3 | today, you do not you can't testify that you |
| 4 | Essentially they will review the | 4 | did in fact speak with Debra Cleaver, right? |
| 5 | application and the return carrier envelope to see | 5 | A No, not without having some way of |
| 6 | if the signatures appear that they were not done | 6 | recollecting or prompting my memory. |
| 7 | by somebody else. | 7 | Q Okay. And I know you told me that you |
| 8 | Q Okay. And your involvement with the | 8 | got an email from Ofelia Alonso who worked the |
| 9 | Early Ballot Board or the Signature Verification | 9 | introduction to Vote.org for you. |
| 10 | Board happens after you have registered a voter to | 10 | The communications you had with |
| 11 | vote; is that correct? That happens after the | 11 | Vote.org, were they all email? Were they phone? |
| 12 | registration process? | 12 | In person? How did those conversations occur? |
| 13 | A Yes. | 13 | A I believe they were both email and on |
| 14 | Q So I understand, and we talked | 14 | the phone. |
| 15 | earlier, that you are familiar with my client, | 15 | Q Do you recall whether a majority |
| 16 | Vote.org, correct? | 16 | happened on the phone versus email? |
| 17 | A Yes. | 17 | A I vaguely remember maybe two or three |
| 18 | Q How did you come to know about | 18 | phone calls, and maybe two or three email |
| 19 | Vote.org? | 19 | exchanges. |
| 20 | A I had received an email from I | 20 | Q So not very not a lot of email |
| 21 | can't remember exactly who asking me if I was | 21 | traffic, to your recollection? |
| 22 | willing to talk to a representative from Vote.org | 22 | A No, not that I remember. |
| | | | |

30 (Pages 117 to 120)

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS AUSTIN DIVISION VOTE.ORG, * Plaintiff * vs. JACQUELYN CALLANEN, in her official capacity * as the Bexar County Elections Administrator, * BRUCE ELFANT, in his official capacity * as the Travis County Tax * Assessor-Collector, * REMI GARZA, in his * CIVIL ACTION NO. official capacity as the * 5:21-CV-00649-JKP-HJB Cameron County Elections * Administrator, MICHAEL SCARPELLO, in his* official capacity as the * Dallas County Elections Administrator, Defendants, AND KEN PAXTON, in his official capacity as the * Attorney General of Texas, Intervenor-Defendant. * ______ ORAL AND VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF VOTE.ORG, BY AND THROUGH ANDREA HAILEY PURSUANT TO RULE 30(B)(6) FEBRUARY 10, 2022

Case: 2250536-00 Document D005/1627/6753-2 Page: 04208/2Date File 0196/29/2022

| | 46 | | | 48 |
|--|---|---|---|----|
| 1 | get back to the complaint. Give me just a | 1 | they lived in, Texas, and then been able to | |
| 2 | second. It looks like I did not include the | | use our e-sign tool, and what the e-sign tool | |
| 3 | complaint as an exhibit. So, I'm going to go | 3 | allowed people to do was the voter could go | |
| 4 | ahead and do that now, and that'll be Exhibit | 4 | and say that they would like to initiate their | |
| 5 | 24, I believe. | 5 | voter registration process. | |
| 6 | (Exhibit 24 marked.) | 6 | They would then, you know, fill out | |
| 7 | A. Okay. | 7 | a form that included, you know, their name and | |
| 8 | MR. SCANLON: Can we go ahead and go | 8 | address and all of the relevant information, | |
| 9 | off the record for just a second? | 9 | and then they could take a photo of their | |
| 10 | THE WITNESS: Yeah, are you talking | 10 | signature and upload that photo to their form, | |
| 11 | to me, or is that the lawyers? | 11 | and then they were able to send their form in. | |
| 12 | MR. SCANLON: Yeah, that's | | And it was a pretty streamlined way of voters | |
| 13 | THE REPORTER: Is everyone in | 13 | being able to participate and to register in | |
| 14 | agreement? | 14 | election. Those, they would then, you know, | |
| 15 | (No audible response.) | 15 | get turned in. | |
| 16 | THE REPORTER: Yes, okay. | 16 | Q. Okay, can I pause there? So, we | |
| 17 | We're going off the record. The | 17 | | |
| 18 | time is 9:52 a.m. | | fills out and if I ask whether that's an HTML | |
| 19 | (Recess taken.) | | form, do you know what that means? | |
| 20 | THE REPORTER: We're back on the | 20 | A. Yes, but yeah. | |
| 21 | record. The time is 9:53 a.m. | 21 | Q. What's your understanding of that | |
| 22 | BY MR. SCANLON: | 22 23 | just for the record? A. I mean I guess our HTML would | |
| 23 24 | Q. So, Ms. Hailey, I've got Exhibit 24 pulled up, which is the complaint, and I'm | | just be the ability to, you know, have a form | |
| 24 25 | looking at Paragraph 27 where it starts to get | | that's up, you know PDF. We're | |
| 20 | 100Killy at Falayiaph 27 where it starts to yet | 25 | | |
| | | 5 | <u>ð</u> | |
| | 1 | | | |
| | | 8 | | |
| | | <u>6</u> ?' | · | 49 |
| 1 | into 2018. You deployed a web application to | 1 | essentially, like, a form that a PDF that | 49 |
| 1 | into 2018. You deployed a web application to assist voters with completing their | 1 2 | essentially, like, a form that a PDF that can be uploaded. | 49 |
| - | into 2018. You deployed a web application to assist voters with completing their registrations forms. Did I read that | 1 2 3 | | 49 |
| 2 | into 2018. You deployed a web application to assist voters with completing their registrations forms. Did I read that correctly? | 1 2 3 4 | can be uploaded. Q. Right. (Simultaneous speakers.) | 49 |
| 2 3 4 5 | into 2018. You deployed a web application to assist voters with completing their registrations forms. Did I read that correctly? A. I apologize, where are you? You're | 1 2 3 4 5 | can be uploaded. Q. Right. (Simultaneous speakers.) Q. Yeah, I'm sorry. I'm not doing a | 49 |
| 2 3 4 5 6 | assist voters with completing their registrations forms. Did I read that correctly? A. I apologize, where are you? You're right at | 1 2 3 4 5 6 | can be uploaded. Q. Right. (Simultaneous speakers.) Q. Yeah, I'm sorry. I'm not doing a good job of asking these questions but what I | 49 |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 | Q. Paragraph 27. | 7 | can be uploaded. Q. Right. (Simultaneous speakers.) Q. Yeah, I'm sorry. I'm not doing a good job of asking these questions but what I mean is it's not like when you go to the | 49 |
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|--|--|---|---|----|
| 1 | backend was it would automatically send the | 1 | information, download the form, print it out, | |
| 2 | form to HelloSign, which is a faxing service | 2 | sign it yourself, find a fax machine, fax it | |
| 3 | that would fax their form, and then on the | 3 | in, find a like, post office and letter and | |
| 4 | other end, it would deliver their form to a | 4 | stamp, and send it in. You could do all those | |
| 5 | vendor who could then mail their form in for | 5 | things yourself but since we saw a major | |
| 6 | them. So, basically, they were, you know, it | 6 | blocker, especially for younger people in the | |
| 7 | cut out several steps along the process. They | 7 | sense that they didn't have, you know, they | |
| 8 | didn't have to like go find a printer or go to | 8 | don't have as much access to printer ownership | |
| 9 | Kinko's or, you know, drive somewhere or go | 9 | in general. | |
| 10 | find a stamp, an envelope, and all of those | 10 | So, the e-sign tool was a really | |
| 11 | things but now and then, voters could if they | 11 | streamlined way to be able to do all of those | |
| 12 | wanted to go the longer way around and | 12 | things, take all those actions that you can | |
| 13 | download it themselves. | 13 | take independently but we able to initiate it | |
| 14 | Q. Sure, I'll go ahead and take this | 14 | yourself without having to like drive to | |
| 15 | down. | 15 | Kinko's or drive to the post office or gather | |
| 16 | When I ask the question about HTML, | 16 | a stamp or any of those things or have a | |
| 17 | I guess, what I was getting at, because it may | 17 | printer at home. And so can do you had | |
| 18 | not necessarily be HTML, but the form that a | 18 | both options but the e-sign tool was like a | |
| 19 | person fills out for the e-sign tool, is | 19 | piloted tool that we were really excited about | |
| 20 | actually embedded fields within the website, | 20 | because here, we finally had something that | |
| 21 | within the webpage itself, right? | 21 | like people could just get through the process | |
| 22 | A. Sorry, can you say that again? I | 22 | and they could do it from their smartphones or | |
| | want to make sure I'm not, you know, the | 23 | they could do it from their house and they | |
| 24 | I'm not the technical expert. So, could you | 24 | didn't have to, you know, take all of these | |
| 25 | say it again? | 25 | all the extra, go through all those extra | |
| | | | G | |
| | | | .26 | |
| | | (| 1 | |
| | 51 | NO. | <u></u> | 53 |
| 1 | 51. Q. Sure, and you know, I guess, what | 1 1 | hurdles. | 53 |
| | Q. Sure, and you know, I guess, what I'm getting at is you go to a website, right? | 1 2 | hurdles. MR. SCANLON: Objection, | 53 |
| | Q. Sure, and you know, I guess, what I'm getting at is you go to a website, right? Vote.org. | 1 2 3 | | 53 |
| 2 | Q. Sure, and you know, I guess, what 51 I'm getting at is you go to a website, right? Vote.org. A. Yeah. | 1 2 3 4 | MR. SCANLON: Objection, | 53 |
| 2 3 | Q. Sure, and you know, I guess, what 51 I'm getting at is you go to a website, right? Vote.org. A. Yeah. Q. Under the website. | 1 2 3 4 5 | MR. SCANLON: Objection, nonresponsive. | 53 |
| 2 3 4 | Q. Sure, and you know, I guess, whatI'm getting at is you go to a website, right?Vote.org.A. Yeah. | 1 2 3 4 5 6 | MR. SCANLON: Objection, nonresponsive. BY MR. SCANLON: | 53 |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 | Q. And when you click into the e-tool, | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 | MR. SCANLON: Objection, nonresponsive. BY MR. SCANLON: Q. And I can appreciate that you, you know, have a lot of excitement about your work and this tool but all I was asking was about | 53 |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 | Q. And when you click into the e-tool, I know that you said there's an option to download the PDF, fill that out, print it out, | 7 | MR. SCANLON: Objection, nonresponsive. BY MR. SCANLON: Q. And I can appreciate that you, you know, have a lot of excitement about your work and this tool but all I was asking was about the actual fields, have the information that you fill out on the web form. That's what it | 53 |
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| | 78 | | | 80 |
|--|---|--|--|----|
| 1 | Q. Okay. So this mentions that | 1 | something like that, and so the counties that | |
| 2 | Vote.org talks to some local officials, | 2 | that said that they could handle it, are | |
| 3 | correct? | 3 | the ones we ended up running the pilot with. | |
| 4 | A. Yes. | 4 | I know that there was, you know, | |
| 5 | Q. Before launching. Which local | 5 | some confusion among different election | |
| 6 | officials did Vote.org talk to? | 6 | officials. There was some people that | |
| 7 | A. I know that Vote.org two members | 7 | that, you know, were and weren't clear and so | |
| 8 | from Vote.org went to Texas to speak with | 8 | I think this is the where we launched the | |
| 9 | election administration officials to make | 9 | pilot is the are the people that were | |
| 10 | sure. I think the main concern, you know, one | 10 | willing to run the pilot. | |
| 11 | of the concerns is Vote.org receives a high | 11 | Q. How did Vote.org ensure that only | |
| 12 | amount of volume in general at process sites. | 12 | residents of the pilot program utilized the | |
| 13 | So like if if somebody, you know, you want | 13 | web app? | |
| | to make sure that you're talking to people on | 14 | A. Well, we didn't turn it on in | |
| 15 | the ground and newly partnering with election | 15 | counties that didn't, you know, that that | |
| 16 | administration officials in states to make | 16 | didn't want to participate. | |
| 17 | sure that if a lot of people were to use the | 17 | Q. So what would happen if someone went | |
| 18 | tool, can they literally, you know, process | 18 | to Vote org to use the web app and they live | |
| 19 | that? If they're getting a lot of faxes at | 19 | in Pecos County or whatever, and they went | |
| 20 | once, something like that. So it's really to, | 20 | through the process? | |
| 21 | you know, we want to make sure that we don't, | 21 | A. It wouldn't be an option for them. | |
| 22 | you know, we don't overwhelm anyone and we | 22 | Like they wouldn't be able to go through | |
| 23 | don't have any issues. I think that | 23 | Vote.org because of the county they lived in. | |
| 24 | Q. Sure. So which local officials did | 24 | Q. Okay. So how does that work? Is it | |
| 25 | Vote.org meet with? | 25 | when they put in their address, it just | |
| | | | AV | |
| | | ~ | 0 | |
| | | | | |
| | | CS-Y | | |
| | 79 | CS-Y | ~ | 81 |
| 1 | A. I believe we met with officials in | <u>C</u> R ³ 1 | they get a notification that the web app won't | 81 |
| | A. I believe we met with officials in every county that used the tool. | 1 2 | they get a notification that the web app won't work? | 81 |
| | A. I believe we met with officials in every county that used the tool. Q. And which counties were those? Were | 1 2 3 | | 81 |
| 2 | A. I believe we met with officials in every county that used the tool. Q. And which counties were those? Were those only the counties involved in this | 1 2 3 4 | work? | 81 |
| 2 3 | A. I believe we met with officials in every county that used the tool. Q. And which counties were those? Were those only the counties involved in this lawsuit? | 1 2 3 4 5 | work? A. Well, we can turn on the feature, | 81 |
| 2 3 4 | A. I believe we met with officials in every county that used the tool. Q. And which counties were those? Were those only the counties involved in this lawsuit? A. That's right. | 1 2 3 4 5 6 | work? A. Well, we can turn on the feature, only we can turn it on in counties. We can | 81 |
| 2 3 4 5 | A. I believe we met with officials in every county that used the tool. Q. And which counties were those? Were those only the counties involved in this lawsuit? A. That's right. Q. Did you meet with anyone in Harris | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 | work? A. Well, we can turn on the feature, only we can turn it on in counties. We can turn it on in specific, you know, much like | 81 |
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|---|---|---|---|----|
| 1 | A. Yeah, 'cause I'm not really sure on | 1 | would be thrown out and Vote.org immediately | 0. |
| 2 | the, you know, your your your IP | 2 | shut off the tool. | |
| 3 | IP address I mean, I am not a, you know, | 3 | Q. Okay. Let me back up actually. So | |
| 4 | your your physical address that you enter | 4 | this part says the rough costs for OVR work | |
| 5 | in a form is what's going to determine your | 5 | and I'm assuming "OVR" means online voter | |
| 6 | workflow at Vote.org. | 6 | registration? | |
| 7 | Q. Sure and I | 7 | A. Yeah. I think that's fair to | |
| 8 | A. And actually your IP should, you | 8 | assume. | |
| 9 | know, would be there, but I don't know the | 9 | Q. And then it says \$2 million. Does | |
| 10 | answer to your IP question, but I can tell you | 10 | that \$2 million apply nationwide, or is that | |
| 11 | that when somebody enters in their, like, | 11 | referring to Texas specifically? | |
| 12 | actual address | 12 | A. I don't know. I would assume that | |
| 13 | Q. Okay. | 13 | would mean nationwide, but I don't know the | |
| 14 | A but it would only take them | 14 | answer. | |
| 15 | through a workflow that works and not in that | 15 | Q. Based on the amount, though, you | |
| 16 | at that address. | 16 | think it's likely that this was a nationwide | |
| 17 | Q. That makes sense. I only ask | 17 | budget? | |
| 18 | because I remember one time I went to | 18 | A. I honestly don't I don't know, | |
| 19 | Australia and I couldn't pull up Netflix on my | 19 | but that seems like a large number to me. | |
| 20 | computer because it was disabled based on the | 20 | Q. Okay. We if you need to also | |
| 21 | IP address, so that's my only familiarity with | 21 | find this information out on a break, we would | |
| 22 | how IP addresses can block you. | 22 | like to ensure we do that. | |
| 23 | But anyway, looking at this email, | 23 | Did Vote org look into getting an AG | |
| 24 | it also says that there's some wise words from | 24 | opinion from the State of Texas? | |
| | Sarah about opinion letters from the AG/SOS, | 25 | A. Imean, again, I'm not I wasn't | |
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| | | (| | |
| | 83, | No. | _ <u>`</u> | 85 |
| 1 | | MO 1 | privy to all of Sarah's conversations, but I | 85 |
| | | 1 2 | privy to all of Sarah's conversations, but I know that Vote.org specifically spoke to | 85 |
| | | 1 2 3 | | 85 |
| 2 | | 1 2 3 4 | know that Vote.org specifically spoke to | 85 |
| 2 3 | | 3 | know that Vote.org specifically spoke to several county election officials and that, in | 85 |
| 2 3 4 | | 3 4 | know that Vote.org specifically spoke to several county election officials and that, in general, we are all we always try to work | 85 |
| 2 3 4 5 | and is Sarah referring to Sarah Jackal, who's in the Cc line here? A. Yes. Q. And is she the general counsel of Vote.org? A. She was at that time. | 3 4 5 | know that Vote.org specifically spoke to several county election officials and that, in general, we are all we always try to work with, like, both state and county officials to | 85 |
| 2 3 4 5 6 | | 3 4 5 | know that Vote.org specifically spoke to several county election officials and that, in general, we are all we always try to work with, like, both state and county officials to make sure that we're, you know, that we're | 85 |
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| | 46 | | | 48 |
|--|---|---|---|----|
| 1 | get back to the complaint. Give me just a | 1 | they lived in, Texas, and then been able to | |
| 2 | second. It looks like I did not include the | | use our e-sign tool, and what the e-sign tool | |
| 3 | complaint as an exhibit. So, I'm going to go | 3 | allowed people to do was the voter could go | |
| 4 | ahead and do that now, and that'll be Exhibit | 4 | and say that they would like to initiate their | |
| 5 | 24, I believe. | 5 | voter registration process. | |
| 6 | (Exhibit 24 marked.) | 6 | They would then, you know, fill out | |
| 7 | A. Okay. | 7 | a form that included, you know, their name and | |
| 8 | MR. SCANLON: Can we go ahead and go | 8 | address and all of the relevant information, | |
| 9 | off the record for just a second? | 9 | and then they could take a photo of their | |
| 10 | THE WITNESS: Yeah, are you talking | 10 | signature and upload that photo to their form, | |
| 11 | to me, or is that the lawyers? | 11 | and then they were able to send their form in. | |
| 12 | MR. SCANLON: Yeah, that's | | And it was a pretty streamlined way of voters | |
| 13 | THE REPORTER: Is everyone in | 13 | being able to participate and to register in | |
| 14 | agreement? | 14 | election. Those, they would then, you know, | |
| 15 | (No audible response.) | 15 | get turned in. | |
| 16 | THE REPORTER: Yes, okay. | 16 | Q. Okay, can I pause there? So, we | |
| 17 | We're going off the record. The | 17 | | |
| 18 | time is 9:52 a.m. | | fills out and if I ask whether that's an HTML | |
| 19 | (Recess taken.) | | form, do you know what that means? | |
| 20 | THE REPORTER: We're back on the | 20 | A. Yes, but yeah. | |
| 21 | record. The time is 9:53 a.m. | 21 | Q. What's your understanding of that | |
| 22 | BY MR. SCANLON: | 22 23 | just for the record? A. I mean I guess our HTML would | |
| 23 24 | Q. So, Ms. Hailey, I've got Exhibit 24 pulled up, which is the complaint, and I'm | | just be the ability to, you know, have a form | |
| 24 25 | looking at Paragraph 27 where it starts to get | | that's up, you know PDF. We're | |
| 20 | 100Killy at Falayiaph 27 where it starts to yet | 25 | | |
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| | | <u>6</u> ?' | · | 49 |
| 1 | into 2018. You deployed a web application to | 1 | essentially, like, a form that a PDF that | 49 |
| 1 | into 2018. You deployed a web application to assist voters with completing their | 1 2 | essentially, like, a form that a PDF that can be uploaded. | 49 |
| - | into 2018. You deployed a web application to assist voters with completing their registrations forms. Did I read that | 1 2 3 | | 49 |
| 2 | into 2018. You deployed a web application to assist voters with completing their registrations forms. Did I read that correctly? | 1 2 3 4 | can be uploaded. Q. Right. (Simultaneous speakers.) | 49 |
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| | 50 | | | 52 |
|----------------------------|--|----------------|--|----|
| 1 | backend was it would automatically send the | 1 | information, download the form, print it out, | 02 |
| 2 | form to HelloSign, which is a faxing service | 2 | sign it yourself, find a fax machine, fax it | |
| 3 | that would fax their form, and then on the | 3 | in, find a like, post office and letter and | |
| 4 | other end, it would deliver their form to a | 4 | stamp, and send it in. You could do all those | |
| 5 | vendor who could then mail their form in for | 5 | things yourself but since we saw a major | |
| 6 | them. So, basically, they were, you know, it | 6 | blocker, especially for younger people in the | |
| 7 | cut out several steps along the process. They | 7 | sense that they didn't have, you know, they | |
| 8 | didn't have to like go find a printer or go to | 8 | don't have as much access to printer ownership | |
| 9 | Kinko's or, you know, drive somewhere or go | 9 | in general. | |
| 10 | find a stamp, an envelope, and all of those | 10 | So, the e-sign tool was a really | |
| 11 | things but now and then, voters could if they | 11 | streamlined way to be able to do all of those | |
| 12 | wanted to go the longer way around and | 12 | things, take all those actions that you can | |
| 13 | download it themselves. | 13 | take independently but we able to initiate it | |
| 14 | Q. Sure, I'll go ahead and take this | 14 | yourself without having to like drive to | |
| 15 | down. | 15 | Kinko's or drive to the post office or gather | |
| 16 | When I ask the question about HTML, | 16 | a stamp or any of those things or have a | |
| 17 | I guess, what I was getting at, because it may | 17 | printer at home. And so can do you had | |
| 18 | not necessarily be HTML, but the form that a | 18 | both options but the e-sign tool was like a | |
| 19 | person fills out for the e-sign tool, is | 19 | piloted tool that we were really excited about | |
| 20 | actually embedded fields within the website, | 20 | because here, we finally had something that | |
| 21 | within the webpage itself, right? | 21 | like people could just get through the process | |
| 22 | A. Sorry, can you say that again? I | 22 | and they could do it from their smartphones or | |
| 23 | want to make sure I'm not, you know, the | 23 | they could do it from their house and they | |
| 24 | I'm not the technical expert. So, could you | 24 | didn't have to, you know, take all of these | |
| 25 | say it again? | 25 | all the extra, go through all those extra | |
| | | | et N | |
| | | | .er | |
| | 51 | 10 | <u>_</u> }` | 53 |
| 1 | 51 Q. Sure, and you know, I guess, what I'm getting at is you go to a website, right? Vote.org. A. Yeah. Q. Under the website. A. Yeah | 1 | hurdles. | |
| 2 | I'm getting at is you go to a website, right? | 2 | MR. SCANLON: Objection, | |
| 3 | Vote.org. | 3 | nonresponsive. | |
| 4 | A. Yeah. | 4 | BY MR. SCANLON: | |
| 5 | Q. Under the website. | 5 | Q. And I can appreciate that you, you | |
| 6 | A. Yeah. | 6 | know, have a lot of excitement about your work | |
| 7 | Q. And when you click into the e-tool, | 7 | and this tool but all I was asking was about | |
| 8 | I know that you said there's an option to | 8 | the actual fields, have the information that | |
| 9 | download the PDF, fill that out, print it out, | 9 | you fill out on the web form. That's what it | |
| 10 | and everything, but that's not what the e-tool | 10 | does though, right? | |
| 11 | does, right? Instead, you have fields where | 11 | A. Yeah, the voter fills out their | |
| 12 | people populate the information that would go | 12 | information on the form. | |
| 13 | in the form. Is that accurate? | 13 | Q. Okay. And now, when that happens, | |
| 14 | A. Right. So, you could you can do | 14 | they're also, I guess, given the option and | |
| 15 | either. What we were solving for is that we | 15 | I'm assuming you have instructions underneath | |
| 16 | found that say half of millennials, and | 16 | those fields that basically say take a picture | |
| 17 | remembering that millennials are now like 40 | 17 | of your signature and upload the file to the | |
| | | 18 | webpage. Is that how it works? | |
| 18 | years old, the first millennial, right, don't | | A. It's It would say to take a photo | |
| | years old, the first millennial, right, don't have printers anymore in this country and | 19 | ······································ | |
| 18 | | 19 20 | of your signature and then they could upload | |
| 18 19 | have printers anymore in this country and | | | |
| 18 19 20 | have printers anymore in this country and we're seeing, you know, year after year large | 20 | of your signature and then they could upload | |
| 18 19 20 21 | have printers anymore in this country and we're seeing, you know, year after year large drop-offs in the number of people in | 20 21 | of your signature and then they could upload their photo, the photo of the signature, and | |
| 18 19 20 21 22 | have printers anymore in this country and we're seeing, you know, year after year large drop-offs in the number of people in households that had printers accessible. So, what we were trying to solve for | 20 21 22 | of your signature and then they could upload their photo, the photo of the signature, and it would go on their form. | |

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| | 78 | | | 80 |
|--|---|--|--|----|
| 1 | Q. Okay. So this mentions that | 1 | something like that, and so the counties that | |
| 2 | Vote.org talks to some local officials, | | that said that they could handle it, are | |
| 3 | correct? | 3 | the ones we ended up running the pilot with. | |
| 4 | A. Yes. | 4 | I know that there was, you know, | |
| 5 | Q. Before launching. Which local | 5 | some confusion among different election | |
| 6 | officials did Vote.org talk to? | 6 | officials. There was some people that | |
| 7 | A. I know that Vote.org two members | 7 | that, you know, were and weren't clear and so | |
| 8 | from Vote.org went to Texas to speak with | 8 | I think this is the where we launched the | |
| 9 | election administration officials to make | 9 | pilot is the are the people that were | |
| 10 | sure. I think the main concern, you know, one | 10 | willing to run the pilot. | |
| 11 | of the concerns is Vote.org receives a high | 11 | Q. How did Vote.org ensure that only | |
| 12 | amount of volume in general at process sites. | 12 | residents of the pilot program utilized the | |
| 13 | So like if if somebody, you know, you want | 13 | web app? | |
| 14 | to make sure that you're talking to people on | 14 | A. Well, we didn't turn it on in | |
| 15 | the ground and newly partnering with election | 15 | counties that didn't, you know, that that | |
| 16 | administration officials in states to make | 16 | didn't want to participate. | |
| 17 | sure that if a lot of people were to use the | 17 | Q. So what would happen if someone went | |
| 18 | tool, can they literally, you know, process | 18 | to Vote.org to use the web app and they live | |
| 19 | that? If they're getting a lot of faxes at | 19 | in Pecos County or whatever, and they went | |
| 20 | once, something like that. So it's really to, | 20 | through the process? | |
| 21 | you know, we want to make sure that we don't, | 21 | A. It wouldn't be an option for them. | |
| 22 | you know, we don't overwhelm anyone and we | 22 | Like they wouldn't be able to go through | |
| 23 | don't have any issues. I think that | 23 | Vote.org because of the county they lived in. | |
| 24 | Q. Sure. So which local officials did | 24 | Q. Ckay. So how does that work? Is it | |
| 25 | Vote.org meet with? | 25 | when they put in their address, it just | |
| | | | AN AN | |
| | | 6 | 0 | |
| | | Δ | | |
| | | <u>6</u> ? | ~ | |
| | 79 | CP1 | ~ | 81 |
| 1 | A. I believe we met with officials in | <u>6</u> 2 ³ 1 | they get a notification that the web app won't | 81 |
| | A. I believe we met with officials in every county that used the tool. | 1 2 | they get a notification that the web app won't work? | 81 |
| | A. I believe we met with officials in every county that used the tool. Q. And which counties were those? Were | 1 2 3 | | 81 |
| 2 | A. I believe we met with officials in every county that used the tool. Q. And which counties were those? Were those only the counties involved in this | 1 2 3 4 | work? | 81 |
| 2 3 | A. I believe we met with officials in every county that used the tool. Q. And which counties were those? Were those only the counties involved in this lawsuit? | 1 2 3 4 5 | work? A. Well, we can turn on the feature, | 81 |
| 2 3 4 | A. I believe we met with officials in every county that used the tool. Q. And which counties were those? Were those only the counties involved in this lawsuit? A. That's right. | 1 2 3 4 5 6 | work? A. Well, we can turn on the feature, only we can turn it on in counties. We can | 81 |
| 2 3 4 5 | every county that used the tool. Q. And which counties were those? Were those only the counties involved in this lawsuit? | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 | work? A. Well, we can turn on the feature, only we can turn it on in counties. We can turn it on in specific, you know, much like | 81 |
| 2 3 4 5 | A. I believe we met with officials in every county that used the tool. Q. And which counties were those? Were those only the counties involved in this lawsuit? A. That's right. Q. Did you meet with anyone in Harris County? | | work? A. Well, we can turn on the feature, only we can turn it on in counties. We can turn it on in specific, you know, much like our states national work. We can turn it on | 81 |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 | County? A. You know, at this time I was on the | | work? A. Well, we can turn on the feature, only we can turn it on in counties. We can turn it on in specific, you know, much like our states national work. We can turn it on in the state and not another state. So for the pilot what we did is we turned it on for residents that were coming through the site | 81 |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 | County? A. You know, at this time I was on the board of Vote.org and not internal with | 8 9 10 | work? A. Well, we can turn on the feature, only we can turn it on in counties. We can turn it on in specific, you know, much like our states national work. We can turn it on in the state and not another state. So for the pilot what we did is we turned it on for residents that were coming through the site that were, you know, in those counties. | 81 |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 | County? A. You know, at this time I was on the board of Vote.org and not internal with Vote.org, so I would need to go back and look | 8 9 10 11 | work? A. Well, we can turn on the feature, only we can turn it on in counties. We can turn it on in specific, you know, much like our states national work. We can turn it on in the state and not another state. So for the pilot what we did is we turned it on for residents that were coming through the site that were, you know, in those counties. Q. So does that work through the IP | 81 |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | County? A. You know, at this time I was on the board of Vote.org and not internal with Vote.org, so I would need to go back and look to see if they met with somebody in Harris | 8 9 10 11 12 | work? A. Well, we can turn on the feature, only we can turn it on in counties. We can turn it on in specific, you know, much like our states national work. We can turn it on in the state and not another state. So for the pilot what we did is we turned it on for residents that were coming through the site that were, you know, in those counties. Q. So does that work through the IP address? In other words, like if someone is | 81 |
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| | 82 | | | 84 |
|---|---|--|---|----|
| 1 | A. Yeah, 'cause I'm not really sure on | 1 | would be thrown out and Vote.org immediately | 04 |
| | the, you know, your your your IP | | shut off the tool. | |
| 3 | IP address I mean, I am not a, you know, | 3 | Q. Okay. Let me back up actually. So | |
| 4 | your your physical address that you enter | 4 | this part says the rough costs for OVR work | |
| 5 | in a form is what's going to determine your | 5 | and I'm assuming "OVR" means online voter | |
| 6 | workflow at Vote.org. | 6 | registration? | |
| 7 | Q. Sure and I | 7 | A. Yeah. I think that's fair to | |
| 8 | A. And actually your IP should, you | 8 | assume. | |
| 9 | know, would be there, but I don't know the | 9 | Q. And then it says \$2 million. Does | |
| 10 | answer to your IP question, but I can tell you | 10 | that \$2 million apply nationwide, or is that | |
| 11 | that when somebody enters in their, like, | 11 | referring to Texas specifically? | |
| | actual address | 12 | A. I don't know. I would assume that | |
| 13 | Q. Okay. | 13 | would mean nationwide, but I don't know the | |
| 14 | A but it would only take them | 14 | answer. | |
| 15 | through a workflow that works and not in that | 15 | Q. Based on the amount, though, you | |
| 16 | at that address. | | think it's likely that this was a nationwide | |
| 17 | Q. That makes sense. I only ask | | budget? | |
| 18 | because I remember one time I went to | 18 | A. I honestly don't I don't know, | |
| 19 | Australia and I couldn't pull up Netflix on my | 19 | but that seems like a large number to me. | |
| 20 | computer because it was disabled based on the | 20 | Q. Okay. We if you need to also | |
| 21 | IP address, so that's my only familiarity with | 21 | find this information out on a break, we would | |
| 22 | how IP addresses can block you. | | like to ensure we do that. | |
| 23 | But anyway, looking at this email, | 23 | Did Vote org look into getting an AG | |
| 24 | it also says that there's some wise words from | 24 | opinion from the State of Texas? | |
| | Sarah about opinion letters from the AG/SOS, | 25 | A. I mean, again, I'm not I wasn't | |
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| | | | .8-2 | |
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| | 83 | Nº | 2' | 85 |
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|---|---|---|---|-----|
| 1 | Q. I think now might be a good time to | 1 | time, to let me know. And you did a good job | 100 |
| 2 | actually take a break. I know you all but | 2 | of doing that the first time we went on break. | |
| 3 | we can go off the record if everyone's okay | 3 | But I just have to caveat that if there is a | |
| 4 | with that. | 4 | question that's been asked, that we get an | |
| 5 | A. Yeah. | 5 | answer to the question before we go on the | |
| 6 | MR. NKWONTA: It's fine with us. | 6 | break. Is that fair? | |
| 7 | MR. SCANLON: I mean I guess I'll | 7 | A. Yeah, that's fair. | |
| 8 | take | 8 | Q. Thank you. Okay. | |
| 9 | THE REPORTER: We're going off the | 9 | So going back to HB 3107, what would | |
| 10 | record. The time is 11:21 a.m. | 10 | you characterize the injury that Vote.org has | |
| 11 | (Recess taken.) | 11 | suffered as a result of that bill? | |
| 12 | THE REPORTER: We're back on the | 12 | A. I think that the biggest injury is | |
| 13 | record. The time is 11:32 a.m. | 13 | that we can't carry forth our mission of | |
| 14 | BY MR. SCANLON: | 14 | serving the voters the most streamlined way | |
| 15 | Q. Okay. Ms. Hailey, I'm going to move | 15 | possible. Our mission at Vote.org is to | |
| 16 | on to Topic 4 now, the factual basis for any | 16 | strengthen US democracy by creating technology | |
| 17 | contention that Vote.org has alleged it | 17 | that makes the process to participate in | |
| 18 | suffered an injury as a result of HB 3107. | 18 | elections accessible to voters. And so with | |
| 19 | And you understand that when I say HB 3107 I'm | 19 | the rule, you know, it's now very clear that | |
| 20 | talking about the bill that was passed that | 20 | we can't use our e-sign tool in Texas, which I | |
| 21 | included basically what Vote.org has referred | 21 | believe is probably one of the most innovative | |
| 22 | to as the wet signature rule codified. Right? | 22 | tools that we have, and if scaled can serve, | |
| 23 | A. Right. | 23 24 | you know, Texans many Texans all throughout the state. | |
| 24 25 | Q. So if I say HB 3107 or wet signature rule, can we have an agreement that I'm | 24 25 | Q. Are there any other base bases | |
| 25 | rule, can we have an agreement that rm | 25 | Q. Are there any other base bases | |
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| | 107 | <u>10</u> | | 109 |
| 1 | talking about the same thing basically? I | MO 1 | for the injury that you're alleging in this | 109 |
| 1 2 | talking about the same thing basically? I know it's a little confusing but the only | 1 2 | for the injury that you're alleging in this suit? | 109 |
| - | 107. talking about the same thing basically? I know it's a little confusing but the only issue in this case is that portion of HB 3107 | 1 2 3 | | 109 |
| 2 | 107. talking about the same thing basically? I know it's a little confusing but the only issue in this case is that portion of HB 3107 that has the fax provision basically. | 1 2 3 4 | suit? | 109 |
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| | 110 | | | 112 |
| 1 | process. | 1 | of information, but I guess I would just ask, | |
| 2 | So I would say that the biggest | 2 | if possible, if we can just focus kind of on | |
| 3 | thing for us is the time of staff, energy of | 3 | the specific question that I ask. So the | |
| 4 | staff, resourcing of of, you know, having | 4 | question I asked was is there a percentage | |
| 5 | to have these conversations, having to take on | 5 | that you can attach to your operations focused | |
| 6 | extra expenses to make sure that our work | 6 | on the web app in Texas? | |
| 7 | flows are, you know, compliant with Texas, | 7 | A. A percentage of the budget? Off the | |
| 8 | then developing technology that ultimately | 8 | top of my head I'd have to go look, but I | |
| 9 | can't be used, and then trying to come back to | 9 | think that the biggest thing, again, is just | |
| 10 | it on a pretty consistent basis to figure out | 10 | the time it takes to take about half the team, | |
| 11 | if there are other things that we can engage | 11 | have half the engineers developing technology | |
| 12 | in that will that we can scale that will | 12 | that they can't use and then being, you know, | |
| 13 | serve voters. | 13 | taken away from actually doing our job, which | |
| 14 | Q. Okay. And the the web app, or | 14 | is to serve voters. | |
| 15 | the e-sign app that was that was developed | 15 | I think that that is that's | |
| 16 | for the whole country. Right? | 16 | probably the biggest cost to Vote.org is just | |
| 17 | A. No, our e-sign work flow for Texas | 17 | having to spend so much time and engineering | |
| 18 | was developed for Texas because Texas has both | 18 | developing technology that can no longer be | |
| 19 | the fax and the requirement to, you know, have | 19 | used, or turned on. That that is the | |
| 20 | to by print and mail, so that is that's | 20 | biggest that's the biggest problem. | |
| 21 | that is for Texas. | 21 | And, you know, continuous | |
| 22 | Q. I see. What percentage of your | 22 | conversations and confusion over over when | |
| 23 | operating budget does that project constitute? | 23 | we might be able to turn, you know, turn on | |
| 24 | A. I would say that, you know, we'd | 24 | the the e-sign tool, which now as a result | |
| 25 | have to go back to look at 2018, but I think | 25 | of the bill that was just passed, we now know | |
| | | | C.N | |
| | | 2 | | |
| | the biggest thing at this point is that we could turn on the technology but now because of the bill we can't. So I think that that, you know, the biggest issue is really just the fact that we can't use it to serve voters or | | | 113 |
| 1 | the biggest thing at this point is that we | 1 | is an impossibility. | 115 |
| 2 | could turn on the technology but now because | 2 | Q. Is it your position that any law | |
| 3 | of the bill we can't. So I think that that, | 3 | that prevents Vote.org from registering voters | |
| 4 | you know, the biggest issue is really just the | 4 | in the most convenient way possible is a harm | |
| 5 | fact that we can't use it to serve voters or | 5 | to Vote.org? | |
| - | to serve our mission. And now we're going to | 6 | A. Well, yeah, our job is to build | |
| 7 | have think about, you know, what other ways we | 7 | technology that makes it accessible for | |
| 8 | can come up with to do that. | 8 | voters, you know, it increases accessibility | |
| 9 | But we already developed new | 9 | for voters so that they don't have to go | |
| 10 | technology once for Texas, and now we're going | 10 | through a series of steps. We know that when | |
| 11 | to have to do that again, or try to work with | 11 | somebody drops, you know, has to go through a | |
| 12 | people to find other ways to get voters | 12 | series of steps, that you're more likely to | |
| 13 | through the easiest, you know, process | 13 | get drop off. | |
| 14 | possible. About over half of our users are, | 14 | And so, yeah, I think the harm is | |
| 15 | you know, under are 35 and under, so that | 15 | not being able to use a tool that works and | |
| 16 | means that we're constantly trying to think | 16 | that specifically gets voters through the | |
| 17 | about ways that people that participate in a, | 17 | process in a streamlined way where they can | |
| 18 | you know, innovative way using | 18 | have an experience through their cell phone or | |
| 19 | Q. Well | 19 | any other tablet or device they want to use | |
| 20 | A smartphones and things like | 20 | and to be able to, you know, access their | |
| 21 | that. | 21 | their or initiate their registration using | |
| 22 | MR. SCANLON: And I'll just object | 22 | our tool. I think that that is the, you know, | |
| 23 | as non-responsive. | 23 | that is that is the big harm. | |
| 24 | BY MR. SCANLON: | 24 | What we'd like to do is be able to | |
| 25 | Q. Ms. Hailey, you're giving me a lot | 25 | use the tool to serve voters at the end of the | |
| | | | | |

| | 114 | | | 11 |
|---|--|---|---|----|
| 1 | day. We built it for Texas, we're excited | 1 | lots of new technology I think that there are | |
| 2 | about it for Texas, we our pilot project we | 2 | moments where, you know, we'll make changes, | |
| 3 | consider to be a success and and we'd like | 3 | and if we were able to scale it, we would get | |
| 4 | to see at scale. | 4 | better and better at the service we provide to | |
| 5 | Q. So that's a yes? | 5 | and our engineers would spend more time on | |
| 6 | MR. NKWONTA: Object to form. | 6 | that tool. But, yeah, we had to create, you | |
| 7 | THE WITNESS: I'm sorry? | 7 | know, create the tool before talking to people | |
| 8 | BY MR. SCANLON: | 8 | about using the tool. | |
| 9 | Q. That's a yes for the question that I | 9 | Q. Okay. Is it also your position that | |
| | asked? | 10 | any law that prevents Vote.org actually, | |
| 11 | A. What was your question again? | 11 | strike that question. | |
| 12 | Q. So anything that doesn't allow | 12 | Are there I guess specific projects | |
| 13 | | 13 | you can identify that Vote.org had to put on | |
| 14 | to register to vote causes Vote.org a harm? | 14 | hold or curtail in response to HB 3107? | |
| 15 | A. No, I mean I wouldn't | 15 | A. Yeah, I mean I think that as a | |
| 16 | MR. NKWONTA: Objection, asked and | 16 | result of HB 3107 basically what's in that | |
| 17 | answered. | 17 | bill as it applies to the, you know, wet | |
| 18 | THE WITNESS: Yeah, I wouldn't | 18 | signature rule, is that we can never turn on | |
| 19 | phrase it that way. I think the harm here is | 19 | our feature again. But like essentially the | |
| 20 | developing technology, having election | 20 | work load that we built is, you know, is lost. | |
| 21 | administrators like the technology, find it | 21 | I think it makes it really clear that that | |
| | useful, find it easy to get voters through the | 22 | that now we're unable to use any of that | |
| 23 | process, increase accessibility and then have | 22 | technology in Texas, and that that is | |
| | | 23 | | |
| | to shut all of that down before, you know, | 24 | really the, you know, the biggest one of our biggest issue is just now we've lost the | |
| 25 | being able to use it. I think that's the | 25 | our biggest issue is just now we ve lost the | |
| | | .0 | RACYOC | 1. |
| 1 | | .0 | ability, it's all sitting there, we could turn | 1. |
| 1 2 | | .0 | ability, it's all sitting there, we could turn it on, the but bill clearly tells us that we | 1. |
| 1 | | .0 | ability, it's all sitting there, we could turn it on, the but bill clearly tells us that we can't. | 1: |
| 1 2 3 4 | 115 harm. But it's not really so much about Vote.org or us in particular, it's about our mission to serve voters and how voters are | 1 2 3 4 | ability, it's all sitting there, we could turn it on, the but bill clearly tells us that we can't. Q. Other than the e-sign function in | 1' |
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| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 | 115 harm. But it's not really so much about Vote.org or us in particular, it's about our mission to serve voters and how voters are able to participate in elections. And here I would think that literally everyone on this call would be really excited about people | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 | ability, it's all sitting there, we could turn it on, the but bill clearly tells us that we can't. Q. Other than the e-sign function in the web app are there any specific projects that Vote.org had to put on hold due to the issues causes by not being able to turn it on | 1. |
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| | 126 | | | 128 |
|--|---|--|--|-----|
| 1 | May 28, 2021. | 1 | through the e-sign and successfully register | |
| 2 | A. Yeah, I see that. | 2 | to vote? | |
| 3 | Q. And in the Yea column we have 146 | 3 | Q. In Texas, yes. | |
| 4 | votes, correct? | 4 | A. In Texas. I mean this is it's | |
| 5 | A. Yes, I see that. | 5 | like a yes and no because, yes, we were doing | |
| 6 | Q. Zero Nays, two abstentions, two no | 6 | the pilot and people were able to successfully | |
| 7 | vote, I think that's what NV stands for, but | 7 | use the technology, and then, no, because the | |
| 8 | you would agree with me that this was | 8 | Secretary of State issued a statement saying | |
| 9 | essentially unanimously passed in the | 9 | that voters who use our e-sign technology | |
| 10 | legislature. Right? | 10 | would have their registrations thrown out, and | |
| 11 | A. Well, I would agree that 146 people | 11 | so we shut off the, you know, we shut off the | |
| 12 | voted Yea, yeah. | 12 | e-sign tool and then for people who had | |
| 13 | Q. And zero voted Nay. | 13 | already, you know, used it, I'm assuming a | |
| 14 | A. Yes. | 14 | certain I know that the Secretary of State | |
| 15 | Q. Going back to the complaint real | 15 | issued, you know, issued notices to people who | |
| 16 | quick in Paragraph 20, this next sentence, you | 16 | used it, you know, had already gone through | |
| 17 | said Vote.org when I say you I'm either | 17 | that process. | |
| 18 | referring to Vote.org or you personally but, | 18 | Q. And that was in the 2018 cycle, | |
| 19 | "No longer able to use features of its web | 19 | correct? | |
| 20 | application that it created specifically for | 20 | A. That's right. | |
| 21 | Texas, Vote.org has been force to divert | 21 | Q. Was Vote.org ever able to do it in | |
| 22 | resources from its general nationwide | 22 | the 2016 cycle? | |
| 23 | operations - as well as its specific programs | 23 | A. No, Vote.org see Vote.org was | |
| 24 | in other states - to redesign its Texas voter | 24 | founded in 2016, so | |
| 25 | registration in GOTV programs," which I | 25 | C. Okay. | |
| | | | | |
| | | - | | |
| | | 25 | | |
| | 122- | CP-1 | ~ | 129 |
| 1 | understand to mean Get Out To Vote programs | <u>, 2¹</u> | A you know this this pilot was | 129 |
| 1 | understand to mean Get Out To Vote programs, | 1 2 | A. , you know, this this pilot was | 129 |
| 2 | understand to mean Get Out To Vote programs, "and utilize more expensive (and less effective) means of achieving its voter | 1 2 3 | a, you know, 28 2018 pilot. | 129 |
| 2 3 | understand to mean Get Out To Vote programs, "and utilize more expensive (and less effective) means of achieving its voter registration goals in the state." Did L read | 1 2 3 4 | a, you know, 28 2018 pilot. Q. How - how many people registered | 129 |
| 2 3 4 | understand to mean Get Out To Vote programs, "and utilize more expensive (and less effective) means of achieving its voter registration goals in the state." Did I read that correctly? | 1 2 3 4 5 | a, you know, 28 2018 pilot. Q. How - how many people registered using this program | 129 |
| 2 3 4 5 | understand to mean Get Out To Vote programs, "and utilize more expensive (and less effective) means of achieving its voter registration goals in the state." Did I read that correctly? | 1 2 3 4 5 6 | a, you know, 28 2018 pilot. Q. How - how many people registered using this program A. Over 2,000. | 129 |
| 2 3 4 | understand to mean Get Out To Vote programs, "and utilize more expensive (and less effective) means of achieving its voter registration goals in the state." Did I read that correctly? A. That's correct. Q. And I know we've talked about this | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 | a, you know, 28 2018 pilot. Q. How - how many people registered using this program A. Over 2,000. Q the pilot program? | 129 |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | quite a bit already, but when you use the term full use, was there a time that Vote.org was | 8 9 | a, you know, 28 2018 pilot. Q. How - how many people registered using this program A. Over 2,000. Q the pilot program? A. Over 2,000. Q. Over 2,000? A. Yes. | 129 |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 | quite a bit already, but when you use the term full use, was there a time that Vote.org was able to help people register to vote using the | 8 9 10 | a, you know, 28 2018 pilot. Q. How - how many people registered using this program A. Over 2,000. Q the pilot program? A. Over 2,000. Q. Over 2,000? A. Yes. Q. Okay. And that was only in the | 129 |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 | quite a bit already, but when you use the term full use, was there a time that Vote.org was able to help people register to vote using the digital signature technology successfully in | 8 9 10 11 | a, you know, 28 2018 pilot. Q. How - how many people registered using this program A. Over 2,000. Q the pilot program? A. Over 2,000. Q. Over 2,000? A. Yes. Q. Okay. And that was only in the jurisdictions that Vote.org targeted, correct? | 129 |
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| | 130 | | | 132 |
|--|---|--|---|-----|
| 1 | that include that includes Travis County, | 1 | you know, having their registration thrown out | 102 |
| 2 | correct? | 2 | or something like that, that's our worst | |
| 3 | A. That includes all the counties that | 3 | nightmare. We don't want that to happen. | |
| 4 | are in this lawsuit. | 4 | MR. SCANLON: Okay. Objection, non- | |
| 5 | Q. Did it also include Harris County? | 5 | responsive. | |
| 6 | A. I don't believe so. | 6 | BY MR. SCANLON: | |
| 7 | Q. Okay. So it would only include | 7 | Q. So was any advice sought from the | |
| | Travis, Bexar County, Dallas County and | | | |
| 8 | | 8 | Secretary of State prior to the launch? I | |
| 9 | Cameron County, correct? | 9 | mean you talked about you had the counties and | |
| 10 | A. Yeah, the the counties named in | 10 | they were in dispute as to interpretation | |
| 11 | the lawsuit. | 11 | about this provision. Would it not have made | |
| 12 | Q. Okay. Is there a reason why it | 12 | sense to get some kind of communication | |
| 13 | didn't include Harris County? Did Vote.org | 13 | officially from the Secretary of State to | |
| 14 | look at Harris County for this pilot program? | 14 | clear this up to make sure that you didn't | |
| 15 | A. Yeah, we looked at several counties | 15 | waste money rolling out a tool that was not | |
| 16 | for the pilot program. I think the biggest | 16 | going to be compliant with the Texas law? | |
| 17 | thing is just having election administrators | 17 | A. I think we rolled out a tool that we | |
| 18 | who wanted to run the pilot. | 18 | believed that we believed we talked to, you | |
| 19 | Q. Well, why did they not want to run | 19 | know, general counsel, talked to our | |
| 20 | the pilot? | 20 | attorneys, I think everyone believed it to | |
| 21 | A. I think because there was a lot of | 21 | be I think everybody believed a copy meant | |
| 22 | confusion in 2018 before the Secretary of | 22 | a copy, not an original wet signature, and | |
| 23 | State's statement, you know, so some election | 23 | so and that's now the law read at the time, | |
| 24 | administrators interpreted the law in | 24 | so I don't I don't think on the Vote.org | |
| 25 | different, you know, in different ways. And | 25 | side we had a lack of clarity. | |
| | | | C12 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | 121 | .0 | | 122 |
| | 131 | MO | | 133 |
| 1 | 131 so anyone who isn't a part wasn't a part of | 1 | Q. Well, Ms. Hailey, I mean you said | 133 |
| 2 | 131, so anyone who isn't a part wasn't a part of the pilot, we had people who, you know, | 1 2 | everyone thought that it that a copy meant | 133 |
| - | 131. so anyone who isn't a part wasn't a part of the pilot, we had people who, you know, counties that didn't want to participate or | 1 2 3 | everyone thought that it that a copy meant that you didn't have to mail in the signed | 133 |
| 2 | 131. so anyone who isn't a part wasn't a part of the pilot, we had people who, you know, counties that didn't want to participate or where it was like, you know, it wasn't clear | 1 2 3 4 | everyone thought that it that a copy meant that you didn't have to mail in the signed copy, but you just said that there were | 133 |
| 2 3 | 131. so anyone who isn't a part wasn't a part of the pilot, we had people who, you know, counties that didn't want to participate or where it was like, you know, it wasn't clear to them if the, you know, new technology would | 1 2 3 4 5 | everyone thought that it that a copy meant that you didn't have to mail in the signed copy, but you just said that there were election administrators who didn't want to | 133 |
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| | 174 | | | 176 |
|--|--|--|--|-----|
| 1 | MR. NKWONTA: So that's my | 1 | when they go through the e-sign process. | |
| 2 | instruction to answer. | 2 | Q. Okay. | |
| 3 | MR. SCANLON: Thank you for | 3 | A. I can add even more clarity to that | |
| 4 | clarifying that. I appreciate it. I think | 4 | down the road. | |
| 5 | that should be it for now if we're ready to go | 5 | Q. Okay. Does the user see a picture | |
| 6 | back off the record. | 6 | of what this will look like before they the | |
| 7 | THE REPORTER: We're going off the | 7 | the the full application before they | |
| 8 | record. The time is 12:57 p.m. | 8 | send the e-signature application? | |
| 9 | (Recess taken.) | 9 | A. Yes. | |
| 10 | THE REPORTER: We are back on the | 10 | Q. Okay. And how does that happen, is | |
| 11 | record. The time is 2:02 p.m. | 11 | that with a popup? | |
| 12 | MR. SCANLON: Hello, Ms. Hailey. | 12 | A. Not a not a popup I don't think. | |
| 13 | BY MR. SCANLON: | 13 | I think they can it takes you I think | |
| 14 | Q. Over the break, we had asked I guess | 14 | there's a button that would take you to, you | |
| 15 | you to kind of see if you could get some | 15 | know, review your application so that's | |
| 16 | response to some of the questions we asked | 16 | that's probably how they see it. And I can | |
| 17 | earlier. Were you able to track the | 17 | talk to our engineer to get like a line by | |
| 18 | information down? | 18 | line on how they see it. | |
| 19 | A. Yes. | 19 | Q. Okay. Is that who you talked to | |
| 20 | Q. Okay. I'll go ahead and start with | 20 | during the break, your engineer? | |
| 21 | our question about just a second here. | 21 | A. Yes. | |
| 22 | Okay. Exhibit the question I had about | 22 | Q. And what is his name? | |
| 23 | Exhibit 25, which was a copy of the fax. I'll | 23 | A. Jake | |
| 24 | go ahead and screen share Exhibit 25 right | 24 | Q. Qr - I'm sorry, it could be | |
| 25 | now. | 25 | could be her. I don't think you specified | |
| | | | XO | |
| | | 20 | \sim | |
| | | ~~ | | |
| | | () | | |
| | 175 | | | 177 |
| 1 | 175 Were you able to tell whether this | 1 | gender. I'm sorry, being a sexist again. | 177 |
| | Were you able to tell whether this notation at the top of this form was applied | 1 2 | gender. I'm sorry, being a sexist again. A. Jake Levine. | 177 |
| | Were you able to tell whether this notation at the top of this form was applied by Vote.org or one of the entities that it | 1 2 3 | | 177 |
| 2 3 | Were you able to tell whether this notation at the top of this form was applied by Vote.org or one of the entities that it contracted with to do the e-sign app? | 1 2 3 4 | A. Jake Levine. | 177 |
| 2 3 | Were you able to tell whether this notation at the top of this form was applied by Vote.org or one of the entities that it contracted with to do the e-sign app? A. Yes. It was applied by Vote.org. | 1 2 3 4 5 | A. Jake Levine.Q. Jake Levine. Okay. So we talked | 177 |
| 2 3 4 | Were you able to tell whether this notation at the top of this form was applied by Vote.org or one of the entities that it contracted with to do the e-sign app? A. Yes. It was applied by Vote.org. It's in the code. | 1 2 3 4 5 6 | A. Jake Levine.Q. Jake Levine. Okay. So we talked about the fax notation. | 177 |
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254 256 1 Q. So did you rely on every document 1 Civil Procedure but I am working under the 2 that's been produced in this case when you 2 understanding that they do. were, you know, compiling your responses to З Q. Okay. I guess while we're on the 3 the Interrogatories? 4 record, I'll just ask opposing counsel if we 4 5 5 A. I mean, I -- I suppose. I mean, we can agree to do that. 6 -- we produced everything we possibly could 6 MR. NKWONTA: We'll certainly take a 7 and then answered the, you know, and then 7 look. Are these original responses or the responded to the best of our ability. 8 8 amended responses? I know that we've sent a 9 Q. Okay. And, again, you see in the 9 couple rounds of responses. We sent some 10 response here where it says that there's an 10 amended responses after the hearing. 11 objection to the request "as outside the scope 11 MR. SCANLON: Is it a fair point 12 of the State's limited intervention." And you 12 that these are the amended? 13 incorporate "objections set forth in 13 MR. NKWONTA: Just a second. Do you Plaintiff's Motion for a Protective Order." I 14 mind scrolling -- I'm sorry, what exhibit 14 know that's lawyer talk, but I need to know, 15 number is this? 15 16 MR. SCANLON: This is Exhibit 3. 16 is Vote.org not producing any documents because of this objection? 17 MR. NKWONTA: We'll -- we'll 17 18 MR. NKWONTA: Objection. Calls for certainly take a look and amend. I don't want 18 19 a legal conclusion. 19 to take up -- or we can go off the record if 20 MR. SCANLON: I just want to state 20 you want to discuss something. I don't want to take up more time of the deposition. 21 for the record Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 21 34(b)(2)(C) requires that any objections that 22 MR. SCANLON: I -- if we can have an 22 agreement that an amendment will be made to 23 are asserted in a response to a Request for 23 state whether -- for each objection, documents 24 Production state whether the Respondent to 24 25 these requests is withholding documents 25 are withheld or not, I think that should solve DFROM DE 257 1 pursuant to the objection. 1 the problem, and I -- Iwon't have to spend too 2 BY MR. SCANLON: 2 much time on this, as I was planning to. 3 3 Q. So with that in mind, I'll just go MR. NKWONTA: Yes, we can certainly back and ask you, Ms. Hailey, are any -- we can certainly agree to amend to clarify 4 4 5 documents that are responsive to this request 5 that. I think there's some -- our amended 6 being held back because of the objection? 6 responses also stated that we were standing on 7 MR. NKWONTA: Objection. Calls for 7 our 2403(b) objection, which there's some a legal conclusion. 8 theory there, so that -- that absolves us of 8 9 THE WITNESS: Yeah, I'm -- I'm not -9 some duty to also having to search if you're - we're not really trying to -- I'm not aware correct. So I think we'll clarify and we'll 10 10 of anything that we're holding back. I mean, 11 supplement. 11 I don't -- we definitely went through every 12 MR. SCANLON: Okay. Thank you. 12 single request and then produced anything that 13 With that in mind, I'll go ahead and proceed. 13 I just want to go through 4 and 5. 14 is within our, you know, that we have at 14 Vote.org. 15 BY MR. SCANLON: 15 16 BY MR. SCANLON: 16 Q. There are requests for documents that show a diversion of resources. And, 17 Q. Will you agree to -- with me to work 17 with your lawyer to amend your responses to again, there's an objection as to the scope of 18 18 these Requests for Productions -- Request for our intervention. I guess I'll just ask, have 19 19 20 Productions to comply with the Rule of Civil 20 you searched for financial documents like 21 Procedure? 21 invoices and receipts that show your 22 A. Well, you know, I take the -- we 22 expenditures, you know, within the period definitely take the advisement of our counsel, 23 that's outlined in the complaint? 23 24 and work with our counsel to determine what 24 A. I think we looked through all our 25 the -- I -- I don't know all the rules of 25 budgets, yeah.

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|--|---|---|--|-----|
| 1 | Q. Okay. And we've got several | 1 | counsel who then spends all their time one | |
| 2 | exhibits that are budgetary Excel | 2 | state or, you know, if it's in, you know, our | |
| 3 | spreadsheets. Are those the documents you're | 3 | an engineer, then it's going to be, like, | |
| 4 | referring to? | 4 | their entire time on a state. So it it's - | |
| 5 | A. Most likely, yeah. I'm guessing | 5 | - we don't have a lot of we don't have a | |
| 6 | thatthe exhibits, that you haven't opened | 6 | lot of, like, duplicative people. | |
| 7 | all your exhibits in the chat and I'm guessing | 7 | So I think us, the biggest thing is | |
| 8 | you're some of them are, I see that you've | 8 | purely the amount of amount staff time. | |
| 9 | got, and some budgets here. | 9 | And there's, you know, yeah, additional time, | |
| 10 | Q. Okay. Moving on. I mean, that's a | 10 | but I didn't put that would figure into | |
| 11 | similar request. Did you under Request for | 11 | that as well. But our staff time and staff | |
| 12 | Production No. 5, if you're familiar with | 12 | resources means that we're not developing | |
| 13 | that, did you search for any other documents | | things for other places or | |
| 14 | that tended to show the expenditures of | 14 | Q. Does Vote.org use time sheets to | |
| 15 | Vote.org besides the budget documents that | 15 | capture the amount of hours its employees | |
| 16 | | 16 | work? | |
| 17 | A. You know, I I think we definitely | 17 | A. No, we don't use time sheets. | |
| 18 | have a good idea of, you know yeah, I mean, | 18 | Q. Okay. Do you intend to supplement | |
| 19 | of all of our different budgets at Vote.org. | 19 | the record with any additional documentation of this sort before trial? | |
| 20 | What are you you're asking me if I've searched for anything else that's under my | 20 21 | | |
| 21 22 | | 22 | MR. NKWONTA: Objection. Calls for a legal conclusion. | |
| 23 | | 23 | THE WITNESS: Yeah. I don't I | |
| 24 | control related to the expenditures that | 24 | don't know. | |
| | Vote.org has foregone. | | BY MR. SCANLON: | |
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| | | | je statistica second | |
| | 259 | NO C | -, <u></u> | 261 |
| 1 | I mean, part of the biggest thing | M 1 | Q. All right, at this time, you're not | 261 |
| 1 2 | 259 I mean, part of the biggest thing for us is, again, the human capital of being | 1 2 | aware of any documents of this nature that | 261 |
| | 259 I mean, part of the biggest thing for us is, again, the human capital of being such a small team, and then putting so much | 1 2 3 | aware of any documents of this nature that you're going to rely on? | 261 |
| 2 3 4 | 259 I mean, part of the biggest thing for us is, again, the human capital of being such a small team, and then putting so much time and energy and resources into even the | 1 2 3 4 | aware of any documents of this nature that you're going to rely on? MR. NKWONTA: Same objection. | 261 |
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| 1 | during that call Sarah was told that there was | 1 | time, the wasted conversations, the wasted | |
| 2 | going to be some kind of press statement like | 2 | staff. Like I said, you know, I think you're | |
| 3 | what was made? A. I don't think so. I don't know, but | 3 | getting an idea of how small we are. | |
| 4 | I don't think so. I think if there was a | _ | So I think that that's that's, you know, primarily primarily the expense | |
| | statement coming, we would have shut off the | 5 | at that at that moment, is just dumping it. | |
| 6 | tool. | 7 | Then I guess expense to, you know, | |
| 8 | Q. Okay. And what did Vote.org do once | 8 | communications, you know, around the tool. I | |
| 9 | it found out about the statement? I guess I | 9 | think there are some reporters who reached | |
| 10 | should back up. How did Vote.org find out | 10 | out, so then trying to talk about messaging, | |
| 11 | about the statement? | 11 | around what we, you know, what we did. | |
| 12 | A. I believe the news. And we shut off | 12 | So there was probably, you know, | |
| 13 | the tool. | 13 | comms. expense. But, really, it's like the | |
| 14 | Q. Okay. Other than shutting off the | 14 | whole all of that takes it hits | |
| 15 | tool, did Vote.org do anything else to | 15 | different parts of Vote.org, whether it's RJC | |
| 16 | respond? | 16 | or comms. or engineers. | |
| 17 | A. Yeah. I mean, I think there was a | 17 | I think the biggest expense was just | |
| 18 | lot of conversation about, you know, about the | 18 | organizing all of that, organizing are own | |
| 19 | tool itself. Would it be able to be used in | 19 | response, talking to everybody about it, and - | |
| 20 | the future? Is there anything, you know, | 20 | and the fact that it just pretty much, you | |
| 21 | anything we can do? | 21 | know, it's right before an election, so I | |
| 22 | You know, confusion over the | 22 | think it just takes up, you know, our ours | |
| 23 | statement because that's not the way the | 23 | team's time and energy. | |
| 24 | Secretary of State's interpretation is not the | 24 | Is there anything else we need to | |
| 25 | interpretation, like, you know, discussing | 25 | do? Anybody else we need to talk to? It's | |
| | | | -10- | |
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| | | \mathcal{O} | | |
| | 295 | \mathcal{O} | | 297 |
| 1 | 295 things that were not in the original statute. | 1 | just an exhausting, you know, experience at | 297 |
| 1 | things that were not in the original statute. I think that there was, you know | 1 2 | just an exhausting, you know, experience at the staff level and so I think it's the staff | 297 |
| | things that were not in the original statute. I think that there was, you know yeah, I think those are the main things that's | 1 2 3 | the staff level and so I think it's the staff | 297 |
| 2 | I think that there was, you know yeah, I think those are the main things that's staff discussions, people wanting to know | 1 2 3 4 | the staff level and so I think it's the staff | 297 |
| 2 3 | why we aren't using the technology anymore. | 1 2 3 4 5 | the staff level and so I think it's the staff time. Like that probably takes up, like, half of our team's time. And then they, you know, and then just trashing something that we know | 297 |
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| | 298 | | | 300 |
|---|--|---|---|-----|
| 1 | They're like NextDoor is a really | 1 | doing our jobs if everyone's forms were | |
| | popular app. And then we have to reach out to | | incomplete. | |
| | the NextDoor team, and then we have to ask | 3 | Q. Going to No. 5, Interrogatory No. 5. | |
| | | 4 | Are there any communications with the with | |
| | for you guys to, like, make it so that people | 5 | Texas election officials, whether it's at the | |
| | in different neighborhoods can volunteer to | 6 | state or county level that we have not already | |
| 7 | print, you know, to let people come over and | 7 | discussed? | |
| | use their printer? And, you know, all of that | 8 | A. That we haven't already discussed. | |
| | is that's time, energy and resources, and - | 9 | We discussed a lot of, you know, a lot of the | |
| | -and so we're constantly thinking of things, | 10 | communications. I think I think what | |
| | you know, like that. | | you're you've seen are just kind of like | |
| 12 | And that's less effective because | | the nature of the communications. | |
| | that just is. Like, every time there's a | 13 | I I don't I can't say that | |
| | barrier to, you know, there's another step | 14 | Sarah didn't, like as you know, she went to | |
| 15 | someone has to take in the process, then | 15 | different, you know, county in different | |
| | you're going to get dropout, especially among | 16 | counties and had different conversations, and | |
| 17 | younger voters, disabled voters, voters of | 17 | I don't know if all of her that all those | |
| 18 | color, and that drop-off happens. | 18 | conversations are | |
| 19 | You know, like it's much more | 19 | Q. Sure. After the press conf the | |
| 20 | effective to be able to somebody to be able | 20 | press release came out, were there | |
| 21 | to initiate that process right there on their | 21 | communications still going on with counties or | |
| 22 | phone or at home or on their iPad or whatever | 22 | the state that Vote.org was doing in relation | |
| 23 | it is they use, and be able to do that, than | 23 | to the Wet Signature Rule? | |
| 24 | to, like even our even our solutions | 24 | A. Yeah, mean, I'm sure we | |
| 25 | aren't great, right? | 25 | communicated that we were turning off the tool | |
| | 299 | .0 | | 20- |
| | | Ņ | and a loss offerthe bound that the loss | 30 |
| 1 | Like now I'm assuming if somebody's | | and, you know, effective immediately. I I | |
| 2 | on NextDoor or not, and then they find out if | | think, yeah, so there would be communications | |
| 3 | their neighbor has a printer or not, and if | 3 | like that. | |
| 4 | they can go over their print their | 4 | Q. Okay. Were there any communications | |
| 5 | neighbor's place to try to print something | - | | |
| 6 | | 5 | with those folks either before or after HB3107 | |
| 7 | out, like that is way less effective than the | 5 6 | was passed? | |
| | literally two minutes it could take using, you | 7 | was passed? A. No, because, you know, well first of | |
| 8 | literally two minutes it could take using, you know using the app or using somebody's | 7 8 | was passed? A. No, because, you know, well first of all we're we're understaffed. But I would | |
| 9 | literally two minutes it could take using, you know using the app or using somebody's smartphone, so I think | 7 8 9 | was passed? A. No, because, you know, well first of all we're we're understaffed. But I would say that, you know, once HB3107 was passed, | |
| <mark>9</mark> 10 | literally two minutes it could take using, you know using the app or using somebody's smartphone, so I think Q. Well, is there I'm sorry, I don't | 7 8 9 10 | was passed? A. No, because, you know, well first of all we're we're understaffed. But I would say that, you know, once HB3107 was passed, there's really no longer a question of whether | |
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| 3/4/2022 | Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. | Keith Ingram |
|----------|--|--------------|
| | | Page 1 |
| | IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT | |
| | FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS | |
| | SAN ANTONIO DIVISION | |
| - | VOTE.ORG,) | |
| | Plaintiff,) | |
| |) | |
| | v.) | |
| |) | |
| | JACQUELYN CALLANEN, in her) | |
| | official capacity as the) | |
| | Bexar County Elections) | |
| | Administrator, et al., | |
| | | |
| | Defendants,) Case | No. |
| |) 5:21-c | v-649 |
| | and JKP-1 | HJB |
| | | |
| | KEN PAXTON, in his official) | |
| | capacity as Attorney General) | |
| | of Texas, et al.,) | |
| |) | |
| | Intervenor-Defendants.) | |
| - |) | |
| | | |
| | Videotaped Deposition of KEITH INGRAM | |
| | Conducted Remotely via Zoom | |
| | Friday, March 4, 2022 | |
| | 10:06 a.m. EST | |
| | Reported by Lisa A. Knight, RDR, CRR, RS | A |
| - | DIGITAL EVIDENCE GROUP | |
| | 1730 M Street, NW, Suite 812 | |
| | Washington, D.C. 20036 | |
| | (202) 232-0646 | |
| | | |
| | | |

Case: 32550536-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 04398/2Date at a construction of the construction of th

3/4/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Keith Ingram

| | Page 61 | Page 63 |
|--|--|---|
| 1 | name in italics next to it. | 1 to an "imaged signature," I'm referring to a |
| 2 | Q. Yeah. Like a typed-out | 2 picture of a wet ink signature. |
| 3 | signature? | 3 Does that make sense? |
| 4 | A. Right. | 4 A. Okay. |
| 5 | Q. Got it. Okay. | 5 Q. And when I'm asking you |
| 6 | So can you just explain the | 6 about I will do my very best to ask you |
| 7 | difference, then, between a wet ink signature | 7 about physical signatures electronically |
| 8 | and an imaged signature? | 8 captured, but if you are ever confused when |
| 9 | A. Well, one of them is signed on | 9 I use the term "electronic signature," please |
| 10 | the actual piece of paper and one of them is | 10 let me know. |
| 11 | a picture. | 11 A. Okay. |
| 12 | Q. A picture of what? | 12 Q. Does that make sense? |
| 13 | A. A picture of a signature. | 13 A. Sure. |
| 14 | Q. Okay. But is an imaged | 14 Q. Okay. So, Mr. Ingram, I want |
| 15 | signature a picture of a wet ink signature? | 15 to now sort of turn to in addition to your |
| 16 | A. Sometimes. | 16 sort of more general authority on voter |
| 17 | Q. Okay. What else could it be a | 17 registration, I'd like to spend a few minutes |
| 18 | picture of? | 18 discussing the specific processes by which |
| 19 | A. We get JPEGs from the | 19 your office processes voter registration |
| 20 | Department of Public Safety, and those are | 20 applications. |
| 21 | physical signatures electronically captured. | 20 Does that make sense? |
| 22 | Q. So would you also call that an | 22 A. Okay. |
| | | |
| | Page 62 | Page 64 |
| 1 | Page 62 imaged signature then? | Page 64 1 Q. Okay. So I'd like to start |
| 1 2 | Page 62 imaged signature then? A. I call it a physical signature | |
| | inaged signature them. | 1 Q. Okay. So I'd like to start |
| 2 | A. I call it a physical signature electronically captured. Q. Okay. So what's the | 1 Q. Okay. So I'd like to start 2 with voters who register to vote with paper |
| 2 3 | A. I call it a physical signature electronically captured. Q. Okay. So what's the difference, then, between a physical | Q. Okay. So I'd like to start with voters who register to vote with paper applications delivered to similar to the |
| 2 3 4 | A. I call it a physical signature electronically captured. Q. Okay. So what's the difference, then, between a physical signature electronically captured and an | 1Q.Okay. So I'd like to start2with voters who register to vote with paper3applications delivered to similar to the4one you brought with you today, delivered to |
| 2 3 4 5 | A. I call it a physical signature electronically captured. Q. Okay. So what's the difference, then, between a physical signature electronically captured and an imaged signature? | 1Q.Okay. So I'd like to start2with voters who register to vote with paper3applications delivered to similar to the4one you brought with you today, delivered to5their county registrar or elections |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | A. I call it a physical signature electronically captured. Q. Okay. So what's the difference, then, between a physical signature electronically captured and an imaged signature? A. Well, an imaged signature is | 1Q.Okay. So I'd like to start2with voters who register to vote with paper3applications delivered to similar to the4one you brought with you today, delivered to5their county registrar or elections6administrator. |
| 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 | A. I call it a physical signature electronically captured. Q. Okay. So what's the difference, then, between a physical signature electronically captured and an imaged signature? A. Well, an imaged signature is just a picture. So it could be of something | 1Q. Okay. So I'd like to start2with voters who register to vote with paper3applications delivered to similar to the4one you brought with you today, delivered to5their county registrar or elections6administrator.7Are you with me so far?8A. Okay.9Q. All right. So, first, is it |
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3/4/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Keith Ingram

| | Page 65 | | Page 67 |
|--|--|--|---|
| 1 | directly to the county registrar. Is that | 1 | Both online and offline |
| 2 | fair to say? | 2 | counties will manually input information from |
| 3 | A. Agreed. Sure. | 3 | paper voter registration applications into |
| 4 | Q. But sometimes they do come to | 4 | the TEAMS database. Is that correct? |
| 5 | your office. | 5 | A. No. |
| 6 | A. Sometimes they come to our | 6 | Q. Okay. Let's go with online |
| 7 | office. They're addressed to us. | 7 | counties first. What do online counties do |
| 8 | Q. Okay. And when they come to | 8 | with the information that they have from |
| 9 | your office, you send them to the county | 9 | paper voter registration applications? |
| 10 | voter registrars or election administrators | 10 | A. They will take the information |
| 11 | that deal with voter registration. Is that | 11 | from the paper application and input it |
| 12 | correct? | 12 | directly into TEAM. |
| 13 | A. We do. | 13 | Q. Okay. And that requires them |
| 14 | Q. Okay. Do you do anything else | 14 | looking at the paper application; right? |
| 15 | with those applications that come to your | 15 | A. Right. |
| 16 | office, besides batch them and send them out? | 16 | Q. And typing that information |
| 17 | A. That is it. We sort them and | 17 | into TEAM? |
| 18 | send them. | 18 | A. Agreed. |
| 19 | Q. You don't keep copies of those | 19 | Q. Okay. What about offline |
| 20 | applications? | 20 | counties? |
| 20 | A. No. | 21 | A. So offline counties will take |
| 22 | Q. And when a county voter | 22 | the paper application and input it directly |
| 22 | Q. And when a county voter | Part | the paper application and input it directly |
| | CX | Г | |
| | Page 66 | | Page 68 |
| 1 | Page 66 | 1 | Page 68 |
| 1 | registrar or elections administrator receives | 1 | Page 68 into whatever voter registration system they use. |
| 1 2 3 | registrar or elections administrator receives a paper application, either directly from the | 2 | into whatever voter registration system they use. |
| 2 | registrar or elections administrator receives a paper application, either directly from the voter or from your office, that the voter | 2 | into whatever voter registration system they use. Q. All right. And once they input |
| 2 3 | registrar or elections administrator receives a paper application, either directly from the voter or from your office, that the voter sent to you | 2 3 4 | into whatever voter registration system they use. Q. All right. And once they input it into the let's use Bexar County as an |
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Keith Ingram

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|--|--|--|---|
| 1 | office looks at the paper voter registration | 1 | number or social, are matched. And if the |
| 2 | application and puts that information into | 2 | last name or former last name, the date of |
| 3 | VOTEC. Is that fair to say? | 3 | birth, and the number provided match, that |
| 4 | A. I agree with that. | 4 | voter will be issued a VUID by our office, |
| 5 | Q. Okay. And then VOTEC will sync | 5 | which goes back to the county. |
| 6 | with TEAM. Is that right? | 6 | Q. All right. And what about for |
| 7 | A. We batch process overnight, | 7 | online counties? |
| 8 | yes. | 8 | A. For online, that what we |
| 9 | Q. Okay. So what is okay. So | 9 | call "live check," you know, the checking of |
| 10 | what does batch processing entail from VOTEC | 10 | the last name, the date of birth, and the |
| 11 | to TEAM? | 11 | number provided, happens in realtime. |
| 12 | A. So they send us their changes | 12 | So it bounces from our system |
| 13 | and we send them our changes. It doesn't | 13 | over to DPS when the voter registrar inputs |
| 14 | necessarily mean syncing. Syncing is a | 14 | the voter registration information. And then |
| 15 | different process. | 15 | the VUID is assigned almost immediately, |
| 16 | Q. Fair enough. | 16 | but it takes a little bit for the traffic, |
| 17 | So they'll send you their | 17 | but it's a near-realtime exchange. |
| 18 | changes. And those changes are the | 18 | Q? Okay. And this is a computer |
| 19 | information that came from the voter | 19 | process; correct? |
| 20 | registration applications. Is that correct? | 20 | A. Agree. |
| 21 | A. Right. That would be a new | 21) 22 | Q. There's no one manually |
| 22 | voter. That's a change. It's a new voter. | A 22 | checking each voter; correct? |
| | | | |
| | Page 70 | | Page 72 |
| 1 | Page 70 Q. Okay. And you'll send them | 1 | Page 72 A. Agree with that. |
| 1 2 | | 1 2 | |
| | Q. Okay. And you'll send them | | A. Agree with that. |
| 2 | Q. Okay. And you'll send them changes, so new voters or updated information, from DPS?A. We do send them applications | 2 | A. Agree with that.Q. Okay. And so the only thingsthat your office uses to check foreligibility and assign VUIDs are last name, |
| 2 3 4 5 | Q. Okay. And you'll send them changes, so new voters or updated information, from DPS?A. We do send them applications from DPS, yes. | 2 3 4 5 | A. Agree with that. Q. Okay. And so the only things that your office uses to check for eligibility and assign VUIDs are last name, date of birth, and either Social Security |
| 2 3 4 5 6 | Q. Okay. And you'll send them changes, so new voters or updated information, from DPS? A. We do send them applications from DPS, yes. Q. Okay. So why don't I ask you | 2 3 4 5 6 | A. Agree with that. Q. Okay. And so the only things that your office uses to check for eligibility and assign VUIDs are last name, date of birth, and either Social Security number or driver's license number. Is that |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 | Q. Okay. And you'll send them changes, so new voters or updated information, from DPS? A. We do send them applications from DPS, yes. Q. Okay. So why don't I ask you this. Instead of me trying to sort of walk | 2 3 4 5 6 7 | A. Agree with that. Q. Okay. And so the only things that your office uses to check for eligibility and assign VUIDs are last name, date of birth, and either Social Security number or driver's license number. Is that correct? |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | Q. Okay. And you'll send them changes, so new voters or updated information, from DPS? A. We do send them applications from DPS, yes. Q. Okay. So why don't I ask you this. Instead of me trying to sort of walk you through this process, why don't you walk | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | A. Agree with that. Q. Okay. And so the only things that your office uses to check for eligibility and assign VUIDs are last name, date of birth, and either Social Security number or driver's license number. Is that correct? A. That's correct. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | Q. Okay. And you'll send them changes, so new voters or updated information, from DPS? A. We do send them applications from DPS, yes. Q. Okay. So why don't I ask you this. Instead of me trying to sort of walk you through this process, why don't you walk me through the process from the time that a | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | A. Agree with that. Q. Okay. And so the only things that your office uses to check for eligibility and assign VUIDs are last name, date of birth, and either Social Security number or driver's license number. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. And that's correct for online |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 | Q. Okay. And you'll send them changes, so new voters or updated information, from DPS? A. We do send them applications from DPS, yes. Q. Okay. So why don't I ask you this. Instead of me trying to sort of walk you through this process, why don't you walk me through the process from the time that a voter sends their paper application to a | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 | A. Agree with that. Q. Okay. And so the only things that your office uses to check for eligibility and assign VUIDs are last name, date of birth, and either Social Security number or driver's license number. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. And that's correct for online and offline counties; is that right? |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | Q. Okay. And you'll send them changes, so new voters or updated information, from DPS? A. We do send them applications from DPS, yes. Q. Okay. So why don't I ask you this. Instead of me trying to sort of walk you through this process, why don't you walk me through the process from the time that a voter sends their paper application to a county registrar to the time they receive their VUID, as you understand it. For | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | A. Agree with that. Q. Okay. And so the only things that your office uses to check for eligibility and assign VUIDs are last name, date of birth, and either Social Security number or driver's license number. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. And that's correct for online and offline counties; is that right? A. That's correct. Q. And so do the online do they |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 | Q. Okay. And you'll send them changes, so new voters or updated information, from DPS? A. We do send them applications from DPS, yes. Q. Okay. So why don't I ask you this. Instead of me trying to sort of walk you through this process, why don't you walk me through the process from the time that a voter sends their paper application to a county registrar to the time they receive their VUID, as you understand it. For offline counties, first. A. Sure. So it will come to Bexar | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 | A. Agree with that. Q. Okay. And so the only things that your office uses to check for eligibility and assign VUIDs are last name, date of birth, and either Social Security number or driver's license number. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. And that's correct for online and offline counties; is that right? A. That's correct. Q. And so do the online do they provide you with any other information, the online counties, apart from last name, date of birth, and either Social Security number |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | Q. Okay. And you'll send them changes, so new voters or updated information, from DPS? A. We do send them applications from DPS, yes. Q. Okay. So why don't I ask you this. Instead of me trying to sort of walk you through this process, why don't you walk me through the process from the time that a voter sends their paper application to a county registrar to the time they receive their VUID, as you understand it. For offline counties, first. A. Sure. So it will come to Bexar County. They will input it into their system. That will come to us that night as a new voter and will be requesting a VUID. So it goes through us to DPS. | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | A. Agree with that. Q. Okay. And so the only things that your office uses to check for eligibility and assign VUIDs are last name, date of birth, and either Social Security number or driver's license number. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. And that's correct for online and offline counties; is that right? A. That's correct. Q. And so do the online do they provide you with any other information, the online counties, apart from last name, date of birth, and either Social Security number or driver's license number for the voter? A. For the online counties, they've entered the whole application. So there's the voter's address, their preference |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | Q. Okay. And you'll send them changes, so new voters or updated information, from DPS? A. We do send them applications from DPS, yes. Q. Okay. So why don't I ask you this. Instead of me trying to sort of walk you through this process, why don't you walk me through the process from the time that a voter sends their paper application to a county registrar to the time they receive their VUID, as you understand it. For offline counties, first. A. Sure. So it will come to Bexar County. They will input it into their system. That will come to us that night as a new voter and will be requesting a VUID. So it goes through us to DPS. | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | A. Agree with that. Q. Okay. And so the only things that your office uses to check for eligibility and assign VUIDs are last name, date of birth, and either Social Security number or driver's license number. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. And that's correct for online and offline counties; is that right? A. That's correct. Q. And so do the online do they provide you with any other information, the online counties, apart from last name, date of birth, and either Social Security number or driver's license number for the voter? A. For the online counties, they've entered the whole application. So there's the voter's address, their preference |

18 (Pages 69 to 72)

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3/4/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Keith Ingram

| | Page 73 | | Page 75 |
|--|---|--|---|
| 1 | Q. Okay. And what about the | 1 | A. We don't check eligibility on |
| 2 | offline counties? | 2 | the front end. |
| 3 | A. It's the same thing. We get | 3 | Q. Okay. But that is how you |
| 4 | everything that's on the voter registration | 4 | assign a VUID number; is that correct? |
| 5 | application. | 5 | A. That's correct. |
| 6 | Q. Okay. So using everything | 6 | Q. And then those folks are |
| 7 | that's on the voter registration application. | 7 | registered to vote, once they have their VUID |
| 8 | But county registrars and | 8 | number; is that correct? |
| 9 | now I'm talking voter registration; I'm | 9 | A. Thirty days later, yes. |
| 10 | talking about online and offline counties | 10 | Q. Okay. So all you need to |
| 11 | they don't send you copies of the voter | 11 | confirm that a voter can register to vote is |
| 12 | registration applications that they receive. | 12 | last name, date of birth, and either Social |
| 13 | Is that correct? | 13 | Security number or driver's license number. |
| 14 | A. That's correct. They send us | 14 | Is that correct? |
| 15 | fields, with data populating those fields. | 15 | A. If they match, yes. |
| 16 | Q. Right. So they don't send you | 16 | Q. And if they don't match, you |
| 17 | scans of those applications. Right? | 17 | send that information back to the counties. |
| 18 | A. That's right. | 18 | Is that correct? |
| 19 | Q. And they don't send you | 19 | A. That's correct. |
| 20 | pictures of those applications. Is that | 20 | Q. And that's called an error |
| 21 | right? | 21 22 | file; is that right? |
| 22 | A. That's right. | 22 | A. No. It's just a failed live |
| | | 2 | |
| | | | |
| | Page 74 | | Page 76 |
| 1 | Page 74 Q. Okay. And I know that this | 1 | Page 76 check, and they will have to be sent a notice |
| 2 | | 1 2 | - |
| 2 | Q. Okay. And I know that this | | check, and they will have to be sent a notice |
| 2 3 4 | Q. Okay. And I know that this might seem sort of basic, but I just want to | 2 | check, and they will have to be sent a notice of incomplete. |
| 2 3 4 5 | Q. Okay. And I know that this might seem sort of basic, but I just want to make sure I'm very clear on what's happening. And so they don't and they don't send you scans of the voter's | 2 3 | check, and they will have to be sent a notice of incomplete. Q. Okay. And is that the same process so we were sort of talking in the context of |
| 2 3 4 5 6 | Q. Okay. And I know that this might seem sort of basic, but I just want to make sure I'm very clear on what's happening. And so they don't and they | 2 3 4 | check, and they will have to be sent a notice of incomplete. Q. Okay. And is that the same process |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | Q. Okay. And I know that this might seem sort of basic, but I just want to make sure I'm very clear on what's happening. And so they don't and they don't send you scans of the voter's signature. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. And they don't send you | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | check, and they will have to be sent a notice of incomplete. Q. Okay. And is that the same process so we were sort of talking in the context of new voters. Is it the same process for updating voter registrations? A. I would have to check with my |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 | Q. Okay. And I know that this might seem sort of basic, but I just want to make sure I'm very clear on what's happening. And so they don't and they don't send you scans of the voter's signature. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. And they don't send you pictures of voter signatures? A. That's correct. Q. And they don't send you copies | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 | check, and they will have to be sent a notice of incomplete. Q. Okay. And is that the same process so we were sort of talking in the context of new voters. Is it the same process for updating voter registrations? A. I would have to check with my VR people to be sure. But I don't think that a change in registration goes through live check. It already has a VUID assigned. |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 | Q. Okay. And I know that this might seem sort of basic, but I just want to make sure I'm very clear on what's happening. And so they don't and they don't send you scans of the voter's signature. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. And they don't send you pictures of voter signatures? A. That's correct. Q. And they don't send you copies of voter signatures. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. And they don't send you copies of voter signatures. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. And they don't send you copies of voter signatures. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. Okay. And so you are able to determine whether a voter is eligible to vote using only their last name, date of birth, and Social Security number or driver's license number that they provide. Is that correct? A. That's not an eligibility check; it's an identity check. | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 | check, and they will have to be sent a notice of incomplete. Q. Okay. And is that the same process so we were sort of talking in the context of new voters. Is it the same process for updating voter registrations? A. I would have to check with my VR people to be sure. But I don't think that a change in registration goes through live check. It already has a VUID assigned. Q. All right. But in order to make changes to voter registration, the only information that your office needs is last name, date of birth, and Social Security number or driver's license number. Is that correct? A. To make a change, did you say? Q. Yeah. To confirm that that voter is the same voter. A. Yeah, I don't think we |
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19 (Pages 73 to 76)

Case: 32550536-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 0/4/08/2Date at the d406/29/2022

3/4/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Keith Ingram

| | Page 77 | | Page 79 |
|--|---|---|--|
| 1 | a change. | 1 | good sense? |
| 2 | Q. Okay. What information do you | 2 | A. Sure. |
| 3 | need for a change? | 3 | Q. Okay. So when voters or I |
| 4 | A. Whatever the voter provides | 4 | will say "registrants." When a potential |
| 5 | that's different. | 5 | registrant goes to DPS, either to get a |
| 6 | Q. Okay. | 6 | license, an identification card, conduct some |
| 7 | A. Our office doesn't need | 7 | other business, they are given the |
| 8 | anything. | 8 | opportunity to register to vote. Is that |
| 9 | The county voter registrar | 9 | correct? |
| 10 | if a person is changing their last name | 10 | A. I agree with that. |
| 11 | because they got married, then they'll send | 11 | Q. Okay. And if the registrant is |
| 12 | an updated voter registration application to | 12 | getting a driver's license or ID card for the |
| 13 | the county. The county will change the | 13 | first time, then the registrant provides DPS |
| 14 | voter's last name in the record and make the | 14 | with their signature. Is that correct? |
| 15 | former name the former name. And that would | 15 | MS. HUNKER: Objection. Form. |
| 16 | be that. We don't have anything to do with | 16 | Vague. |
| 17 | it. | 17 | A Yeah, I mean, that's not the |
| 18 | Q. Oh. Okay. | 18 | only time, but, yes. |
| 19 | A. It's a county-based elections | 19 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: |
| 20 | system in Texas. | 20 | Q. Okay. Do they provide their |
| 21 | Q. Understood. That's very | 21. 22 | signature when they're getting their driver's |
| 22 | helpful. Thank you. Like I said, some of my | P ²² | license for the first time? |
| | <u>0</u> | | |
| | Page 78 | | Page 80 |
| 1 | questions today are going to be basic for | 1 | A. They do. |
| 2 | you. But they're very helpful for me, so | 2 | |
| | | | Q. Do they provide their signature |
| 3 | I appreciate it. | 3 | when they're getting an ID card for the first |
| 4 | And so to be clear: Going back | 3 4 | when they're getting an ID card for the first time? |
| 4 5 | And so to be clear: Going back to new voters, for online and offline | 3 4 5 | when they're getting an ID card for the first time? A. They do. |
| 4 5 6 | And so to be clear: Going back to new voters, for online and offline counties, they don't send you any information | 3 4 5 6 | when they're getting an ID card for the first time?A. They do.Q. Okay. When else do registrants |
| 4 5 6 7 | And so to be clear: Going back to new voters, for online and offline counties, they don't send you any information related to the voter's signature. Is that | 3 4 5 6 7 | when they're getting an ID card for the first time?A. They do.Q. Okay. When else do registrants provide their signature to DPS? |
| 4 5 7 8 | And so to be clear: Going back to new voters, for online and offline counties, they don't send you any information related to the voter's signature. Is that correct? | 3 4 5 6 7 8 | when they're getting an ID card for the first time?A. They do.Q. Okay. When else do registrants provide their signature to DPS?A. So on the second renewal, |
| 4 5 7 8 9 | And so to be clear: Going back to new voters, for online and offline counties, they don't send you any information related to the voter's signature. Is that correct? A. Agreed. | 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | when they're getting an ID card for the first time? A. They do. Q. Okay. When else do registrants provide their signature to DPS? A. So on the second renewal, you've got to go back to the office and |
| 4 5 7 8 9 10 | And so to be clear: Going back to new voters, for online and offline counties, they don't send you any information related to the voter's signature. Is that correct? A. Agreed. Q. And are there any steps in the | 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 | when they're getting an ID card for the first time? A. They do. Q. Okay. When else do registrants provide their signature to DPS? A. So on the second renewal, you've got to go back to the office and you've got to sign again. |
| 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 | And so to be clear: Going back to new voters, for online and offline counties, they don't send you any information related to the voter's signature. Is that correct? A. Agreed. Q. And are there any steps in the voter registration process that your office | 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 | when they're getting an ID card for the first time? A. They do. Q. Okay. When else do registrants provide their signature to DPS? A. So on the second renewal, you've got to go back to the office and you've got to sign again. Q. Understood. |
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Case: 32550536-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 0/4/48/2Date active 04/06/29/2022

3/4/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Keith Ingram

| | Page 81 | | Page 83 |
|---|---|---|--|
| 1 | I understand I might be | 1 | A. We've got a program. I think |
| 2 | wrong about this, but I think that that's | 2 | we're using Melissa Data now. It could |
| 3 | stretching out to 8 and 8. | 3 | be that we've changed, but I think we're |
| 4 | Q. Understood. | 4 | using Melissa Data to parse the address by |
| 5 | But, generally, at least | 5 | county, and it goes out to the appropriate |
| 6 | 12 years before you provide a new signature. | 6 | county, the file. |
| 7 | A. Right. | 7 | We are just a pass-through |
| 8 | Q. And so does DPS, for let's | 8 | entity. The only thing that we change in |
| 9 | talk about someone who's getting their | 9 | DPS's data is we direct it to a particular |
| 10 | driver's license or ID card for the first | 10 | county. |
| 11 | time. | 11 | Q. Okay. |
| 12 | Does DPS transmit all of the | 12 | A. If the file came from DPS, pass |
| 13 | information that you need to register a voter | 13 | it to the appropriate county. That's it. |
| 14 | electronically? | 14 | Q. Okay. All right. |
| 15 | A. Yes. | 15 | And does your office do |
| 16 | Q. What information do they | 16 | anything different to confirm that a voter |
| 17 | provide you? | 17 | can register to vote for DPS applications |
| 18 | A. Everything that's on the voter | 18 | than they do for paper registration |
| 19 | registration application. | 19 | applications? |
| 20 | Q. Okay. Do they also provide you | 20 _C | A. No. Once the county gets that |
| 21 | with images of voter signatures from DPS? | | file, they treat it just like they would |
| 22 | A. They do. | 21) 22 | information off a paper application. |
| | | S. | 1 1 11 |
| | Page \$2 | | Page 84 |
| 1 | Q. Okay. And does anyone in your | 1 | They send the VUID request to |
| 2 | office look at those signatures? | 2 | us, we do a live check, send the VUID back to |
| 3 | A. We do not. | 3 | the county. |
| 4 | Q. Okay. And do you use those | 4 | O Ob Olvery Se this is |
| 5 | | | Q. Oh. Okay. So this is |
| | signatures to register voters to vote? | 5 | interesting. So I just I want to be so |
| 6 | A. We do not. The county does. | | |
| 6 7 | | 5 | interesting. So I just I want to be so |
| | A. We do not. The county does. | 5 6 | interesting. So I just I want to be so let me be clear then. |
| 7 | A. We do not. The county does.Q. Okay. So let's break that | 5 6 7 | interesting. So I just I want to be so let me be clear then. So you'll get this information |
| 7 8 | A. We do not. The county does.Q. Okay. So let's break that | 5 6 7 8 | interesting. So I just I want to be so let me be clear then. So you'll get this information from DPS. Fair? |
| 7 8 9 | A. We do not. The county does. Q. Okay. So let's break that down. So when DPS sends you sorry. | 5 6 7 8 9 | interesting. So I just I want to be so let me be clear then. So you'll get this information from DPS. Fair? A. Fair. |
| 7 8 9 10 | A. We do not. The county does. Q. Okay. So let's break that down. So when DPS sends you sorry. Strike that. | 5 6 7 8 9 10 | interesting. So I just I want to be so let me be clear then. So you'll get this information from DPS. Fair? A. Fair. Q. All the information from the |
| 7 8 9 10 11 | A. We do not. The county does. Q. Okay. So let's break that down. So when DPS sends you sorry. Strike that. So you receive all of the | 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 | interesting. So I just I want to be so let me be clear then. So you'll get this information from DPS. Fair? A. Fair. Q. All the information from the voter registration application is what you |
| 7 8 9 10 11 12 | A. We do not. The county does. Q. Okay. So let's break that down. So when DPS sends you sorry. Strike that. So you receive all of the information from DPS electronically. Is that | 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | interesting. So I just I want to be so let me be clear then. So you'll get this information from DPS. Fair? A. Fair. Q. All the information from the voter registration application is what you receive. Correct? |
| 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 | A. We do not. The county does. Q. Okay. So let's break that down. So when DPS sends you sorry. Strike that. So you receive all of the information from DPS electronically. Is that correct? | 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 | interesting. So I just I want to be so let me be clear then. So you'll get this information from DPS. Fair? A. Fair. Q. All the information from the voter registration application is what you receive. Correct? A. Agreed. That's right. |
| 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 | A. We do not. The county does. Q. Okay. So let's break that down. So when DPS sends you sorry. Strike that. So you receive all of the information from DPS electronically. Is that correct? A. That's correct. | 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 | interesting. So I just I want to be so let me be clear then. So you'll get this information from DPS. Fair? A. Fair. Q. All the information from the voter registration application is what you receive. Correct? A. Agreed. That's right. Q. All right. And then you send |
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| 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 | A. We do not. The county does. Q. Okay. So let's break that down. So when DPS sends you sorry. Strike that. So you receive all of the information from DPS electronically. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. And your office will send all that information back down to the counties | 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 | interesting. So I just I want to be so let me be clear then. So you'll get this information from DPS. Fair? A. Fair. Q. All the information from the voter registration application is what you receive. Correct? A. Agreed. That's right. Q. All right. And then you send that information down to the county. Is that correct? |
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| 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | A. We do not. The county does. Q. Okay. So let's break that down. So when DPS sends you sorry. Strike that. So you receive all of the information from DPS electronically. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. And your office will send all that information back down to the counties electronically? Can we talk about how that happens? A. That's right. Q. Okay. Can you explain that | 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | interesting. So I just I want to be so let me be clear then. So you'll get this information from DPS. Fair? A. Fair. Q. All the information from the voter registration application is what you receive. Correct? A. Agreed. That's right. Q. All right. And then you send that information down to the county. Is that correct? A. Agreed. Q. And are we talking about |
| 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | A. We do not. The county does. Q. Okay. So let's break that down. So when DPS sends you sorry. Strike that. So you receive all of the information from DPS electronically. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. And your office will send all that information back down to the counties electronically? Can we talk about how that happens? A. That's right. Q. Okay. Can you explain that process in a little bit more detail. What do | 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | interesting. So I just I want to be so let me be clear then. So you'll get this information from DPS. Fair? A. Fair. Q. All the information from the voter registration application is what you receive. Correct? A. Agreed. That's right. Q. All right. And then you send that information down to the county. Is that correct? A. Agreed. Q. And are we talking about offline counties, online counties, or both? |
| 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | A. We do not. The county does. Q. Okay. So let's break that down. So when DPS sends you sorry. Strike that. So you receive all of the information from DPS electronically. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. And your office will send all that information back down to the counties electronically? Can we talk about how that happens? A. That's right. Q. Okay. Can you explain that | 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | interesting. So I just I want to be so let me be clear then. So you'll get this information from DPS. Fair? A. Fair. Q. All the information from the voter registration application is what you receive. Correct? A. Agreed. That's right. Q. All right. And then you send that information down to the county. Is that correct? A. Agreed. Q. And are we talking about offline counties, online counties, or both? A. Yes. |

21 (Pages 81 to 84)

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Case: 32550536-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 0/4/58/2Date argited 406/29/2022

3/4/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Keith Ingram

| | | - | |
|----|---|----|---|
| | Page 85 | | Page 87 |
| 1 | Q. Okay. You send information | 1 | information that we get that indicates that |
| 2 | down to the counties. They input that | 2 | voter's not eligible. And that would change |
| 3 | information into TEAM. Is that correct? For | 3 | their status before they go to vote for the |
| 4 | online counties. | 4 | first time. |
| 5 | A. Well, yes. I mean, they open | 5 | But, generally, there's not |
| 6 | the record, and it prepopulates into the | 6 | anything in place that all voters have to go |
| 7 | fields that they look at for inputting a | 7 | through to vote the first time. |
| 8 | voter registration application. | 8 | Q. Okay. So you might receive |
| 9 | Q. And then they send that back to | 9 | information that a voter, for example, is |
| 10 | you? | 10 | convicted of a felony. Is that right? |
| 11 | A. That's correct. | 11 | A. That's right. |
| 12 | Q. And you run your check then. | 12 | Q. And you'd send that to the |
| 13 | A. We do live check and assign a | 13 | counties. |
| 14 | VUID, that's right. | 14 | A. Agreed. |
| 15 | Q. All right. And then you send | 15 | Q. And you might receive |
| 16 | that voter registration file with a VUID back | 16 | information that, sadly, a voter has passed |
| 17 | down to the counties? | 17 | away Correct? |
| 18 | A. We just assign a VUID to the | 18 | A. That's true. |
| 19 | record. | 19 | Q. And you might send that to the |
| 20 | Q. Okay. And it populates in the | 20 | counties. |
| 21 | computer? | 2D | A. Agreed. |
| 22 | A. Right. | 22 | Q. But in between when a voter |
| | G | 2 | |
| | Page 86 | | Page 88 |
| 1 | Q. Okay. And I want to be clear | 1 | receives their VUID and they vote in their |
| 2 | about something you said before. | 2 | first election, generally, there is no |
| 3 | You said that when you are | 3 | additional eligibility check or verification |
| 4 | assigning VUIDs and registering voters to | 4 | that happens in between that time. Right? |
| 5 | vote, you're not doing an eligibility check. | 5 | A. Agreed. |
| 6 | Is that what you said? | 6 | Q. It would only happen if you |
| 7 | A. That's what I said. | 7 | received some information that indicated a |
| 8 | Q. Okay. Can you explain I | 8 | voter was not eligible. |
| 9 | want to be clear. | 9 | A. Agreed. |
| 10 | Once a voter is assigned a VUID | 10 | Q. And in addition to felony |
| 11 | and then 30 days pass, they are able to vote | 11 | convictions and death, what other information |
| 12 | in the next election. Is that correct? | 12 | might you receive that suggests a voter is |
| 13 | A. I agree with that. | 13 | not eligible? |
| 14 | Q. And so if they appear to vote | 14 | A. They could have they |
| 15 | in person with the proper identification, | 15 | could we could get an indication that |
| 16 | they're able to vote. Right? | 16 | they've moved, registered to vote in another |
| 17 | A. Sure. | 17 | county, registered in another state, or that |
| 18 | Q. There's no mandatory or | 18 | they are a noncitizen. |
| 19 | additional eligibility check in between when | 19 | Q. All right. But no |
| 20 | they receive their VUID and when they appear | 20 | information nothing related to their |
| 21 | to vote for the first time. Is that correct? | 21 | signature on their voter registration |
| 22 | A. Generally. There could be some | 22 | application; correct? |
| | | | |

22 (Pages 85 to 88)

Case: 32550536-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 0/4/68/2Date acjed 466/29/2022

3/4/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Keith Ingram

| | Page 89 | Page 91 |
|--|--|---|
| 1 | | _ |
| 1 | A. I agree with that. MS. YUKEVICH: So we've been | 1 that they meet the qualifications, you know, |
| 2 3 | | 2 under oath. So that if they lie on that |
| | going for about an hour. Are you okay to take a five-minute break? | 3 document, they can be held liable for lying. 4 And so the purpose of voter |
| 4 5 | | |
| 6 | I will flag on the record for | 5 registration is to make sure that you have 6 the person, where they are, and that they |
| 0 7 | everyone: I have a dog, and we're | |
| | still working from home. And he might | 7 have sworn that they're eligible to vote. |
| 8 | bark in the background. I forgot to | 8 Q. Okay. And we'll get to the |
| 9 | tell you at the beginning. It has not | 9 purpose of a signature on a voter |
| 10 | happened yet, but I do need to take | 10 registration application later on in the |
| 11 | breaks about every hour, for you and | 11 deposition. |
| 12 | for him, if that's all right. | 12 But just to be clear: Your |
| 13 | THE DEPONENT: Fine with me. | 13 office does not use signatures to assign |
| 14 | MS. YUKEVICH: Okay. We can | 14 VUIDs. Correct? |
| 15 | take just five minutes. Kathleen, is | 15 A. I agree with that. |
| 16 | that okay? | 16 Q. Okay. And you don't use |
| 17 | MS. HUNKER: Yeah, it's no | 17 signatures to verify a voter's identity |
| 18 | problem. | 18 during the voter registration process. Is |
| 19 | MS. YUKEVICH: Okay. Great. | 19 that correct? |
| 20 | We can go off the record. | 20 A. That's right. |
| 21 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is | Q. And you don't use signatures to determine whether or not a voter is eligible |
| 22 | 12:10 p.m. We are now off the record. | determine whether or not a voter is eligible |
| | (j) | 1 |
| | Page 90 | Page 92 |
| 1 | Page 90 | Page 92 |
| 1 | (Recess taken.) | 1 to vote in the state of Texas. Is that |
| 2 | (Recess taken.) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is | 1 to vote in the state of Texas. Is that 2 correct? |
| 2 3 | (Recess taken.) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is now 12:21 p.m. We are now on the | to vote in the state of Texas. Is that correct? A. I agree with that. |
| 2 3 4 | (Recess taken.) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is now 12:21 p.m. We are now on the record. | to vote in the state of Texas. Is that correct? A. I agree with that. Q. All right. So now I'd like to |
| 2 3 4 5 | (Recess taken.) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is now 12:21 p.m. We are now on the record. BY MS. YUKEVICH: | to vote in the state of Texas. Is that correct? A. I agree with that. Q. All right. So now I'd like to shift gears into House Bill 3107. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 | (Recess taken.) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is now 12:21 p.m. We are now on the record. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. Mr. Ingram, oefore we shift | to vote in the state of Texas. Is that correct? A. I agree with that. Q. All right. So now I'd like to shift gears into House Bill 3107. 6 So have you heard of House |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 | (Recess taken.) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is now 12:21 p.m. We are now on the record. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. Mr. Ingram, before we shift gears into House Bill 3107, I just wanted to | to vote in the state of Texas. Is that correct? A. I agree with that. Q. All right. So now I'd like to shift gears into House Bill 3107. So have you heard of House Bill 3107? |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | (Recess taken.) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is now 12:21 p.m. We are now on the record. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. Mr. Ingram, before we shift gears into House Bill 3107, I just wanted to be clear about the purpose of the voter | to vote in the state of Texas. Is that correct? A. I agree with that. Q. All right. So now I'd like to shift gears into House Bill 3107. So have you heard of House Bill 3107? A. Yes. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | (Recess taken.) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is now 12:21 p.m. We are now on the record. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. Mr. Ingram, before we shift gears into House Bill 3107, I just wanted to be clear about the purpose of the voter registration process for everything that | to vote in the state of Texas. Is that correct? A. I agree with that. Q. All right. So now I'd like to shift gears into House Bill 3107. So have you heard of House Bill 3107? A. Yes. Q. Okay. And can you just tell me |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 | (Recess taken.) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is now 12:21 p.m. We are now on the record. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. Mr. Ingram, before we shift gears into House Bill 3107, I just wanted to be clear about the purpose of the voter registration process for everything that we've talked about so far. | to vote in the state of Texas. Is that correct? A. I agree with that. Q. All right. So now I'd like to shift gears into House Bill 3107. So have you heard of House Bill 3107? A. Yes. Q. Okay. And can you just tell me what that is? |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 | (Recess taken.) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is now 12:21 p.m. We are now on the record. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. Mr. Ingram, before we shift gears into House Bill 3107, I just wanted to be clear about the purpose of the voter registration process for everything that we've talked about so far. So you mentioned that the voter | to vote in the state of Texas. Is that correct? A. I agree with that. Q. All right. So now I'd like to shift gears into House Bill 3107. So have you heard of House Bill 3107? A. Yes. Q. Okay. And can you just tell me what that is? A. House Bill 3107 was our |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | (Recess taken.) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is now 12:21 p.m. We are now on the record. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. Mr. Ingram, before we shift gears into House Bill 3107, I just wanted to be clear about the purpose of the voter registration process for everything that we've talked about so far. So you mentioned that the voter registration process does not involve an | to vote in the state of Texas. Is that correct? A. I agree with that. Q. All right. So now I'd like to shift gears into House Bill 3107. So have you heard of House Bill 3107? A. Yes. Q. Okay. And can you just tell me what that is? A. House Bill 3107 was our office's cleanup bill. It was about |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 | (Recess taken.) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is now 12:21 p.m. We are now on the record. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. Mr. Ingram, before we shift gears into House Bill 3107, I just wanted to be clear about the purpose of the voter registration process for everything that we've talked about so far. So you mentioned that the voter registration process does not involve an eligibility check. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. So what is the purpose, then, | to vote in the state of Texas. Is that correct? A. I agree with that. Q. All right. So now I'd like to shift gears into House Bill 3107. So have you heard of House Bill 3107? A. Yes. Q. Okay. And can you just tell me what that is? A. House Bill 3107 was our office's cleanup bill. It was about two-and-a-half sessions in the making. Q. Okay. MS. YUKEVICH: Can we pull up, |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 | (Recess taken.) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is now 12:21 p.m. We are now on the record. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. Mr. Ingram, before we shift gears into House Bill 3107, I just wanted to be clear about the purpose of the voter registration process for everything that we've talked about so far. So you mentioned that the voter registration process does not involve an eligibility check. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. So what is the purpose, then, of the voter registration process if not to | to vote in the state of Texas. Is that correct? A. I agree with that. Q. All right. So now I'd like to shift gears into House Bill 3107. So have you heard of House Bill 3107? A. Yes. Q. Okay. And can you just tell me what that is? A. House Bill 3107 was our office's cleanup bill. It was about two-and-a-half sessions in the making. Q. Okay. MS. YUKEVICH: Can we pull up, please, what's been premarked as |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | (Recess taken.) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is now 12:21 p.m. We are now on the record. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. Mr. Ingram, before we shift gears into House Bill 3107, I just wanted to be clear about the purpose of the voter registration process for everything that we've talked about so far. So you mentioned that the voter registration process does not involve an eligibility check. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. So what is the purpose, then, of the voter registration process if not to determine eligibility? A. Hmm. The purpose of voter | to vote in the state of Texas. Is that correct? A. I agree with that. Q. All right. So now I'd like to shift gears into House Bill 3107. So have you heard of House Bill 3107? A. Yes. Q. Okay. And can you just tell me what that is? A. House Bill 3107 was our office's cleanup bill. It was about two-and-a-half sessions in the making. Q. Okay. MS. YUKEVICH: Can we pull up, please, what's been premarked as Deposition Exhibit B. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | (Recess taken.) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is now 12:21 p.m. We are now on the record. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. Mr. Ingram, before we shift gears into House Bill 3107, I just wanted to be clear about the purpose of the voter registration process for everything that we've talked about so far. So you mentioned that the voter registration process does not involve an eligibility check. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. So what is the purpose, then, of the voter registration process if not to determine eligibility? A. Hmm. The purpose of voter registration is to make sure that we've got a | to vote in the state of Texas. Is that correct? A. I agree with that. Q. All right. So now I'd like to shift gears into House Bill 3107. So have you heard of House Bill 3107? A. Yes. Q. Okay. And can you just tell me what that is? A. House Bill 3107 was our office's cleanup bill. It was about two-and-a-half sessions in the making. Q. Okay. MS. YUKEVICH: Can we pull up, please, what's been premarked as Deposition Exhibit B. And can we mark this as Exhibit B. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | (Recess taken.) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is now 12:21 p.m. We are now on the record. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. Mr. Ingram, before we shift gears into House Bill 3107, I just wanted to be clear about the purpose of the voter registration process for everything that we've talked about so far. So you mentioned that the voter registration process does not involve an eligibility check. Is that correct? A. That's correct. Q. So what is the purpose, then, of the voter registration process if not to determine eligibility? A. Hmm. The purpose of voter registration is to make sure that we've got a person identified by their name and residence | to vote in the state of Texas. Is that correct? A. I agree with that. Q. All right. So now I'd like to shift gears into House Bill 3107. So have you heard of House Bill 3107? A. Yes. Q. Okay. And can you just tell me what that is? A. House Bill 3107 was our office's cleanup bill. It was about two-and-a-half sessions in the making. Q. Okay. MS. YUKEVICH: Can we pull up, please, what's been premarked as Deposition Exhibit B. And can we mark this as Exhibit B. |
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23 (Pages 89 to 92)

Case: 32550536-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 044708/2Date at the d406/29/2022

3/4/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Keith Ingram

| | Page 93 | | Page 95 |
|--|---|--|---|
| 1 | date.) | 1 | A. That's right. |
| 2 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: | 2 | Q. All right. And why did you |
| 3 | Q. Do you recognize this, | 3 | write this section of House Bill 3107? |
| 4 | Mr. Ingram? | 4 | A. In our previous cleanup bill, |
| 5 | A. I do. | 5 | SB 910, we had apparently been less than |
| 6 | Q. What is it? | 6 | clear. So we wanted to make sure we were |
| 7 | A. It's House Bill 3107 on the PDF | 7 | clear. |
| 8 | page. | 8 | Q. Okay. Less than clear about |
| 9 | Q. Great. | 9 | what? |
| 10 | And do you understand that my | 10 | A. Well, it said, before this, |
| 11 | client, Vote.org, is only challenging a | 11 | that a copy of a registration application had |
| 12 | single provision of House Bill 3107? | 12 | to be submitted. And we never intended for |
| 13 | A. Okay. | 13 | it to be a copy. We meant for it to be the |
| 14 | Q. Sorry. Did you know that | 14 | original. |
| 15 | before today? | 15 | So the whole point of SB 910's |
| 16 | A. I had no idea. I thought you | 16 | provision was to allow someone to hold their |
| 17 | were challenging the requirement that the | 17 | place in line, to hold their effective date |
| 18 | voter registration be signed. That's in | 18 | of registration with a fax, but to follow it |
| 19 | 13.002(b). | 19 | up with the original signed copy of the voter |
| 20 | Q. Got it. | 20 0 | registration application. |
| 21 | MS. YUKEVICH: So can we go to | 21) 22 | Q. Okay. And you say "we never |
| 22 | Section 14 of House Bill 3107. And | 22 | intended." Are you speaking about the |
| | | 2 | |
| | Page 94 | | |
| | Page 94 | | Page 96 |
| 1 | sorry. That's on page 8. Can we zoom | 1 | Secretary of State's Office? |
| 2 | sorry. That's on page 8. Can we zoom in on the highlighted text. | 2 | Secretary of State's Office? A. That's right. |
| | sorry. That's on page 8. Can we zoom in on the highlighted text. BY MS. YUKEVICH: | | Secretary of State's Office? A. That's right. Q. Did you also help write Senate |
| 2 3 4 | sorry. That's on page 8. Can we zoom in on the highlighted text. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. Are you familiar with this | 2 3 4 | Secretary of State's Office? A. That's right. Q. Did you also help write Senate Bill 910? |
| 2 3 4 5 | sorry. That's on page 8. Can we zoom in on the highlighted text. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. Are you familiar with this provision of House Bill 3107? | 2 3 4 5 | Secretary of State's Office?A. That's right.Q. Did you also help write SenateBill 910?A. I did. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 | sorry. That's on page 8. Can we zoom in on the highlighted text. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. Are you familiar with this provision of House Bill 3107? A. I am. | 2 3 4 5 6 | Secretary of State's Office? A. That's right. Q. Did you also help write Senate Bill 910? A. I did. Q. Okay. And why do you refer to |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 | sorry. That's on page 8. Can we zoom in on the highlighted text. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. Are you familiar with this provision of House Bill 3107? A. I am. Q. Okay. Do you need a second to | 2 3 4 5 6 7 | Secretary of State's Office? A. That's right. Q. Did you also help write Senate Bill 910? A. I did. Q. Okay. And why do you refer to this as a cleanup bill? |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | sorry. That's on page 8. Can we zoom in on the highlighted text. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. Are you familiar with this provision of House Bill 3107? A. I am. Q. Okay. Do you need a second to read it, or are you familiar enough to talk | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | Secretary of State's Office? A. That's right. Q. Did you also help write Senate Bill 910? A. I did. Q. Okay. And why do you refer to this as a cleanup bill? A. Both SB 910 and HB 3107 are |
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3/4/2022 Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Keith Ingram Page 101 Page 103 I don't know if our draft did 1 But we wanted to make sure, 1 A. that or not. I'd have to look again. 2 2 since there was apparently some 3 3 Q. Okay. But you wanted to make misunderstanding about this provision perhaps 4 it clear that voters couldn't use a copy. Is 4 being in conflict with 13.002. But it is not 5 that correct? 5 in conflict with 13.002, and it is exactly 6 6 Α. That's correct. the same thing as 13.002. It still has to be 7 7 in writing and signed by the voter. And so when you were drafting Q. 8 your version of Section 14 of House 8 And you can send a fax in 9 Bill 3107, who did you talk to to come up advance, to hold your place. But that 9 10 with this language? 10 original, signed application, in accordance 11 So everything in this bill was 11 with 13.002(b), has to arrive within A. 12 the product of meetings with our lawyers 12 four days. 13 here, as we went through every provision of 13 Q. All right. And so this -- is 14 14 the Election Code. it fair to say this change was motivated by

15

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Vote.org's web application in 2018?

Q. But it is fair to say it was

Texas law, yes.

A. And their misunderstanding of

motivated by Vote.org's web application in

| 20 | lawyers in their capacity as lawyers or | 20 | 2018? |
|----|---|----|---|
| 21 | policy advisors? Or, you know, how did those | 21 | (Stenographer requested |
| 22 | conversations come about? | 21 | clarification due to audio |
| | 3 | 5 | |
| | Page 102 | | Page 104 |
| 1 | A. Well, as practitioners of | 1 | distortion/malfunction.) |
| 2 | election law. | 2 | MS. HUNKER: Objection. |
| 3 | Q. And what were your what did | 3 | Mischaracterization of the witness's |
| 4 | you consider when you were drafting | 4 | testimony. |
| 5 | Section 14 of House Bill 3107? | 5 | You can answer. |
| 6 | A. Well, the particular genesis of | 6 | A. I would say this change came |
| 7 | this section was Vote.org's misreading of the | 7 | about as a result of the Vote.org kerfuffle |
| 8 | law in 2018. | 8 | in 2018. |
| 9 | Q. So this change to the law was | 9 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: |
| 10 | motivated by Vote.org's web application that | 10 | Q. Okay. And we'll get into, you |
| 11 | allowed voters to affix an imaged signature | 11 | know, what you call a "Vote.org kerfuffle" in |
| 12 | to voter registration applications. Is that | 12 | a few. |
| 13 | fair to say? | 13 | Anything else that motivated |
| 14 | A. I agree with that, that the | 14 | this change? |
| 15 | purpose there certainly wasn't any purpose | 15 | A. Well, in particular, in regard |
| 16 | in SB 910 to abrogate the requirement that | 16 | to that kerfuffle, the conversation that we |
| 17 | the voter registration application has to be | 17 | had with Elizabeth Hanshaw Winn. |
| 18 | in writing and signed by the voter. | 18 | Q. Who's Elizabeth Hanshaw Winn? |
| 19 | That's the law, 13.002(b). | 19 | A. Elizabeth Hanshaw Winn is a |
| 20 | That's the law we cited to Vote.org in 2018 | 20 | she was at the time an assistant county |
| 21 | when we talked to them. That's the law. And | 21 | attorney for Travis County. And she was a |
| 22 | 910 didn't change that. | 22 | former legal director here in the Secretary |
| | | | |
| | | | O(1) |

26 (Pages 101 to 104)

Q. Okay. And I don't want to get

in -- and I want to be clear for the record.

I don't want to get into breaching any sort

So were you talking to your

of attorney-client privilege.

15

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3/4/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Keith Ingram

| , , | - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | , | - , |
|-----|---|----------|---|
| | Page 105 | | Page 107 |
| 1 | of State's Office. | 1 | We talked about the fact that a |
| 2 | Q. Okay. What was that | 2 | cleanup bill can be the codification of the |
| 3 | conversation? | 3 | Secretary of State's interpretation of the |
| 4 | A. That she had advised Bruce | 4 | Election Code. Is that fair? |
| 5 | Elfant to accept these applications because | 5 | A. I agree with that. |
| 6 | she just assumed the law must have changed | 6 | Q. All right. And is this |
| 7 | when she saw "copy" in this provision. | 7 | Section 14 of House Bill 3107 the |
| 8 | Q. All right. Who had that | 8 | codification of the Secretary of State's |
| 9 | conversation with her? | 9 | interpretation of the Election Code? |
| 10 | A. Christina Adkins. | 10 | A. No, ma'am. |
| 11 | Q. How many times did Ms. Adkins | 11 | Q. What is Section 14, then, if |
| 12 | speak to Ms. Hanshaw Winn about that | 12 | not that? |
| 13 | information? | 13 | A. It's making it clear that this |
| 14 | A. Once. | 14 | section is not in conflict with the rest of |
| 15 | Q. What else did you take into | 15 | Texas Election Code, particularly 13.002(b). |
| 16 | consideration when you were drafting | 16 | Q. So it is clarifying a statute |
| 17 | Section 14 of House Bill 3107? | 17 | that previously was open to multiple |
| 18 | A. That's it. | 18 | interpretations. |
| 19 | Q. Did you speak to anyone about | 19 | A. We don't believe so. But just |
| 20 | the effect that this might have on young | 20 | in case, we wanted to make it very clear. |
| 20 | voters? | | Q. Okay. |
| 22 | A. No. | 21 22 | A. We think Vote.org knew better |
| 22 | A. NO. | P | A. We think vole.org knew better |
| | Page 106 | | Page 108 |
| 1 | This didn't change the law | 1 | than to do what it was doing; we think they |
| 2 | do you understand? that the law already | 2 | did it anyway. And we think they did it to |
| 3 | required that a voter registration | 3 | the detriment of Texas voters. |
| 4 | application be in writing and signed. So | 4 | Q. Okay. And we certainly can |
| 5 | this is not a new requirement. | 5 | we certainly can get into that in a few. |
| 6 | And so certainly we didn't | 6 | I just want to be clear about what Section 14 |
| 7 | consider the impact. If this had been a new | 7 | did and didn't do and the purpose for it and |
| 8 | requirement, it would have been in our | 8 | the reasons behind it. |
| 9 | cleanup bill. It would have been in another | 9 | So because you viewed this as a |
| 10 | bill, by somebody who can make policy. This | 10 | clarification of a law, you didn't look into |
| 11 | is not making policy. | 11 | the impact that it might have on young |
| 12 | Q. Okay. So accepting that | 12 | voters. |
| 13 | okay. | 13 | A. Again, this is not a policy |
| 14 | Did you consider the impact | 14 | change. This is not about impacting voters. |
| 15 | that this bill might have on voters of color? | 15 | This is going to have zero impact on voters |
| 16 | A. No. | 16 | because it is not a change in the law. It is |
| 17 | Like I said, this is not a | 17 | not a policy shift at all, with zero so |
| 18 | change in law. This is only making sure that | 18 | therefore, it has zero consequences. |
| 19 | this section of law isn't perceived to | 19 | We didn't have to evaluate |
| 20 | conflict with another section of law. | 20 | consequences because, again, our office |
| 21 | Q. Understanding that you view | 21 | doesn't make policy. |
| 22 | this to be so let's take a step back. | 22 | Q. All right. But when your |
| | 1 | | - • |

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Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Keith Ingram

| | Page 153 | | Page 155 |
|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | advertising dollars to advertise | 1 | reasons. The primary reason, obviously, is |
| 2 | VoteTexas.gov generally. And VoteTexas.gov | 2 | to, you know, be held accountable for the |
| 3 | has all the information on it. | 3 | statements that they're making with regard to |
| 4 | Q. All right. Anything else | 4 | their eligibility to register to vote. |
| 5 | that I just want to make sure that I've | 5 | And secondarily, to use that |
| 6 | got the sort of full picture of what you do | 6 | signature as proof of identity for other, |
| 7 | to advertise to voters that they're able to | 7 | later documents with regard to voting by |
| 8 | request a voter registration application from | 8 | mail. |
| 9 | your office. | 9 | Q. Okay. If you'll give me a |
| 10 | A. That's it. | 10 | second, I want to go through the voter you |
| 11 | Q. Okay. | 11 | have a copy of the paper voter registration |
| 12 | MS. YUKEVICH: We've been going | 12 | application in front of you; right? |
| 13 | for another hour, and I want to be | 13 | A. I do. |
| 14 | conscious of the fast-and-furious | 14 | Q. Okay. And is that the same |
| 15 | typing hands of Ms. Knight. | 15 | that I would be able to download from the |
| 16 | So I know it's 12:15 for | 16 | Secretary of State's website? |
| 17 | you-all. Can we go off the record | 17 | A. The one that I have is the 2016 |
| 18 | briefly. | 18 | version, not the 2021 version. But the only |
| 19 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is | 19 | difference between the two is the amount of |
| 20 | 1:14 p.m. We are now off the record. | 20 | the penalty, at the bottom. |
| 21 | (Recess taken.) | 21. 22 | Q. Okay. If you'll just give me |
| 22 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: All right. | 22 22 | one second, I'm going to upload the virtual |
| | C) | | |
| | Page 154 | | Page 156 |
| 1 | Page 154 | 1 | Page 156 |
| 1 | The time is 1:35 p.m. We are now on | 1 | one excuse me, the electronic version, and |
| 2 | The time is 1:35 p.m. We are now on the record. | 2 | one excuse me, the electronic version, and we can go over that together. |
| 2 3 | The time is 1:35 p.m. We are now on the record. BY MS. YUKEVICH: | 2 3 | one excuse me, the electronic version, and we can go over that together. MS. YUKEVICH: So, Mr. White, |
| 2 3 4 | The time is 1:35 p.m. We are now on the record. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. Okay. Did you have a good | 2 3 4 | one excuse me, the electronic version, and we can go over that together. MS. YUKEVICH: So, Mr. White, I'm going to add something, if you |
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Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Keith Ingram

| 5, 1, 2022 | - votelorg vi sueque | | |
|------------|---|----------------|---|
| | Page 157 | | Page 159 |
| 1 | can't get any supply from their county. | 1 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: |
| 2 | Q. Okay. And is this top part, | 2 | Q. Okay. So is box 10 the |
| 3 | above where it says Registration Receipt, is | 3 | signature box on the voter registration |
| 4 | that the same as the paper registration | 4 | application? |
| 5 | application that you have in front of you? | 5 | A. It is the place where the |
| 6 | A. No. | 6 | signature is captured, yes. |
| 7 | Q. Okay. What's different about | 7 | Q. All right. And when a voter |
| 8 | it? | 8 | signs here, do they affirm that the |
| 9 | A. So it's got an extra section | 9 | information in the voter registration |
| 10 | here at the top, where it says | 10 | application, specifically boxes 1 through 9, |
| 11 | Qualifications. That's not on the paper one | 11 | are correct? |
| 12 | that I have. | 12 | A. Right. As well as the three |
| 13 | Q. Is that provided to deputy | 13 | statements right above the signature. |
| 14 | voter registrars, that they have that | 14 | Q. And those three statements are |
| 15 | information at the top? | 15 | that they're a resident of this county and a |
| 16 | Or why is that on this one and | 16 | U.S. citizen I'm going to paraphrase |
| 17 | not the one that you have? | 17 | that they've not been convicted of a felony |
| 18 | A. Right. Because volunteer | 18 | or, if they have, they are they've |
| 19 | deputy registrars, what they do is they go | 19 | completed their incarceration, parole, |
| 20 | out and interact with people, trying to get | 20 | supervision, probation, or they've been |
| 21 | them to register to vote. | 21 | pardoned; and that they have not been found, |
| 22 | And so it's important for the | 22 | by a final judgment, to be completely |
| | C | 2 | |
| | Page 158 | | Page 160 |
| 1 | volunteer deputy registrars to have at hand a | 1 | mentally incapacitated, or partially, with |
| 2 | list of the qualifications. | 2 | regard without the right to vote. |
| 3 | Q. If a voter requests a paper | 3 | Is that right? |
| 4 | registration application from your office, | 4 | A. That's right. |
| 5 | does it include these qualifications at the | 5 | Q. Okay. And so they're |
| 6 | top? Or no? | 6 | signing/affirming that those three statements |
| 7 | A. No. | 7 | listed in box 10 are correct and that the |
| 8 | Q. And it also wouldn't include | 8 | information listed in box 1 through 9 is |
| 9 | the registration receipt at the bottom. Is | 9 | correct? |
| 10 | that correct? | 10 | A. And that they know that lying |
| 11 | A. That's right. | 11 | about that could result in imprisonment. |
| 12 | Q. Can we look specifically at | 12 | Q. Yes. And they know that lying |
| 13 | box 10 here. | 13 | can result in imprisonment or fine of up to |
| 14 | MS. YUKEVICH: If you can zoom | 14 | \$4,000, or both. Is that correct? |
| 15 | in on box 10, Mr. White. | 15 | A. That's right. |
| 16 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: My | 16 | Q. Okay. And the purpose of the |
| 17 | apologies. My audio messed up. Say | 17 | signature on the voter registration |
| 18 | it again, Counsel. | 18 | application is to affirm those statements are |
| 1 | MS. YUKEVICH: If you could | 19 | true and that they understand the |
| 19 | | | |
| 20 | zoom in on box 10, please. | 20 | qualifications in box 10. Is that right? |
| | zoom in on box 10, please. THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Yes, ma'am. MS. YUKEVICH: Thank you. | 20 21 22 | A. And they understand the penalty for lying. |

40 (Pages 157 to 160)

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Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Page 161 1 Q. And they understand the penalty 1 but they purported it to be Keith Ingram, 2 2 for lying. here's an inviolate, no fraud, no intervening 3 3 Any other purpose for the actor signature that's definitely Keith 4 signature on the voter registration 4 Ingram's to compare that application to. 5 application? 5 So ---6 A. Well, secondarily, it's got a 6 Q. Sorry. What is -- I should 7 7 use as a -- to help identify that a later know what the term -- what do you mean by the 8 signature is that of the voter. 8 term "inviolate"? 9 9 O. Understood. A. I mean something that's not 10 But stick with me for -- and 10 otherwise messed with. Right? 11 we'll get to that. I promise. 11

But stick with me in the voter

their V-U-I-D, or their VUID, the purpose of

information is correct and they understand

A. I agree with that. They're

Any other purpose for the

registration process. Just, you know, from

submitting their application to receiving

the signature is to affirm that the

the penalty for lying.

Q. Right.

swearing to the document.

Here's Keith Ingram's signature 12 when he registered to vote. And there was no 13 purpose of fraud, there was no third-party 14 actors. There was nothing else going on 15 except Keith Ingram registering to vote and 16 signing his name. 17 So you can take it as a pure

identity. Right? Most of the time. Now, obviously if it's an agent or if it's a witness, because the person can't sign, then there are special circumstances. But mostly it's going to be

| | Page 162 | | Page 164 |
|----|--|----|---|
| 1 | signature in the voter registration process? | 1 | the voter's own signature in an uninfluenced |
| 2 | MS. HUNKER: Objection. Form. | 2 | context. |
| 3 | Vague. | 3 | Q. What do you mean by |
| 4 | A. Well, it's to identify the | 4 | "uninfluenced context"? |
| 5 | voter as the voter. | 5 | A. I mean what I said. An |
| 6 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: | 6 | uninfluenced context. There's nothing that's |
| 7 | Q. How do you use a signature to | 7 | requiring me to register to vote other than |
| 8 | identify the voter as the voter? | 8 | my desire to register to vote. |
| 9 | A. Well, so | 9 | Q. Okay. |
| 10 | MS. YUKEVICH: We can take this | 10 | A. Most of the time. |
| 11 | document down. | 11 | Q. Okay. So how do I how |
| 12 | A. Right. So the thing about | 12 | does in the voter registration process, |
| 13 | signing a voter registration application is | 13 | I'm thinking from the time that when I say |
| 14 | that I am filling it out. I'm going through | 14 | "voter registration process," I mean from the |
| 15 | it. Got my last name, my first name, my | 15 | time that a voter or a registrant fills out |
| 16 | residence address. I sign the thing. Keith | 16 | the voter registration application and signs |
| 17 | Ingram just turns this in to the voter | 17 | it to the time that they are assigned a VUID. |
| 18 | registrar. So Keith Ingram just did that | 18 | How is the signature used to |
| 19 | signature. Right? | 19 | verify identity? |
| 20 | And then if a later application | 20 | A. The signature is not used to |
| 21 | for ballot by mail comes in and somebody | 21 | verify identity in that purpose. But the |
| 22 | signed that application for ballot by mail | 22 | signature, as it exists, helps identify that |
| | | | |

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Keith Ingram

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Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Keith Ingram

| | Page 165 | | Page 167 |
|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | voter in later contexts. | 1 | registration application and that they |
| 2 | You understand, it's an | 2 | understand all the admonitions in box 10. |
| 3 | important marker of that voter's identity at | 3 | Is that right? |
| 4 | a time other than when nothing else was | 4 | A. Right. But it's apart from |
| 5 | going on. | 5 | that, its very existence matters for that |
| 6 | I don't know how to explain | 6 | voter. Right? |
| 7 | this more clearly. I'm running out of words. | 7 | I don't know how to express |
| 8 | But here is a pure context, where all that's | 8 | this. |
| 9 | going on is I'm registering to vote. Me. | 9 | Q. I mean, I |
| 10 | Sign it. That's me. | 10 | A. Just because we don't do |
| 11 | Now, later, if somebody fills | 11 | signature comparison at that stage, that |
| 12 | out an application that may or may not be me, | 12 | signature is not used in the VUID assignment |
| 13 | then you can compare it to this one to say, | 13 | process, doesn't mean that its existence is |
| 14 | Yep, that's him. Looks about the same. | 14 | not important separate from the swearing to |
| 15 | Q. All right. I'm trying to get a | 15 | the application part. |
| 16 | sense of what you mean by "pure context." | 16 | It helps identify that voter. |
| 17 | So let's just suppose that I'm | 17 | It helps identify that voter, not for the |
| 18 | a voter or a potential registrant. I'm a | 18 | purposes of voter registration, but for any |
| 19 | mom. I have three kids with me. They're | 19 | other purpose thereafter. And its existence |
| 20 | screaming. I'm talking to a deputy volunteer | 20 _C | in that context matters for that reason. |
| 21 | registrar at, like, a county fair, where | | Q. Okay. And so I think |
| 22 | I imagine many of them might go to register | 21) 22 | I understand what you're saying here. |
| | | P | , , , , , |
| | Page 166 | | D 100 |
| | rage 100 | | Page 168 |
| 1 | voters to vote. | 1 | But you'd agree with me that |
| 1 2 | Page 166 voters to vote. I fill out the information | 1 2 | |
| | voters to vote. I fill out the information quickly. I sign quickly. There's lots of | | But you'd agree with me that |
| 2 | I fill out the information | 2 | But you'd agree with me that there are voters in Texas who are unable to |
| 2 3 | I fill out the information quickly. I sign quickly. There's lots of | 2 3 | But you'd agree with me that there are voters in Texas who are unable to sign their voter registration application. |
| 2 3 4 | I fill out the information quickly. I sign quickly. There's lots of other things going on. | 2 3 4 | But you'd agree with me that there are voters in Texas who are unable to sign their voter registration application. Correct? |
| 2 3 4 5 | I fill out the information quickly. I sign quickly. There's lots of other things going on. I'm just trying to figure out | 2 3 4 5 | But you'd agree with me that there are voters in Texas who are unable to sign their voter registration application. Correct? A. There's some exceptions listed |
| 2 3 4 5 6 | I fill out the information quickly. I sign quickly. There's lots of other things going on. I'm just trying to figure out what you mean by "pure" content "pure | 2 3 4 5 6 | But you'd agree with me that there are voters in Texas who are unable to sign their voter registration application. Correct? A. There's some exceptions listed on the form itself. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 | I fill out the information quickly. I sign quickly. There's lots of other things going on. I'm just trying to figure out what you mean by "pure" content "pure context." | 2 3 4 5 6 7 | But you'd agree with me that there are voters in Texas who are unable to sign their voter registration application. Correct? A. There's some exceptions listed on the form itself. Q. Right. And those voters are |
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Case: 32550536/-006400 ument 0005/1697/61753-2 Prage: 04548/20 atea filed 506/29/2022

3/4/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Keith Ingram

| Page 169 Page 171 1 dog - there's a delivery man in the - if you just give us one second to go off the record. I apologize. BY MS. YUKEVICH: 2 Q. So would you agree that a wet ink signature, as second signature, and the second signature second signature davie, that the - they are set an alfitmation of the accuracy of box 1 1 dog - there's tail about a signature davie, that the - if a vore registration record. 1 2 Q. Okay. And then - and so 1- 2 3 signature, on a voter registration affirmation, when were tailsing about a signature davie, that the - they are cord, and ta | 3/4/2022 | 2 Vote.org v. Jacque | elyn Call | anen, et al. Keith Ingram |
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| 2the - if you just give us one second2Q. So would you agree that a wet3to go off the record. I apologize.3ink signature, as someone signs with, you4THF VIDFOGRAPHER. The time is51:48 p.m. We're now off the record.56(Recess taken.)6wet ink signature serves the purpose of7THE VIDFOGRAPHER. The time is6wet ink signature serves the purpose of90O. Okay. So we were just talking.1611Mr. Ingram, before we had to take a slight11MS. HUNKER: Objection. Form.12impromptu break, about voters who are unable12Objection. Compound.14applications. And they're still able to161615registratio application?11MS. HUNKER: Objection. Form.16A. That's what we said.17O Great.1717Q. Great.17O', Great.1718Mad they're still able to vote.18BY MS, YUKFVICH:19by mail; correct?20A. That's what we said.1720A. That's what we said.170. Okay. And then and so I2021Q. Okay. And then and so I20A. Not necessarily. It could, but22is is there any other purpose for requiring a2023signature, whether it be a wet signature of those let's get on to those later uses732O. Okay. And then and so I-2033Not necessarily. It could, but44 <th></th> <th>Page 169</th> <th></th> <th>Page 171</th> | | Page 169 | | Page 171 |
| 3 to go off the record. 3 ink signature, as someone signs with, you 4 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 4 5 1.48 pm. Were now off the record. 6 6 (Recess taken.) 7 7 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 7 8 1.49 pm. Were now on the record. 8 9 BY MS, YUKEVICH: 9 10 Q. Okay. So we were just talking. 10 11 Mr. Ingram, before we had to take a slight 11 12 impromptu break, about voters who are unable 13 13 to sign their voter registration 13 14 applications. And they're still able to 16 17 Q. Great. 16 18 Mark what we said. 16 19 by mail; correct? 19 20 A. That's what we said. 20 21 O. Okay. And then - and so 1 - is other purpose for requiring a 22 is there any other purpose for requiring a 20 21 Q. Okay. And be they get on to 6 4 A. I think that's it I mean, <td< th=""><th>1</th><th>dog there's a delivery man in</th><th>1</th><th>BY MS. YUKEVICH:</th></td<> | 1 | dog there's a delivery man in | 1 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: |
| 4 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 4 know - let's strike that too. 5 1.48 p.m. We're now off the record. 5 Would you agree with me that a 6 (Recess taken.) 6 with signature serves the purpose of 7 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 6 with signature serves the purpose of 9 BY MS. YUKEVICH: 9 admonitons in box 10 of the voter 10 O. Okay. So we were just talking. 11 Ms. HurkER: Objection. Form. 12 impromptu break, about voters who are unable 12 Objection. Compound. 12 applications. And they're still able to 16 A. Thar's what we said. 16 16 A. Thar's what we said. 16 17 original signature does that, yes. 18 BY MS. YUKEVICH: 19 Q. Okay. And then and so I 20 Signature have the do the same thing? 21 Q. Okay. And then and so I 21 Q. Why not? Can you explain that 22 is inder whether it be a wet signature or an imaged signature, on a voter registration A. Not necessarily. It could, but 21 is other wether it be a wet signature or A. It think that's it. Imean. | 2 | the if you just give us one second | 2 | Q. So would you agree that a wet |
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| 6 (Recess taken.) 6 wet ink signature serves the purpose of 7 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 7 affirming the accuracy of the information on 8 149 p.m. Were now on the record. 9 avoter registration application and the 10 Q. Okay. So we were just talking. 10 registration application? 11 Mr. Ingram, before we had to take a slight 11 MS. HUNKER: Objection. Form. 13 to sign their voter registration 13 You can answer. 14 applications. And they're still able to 14 A. That's what we said. 15 register to vote. 15 that. I don't know if it has to be in ink. 16 A. That's what we said. 16 11 could be also in graphite pencil. But an 12 Q. Okay. And then - and so 1 19 Q. Okay. And does an imaged 21 Q. Okay. And then - and so 1 22 X. Not necessarily. It could, but 12 signature, whether it be a wet signature or 3 A. Well, I know that whenever the 22 A. That's what we said. 20 O. Okay. And then - and so 1 22 23 Spanture, whether it be a wet s | 4 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is | 4 | know let's strike that too. |
| 7THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 1:49 p.m. We're now on the record.7affirming the accuracy of the information on a voter registration application and the admonitions in box 10 of the voter9BY MS. YUKEVICH:910Q. Okay. So we were just talking, | 5 | 1:48 p.m. We're now off the record. | 5 | Would you agree with me that a |
| 81:49 p.m. We're now on the record.8a voter registration application and the admonitons in box 10 of the voter9BY MS. YUKEVICH:9admonitons in box 10 of the voter10Q. Okay. So we were just talking,10registration application?11Mr. Ingram, before we had to take a slight11MS. HUNKER: Objection. Form.12impromptu break, about voters who are unable12Objection. Compound.13applications. And they're still able to14A. Tagree that a signature does14applications. And they're still able to vote15that. I don't know if it has to be in ink.16A. That's what we said.16It could be also in graphite pencil. But an original signature does that, yes.17Q. Great.17Q. Okay. And dhen - and so 118Mot they're still able to vote18BY MS. YUKEVICH:19by mail; correct?19Q. Okay. And dhen - and so 121xignature, whether it be a wet signature of an imaged signature, on a voter registration form?21Q. Why not? Can you explain that to eme?2a signature, whether it be a wet signature of an imaged signature, on a voter registration form?21Q. Why not? Can you explain that to eme?2a form?3A. Well, I know that whenever the3DPS electronically captures the signature on their capture device, that the - they are read those three statements.3So one more time. When we're taking about a signature here and ask.94 | 6 | (Recess taken.) | 6 | wet ink signature serves the purpose of |
| 9 BY MS. YUKEVICH: 9 admonitions in box 10 of the voter 10 Q. Okay. So we were just talking, 10 registration application? 11 Mr. Ingram, before we had to take a slight 10 MS. HUNKER: Objection. Form. 13 to sign their voter registration 13 You can answer. 14 applications. And they're still able to 14 A. That's what we said. 15 16 A. That's what we said. 16 Hc could be also in graphite pencil. But an original signature does that, yes. 18 And they're still able to vote 18 BY MS. YUKEVICH: 19 by mail; correct? Q. Okay. And then and so 1 19 Q. Okay. And then and so 1 20 A. That's what we said. 20 Signature, whether it be a wet signature or an imaged signature, on a voter registration form? A. Not necessarily. It could, but it could also not. 21 Q. Okay. And wa let's get on to those later uses 1 Q. Why not? Can you explain that to me? 2 an imaged signature, on a voter registration signature is in the context of those three statements. 5 5 3 So one more time. When we're talking about a signature of they re reading a physical signature tha is in theore recod. | 7 | THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is | 7 | affirming the accuracy of the information on |
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| 11 Mr. Ingram, before we had to take a slight impromptu break, about voters who are unable 11 Mr. Ingram, before we had to take a slight impromptu break, about voters who are unable 12 Mr. Ingram, before we had to take a slight impromptu break, about voters who are unable 13 to sign their voter registration 13 You can answer. 14 applications. And they're still able to 14 A. I agree that a signature does that, yes. 16 A. That's what we said. 16 It could be also in graphite pencil. But an original signature does that, yes. 18 And they're still able to vote 18 BY MS. YUKEVICH: 19 by mail; correct? 19 Q. Okay. And does an imaged 20 A. That's what we said. 20 signature have the do the same thing? 21 Q. Okay. And then and so I 21 A. Not necessarily. It could, but it could also not. 22 signature, whether it be a wet signature or an imaged signature, on a voter registration form? 1 Q. Why not? Can you explain that to me? 3 form? 3 A. Well, I know that whenever the DPS electronically captures the signature on their capture device, that the they are read those three statements. 7 So that electronic signature and transmitted with their outer registration apologize. | 9 | BY MS. YUKEVICH: | 9 | admonitions in box 10 of the voter |
| 12 impromptu break, about voters who are unable 12 Objection. Compound. 13 to sign their voter registration 13 You can answer. 14 applications. And they're still able to 14 A. I agree that a signature does 15 register to vote. 15 that. I don't know if it has to be in ink. 16 A. That's what we said. 16 It could be also in graphite pencil. But an 17 Q. Great. 17 original signature does that, yes. 18 And they're still able to vote 18 BY MS. YUKEVICH: 19 by mail; correct? 19 Q. Okay. And then and so I 20 A. That's what we said. 20 signature have the do the same thing? 21 Q. Okay. And then and so I 21 A. Not necessarily. It could, but 12 22 is there any other purpose for requiring a 22 A. Not necessarily. It could, but 12 23 an imaged signature, on a voter registration of form? 3 A. Well, I know that whenever the 4 A. I think that's it. I mean, obviously for later use, but 6 G. Okay. And so let's get on to 5 obviously for later use, | 10 | Q. Okay. So we were just talking, | 10 | registration application? |
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| 18 And they're still able to vote 18 BY MS, YUKEVICH: 19 by mail; correct? 19 Q. Okay. And does an imaged 20 A. That's what we said. 20 signature have the do the same thing? 21 Q. Okay. And then and so I 21 A. Not necessarily. It could, but 22 is there any other purpose for requiring a 22 A. Not necessarily. It could, but 22 is there any other purpose for requiring a 22 A. Not necessarily. It could, but 23 signature, whether it be a wet signature or an imaged signature, on a voter registration form? 1 Q. Why not? Can you explain that 24 A. I think that's it. I mean, 4 DPS electronically captures the signature on their capture device, that the they are 5 obviously for later use, but 6 7 So that electronic signature is 6 Q. Okay. And so let's get on to 6 in the context of those three statements, and 9 ask. 9 they're making a physical signature that is 10 So one more time. When we're 10 electronically captured and transmitted with 11 talking about a signature there and 12 Q. All r | 16 | A. That's what we said. | 16 | |
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| 20 A. That's what we said. 20 signature have the do the same thing? 21 Q. Okay. And then and so I is there any other purpose for requiring a 20 signature have the do the same thing? 22 is there any other purpose for requiring a 20 A. Not necessarily. It could, but it could also not. 21 signature, whether it be a wet signature or an imaged signature, on a voter registration form? 1 Q. Why not? Can you explain that to me? 20 3 form? 3 A. Well, I know that whenever the DPS electronically captures the signature on their capture device, that the they are read those three statements. 5 obviously for later use, but 6 6 read those three statements. 6 Q. Okay. And so let's get on to those let's get on to those later uses now oh, and I apologize. I do want to ask. So one more time. When we're talking about a signature here and affirmation, when we're talking about a signature that affirms the accuracy of box 1 through 9 and the statements in box 10, would that have the same effect as signing with a wet ink pen? ff a voter were to affix an imaged signature ff a voter were to affix an imaged signature if a voter were to affix an imaged signature ff a voter were to affix an imaged signature | 18 | - | | |
| 21Q. Okay. And then and so I is there any other purpose for requiring a21A. Not necessarily. It could, but it could also not.22is there any other purpose for requiring a22It could also not.22a signature, whether it be a wet signature or an imaged signature, on a voter registration of form?1Q. Why not? Can you explain that to me?3form?23A. Well, I know that whenever the4A. I think that's it. I mean, obviously for later use, but3A. Well, I know that whenever the5obviously for later use, but5their capture device, that the they are read those three statements.6Q. Okay. And so let's get on to ask.671talking about a signature here and asignature that affirms the accuracy of box 1 through 9 and the statements in box 10, would you agree with me that a wet ink signature in of the accuracy of the information and the affirmations in box 10?121MS. HUNKER: Object to form. 20MS. HUNKER: Object to form.1821MS. YUKEVICH: Yeah. Fair21I've got here an exemplar of my | 19 | • | | |
| Page 170Page 1721signature, whether it be a wet signature or1Q. Why not? Can you explain that2an imaged signature, on a voter registration2it o mc?3form?3A. Well, I know that whenever the4A. I think that's it. I mean,4DPS electronically captures the signature on5obviously for later use, but5those let's get on to6Q. Okay. And so let's get on to6read those three statements.7those let's get on to those later uses7So that electronic signature is8now oh, and I apologize. I do want to8in the context of those three statements, and9ask.9they're making a physical signature that is10So one more time. When we're1011talking about a signature here and1112affirmation, when we're talking about a1213signature that affirms the accuracy of box 11314through 9 and the statements in box 10, would1415you agree with me that a wet ink signature1716can serve as an affirmation of the accuracy1617of the acfirmation and the affirmations1718in of the accuracy of the information and1819the affirmations in box 10?1920MS. HUNKER: Object to form.2021MS. YUKEVICH: Yeah, Fair2121I've got here an exemplar of my | 20 | | | |
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| 21MS. YUKEVICH: Yeah. Fair21I've got here an exemplar of my | | | | |
| | | - | | |
| enough. Let me take that back. 22 signature that people use all the time to | | | 1 | |
| | 22 | enough. Let me take that back. | 22 | signature that people use all the time to |

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3/4/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Keith Ingram

| 1 | Page 173 | | Page 175 |
|---|---|---|--|
| | send stuff out, that I'm supposed to review | 1 | Q. Okay. Voters are able to mail |
| 2 | before it goes out, but I don't know if I | 2 | in voter registration applications; is that |
| 3 | always do. | 3 | correct? |
| 4 | So my signature could be used | 4 | A. Sure. |
| 5 | without my knowledge for a letter, or for any | 5 | Q. And they're able to do that |
| 6 | purpose really, and I wouldn't know it. And | 6 | using a they're able to do that when |
| 7 | I certainly didn't affirm anything about it. | 7 | they've signed their voter registration |
| 8 | Q. Okay. So presume with me that | 8 | application with a wet ink signature. Is |
| 9 | it is the voter, the registrant, affixing | 9 | that correct? |
| 10 | their imaged signature to a voter | 10 | A. Or a pencil. |
| 11 | registration application. | 11 | Q. Or a pencil. |
| 12 | Would you, then, agree with me | 12 | But that's correct; right? |
| 13 | that it serves the same purpose as a wet ink | 13 | Voters are able to mail in a signed voter |
| 14 | signature on a voter registration | 14 | registration application and register to |
| 15 | application? | 15 | vote. Is that correct? |
| 16 | A. I've already said it can. And | 16 | A. Sure. |
| 17 | it certainly in the context where you are | 17 | Q They don't need to appear in |
| 18 | reading the same three statements and then | 18 | front of a voter registrar to register to |
| 19 | you're, you know, putting the JPEG of your | 19 | vote. Is that correct? |
| 20 | signature under those three statements, it | 20 | A. That's right. |
| 21 | could definitely mean the same thing, sure. | 21 22 | Q. And they don't need to appear |
| 22 | Q. Okay. But your concern is one | C22 | in front of a member of the Secretary of |
| | <u></u> | | |
| | Page 174 | | Page 176 |
| 1 | of someone let's use me as an example, if | 1 | State's Office to register to vote. Is that |
| 2 | I'm registering to vote in the state of | 2 | correct? |
| 3 | Texas. | 3 | A. They do not. |
| 4 | Your concern is that someone | 4 | Q. And they do not need to appear |
| 5 | who is not the voter, someone who's not me, | 5 | in front of an employee of DPS to register to |
| 6 7 | will affix my signature to the voter | 6 7 | vote. Is that correct? |
| / | registration application. A. That could certainly happen, | 8 | A. I'd agree with that. |
| 0 | A. That could certainly happen, | | O And so you providually soomed to |
| 8 | • | | Q. And so you previously seemed to |
| 9 | yes. And then you didn't swear to anything. | 9 | express a concern that with an imaged |
| 9 10 | yes. And then you didn't swear to anything. Q. Right. But is that your is | 9 10 | express a concern that with an imaged signature, someone else might affix that |
| 9 10 11 | yes. And then you didn't swear to anything. Q. Right. But is that your is that your concern | 9 10 11 | express a concern that with an imaged signature, someone else might affix that imaged signature to a voter registration |
| 9 10 11 12 | yes. And then you didn't swear to anything. Q. Right. But is that your is that your concern A. My concern | 9 10 11 12 | express a concern that with an imaged signature, someone else might affix that imaged signature to a voter registration application. |
| 9 10 11 12 13 | yes. And then you didn't swear to anything. Q. Right. But is that your is that your concern A. My concern Q about imaged signatures? | 9 10 11 12 13 | express a concern that with an imaged signature, someone else might affix that imaged signature to a voter registration application. Is that fair to say? |
| 9 10 11 12 13 14 | yes. And then you didn't swear to anything. Q. Right. But is that your is that your concern A. My concern Q about imaged signatures? A. No. My concern is that the | 9 10 11 12 13 14 | express a concern that with an imaged signature, someone else might affix that imaged signature to a voter registration application. Is that fair to say? A. That's right. Or it could be |
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Case: 32550536/-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 04568/2Date afjed 566/29/2022

| 2 3 4 ap 5 6 7 8 th 9 re | Page 177 e right above the signature box Q. Okay. A on every voter registration oplication. Q. All right. A. And it's signed by the voter. Q. But you don't have a concern at someone else might be signing a voter gistration application on behalf of a | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 | Page 179 Q. Okay. All right. So let's move on to after the voter registration process. So after the process between you know, when a voter sends in the voter when a voter fills out their voter registration application and |
|---|--|---------------------------------|---|
| 2 3 4 ap 5 6 7 8 th 9 re | Q. Okay. A on every voter registration oplication. Q. All right. A. And it's signed by the voter. Q. But you don't have a concern at someone else might be signing a voter | 2 3 4 5 6 7 | So let's move on to after the voter registration process. So after the process between you know, when a voter sends in the voter when a voter fills out |
| 3 4 ap 5 6 7 8 th 9 re | A on every voter registration pplication. Q. All right. A. And it's signed by the voter. Q. But you don't have a concern at someone else might be signing a voter | 3 4 5 6 7 | voter registration process. So after the process between you know, when a voter sends in the voter when a voter fills out |
| 4 ap 5 6 7 8 th 9 re | oplication.Q. All right.A. And it's signed by the voter.Q. But you don't have a concernat someone else might be signing a voter | 4 5 6 7 | process between you know, when a voter sends in the voter when a voter fills out |
| 5 6 7 8 th 9 re | Q. All right. A. And it's signed by the voter. Q. But you don't have a concern at someone else might be signing a voter | 5 6 7 | sends in the voter when a voter fills out |
| 6 7 8 th 9 re | A. And it's signed by the voter.Q. But you don't have a concern at someone else might be signing a voter | 6 7 | |
| 7 8 th 9 re | Q. But you don't have a concern at someone else might be signing a voter | 7 | their voter registration application and |
| 8 th 9 re | Q. But you don't have a concern at someone else might be signing a voter | | |
| 9 re | | | they're assigned their VUID. |
| 9 re | | 8 | Let's move on from that process |
| | | 9 | and move on to the early ballot board process |
| | oter, even if they're using a pen or a | 10 | and the signature verification committee |
| 11 pe | encil? | 11 | process. |
| 12 | A. That's always a possibility, | 12 | Okay? |
| 13 ce | ertainly. There's been voter registration | 13 | A. Okay. |
| | aud before. | 14 | Q. All right. So can you just |
| 15 | Q. Okay. So I guess I'm trying to | 15 | tell me what an early ballot board is? |
| 16 fii | nd the distinction between your concern | 16 | A. An early voting ballot board is |
| | bout imaged signatures being affixed to | 17 | the entity that is charged with the |
| | oter registration applications without the | 18 | responsibility of deciding whether or not to |
| | oter's knowledge and why you are less | 19 | accept or reject carrier envelopes in the |
| | oncerned about voter registration | 20 _ (| mail ballot context. |
| | plications being signed with a wet ink | 240 | Q. Okay. And does your office |
| - | gnature by someone not the voter. | 21 22 | interact with the early ballot boards in any |
| | | Y . | |
| | Page 178 | | Page 180 |
| 1 | A. So my concern is not either one | 1 | county? |
| | those things. My concern is that Texas | 2 | A. Not usually. We have received |
| | v says in order to register to vote, a | 3 | phone calls from ballot boards before, but |
| | er registration application has to be in | 4 | mainly we work through the early voting |
| | iting and signed by the voter. That's my | 5 | clerk. |
| 6 | | 6 | Q. Okay. What have you received |
| 7 | The two exceptions to that are | 7 | those phone calls about? |
| | cifically allowed in statute: 15.021, | 8 | A. Specific situations before the |
| - | 066. Otherwise, a voter registration | 9 | ballot board and what actions they can and |
| | blication has to be signed. The fact that | 10 | can't take to sort of rescue a ballot. |
| | ud occurs in either context is more or | 11 | Q. Okay. What do you mean by |
| | s beside the point. | 12 | "rescue a ballot"? |
| 12 les: 13 | It's more open to fraud, | 13 | A. So if there's a ballot in front |
| | hink, if you just send a JPEG of your | 14 | of the ballot board that they're going to |
| | nature. It could get affixed to anything | 15 | have to reject, the ballot board will |
| - | hout your knowledge. And you don't | 16 | sometimes call and say, But we've got this |
| | essarily even know what you're swearing to | 17 | and this and this other circumstance. Is |
| | that context. | 18 | that enough for us to overcome the problem |
| 10 Int 19 | But that's the secondary | 19 | and not have to reject this ballot? |
| | ncern. The primary concern is that the law | 20 | You know, sometimes they call |
| | uires it be in writing and signed by the | 21 | about that. Sometimes they call about, you |
| 21 req 22 vot | | 22 | know well, that's it, actions they can or |
| کے vot | | | know wen, that s it, actions they can of |

45 (Pages 177 to 180)

Case: 3250536/-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 04508/2Date acjed 506/29/2022

3/4/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Keith Ingram

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|----|---|-----------|---|
| 1 | cannot take. | 1 | board rejected this. I think it should be |
| 2 | Q. Okay. Any of those early | 2 | accepted. Do you think I should take it to |
| 3 | ballot boards ever call you related to | 3 | court? |
| 4 | signatures on voter registration | 4 | And I look at it, and I say, |
| 5 | applications? | 5 | Yeah, you should take that one to court. |
| 6 | A. Yes. | 6 | Q. Did you ever tell them no, that |
| 7 | Q. Okay. What did a in what | 7 | they shouldn't take it to court? |
| 8 | context? Can you just explain that to me? | 8 | A. No. I tell them, If you think |
| 9 | A. Well, there will be one part of | 9 | it was a wrongful rejection, you should take |
| 10 | the ballot board that wants to reject a | 10 | it to court. |
| 11 | ballot because they don't believe the | 11 | We assist and advise; we don't |
| 12 | signatures are of the same person. And then | 12 | tell them what to do. |
| 13 | there will be another faction of the ballot | 13 | Q. Okay. And do early you said |
| 14 | board that wants to accept it because they | 14 | that since 2015 or 2017, you're not sure, |
| 15 | think they could be of the same person. So | 15 | which is totally fine, early ballot boards |
| 16 | then they'll call our office and want to know | 16 | have used voter registration application |
| 17 | what the standard is. | 17 | signatures in their signature verification |
| 18 | And the standard is: whether | 18 | process. Is that correct? |
| 19 | or not the signatures could have been made by | 19 | A. Well, I don't know whether |
| 20 | the same person. We don't take a "were they" | 20 | they've used them or not. They've the law |
| 21 | and we don't, you know, require any sort of | 21. 22 | has allowed those signatures to be part of |
| 22 | forensic analysis. It's just: Could they | BO12 | the process. |
| | Page 182 | | Page 184 |
| 1 | have possibly been made by the same person? | 1 | Q. Are you aware of any time when |
| 2 | It's a fairly loose standard. | 2 | an early ballot board used a voter |
| 3 | And some ballot boards want to apply a | 3 | registration application signature during |
| 4 | stricter standard than that. | 4 | their deliberations? |
| 5 | Q. Okay. And do you ever look at | 5 | A. Sure. |
| 6 | the signatures that early ballot boards are | 6 | Q. Okay. How many times? |
| 7 | looking at, to see if they could be made by | 7 | A. It happens every election, all |
| 8 | the same person? | 8 | the time. All day, into the night. |
| 9 | A. Almost never. | 9 | I've been down to Bexar County |
| 10 | Q. And can you tell me about how | 10 | and I've looked at their adjudication system. |
| 11 | many times you've ever done that? | 11 | So what Bexar County does: For every by-mail |
| 12 | A. Maybe three or four. And | 12 | voter, they have every single signature for |
| 13 | it's and it was after the fact. | 13 | that voter in the file. |
| 14 | When the ballot board has | 14 | So the ballot board person can |
| 15 | finished their work, then the early voting | 15 | just click through and look at all of the |
| 16 | clerk has the opportunity to take wrongfully | 16 | signatures: from carrier envelopes, from |
| 17 | rejected ballots to District Court and ask | 17 | other applications for ballot by mail, voter |
| 18 | the court to reverse the ballot board's | 18 | registrations, voter registration updates. |
| 19 | decision. | 19 | I mean, any signature that |
| 20 | And so sometimes I can think | 20 | voter's got on Bexar County's file, they can |
| 21 | of a couple of times the early voting clerk | 21 | just look at them. They can put them all up |
| 22 | has sent me signatures and said, The ballot | 22 | on the screen at the same time and look at |

46 (Pages 181 to 184)

Case: 3250536/-00 Decument D005/16976753-2 Prage: 04588/2 Date are the d506/29/2022

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|----------|---|-----------------|--|
| | Page 185 | | Page 187 |
| 1 | 'em. They can it's very user-friendly. | 1 | Q. All right. And are you aware |
| 2 | Q. Okay. And they're doing that | 2 | of large numbers of DPS signatures not having |
| 3 | in a computer system. Is that correct? | 3 | any merit or being legible? |
| 4 | A. That's right. | 4 | A. No. The ones I've seen look |
| 5 | Q. They're not looking at paper | 5 | like the signature. |
| 6 | voter registration applications? | 6 | Q. Have you ever seen a signature |
| 7 | A. That's right. And a lot of the | 7 | from a voter registration application that |
| 8 | big counties use similar systems. | 8 | came through DPS that looked illegible or |
| 9 | Q. All right. And do early ballot | 9 | unusable? |
| 10 | boards also use signatures from applications | 10 | A. Well, I haven't seen very many |
| 11 | they obtained from DPS? | 11 | of them. Only if the county has printed |
| 12 | A. No I mean, yes, if you're | 12 | the made the PDF report, like they're |
| 13 | talking about voter registration | 13 | |
| 14 | applications. If you're talking about | | supposed to. Then I've seen some of those. |
| | | 14 | And they look like signatures. |
| 15 | driver's license applications, no. | 15 | You know, some people's |
| 16 | Q. I'm sorry. I apologize. I am | 16 | signatures are more scribbly than others. |
| 17 | talking about voter registration | 17 | Q. Fair enough. |
| 18 | applications. | 18 | And if this was a significant |
| 19 | Do they use those signatures | 19 | issue, is that something that would be raised |
| 20 | from voter registration applications? | 20 | with your office? |
| 21 | A. Sure. | 21 22 | A. Yes. If offline counties or |
| 22 | Q. So I want to turn are you | P ²² | any county was having trouble with DPS |
| | Page 186 | | Page 188 |
| 1 | aware of any issues that early ballot boards | 1 | signatures, I think they would have told us, |
| 2 | have had using signatures from DPS voter | 2 | yes. |
| 3 | registration applications in this process? | 3 | Q. Now I want to turn to signature |
| 4 | A. Well, I believe that some | 4 | verification committees. Does your office |
| 5 | offline counties might nothave preserved | 5 | ever interact with signature verification |
| 6 | that signature. So I don't know for sure, | 6 | committees? |
| 7 | but I because I'd rather not know. But | | A. I'm sure we do, but they're not |
| 8 | I think that sometimes they're not following | 8 | • |
| | | | the ones that would end up calling me. |
| 9 | procedure when they get a DPS application and | 9 | Q. Okay. And are you aware of how |
| 10 | they haven't preserved that signature. | 10 | signature verification committees function? |
| 11 | Q. All right. But are you aware | 11 | A. It's very much the same as |
| 12 | of any time where an early ballot board has | 12 | ballot boards, except that they cannot reject |
| 13 | looked at a signature from DPS and said, | 13 | ballots. |
| 14 | like, We just can't use this signature in our | 14 | Q. And do they do signature |
| 15 | adjudication process? | 15 | verification committees use voter application |
| 16 | A. No. | 16 | signatures from DPS voter registration |
| 17 | Q. Would they have called you | 17 | applications? |
| 18 | about that? | 18 | A. Sure. |
| | A. Potentially. But if it's a | 19 | Q. And are you aware of them ever |
| 19 | | | |
| 19 20 | signature that is illegible or doesn't have | 20 | not being able to use a DPS signature because |
| | signature that is illegible or doesn't have any merit to their proceedings, they wouldn't | 20 21 | not being able to use a DPS signature because it was unclear or illegible? |

47 (Pages 185 to 188)

Case: 32550536-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 04598/2Date at the d506/29/2022

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Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Keith Ingram

| | Page 189 | | Page 191 |
|---|---|--|---|
| 1 | of it. I'm sure it happens, but the county | 1 | anything. But what does that have to do with |
| 2 | people would know that better than me. | 2 | anything? |
| 3 | Q. So you said you're sure it | 3 | Q. Well, you've expressed a |
| 4 | happens. Why are you sure it happens? | 4 | concern that someone will affix imaged |
| 5 | A. Because those kind of things | 5 | signatures to a whole host of documents, |
| 6 | are bound to happen. But, again, county | 6 | presumably including voter registration |
| 7 | election officials would know the incidents | 7 | applications. Is that fair? |
| 8 | and how often that occurs. I sure don't. | 8 | A. Sure. |
| 9 | Q. Okay. But you've never heard | 9 | Q. And so my question is I'm |
| 10 | of it happening before? | 10 | trying to ascertain why you don't have that |
| 11 | A. That's right. | 11 | same concern for voter registration |
| 12 | Q. And if it was a significant | 12 | applications where someone just signs with a |
| 13 | problem, it would have been raised with your | 13 | wet ink signature on someone else's behalf |
| 14 | office at some point. | 14 | and mails in that voter registration |
| 15 | A. I would think so. | 15 | application. |
| 16 | Q. And it hasn't been raised with | 16 | A. It's not their signature. |
| 17 | your office? | 17 | When somebody affixes my JPEG |
| 18 | A. That's right. | 18 | signature to a document, that's my signature. |
| 19 | Q. So I want to move now to what | 19 | Q. Um-hum. |
| 20 | we've been talking about as imaged | 20 | A. Right? Whether or not I read |
| 21 | signatures. Right? Which is a picture, as | 21) 22 | that document. |
| 22 | we agreed earlier, of a wet ink signature. | 22 | If somebody purports to be me |
| | CX | ~ | |
| | Page 190 | | Page 192 |
| 1 | So a JPEG of a wet ink signature. | 1 | |
| | | 1 | and signs a piece of paper, that ain't me. |
| 2 | Are you with me? | 1 2 | Q. All right. But during the |
| 2 3 | A. Okay. | | Q. All right. But during the voter registration process, you testified |
| | A. Okay.Q. Okay. And so you mentioned | 2 | Q. All right. But during the voter registration process, you testified earlier you don't use signatures to determine |
| 3 | A. Okay.Q. Okay. And so you mentionedearlier that you believed that it was easier | 2 3 | Q. All right. But during the voter registration process, you testified earlier you don't use signatures to determine someone's eligibility to register to vote. |
| 3 4 | A. Okay. Q. Okay. And so you mentioned earlier that you believed that it was easier to mess with a I might be it was easier | 2 3 4 5 6 | Q. All right. But during the voter registration process, you testified earlier you don't use signatures to determine someone's eligibility to register to vote. Correct? |
| 3 4 5 | A. Okay. Q. Okay. And so you mentioned earlier that you believed that it was easier to mess with a I might be it was easier to mess with JPEG signatures, imaged | 2 3 4 5 6 7 | Q. All right. But during the voter registration process, you testified earlier you don't use signatures to determine someone's eligibility to register to vote.Correct?A. I agree with that. |
| 3 4 5 6 7 8 | A. Okay. Q. Okay. And so you mentioned earlier that you believed that it was easier to mess with a I might be it was easier to mess with JPEG signatures, imaged signatures, than wet ink signatures. Is that | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | Q. All right. But during the voter registration process, you testified earlier you don't use signatures to determine someone's eligibility to register to vote. Correct? A. I agree with that. Q. And you don't use signatures to |
| 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | A. Okay. Q. Okay. And so you mentioned earlier that you believed that it was easier to mess with a I might be it was easier to mess with JPEG signatures, imaged signatures, than wet ink signatures. Is that right? | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | Q. All right. But during the voter registration process, you testified earlier you don't use signatures to determine someone's eligibility to register to vote. Correct? A. I agree with that. Q. And you don't use signatures to verify someone's identity in the voter |
| 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 | A. Okay. Q. Okay. And so you mentioned earlier that you believed that it was easier to mess with a I might be it was easier to mess with JPEG signatures, imaged signatures, than wet ink signatures. Is that right? A. Well, what I mean is that you | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 | Q. All right. But during the voter registration process, you testified earlier you don't use signatures to determine someone's eligibility to register to vote. Correct? A. I agree with that. Q. And you don't use signatures to verify someone's identity in the voter registration process. Correct? |
| 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 | A. Okay. Q. Okay. And so you mentioned earlier that you believed that it was easier to mess with a I might be it was easier to mess with JPEG signatures, imaged signatures, than wet ink signatures. Is that right? A. Well, what I mean is that you can affix that to documents that I've never | 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 | Q. All right. But during the voter registration process, you testified earlier you don't use signatures to determine someone's eligibility to register to vote. Correct? A. I agree with that. Q. And you don't use signatures to verify someone's identity in the voter registration process. Correct? A. Agreed. |
| 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 | A. Okay. Q. Okay. And so you mentioned earlier that you believed that it was easier to mess with a I might be it was easier to mess with JPEG signatures, imaged signatures, than wet ink signatures. Is that right? A. Well, what I mean is that you can affix that to documents that I've never read. You can take my JPEG, and you can put | 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 | Q. All right. But during the voter registration process, you testified earlier you don't use signatures to determine someone's eligibility to register to vote. Correct? A. I agree with that. Q. And you don't use signatures to verify someone's identity in the voter registration process. Correct? A. Agreed. Q. And so your okay. |
| 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 | A. Okay. Q. Okay. And so you mentioned earlier that you believed that it was easier to mess with a I might be it was easier to mess with JPEG signatures, imaged signatures, than wet ink signatures. Is that right? A. Well, what I mean is that you can affix that to documents that I've never read. You can take my JPEG, and you can put it on anything. Right? | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 | Q. All right. But during the voter registration process, you testified earlier you don't use signatures to determine someone's eligibility to register to vote. Correct? A. I agree with that. Q. And you don't use signatures to verify someone's identity in the voter registration process. Correct? A. Agreed. Q. And so your okay. And so my question is: Have |
| 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 | A. Okay. Q. Okay. And so you mentioned earlier that you believed that it was easier to mess with a I might be it was easier to mess with JPEG signatures, imaged signatures, than wet ink signatures. Is that right? A. Well, what I mean is that you can affix that to documents that I've never read. You can take my JPEG, and you can put it on anything. Right? My signature you can't make | 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 | Q. All right. But during the voter registration process, you testified earlier you don't use signatures to determine someone's eligibility to register to vote. Correct? A. I agree with that. Q. And you don't use signatures to verify someone's identity in the voter registration process. Correct? A. Agreed. Q. And so your okay. And so my question is: Have you ever provided training to any county |
| 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 | A. Okay. Q. Okay. And so you mentioned earlier that you believed that it was easier to mess with a I might be it was easier to mess with JPEG signatures, imaged signatures, than wet ink signatures. Is that right? A. Well, what I mean is that you can affix that to documents that I've never read. You can take my JPEG, and you can put it on anything. Right? My signature you can't make me sign something I don't want to sign. | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 | Q. All right. But during the voter registration process, you testified earlier you don't use signatures to determine someone's eligibility to register to vote. Correct? A. I agree with that. Q. And you don't use signatures to verify someone's identity in the voter registration process. Correct? A. Agreed. Q. And so your okay. And so my question is: Have you ever provided training to any county election administrator about how to tell the |
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Case: 32550536-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 04608/2Date at the d596/29/2022

3/4/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Keith Ingram

| | Page 209 | Page 211 |
|--|--|---|
| 1 | administrators? | 1 announcement that's still on the screen here, |
| 2 | A. Oh, yes. Absolutely. | 2 this press release, your office issued the |
| 3 | Q. Okay. And what was the | 3 announcement why did your office issue |
| 4 | substance of your conversation there? | 4 this announcement? |
| 5 | A. That Vote.org was deceiving | 5 A. Because there was a group out |
| 6 | Texas voters, and we cannot stand for that. | 6 there that was deceiving Texas voters, and we |
| 7 | Q. I understand. | 7 wanted to put the truth out. |
| 8 | And that was your office's | 8 Q. I understand. |
| 9 | perspective; is that correct? | 9 So this is it fair to say |
| 10 | A. That was definitely our | 10 that you released this announcement to stop |
| 11 | office's perspective, yes. | 11 Vote.org from using its e-signature tool? |
| 12 | Q. Okay. And did you discuss with | 12 A. Well, to stop voters from using |
| 13 | those four counties, Dallas, Cameron, Bexar, | 13 it, because it was going to mess them up with |
| 14 | or Travis, the substance of any meetings that | 14 regard to registering to vote. |
| 15 | they might have had with Vote.org? | 15 Q. I understand. |
| 16 | A. No, not that I recall. I don't | 16So it was to stop Vote.org from |
| 17 | think that any of them met with Vote.org or | 17 offering the e-signature tool and to |
| 18 | talked to them. Maybe they did. I don't | 18 discourage voters from using it. Is that |
| 19 | know. | 19 correct? |
| 20 | We did talk to League of Women | 20 MS. HUNKER: Objection. Asked |
| 21 | Voters about their conversation, as well as | and answered.A. Yeah, it was definitely to |
| 22 | Jeremy Smith. | A. Yeah, it was definitely to |
| | | |
| | Page 210 | Page 212 |
| 1 | Page 210 Q. Okay. Who did you speak with | _ |
| 1 2 | Q. Okay. Who did you speak with | |
| | Q. Okay. Who did you speak with at the League of Women Voters? | 1 discourage voters. We didn't have any |
| 2 | Q. Okay. Who did you speak with at the League of Women Voters? | discourage voters. We didn't have any control over Vote.org. |
| 2 3 | Q. Okay. Who did you speak with at the League of Women Voters?A. Cindy Weatherby. | discourage voters. We didn't have any control over Vote.org. BY MS. YUKEVICH: |
| 2 3 4 | Q. Okay. Who did you speak with at the League of Women Voters?A. Cindy Weatherby.Q. Okay. And you spoke to Jeremy | discourage voters. We didn't have any control over Vote.org. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. And before you issued this |
| 2 3 4 5 | Q. Okay. Who did you speak with at the League of Women Voters?A. Cindy Weatherby.Q. Okay. And you spoke to Jeremy Smith as well? | discourage voters. We didn't have any control over Vote.org. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. And before you issued this announcement, or since your office issued |
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| 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 | Q. Okay. Who did you speak with at the League of Women Voters? A. Cindy Weatherby. Q. Okay. And you spoke to Jeremy Smith as well? A. Maybe Cindy told us about Jeremy's conversation. Maybe we talked to Jeremy directly. I don't remember. Q. Okay. Do you have any records of any of these conversations? A. No. | discourage voters. We didn't have any control over Vote.org. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. And before you issued this announcement, or since your office issued this announcement, has anyone in the Secretary of State's Office conducted any research on the possibility of fraud related to wet ink signatures? A. No. Q. Has anyone in your office |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 | Q. Okay. Who did you speak with at the League of Women Voters? A. Cindy Weatherby. Q. Okay. And you spoke to Jeremy Smith as well? A. Maybe Cindy told us about Jeremy's conversation. Maybe we talked to Jeremy directly. I don't remember. Q. Okay. Do you have any records of any of these conversations? A. No. Q. No notes or written summaries of any of these conversations? A. No. Q. No notes conversations? A. No. | discourage voters. We didn't have any control over Vote.org. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. And before you issued this announcement, or since your office issued this announcement, has anyone in the Secretary of State's Office conducted any research on the possibility of fraud related to wet ink signatures? A. No. Q. Has anyone in your office conducted any research on the possibility of fraud related to imaged signatures? A. No. |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | Q. Okay. Who did you speak with at the League of Women Voters? A. Cindy Weatherby. Q. Okay. And you spoke to Jeremy Smith as well? A. Maybe Cindy told us about Jeremy's conversation. Maybe we talked to Jeremy directly. I don't remember. Q. Okay. Do you have any records of any of these conversations? A. No. Q. No notes or written summaries of any of these conversations? A. No. Q. Does anyone in your office have just to be as clear as I can: No one in your office has those either; correct? A. I don't believe so. We could | discourage voters. We didn't have any control over Vote.org. BY MS. YUKEVICH: Q. And before you issued this announcement, or since your office issued this announcement, has anyone in the Secretary of State's Office conducted any research on the possibility of fraud related to wet ink signatures? A. No. Q. Has anyone in your office conducted any research on the possibility of fraud related to imaged signatures? A. No. G. Has anyone in your office conducted any research on the possibility of fraud related to imaged signatures? A. No. G. Has anyone in your office conducted any research on the possibility of fraud related to digital or electronic signatures? |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | Q. Okay. Who did you speak with at the League of Women Voters? A. Cindy Weatherby. Q. Okay. And you spoke to Jeremy Smith as well? A. Maybe Cindy told us about Jeremy's conversation. Maybe we talked to Jeremy directly. I don't remember. Q. Okay. Do you have any records of any of these conversations? A. No. Q. No notes or written summaries of any of these conversations? A. No. Q. Does anyone in your office have just to be as clear as I can: No one in your office has those either; correct? A. I don't believe so. We could have sent an e-mail to the executive office summarizing what Cindy had said. I don't | 1discourage voters. We didn't have any2control over Vote.org.3BY MS. YUKEVICH:4Q. And before you issued this5announcement, or since your office issued6this announcement, has anyone in the7Secretary of State's Office conducted any8research on the possibility of fraud related9to wet ink signatures?10A. No.11Q. Has anyone in your office12conducted any research on the possibility of13fraud related to imaged signatures?14A. No.15Q. Has anyone in your office16conducted any research on the possibility of17fraud related to digital or electronic18signatures?19A. No.20Q. Has anyone in your office |
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| 3/4/2022 | 2 Vote.org v. Jacque | lyn Call | anen, et al. Keith Ingram |
|----------|--|-----------|---|
| | Page 213 | | Page 215 |
| 1 | A. No. | 1 | A. Storage capacity. |
| 2 | Q. And before you issued the 2018 | 2 | Q. What does that mean? |
| 3 | announcement, is what I'm talking about, | 3 | A. That means that in our old TEAM |
| 4 | right here on the screen, or since then, has | 4 | system, we kept a copy of the signature from |
| 5 | anyone in the Secretary of State's Office | 5 | DPS with the voter's record. And it was |
| 6 | spoke with any experts on signatures? | 6 | impacting our storage capacity. |
| 7 | A. I don't know how to answer that | 7 | And storage, if you wanted to |
| 8 | question. | 8 | have instantaneous backups and all that rot |
| 9 | Q. Have you spoken with anyone | 9 | with your service-level agreements of always |
| 10 | has anyone in your office ever spoken with | 10 | on/always available, then it gets to be very |
| 11 | anyone who studies wet, imaged, or electronic | 11 | expensive very fast. |
| 12 | signatures? | 12 | And so storage capacity became |
| 13 | A. Again, I don't know how to | 13 | a real issue for us in 2013, a money |
| 14 | answer that question. We talk to a lot of | 14 | Q. All right. All right. |
| 15 | people. We talk to thousands of people. | 15 | Any other major recurring |
| 16 | Q. Okay. Has your office | 16 | problems related to signatures before 2018? |
| 17 | intentionally sought out the advice of any | 17 | A. No. |
| 18 | experts on signature verification? | 18 | What about after? |
| 19 | A. No. | 19 | A. No. |
| 20 | Q. Has your office intentionally | 20 | Q. Before 2018 or after 2018, did |
| 21 | sought out the advice of any experts on | | your office have any policies or procedures |
| 22 | signature matching? | 21. 22 | in place relating to imaged signatures on |
| | | P | in prove returning to integra eigenments on |
| | Page 214 | | Page 216 |
| 1 | A. No. | 1 | voter registration applications? |
| 2 | Q. And has your office ever sought | 2 | A. I'm sorry. What? |
| 3 | out the advice, intentionally of any experts | 3 | Q. Before 2018, did your office |
| 4 | on handwriting in general | 4 | have any policies in place related to imaged |
| 5 | A. No. | 5 | signatures or telling the difference between |
| 6 | Q. Prior to 2018, were you aware | 6 | wet ink signatures and imaged signatures? |
| 7 | of any problems or issues related to | 7 | A. So our office obviously follows |
| 8 | signatures on voter registration | 8 | Texas law, which says that a voter |
| 9 | applications? | 9 | registration application has to be in writing |
| 10 | A. I don't know what that means. | 10 | and signed by the voter. |
| 11 | Q. Were there we talked earlier | 11 | There's two exceptions to that: |
| 12 | about the fact that your office is generally | 12 | One, that allows for updates to your voter |
| 13 | aware of, like, major or recurring issues in | 13 | registration at Texas.gov; and, two, that |
| 14 | the voter registration process. Is that | 14 | allows for physical signature to be |
| 15 | fair? | 15 | electronically captured and transmitted from |
| 16 | A. That's fair. | 16 | DPS, in the context with the DPS transmittal. |
| 17 | Q. Okay. Were there any major or | 17 | So obviously our office |
| 18 | recurring issues related to voter | 18 | enforced that policy, that a voter |
| 19 | | 19 | |
| | registration signatures that your office was | 1 19 | registration application had to be signed by |
| 20 | registration signatures that your office was aware of before 2018? | 20 | registration application had to be signed by the voter, with the with two exceptions. |
| | | | the voter, with the with two exceptions. Q. All right. So your office |

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Keith Ingram

| | Page 217 | | Page 219 |
|----|---|-----------|---|
| 1 | a wet ink signature and an imaged signature | 1 | instances of voter fraud relating to wet ink |
| 2 | prior to 2018? | 2 | signatures on voter registration |
| 3 | A. There was no reason to | 3 | applications? |
| 4 | consider. Right? Nobody has tried to | 4 | A. No. Wet ink signatures on |
| 5 | deceive Texas voters into thinking that a | 5 | applications for ballot by mail. |
| 6 | picture was a signature. | 6 | Q. All right. Are you aware of |
| 7 | Q. Are you aware of any | 7 | any instances can you tell me about those |
| 8 | instances first, let me back up. | 8 | instances of voter fraud? |
| 9 | What do you understand the term | 9 | A. Sure. |
| 10 | "voter fraud" to mean? | 10 | There was a scheme in Dallas. |
| 11 | A. Well, "voter fraud" can mean a | 11 | I don't remember the year. 2016, maybe. |
| 12 | lot of things. But generally, what it means | 12 | That was a May election, so it wasn't a |
| 13 | is the injection into or the subtraction from | 13 | partisan election. And there was a series of |
| 14 | legitimate vote counts, either fraudulent | 14 | about 700 ballots that were requested, all |
| 15 | votes or taking away legal votes. | 15 | with the same assistant. And those requested |
| 16 | Q. Okay. What do you mean by | 16 | ballots were not requested by the actual |
| 17 | take what do you mean by "taking away | 17 | voters. |
| 18 | legal votes"? | 18 | So Dallas County, Toni |
| 19 | A. Well, subtracting legal votes | 19 | Pippins-Poole and her staff, compared the |
| 20 | from the count. | 20 | signatures on the application with the |
| 21 | Q. Sorry. Are you saying | 21) 22 | signatures on the voter registration and |
| 22 | "illegal" or "legal"? I apologize. | (22 | determined that a large number of these |
| | | | |
| | Page 218 | | Page 220 |
| 1 | A. "Legal." Legally cast ballots | 1 | hadn't been signed by the voter, hadn't been |
| 2 | should be counted. | 2 | requested by the voter. |
| 3 | Q. Right. And I understand. | 3 | And so there's nothing they |
| 4 | And so you're subtracting | 4 | could do under Texas law except send the |
| 5 | A. Sorry. | 5 | ballot out. So they went ahead and sent the |
| 6 | Q. It's okay. | 6 | ballot out for these applications, but they |
| 7 | So either subtracting legal | 7 | also went and got a court order to hold these |
| 8 | votes or adding illegal votes | 8 | 700 applications and return the ballots |
| 9 | A. Generally. | 9 | separately, so that and notify these |
| 10 | Q is generally what you define | 10 | 700 voters, so that they could come in and |
| 11 | "voter fraud" to be. | 11 | say, yes, I did request that or, no, I did |
| 12 | A. Sure. | 12 | not, and have the opportunity to vote in |
| 13 | Q. And how are you aware of any | 13 | person. |
| 14 | instances of voter fraud connected to imaged | 14 | So there was, you know, a |
| 15 | signatures on voter registration | 15 | special provision made to allow those voters |
| 16 | applications? | 16 | the opportunity to vote instead of having |
| 17 | A. I can't think of an instance | 17 | their votes stolen by fraudsters who signed |
| 18 | where that was the issue. You know, | 18 | their name. |
| 19 | obviously some things that the voter didn't | 19 | Q. And all those signatures that |
| 20 | sign that other people did sign have been an | 20 | you're talking about, those were all wet ink |
| 21 | issue. | 21 | signatures. Is that correct? |
| 22 | Q. All right. So those are | 22 | A. They were all original |
| | | | • |

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| | Page 221 | | Page 223 |
|----|---|-----|--|
| 1 | signatures on an application, that's right. | 1 | voter registration applications from voters |
| 2 | Q. And any instances of voter | 2 | who used Vote.org's web application in 2018? |
| 3 | fraud in any context connected to imaged | 3 | A. We did not. |
| 4 | signatures? So pictures of voter pictures | 4 | Q. How do you know? |
| 5 | of signatures affixed to documents. | 5 | A. Because they weren't addressed |
| 6 | A. No, I can't think of any. | 6 | to us. |
| 7 | Q. Okay. Any instances of voter | 7 | Q. All right. Do you know if |
| 8 | fraud connected to the voter registration | 8 | voters were able to register to vote using |
| 9 | applications that come through DPS? | 9 | the process that we discussed before after |
| 10 | A. No. | 10 | they submitted voter registration |
| 11 | Q. Any instances of voter fraud | 11 | applications signed using Vote.org's |
| 12 | that you're aware of connected to the | 12 | e-signature function? |
| 13 | signatures that voters provide to DPS? | 13 | A. I don't know. |
| 14 | A. No. | 14 | Q. And why not? Why don't you |
| 15 | Q. And I might have cut you off | 15 | know? |
| 16 | before. Are there other instances of voter | 16 | A. How would I know? How would |
| 17 | fraud that you're aware of connected to wet | 17 | our office have any idea about that? |
| 18 | ink signatures, either on voter registration | 18 | And is that because the |
| 19 | applications or applications to vote by mail? | 19 | information that you receive is sort of |
| 20 | A. There was a pretty widespread | 20 | filtered through the county level? |
| 21 | problem back in 2010 in Harris County, before | 200 | A. The counties are the ones who |
| 22 | I got into this chair. But where a group was | 22 | register voters in Texas. |
| | S | r | - |
| | Page 222 | | Page 224 |
| 1 | incentivized to register as many people as | 1 | Q. But you have to assign you |
| 2 | possible by a compensation scheme. And they | 2 | have to process that information, make sure |
| 3 | were fabricating registrations and submitting | 3 | it matches, and assign a VUID. Right? |
| 4 | them. | 4 | A. Right. |
| 5 | Q. Anything more recent than that? | 5 | Q. And so if counties were |
| 6 | A. I can't think of any. | 6 | entering information from voter registration |
| 7 | Q. And you would presumably be | 7 | applications signed using Vote.org's |
| 8 | aware of those issues if they existed. Is | 8 | e-signature function, your office would have |
| 9 | that right? | 9 | no way of knowing that? |
| 10 | A. If it was large scale, yes. | 10 | A. That's right. |
| 11 | Q. So we've talked I want to | 11 | Q. Did you instruct counties to |
| 12 | just go back a bit to talking about | 12 | reject voter registration applications from |
| 13 | Vote.org's web application. | 13 | voters who used Vote.org's web application? |
| 14 | And so you're obviously aware | 14 | A. No. |
| 15 | that in 2018, Vote.org created this web | 15 | Q. What did you tell counties to |
| 16 | application with an e-sign function to be | 16 | do with applications that came that voters |
| 17 | used in the state of Texas. Right? | 17 | submitted if they signed them using |
| 18 | A. I agree. | 18 | Vote.org's web application? |
| 19 | Q. Okay. And you learned about it | 19 | A. To send a notice of incomplete |
| 20 | first from Remi Garza. Is that right? | 20 | registration. |
| 21 | A. That's right. | 21 | Q. Okay. And then I |
| 22 | Q. And did your office process any | 22 | understand. |
| | | | |

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| Page 225 Page 227 1 And if voters didn't oure their signature in the statutory time period, then their voter registration applications with a wet ink signature? 1 2 signature? A. To make sure that they get rejected. Is that right? 5 A. That is correct. 6 MS. YUKEVICH: All right. 7 I actually - 1 think we've been going for about another hour. I think Int almost done with my questions. Maybe 10 or 15 minutes. 11 So maybe it makes sense to take 12 a 10-minute break and come back. And then well spend 10 or 15 more minutes 13 the mell spend 10 or 15 more minutes 14 tegether, Mr. Ingram. 15 THE DEPONENT: Okay. 16 MS. YUKEVICH: Okay. 17 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 18 Carcosn take. 21 2:49 p.m. We are now of the record. 19 Recoss taken.) 2 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 2 Q. Okay. Mr. Ingram, as promsed. 1 and invert west may other registration 2 Q. Okay. Mr. Ingram, as promsed. 1 any other registration 2 Q. Okay. Mr. Ingram, as promsed. 1 That you so given for stricking with me today. 1 do sepipreciate it. I k | J/ 7/ 2022 | vole.org v. Jacque | iyn can | |
|---|------------|---------------------------------|---------|--|
| 2 signature in the statutory time period, then 2 signature? A. To make sure that they get 3 their voter registration application would be 3 A. To make sure that they get 4 registed. Is that right? 5 A. That is correct. 9 Q. Right. 6 MS. VUKEVICH: All right. 6 any - does your office have any - does your office have 7 Lactually -+ I think we've been going 6 any - does your office have 8 for about another hour. I think I'm any - does your office have 9 for shout another hour. I think I'm any - does your office have 10 of I for minutes. 7 any - does your office have 11 So maybe it makes sense to take any - does your office have any - does your office have 12 a 10-minute break and come back. And 12 applications? A. Well, again 13 them well spend 10 or 15 more minutes 13 A. Well, again MS. HUNKER: Objection. 14 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 20 Diff. Well, ason on the record. 7 15 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 3 gainatures any other r | | Page 225 | | Page 227 |
| 2 signature in the statutory time period, then 2 signature? A. To make sure that they get 3 their voter registration application would be 3 A. To make sure that they get 4 registed. Is that right? 5 A. That is correct. 9 Q. Right. 6 MS. VUKEVICH: All right. 6 any - does your office have any - does your office have 7 Lactually -+ I think we've been going 6 any - does your office have 8 for about another hour. I think I'm any - does your office have 9 for shout another hour. I think I'm any - does your office have 10 of I for minutes. 7 any - does your office have 11 So maybe it makes sense to take any - does your office have any - does your office have 12 a 10-minute break and come back. And 12 applications? A. Well, again 13 them well spend 10 or 15 more minutes 13 A. Well, again MS. HUNKER: Objection. 14 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 20 Diff. Well, ason on the record. 7 15 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: The time is 3 gainatures any other r | 1 | And if voters didn't cure their | 1 | registration applications with a wet ink |
| 3 their voter registration application would be rejected. Is that right? 3 A. To make sure that they get registered properly. 4 7 A. That is correct. 6 6 MS. YUKEVICH: All right. 6 Any - does your office have any interest in ensuring - apart from, you any ensuring voters are registered and that they're complied with the law, is there any separate interest that's served by wet ink signatures on voters are registered and that they're complied with the law, is there any separate interest that's served by wet ink signatures on voter registration applications? 10 or 15 montes. 10 11 So maybe it makes sense to take 11 12 a 10-minute break and come back. And then well spend 10 or 15 more minutes 13 A. Well, again - 13 THE UDEOGRAPHER: The time is a 2:38 p.m. We are now off the record. 13 A what we talked about before: 14 MS. YUKEVICH: 20 10 The type CRAPHER: The time is a signature to which you can ompare later signatures to see if it's the voter. 12 2:49 p.m. We are now off the record. 10 YMS. YUKEVICH: 11 21 14 Max you so mech for sticking 5 A. What we've talked about today. 10 15 Then you so mech for sticking 5 A. What we've talked a | | | | |
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2/11/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Rivelino Lopez 30(b)(6)

| IN THE UNITED STATES D WESTERN DISTRICT SAN ANTONIO DIV | OF TEXAS |
|---|---------------------|
| | + |
| VOTE.ORG, | I |
| Plaintiff, | Case No. |
| VS. | 5:21-cv-649-JKP-HJB |
| JACQUELYN CALLANEN, | 1 |
| in her official capacity as | 1 |
| the Bexar County Elections | 1 |
| Administrator; BRUCE ELFANT, | 1 |
| | |
| the Travis County Tax | |
| Assessor-Collector; | E COM |
| REMI GARZA, in his official | .e 1 |
| capacity as the Cameron County | 1 |
| Elections Administrator | 1 |
| MICHAEL SCARPELLO, in his | 1 |
| official capacity as the | 1 |
| Dallas County Elections | 1 |
| Administrator, | 1 |
| OTEN | 1 |
| Defendants. | |
| | - |
| CAPTION CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE | - |
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| Remote Videotaped Dep | - |
| RIVELINO LOPEZ 30 | |
| February 11, 2 | 022 |
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| DIGITAL EVID | |
| 1730 M Street, NU Washington | • |
| Washington, 1 (202) 232 | |
| (202) 232 | -0040 |
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Case: 3250536-00 Document D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 04668/2 Date argied 666/29/2022

2/11/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Rivelino Lopez 30(b)(6)

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|----|--|-----|---|
| | Page 121 | | Page 123 |
| 1 | contacted every person who had submitted an | 1 | Q Now let's go up to the top of this |
| 2 | application via fax using through Vote.org, | 2 | the first page of this sorry, the second page |
| 3 | right? | 3 | of this exhibit, I want to get the date. Do you |
| 4 | A Our office contacted who? | 4 | see the date on October 4th, 2018, on this |
| 5 | Q The individuals identified in the faxes | 5 | document? |
| 6 | that you received from Vote.org. | 6 | A Yes. |
| 7 | A No, we didn't contact them, no. | 7 | Q Okay. So did you did your office |
| 8 | MR. STONE: Oh, I'm sorry. Henry, could | 8 | notify the individuals who submitted who |
| 9 | you take down the exhibit that you have on the | 9 | Vote.org had submitted applications on behalf of |
| 10 | screen? | 10 | that they needed to submit an application |
| 11 | Q I'm dropping in the chat what I'm | 11 | strike that. |
| 12 | marking as Exhibit 4. And I'm going to use the | 12 | Did you contact the individuals from |
| 13 | share screen feature to show it to you, Mr. Lopez. | 13 | whom you received voter registration applications |
| 14 | (Exhibit 4 was marked for identification | 14 | from Vote.org to notify them that their |
| 15 | and attached to the deposition transcript.) | 15 | applications were incomplete? |
| 16 | BY MR. STONE: | 16 | A The one thing I can think that she may |
| 17 | Q Can you see Exhibit 4 on your screen | 17 | be referring to is when they reject it, they do |
| 18 | right now? | 18 | their rejection letter that they need to fill out |
| 19 | A Yes. | 19 | a complete application. So that may have been the |
| 20 | Q Does it look like a newspaper article | 20 | context she was referring to. |
| 21 | from the Dallas Morning News? | 210 | Q Would the individuals who had so the |
| 22 | A Yes. | 22 | deadline I think we established was October 9th or |
| | | S | |
| | Page 122 | | Page 124 |
| 1 | Q And is it titled, "Hundreds of voter | 1 | thereabouts, 2018, right? |
| 2 | registrations filed in Dallas County used online | 2 | A Right. |
| 3 | tool using online tool could be invalid and | 3 | Q And the Secretary of State's |
| 4 | open to legal challenges." | 4 | announcement came five days before that on October |
| 5 | Did I read that correctly? | 5 | 4th of 2018, right? |
| 6 | A Yes. | 6 | A Right. |
| 7 | Q I'm very good at reading. | 7 | Q Based on your knowledge, training, and |
| 8 | Let's go down to page 4 of this exhibit. | 8 | experience, would the individuals who had |
| 9 | And I'm going to read to you the second paragraph | 9 | applications submitted on their behalf by Vote.org |
| 10 | from the bottom. I'm going to highlight it so | 10 | have would they have received notification that |
| 11 | that you can see it. Do you see it on your | 11 | their application had been rejected prior to that |
| 12 | screen? | 12 | October 9th, 2018, deadline? |
| 13 | A Yes. | 13 | A Maybe some. I can't say all of them. |
| 14 | Q Tell me if I'm reading this accurately. | 14 | Q For those who didn't receive |
| 15 | "Pippins-Poole said Dallas County will follow the | 15 | notification prior to that October 9th, 2018, |
| 16 | state's guidance and notify applicants that their | 16 | deadline well, let me strike that. |
| 17 | registrations are incomplete and require an | 17 | When a voter receives a notification |
| 18 | original signature. To finish their registration, | 18 | that their application when a voter receives |
| 19 | they would need to send in an original signature | 19 | notification that their voter registration |
| 20 | within ten days of receiving the notice." | 20 | application has been rejected, do they have an |
| 21 | | | |
| | Did I read that accurately? | 21 | opportunity to cure whatever defect there is? |
| 22 | Did I read that accurately? A Yes. | 21 | opportunity to cure whatever defect there is? A Yes. |

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2/11/2022

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| | Page 125 | | Page 127 |
|--|---|--|--|
| 1 | Q And if they cure that defect, what is | 1 | applications, you could not have sent out a notice |
| 2 | the effective date of their voter application? | 2 | to them that their application had been rejected, |
| 3 | A They respond ten days from the rejection | 3 | could you? |
| 4 | or incomplete letter. It goes back to the | 4 | A That's right. |
| 5 | original application date. If it's after, then | 5 | Q Those 259 voters potentially were |
| 6 | they the dates, say if it's the 12th day, then | 6 | disenfranchised, weren't they? |
| 7 | it goes off of that date. | 7 | A Could have been, yes. |
| 8 | Q So the sorry. I got a notification | 8 | Q By Vote.org? |
| 9 | that my Internet wasn't stable so I paused for a | 9 | A From when they sent the original |
| 10 | moment. | 10 | application and I got them registered, I don't |
| 11 | So the 478 applications received, | 11 | have that information, though. |
| 12 | applicants that submitted applications by fax in | 12 | Q Do you know how many of the do you |
| 13 | 2018 that were rejected would have received | 13 | know how many of the applications voter |
| 14 | notification from your office at some point, | 14 | registration applications that were submitted by |
| 15 | right? | 15 | Vote.org, how many of the applicants themselves |
| 16 | A Right. | 16 | subsequently cured the defects with their |
| 17 | Q Of that 478 applications that were | 17 | applications? |
| 18 | submitted by fax in 2018, do you know how many of | 18 | A No, I don't. |
| 19 | them were actually from Vote.org? | 19 | Q If they didn't cure the defects with |
| 20 | A I don't. | 20 | O their applications, they couldn't vote, right? |
| 21 | Q Is it fair to say, though, not all of | 210 | MR. HARRIS: Objection. Calls for |
| 22 | the 478 voter registration applications that you | 22 | speculation. |
| | | | |
| | <u></u> | | |
| | Page 126 | | Page 128 |
| 1 | Page 126 received in 2018 were from Vote.org? | 1 | Page 128 A Yes, if they never got registered, they |
| 1 2 | A Yes, that's fair. | 1 2 | |
| | Q So we've got two numbers. We've got the | | A Yes, if they never got registered, they |
| 2 | Q So we've got two numbers. We've got the number provided by Vote.org of 737 individuals who | 2 | A Yes, if they never got registered, they couldn't vote. MR. STONE: I am almost done. If we could take a five-minute break, I think when we |
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32 (Pages 125 to 128)

202-232-0646 Pl.'s App. 162

$Case: \$259536-00 \text{Descutivent D00516376753-2} \quad \texttt{Prige: 04688/2Date arg led 606/29/2022} \\$

| /2022 | Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et | al. Terrie Pendley |
|-------|--|-----------------------|
| | IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT CO | Page 1 |
| | WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS | |
| | SAN ANTONIO DIVISION | |
| VOTE. | ORG, |) Case No. |
| | Plaintiff, |) 5:21-cv-649-JKP-HJB |
| | V. |) |
| JACQU | JELYN CALLANEN, in her official |) |
| capac | city as the Bexar County Elections |) |
| Admir | histrator; BRUCE ELFANT, in his |) |
| offic | cial capacity as the Travis County |) |
| Tax A | Assessor-Collector; REMI GARZA, in |) |
| his c | official capacity as the Cameron |) |
| Count | y Elections Administrator; | <i>[</i> ,) |
| MICHA | AEL SCARPELLO, in his official |) |
| Capac | city as the Dallas County Elections |) |
| Admir | histrator, |) |
| | Defendants, |) |
| and | C ²⁴ |) |
| KEN E | PAXTON, in his official capacity |) |
| | torney General of Texas; |) |
| | TORRES, in their official capacity |) |
| | edina County Elections Administrator; |) |
| | E PENDLEY, in her official capacity |) |
| as Re | eal County Tax Assessor-Collector, |) |
| | Intervenor-Defendants. |) |
| | | _) |
| Zoom | streaming personal and 30(b)(6) video | o deposition |
| of TE | CRRIE PENDLEY, called for examination | by counsel |
| | the Plaintiff, on Friday, February 25 | |
| comme | ending at 10:04 a.m. CST, reported by | Michele E. |
| Frenc | ch, RPR, RMR, CSR-3091, and Notary Pul | blic for the |
| | e of Michigan, on behalf of Digital E | |
| Group |). | |
| | DIGITAL EVIDENCE GROUP | |
| | 1730 M Street, NW, Suite 812 | 2 |
| | Washington, D.C. 20036 | |
| | (202) 232-0646 | |
| | , | |

Case: 32550536-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 04698/2Date at the d606/29/2022

2/25/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Terrie Pendley

| | Page 49 | Page 51 |
|--|--|---|
| 1 | four of their Social Security, some do not. It's an | 1 registration form to the Secretary of State? |
| 2 | either/or. Make sure that it is signed and dated, | 2 A No, sir. |
| 3 | sir. | 3 Q And you do not send any information from the |
| 4 | Q And do you how do you keep track of the | 4 voter registration form to the Secretary of State? |
| 5 | voter registration applications that you receive? | 5 A No, sir. |
| 6 | A I try to process them in a daily manner, if | 6 Q So the Secretary of State's office receives |
| 7 | it's not early voting or election day. I just process | 7 no information from your office at all with regard to |
| 8 | them daily as they come in. | 8 your voter registration or a given voter |
| 9 | Right now | 9 registration application? |
| 10 | Q Are you | 10 A No, sir. It's entered into Teams, which |
| 11 | A early voting and elections is going on, | 11 they have access to. |
| 12 | so I have a little stack over here that I need to | 12 Q Okay. So the Secretary of State's office |
| 13 | correct, you know, change of addresses, and | 13 does have access to Teams? |
| 14 | applications, and I will do those on March the 4th. | 14 A Yes, sir. |
| 15 | Q Understood. So when you say you process an | 15 Q Okay. And can you summarize for me what it |
| 16 | application, does that entail using a time stamp or a | 16 is that you keep in Teams? |
| 17 | date stamp? | 17 A I keep all the voters for Real County. |
| 18 | A We just have a date stamp here, sir. | 18 That's where I print off my voters list, is in Teams. |
| 19 | Q Okay. So do you do you use a bar code? | 19 It's where I update all my roads for Real County, is |
| 20 | A No. I do not have my bar code scanner | 20 Cin Teams. |
| 21 | hooked up. | 21 Q So when you say that you keep the voters in |
| 22 | Q Do you do you scan the applications into | there, you're you're referring to pieces of |
| | | |
| | .0 <u>.</u> | |
| | Page 50 | Page 52 |
| 1 | a computer system? | 1 information from the voter registration applications? |
| 1 2 | A No, sir, not here in Real County | information from the voter registration applications? A Yes, sir. |
| | Q Okay. And so and you process an | information from the voter registration applications? A Yes, sir. Q And can you please state for me which |
| 2 3 4 | Q Okay. And so and you process an application, that means you do you take the | information from the voter registration applications? A Yes, sir. Q And can you please state for me which particular pieces of information you put into Teams |
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13 (Pages 49 to 52)

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2/25/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Terrie Pendley

| | Page 53 | | Page 55 |
|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | Q And during your tenure in your current | 1 | driver's license number and/or Social Security number, |
| 2 | positions, no one from the Secretary of State's office | 2 | it will I will automatically print you a voter |
| 3 | has come to your office to view a signature; is that | 3 | registration card at that time. |
| 4 | correct? | 4 | On the card itself it gives you your |
| 5 | A No, sir. | 5 | validation dates that that card is good for. |
| 6 | Q And to the best of your knowledge, prior to | 6 | Q Understood. |
| 7 | your tenure, no one from the Secretary of State's | 7 | And can you explain to me what live check |
| 8 | office has come to your office to view a signature; is | 8 | is? |
| 9 | that correct? | 9 | A It's it's on Teams, and it checks your |
| 10 | A I do not know about before I took office, | 10 | driver's license number against the number, I guess, |
| 11 | sir, what happened then. | 11 | that I enter into Teams to make sure it's correct |
| 12 | Q Okay. But no one informed you when you took | 12 | against your name and birthday. |
| 13 | office that the Secretary of State's office or someone | 13 | Q Understood. |
| 14 | from that office would come to your office to view a | 14 | And what happens if it's if that voter |
| 15 | signature? | 15 | excuse me. |
| 16 | A No, sir. We do not discuss that. | 16 | What happens if the driver's license number |
| 17 | Q Okay. Thank you. | 17 | is not correct? |
| 18 | So suppose, again, I am registering to vote | 18 | A Then it will process a letter letting me |
| 19 | in Real County | 19 | know that it that the live check failed, and it |
| 20 | A Yes, sir. | 20 | Oprocesses a you know, generates a letter, and I |
| 21 | Q and suppose that I send you my voter | 210 | will send a letter to the registered voter. |
| 22 | registration form | 62 | Q And how long does it usually take for you to |
| | | | |
| | Page 54 | | Page 56 |
| 1 | Page 54 A Um-hum. | 1 | Page 56 send out one of those letters? |
| 1 2 | A Um-hum. | 1 | send out one of those letters? |
| | A Um-hum. Q and your office has processed it and I | | - |
| 2 | A Um-hum. | 2 | send out one of those letters? A I do it immediately, sir. If there is a |
| 2 3 | A Um-hum. Q and your office has processed it and I suppose you've filed away my my voter registration | 2 3 | send out one of those letters? A I do it immediately, sir. If there is a Q Understood. |
| 2 3 4 | A Um-hum. Q and your office has processed it and I suppose you've filed away my my voter registration card. | 2 3 4 | send out one of those letters? A I do it immediately, sir. If there is a Q Understood. A a phone number on the application, I also |
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Case: 32550536-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 04/08/2Date active 0706/29/2022

2/25/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Terrie Pendley

| | Page 69 | | Page 71 |
|--|--|--|---|
| 1 | A No, sir. | 1 | A I've never received an application that |
| 2 | Q How does your office determine whether a | 2 | wasn't signed, sir, so |
| 3 | registration application signature is a wet signature | 3 | Q Under |
| 4 | or not? | 4 | A yes. |
| 5 | A We just look at the application, sir, and | 5 | Q Understood. |
| 6 | see that it is signed. | 6 | And you don't use it to verify a |
| 7 | Q Okay. And do you have any policies or | 7 | registrant's identity; is that correct? |
| 8 | procedures in place relating to determining whether a | 8 | A No, sir. |
| 9 | registration application has a wet signature? | 9 | Q No |
| 10 | A No, sir, I don't believe that I do. | 10 | A Can you rephrase that question, please. |
| 11 | Q Okay. And does your office or, sorry. | 11 | Q Yes. Do you use it do you use an |
| 12 | Strike that. | 12 | original wet signature on the voter registration |
| 13 | Do you or anyone in your office have any | 13 | application to verify the registrant's identity? |
| 14 | training in relation to determining whether a | 14 | A I usually look at the name they print on |
| 15 | registration application contains a wet signature? | 15 | their application, sir. It's much easier to read than |
| 16 | A It would only be me, sir. And a training | 16 | their signature sometimes. |
| 17 | class, I do not believe that I have had one on | 17 | Q Understood. |
| 18 | signatures for voters. | 18 | So like you said, you don't use you don't |
| 19 | Q To the best of your knowledge, does the | 19 | compare the signature on the application to anything |
| 20 | Texas Secretary of State's office offer such a class? | 20 | else? |
| 21 | A I would have to go to the DocShare site and | 21 | A No, sir. |
| 22 | search it, sir. I do not know off the top of my head, | 22 | Q Do you use the wet signature on the voter |
| | C | | |
| | | | |
| | Page 70 | | Page 72 |
| 1 | no. | 1 | registration form for any other purpose? |
| 1 2 | Q Understood. | 1 2 | registration form for any other purpose? A I do not, sir, no. |
| | So can you tell me we've talked a little | _ | registration form for any other purpose?AI do not, sir, no.QAnd earlier you stated that when you process |
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Case: 32550536/-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 04708/2Date argited 706/29/2022

2/25/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Terrie Pendley

| Page 73 | | Page 75 |
|--|--|---|
| a deceased notification, I pull them. If I get | 1 | information is there and the boxes are checked? |
| | 2 | A I'm not sure what else there would be to do, |
| | 3 | sir. |
| • | 4 | Q Understood. |
| | 5 | And you said you do not scan the signature |
| - | 6 | or the voter registration applications into your |
| them | 7 | computer system; right? |
| Q So | 8 | A No, sir. |
| A unless I have a question or you know, | 9 | Q And you said you do not send the signatures |
| | 10 | to the Secretary of State in any by any means; |
| | 11 | right? |
| | 12 | A No, sir. |
| | 13 | Q And the Secretary of State's office doesn't |
| for look at that signature? | 14 | have access to the signatures unless they were to come |
| A No, sir. | 15 | to your office physically; is that correct? |
| Q So as as far as you're concerned, once | 16 | A Correct, sir. |
| that card is the voter registration form is filed, | 17 | Q I'd like to direct your attention to your |
| you have no use for the voter signature on that form? | 18 | response to Interrogatory No. 3, in the same exhibit. |
| A Not for my office, no, sir, at this time. | 19 | And I believe you stated |
| Q Understood. | 20 | MR. BARON: If we could zoom in, please. |
| And I'd like to direct your attention again | 210 | BY MR. BARON: |
| to Interrogatory No. 4 in Exhibit C. | (22 | Q "Signatures from voter registration |
| | 13 | |
| Page 74 | | Page 76 |
| MR. BARON: Can you scroll down a little bit | 1 | applications can be used by Real County elections |
| more, to where it says, "Real County first reviews the | 2 | officials to verify the identity of a voter." |
| voter registration application in accordance with " | 3 | Is that accurate? |
| Texas Election Code Section 13,143(d-2) no. Sorry. | 4 | A Yes, sir. |
| Hold on. | 5 | Q Now, when you say "Real County elections |
| | 6 | officials," can you state which election officials |
| bottom third of the page. | 7 | you're referring to? |
| BY MR. BARON: | 8 | A That would be our our County Clerk, sir. |
| Q "Real County first reviews the voter | 9 | She runs our polling locations and she runs the |
| registration application in accordance with Section | 10 | elections. So if she had a question about anything, |
| 13.071 to determine whether it meets the criteria set | 11 | she can look at the application. |
| forth in Section 13.002, including the requirement | 12 | Q And when you say "she can look at the |
| that it be signed by the applicant." | 13 | application," can you walk me through what that would |
| Do you see where I'm reading? | 14 | entail? |
| A Yes, sir. | 15 | A She would have to give me a voter's name and |
| Q Okay. And in that response, when you say | 16 | birthday. I would look them up in Teams. I would |
| | 17 | make sure see if they're active, inactive, or |
| application, that entails looking at it to see whether | 18 | cancelled, because I have three different filing |
| it's signed? | 19 | cabinets. And we would go to the proper filing |
| | 20 | cabinet and pull the application at that time. |
| A Yes, sir. | | |
| A Yes, sir.Q And in terms of the review process, do youdo anything else, apart from checking to see that the | 20 21 22 | Q And then she would refer to the signature on that application? |
| | asomething from the Secretary of State letting me know that they've moved to a different address, you know, I pull the original applications and put them in the suspended file. But, no, sir, I do not go back and look at them Q So A unless I have a question or you know, if I'm looking up an address, if they've moved or something, then I pull the original application. Q Have you ever gone back and looked at filed voter registration applications specifically to look for look at that signature? A No, sir. Q So as as far as you're concerned, once that card is the voter registration form is filed, you have no use for the voter signature on that form? A Not for my office, no, sir, at this time. Q Understood. And I'd like to direct your attention again to Interrogatory No. 4 in Exhibit C. Page 14 MR. BARON: Can you scroll down a little bit more, to where it says, "Real County first reviews the voter registration application in accordance with" Texas Election Code Section 13,143 (d-2) no. Sorry. Hold on. "Real County first reviews the voter registration application in accordance with Section 13.071 to determine whether it meets the criteria set forth in Section 13.002, including the requirement that it be signed by the applicant." Do you see where I'm reading? A Yes, sir. Q Okay. And in that response, when you say that you're reviewing the voter registration | asomething from the Secretary of State letting me know that they've moved to a different address, you know, I pull the original applications and put them in the suspended file.3But, no, sir, I do not go back and look at them Q So6A unless I have a question or you know, if I'm looking up an address, if they've moved or |

19 (Pages 73 to 76)

Case: 32550536-00 Decument D005/1697/61753-2 Prage: 04/08/2Date active 0706/29/2022

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Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Terrie Pendley

| | Page 81 | Page 83 |
|----|---|---|
| 1 | So you said this hasn't happened since you | 1 that correct? |
| 2 | assumed office; correct? | 2 THE REPORTER: I'm sorry. |
| 3 | A No, sir. | 3 THE WITNESS: No, sir. |
| 4 | Q So this doesn't happen with every mail-in | 4 (Record read for clarification.) |
| 5 | ballot? | 5 BY MR. BARON: |
| 6 | A No, sir. | 6 Q I apologize. Your office does not use the |
| 7 | Q Is there any reason why you cannot use a | 7 signatures for any sort of cross-referencing? |
| 8 | high quality imaged signature to cross reference with | 8 MR. STONE: Objection, form. |
| 9 | the other signatures for this purpose? | 9 THE WITNESS: No, sir. |
| 10 | MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection, form. | 10(Reporter interruption for clarification.) |
| 11 | You may answer. | 11 MR. BARON: Sorry, one moment. |
| 12 | THE WITNESS: Oh, could you repeat that, | 12 BY MR. BARON: |
| 13 | sir? | 13QOkay. Do precincts in Real County use an |
| 14 | BY MR. BARON: | 14 electronic sign-in sheet or a paper sign-in sheet at |
| 15 | Q Yes, ma'am. Is there any reason why you or | 15 the ballot or at the polling locations, to the best |
| 16 | the County Clerk could not use a high quality imaged | 16 of your knowledge? |
| 17 | signature to cross-reference with other signatures in | 17 A I'm sorry. I barely could hear that, sir. |
| 18 | the circumstance described in your response to this | 18 Do they use? |
| 19 | interrogatory? | 19 Sorry. Do precincts in Real County use an |
| 20 | A I'm not sure, sir. I'm not sure if she has | 20 electronic sign-in sheet or a paper sign-in sheet? |
| 21 | access to the I do not know. | 21APaper sign-in sheet.22QUnderstood. |
| 22 | Q I'm sorry. You're not sure if she has | Q Understood. |
| | <u></u> | |
| | Page 82 | Page 84 |
| 1 | access to what? | 1 And what would you do if a voter submitted a |
| 2 | A If she has access to to the program, the | 2 paper voter registration application without a |
| 3 | high image sig I'm not sure what program. Are you | 3 signature? |
| 4 | referring to a program or just comparing of a | 4 A I if they are a walk-in, I would ask them |
| 5 | signature? | 5 to sign it. If it was a mail-in, if they left a phone |
| 6 | Q Oh, I apologize. Allow me to clarify. | 6 number on the application, I would call and ask them |
| 7 | So when I'm referring to a high a high | 7 if they had a chance to come in and sign it or if they |
| 8 | quality image signature, I just mean that the quality | 8 would like me to mail them, to have them to sign it, |
| 9 | of the picture or scan | 9 if it was left blank. |
| 10 | A Okay. | 10 Q And that would be the same as if someone |
| 11 | Q is of a good quality so you can make out | 11 submitted a DPS application with no signature; is that |
| 12 | the signature. | 12 correct? |
| 13 | Does that make any sense to you? | 13 A Correct, sir. |
| 14 | A Well, I'm just thinking, sir. I'm not sure | 14 Q And what would you do if a submit if a |
| 15 | what she does. Okay? | 15 voter submitted a voter registration application with |
| 16 | Q Understood. | 16 what you deemed to be an imaged an imaged |
| 17 | A So I don't know what she would do | 17 signature? |
| 18 | Q Understood. | 18 A If there's a phone number, I guess I could |
| 19 | A or if she could use a I don't I | 19 call them and ask them to verify that it was their |
| 20 | don't know. | 20 signature, or I would send them a letter, with a copy 21 of the employing them to verify. The power |
| 21 | Q Okay. But your office does not use use | 21 of the application, asking them to verify. I've never |
| 22 | the signatures for any sort of cross-referencing; is | 22 ran across that, sir. |

21 (Pages 81 to 84)

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Case: 3250536-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 04/48/2Date acjed 706/29/2022

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Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Terrie Pendley

| | Page 85 | Page 87 |
|--|--|--|
| 1 | Q So if you called them and they verified that | 1 Q So the any sort of assessment of |
| 2 | it was their signature, would you process that | 2 signatures on mail-in ballots or disputes over |
| 3 | application? | 3 signatures, those are addressed by the County Clerk; |
| 4 | A If they verified the other information on | 4 is that correct? |
| 5 | their application, yes, sir. | 5 MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection, form. |
| 6 | Q Understood. | 6 You may answer. |
| 7 | And would your process be any different for | 7 THE WITNESS: On the application I'm |
| 8 | an application that came from DPS? | 8 sorry. Repeat that. |
| 9 | A No, sir. It would be the same. | 9 On the application or on the ballot? I'm |
| 10 | Q And you don't have any dedicated person in | 10 sorry. What what did you say? |
| 11 | your office that reviews the signatures on voter | 11 BY MR. BARON: |
| 12 | registration applications; correct? | 12 Q Sure. So when a ballot an early an |
| 13 | A No, sir. | 13 early ballot comes in, any concerns over signatures, |
| 14 | Q Understood. | 14 that's addressed by the County Clerk? |
| 15 | And you you personally review voter | 15 A Yes, sir. |
| 16 | registration applications; right? | 16 Q And that is the same for any concerns on |
| 17 | A Yes, sir. | 17 election day with regard to signatures? |
| 18 | Q And approximately how much time does it take | 18 A Yes, sir. |
| 19 | to review a voter registration application? | 19 And the process you described to me earlier, |
| 20 | A First glance, just a couple of minutes. | 20 where the County Clerk comes in and you show her the |
| 21 | Q Understood. | ² ¹ permanent voter registration application, that is the |
| 22 | And how much time approximately do you take | same for both of those situations? |
| | C | ~ |
| | | |
| | Page 86 | Page 88 |
| 1 | | 1 A Yes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes, |
| 2 | | 1 A Yes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes, 2 sir. We would pull it. |
| | | A Yes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes, sir. We would pull it. Q And to the best of your knowledge, the |
| 2 3 4 | to assess a signature on a voter registration application? A Time-wise? Q Yes, ma'am. | A Yes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes, sir. We would pull it. Q And to the best of your knowledge, the County Clerk is not or would not treat a printout of a |
| 2 3 4 5 | to assess a signature on a voter registration application? A Time-wise? Q Yes, ma'am. A Like less than a minute. I just look at it. | A Yes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes, sir. We would pull it. Q And to the best of your knowledge, the County Clerk is not or would not treat a printout of a DPS voter registration application any different for |
| 2 3 4 5 6 | to assess a signature on a voter registration application? A Time-wise? Q Yes, ma'am. A Like less than a minute. I just look at it. Q Would you say a few seconds? | A Yes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes, sir. We would pull it. Q And to the best of your knowledge, the County Clerk is not or would not treat a printout of a DPS voter registration application any different for any of these purposes than she would treat a physical |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 | to assess a signature on a voter registration application? A Time-wise? Q Yes, ma'am. A Like less than a minute. I just look at it. Q Would you say a few seconds? A I yeah. Yes. I just look you know, | A Yes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes, sir. We would pull it. Q And to the best of your knowledge, the County Clerk is not or would not treat a printout of a DPS voter registration application any different for any of these purposes than she would treat a physical voter registration application? |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | to assess a signature on a voter registration application? A Time-wise? Q Yes, ma'am. A Like less than a minute. I just look at it. Q Would you say a few seconds? A I yeah. Yes. I just look you know, look at the application, make sure the signature and | A Yes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes, sir. We would pull it. Q And to the best of your knowledge, the County Clerk is not or would not treat a printout of a DPS voter registration application any different for any of these purposes than she would treat a physical voter registration application? A I can't answer for her, sir. But, no, I |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | to assess a signature on a voter registration application? A Time-wise? Q Yes, ma'am. A Like less than a minute. I just look at it. Q Would you say a few seconds? A I yeah. Yes. I just look you know, look at the application, make sure the signature and the name on the application match. | A Yes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes, sir. We would pull it. Q And to the best of your knowledge, the County Clerk is not or would not treat a printout of a DPS voter registration application any different for any of these purposes than she would treat a physical voter registration application? A I can't answer for her, sir. But, no, I wouldn't think she would, but I can't answer for her. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 | to assess a signature on a voter registration application? A Time-wise? Q Yes, ma'am. A Like less than a minute. I just look at it. Q Would you say a few seconds? A I yeah. Yes. I just look you know, look at the application, make sure the signature and the name on the application match. Q Understood. | A Yes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes, sir. We would pull it. Q And to the best of your knowledge, the County Clerk is not or would not treat a printout of a DPS voter registration application any different for any of these purposes than she would treat a physical voter registration application? A I can't answer for her, sir. But, no, I wouldn't think she would, but I can't answer for her. Q And you've never seen her treat them any |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 | to assess a signature on a voter registration application? A Time-wise? Q Yes, ma'am. A Like less than a minute. I just look at it. Q Would you say a few seconds? A I yeah. Yes. I just look you know, look at the application, make sure the signature and the name on the application match. Q Understood. Does Real County have an early ballot board? | 1AYes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes,2sir. We would pull it.3QAnd to the best of your knowledge, the4County Clerk is not or would not treat a printout of a5DPS voter registration application any different for6any of these purposes than she would treat a physical7voter registration application?8A4I can't answer for her, sir. But, no, I9wouldn't think she would, but I can't answer for her.10Q11differently? |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | to assess a signature on a voter registration application? A Time-wise? Q Yes, ma'am. A Like less than a minute. I just look at it. Q Would you say a few seconds? A I yeah. Yes. I just look you know, look at the application, make sure the signature and the name on the application match. Q Understood. Does Real County have an early ballot board? A Not that I'm aware of. | 1AYes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes,2sir. We would pull it.3QAnd to the best of your knowledge, the4County Clerk is not or would not treat a printout of a5DPS voter registration application any different for6any of these purposes than she would treat a physical7voter registration application?8A9wouldn't think she would, but I can't answer for her.10Q11differently?12A12A1415No, sir. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 | to assess a signature on a voter registration application? A Time-wise? Q Yes, ma'am. A Like less than a minute. I just look at it. Q Would you say a few seconds? A I yeah. Yes. I just look you know, look at the application, make sure the signature and the name on the application match. Q Understood. Does Real County have an early ballot board? A Not that I'm aware of. Q Okay. So your office has no interaction | 1AYes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes,2sir. We would pull it.3Q4County Clerk is not or would not treat a printout of a5DPS voter registration application any different for6any of these purposes than she would treat a physical7voter registration application?8A4I can't answer for her, sir. But, no, I9wouldn't think she would, but I can't answer for her.10Q11differently?12A13QAnd no one has ever told you that she treats |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 | to assess a signature on a voter registration application? A Time-wise? Q Yes, ma'am. A Like less than a minute. I just look at it. Q Would you say a few seconds? A I yeah. Yes. I just look you know, look at the application, make sure the signature and the name on the application match. Q Understood. Does Real County have an early ballot board? A Not that I'm aware of. Q Okay. So your office has no interaction with any early ballot board, to your knowledge? | 1AYes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes,2sir. We would pull it.3Q4County Clerk is not or would not treat a printout of a5DPS voter registration application any different for6any of these purposes than she would treat a physical7voter registration application?8A4I can't answer for her, sir. But, no, I9wouldn't think she would, but I can't answer for her.10Q11differently?12A13Q14them differently? |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 | to assess a signature on a voter registration application? A Time-wise? Q Yes, ma'am. A Like less than a minute. I just look at it. Q Would you say a few seconds? A I yeah. Yes. I just look you know, look at the application, make sure the signature and the name on the application match. Q Understood. Does Real County have an early ballot board? A Not that I'm aware of. Q Okay. So your office has no interaction with any early ballot board, to your knowledge? A No, sir. | 1AYes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes,2sir. We would pull it.3Q4County Clerk is not or would not treat a printout of a5DPS voter registration application any different for6any of these purposes than she would treat a physical7voter registration application?8A4I can't answer for her, sir. But, no, I9wouldn't think she would, but I can't answer for her.10Q11differently?12A13Q14them differently?15A15A16No, sir. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 | to assess a signature on a voter registration application? A Time-wise? Q Yes, ma'am. A Like less than a minute. I just look at it. Q Would you say a few seconds? A I yeah. Yes. I just look you know, look at the application, make sure the signature and the name on the application match. Q Understood. Does Real County have an early ballot board? A Not that I'm aware of. Q Okay. So your office has no interaction with any early ballot board, to your knowledge? A No, sir. Q And does Real County have a signature | 1AYes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes,2sir. We would pull it.3QAnd to the best of your knowledge, the4County Clerk is not or would not treat a printout of a5DPS voter registration application any different for6any of these purposes than she would treat a physical7voter registration application?8A4I can't answer for her, sir. But, no, I9wouldn't think she would, but I can't answer for her.10Q11differently?12A13Q14them differently?15A16QAnd you're not aware of any policy of her |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 | to assess a signature on a voter registration application? A Time-wise? Q Yes, ma'am. A Like less than a minute. I just look at it. Q Would you say a few seconds? A I yeah. Yes. I just look you know, look at the application, make sure the signature and the name on the application match. Q Understood. Does Real County have an early ballot board? A Not that I'm aware of. Q Okay. So your office has no interaction with any early ballot board, to your knowledge? A No, sir. Q And does Real County have a signature verification committee? | 1AYes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes,2sir. We would pull it.3Q4County Clerk is not or would not treat a printout of a5DPS voter registration application any different for6any of these purposes than she would treat a physical7voter registration application?8A4I can't answer for her, sir. But, no, I9wouldn't think she would, but I can't answer for her.10Q11differently?12A13Q14them differently?15A16Q17office that would suggest that she treats them |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | to assess a signature on a voter registration application? A Time-wise? Q Yes, ma'am. A Like less than a minute. I just look at it. Q Would you say a few seconds? A I yeah. Yes. I just look you know, look at the application, make sure the signature and the name on the application match. Q Understood. Does Real County have an early ballot board? A Not that I'm aware of. Q Okay. So your office has no interaction with any early ballot board, to your knowledge? A No, sir. Q And does Real County have a signature verification committee? A Not that I'm aware of. | 1AYes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes,2sir. We would pull it.3QAnd to the best of your knowledge, the4County Clerk is not or would not treat a printout of a5DPS voter registration application any different for6any of these purposes than she would treat a physical7voter registration application?8A1can't answer for her, sir. But, no, I9wouldn't think she would, but I can't answer for her.10Q11differently?12A13Q14them differently?15A16Q17office that would suggest that she treats them18differently? |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | to assess a signature on a voter registration application? A Time-wise? Q Yes, ma'am. A Like less than a minute. I just look at it. Q Would you say a few seconds? A I yeah. Yes. I just look you know, look at the application, make sure the signature and the name on the application match. Q Understood. Does Real County have an early ballot board? A Not that I'm aware of. Q Okay. So your office has no interaction with any early ballot board, to your knowledge? A No, sir. Q And does Real County have a signature verification committee? A Not that I'm aware of. Q And so your office has no interaction with | 1AYes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes,2sir. We would pull it.3Q4County Clerk is not or would not treat a printout of a5DPS voter registration application any different for6any of these purposes than she would treat a physical7voter registration application?8A4I can't answer for her, sir. But, no, I9wouldn't think she would, but I can't answer for her.10Q11differently?12A13Q14them differently?15A16QQAnd you're not aware of any policy of her17office that would suggest that she treats them18differently?19A19No, sir, I have not seen anything. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | to assess a signature on a voter registration application? A Time-wise? Q Yes, ma'am. A Like less than a minute. I just look at it. Q Would you say a few seconds? A I yeah. Yes. I just look you know, look at the application, make sure the signature and the name on the application match. Q Understood. Does Real County have an early ballot board? A Not that I'm aware of. Q Okay. So your office has no interaction with any early ballot board, to your knowledge? A No, sir. Q And does Real County have a signature verification committee? A Not that I'm aware of. Q And so your office has no interaction with any signature verification committee, to your | 1AYes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes,2sir. We would pull it.3Q4County Clerk is not or would not treat a printout of a5DPS voter registration application any different for6any of these purposes than she would treat a physical7voter registration application?8A4I can't answer for her, sir. But, no, I9wouldn't think she would, but I can't answer for her.10Q11differently?12A13Q14them differently?15A16Q17office that would suggest that she treats them18differently?19A19A10Q11Understood. Thank you. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | to assess a signature on a voter registration application? A Time-wise? Q Yes, ma'am. A Like less than a minute. I just look at it. Q Would you say a few seconds? A I yeah. Yes. I just look you know, look at the application, make sure the signature and the name on the application match. Q Understood. Does Real County have an early ballot board? A Not that I'm aware of. Q Okay. So your office has no interaction with any early ballot board, to your knowledge? A No, sir. Q And does Real County have a signature verification committee? A Not that I'm aware of. Q And so your office has no interaction with | 1AYes, sir. She would come to ask me. Yes,2sir. We would pull it.3Q4County Clerk is not or would not treat a printout of a5DPS voter registration application any different for6any of these purposes than she would treat a physical7voter registration application?8A4I can't answer for her, sir. But, no, I9wouldn't think she would, but I can't answer for her.10Q11differently?12A13Q14them differently?15A16QQAnd you're not aware of any policy of her17office that would suggest that she treats them18differently?19A19No, sir, I have not seen anything. |

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Case: 32550536-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 04/158/2 Date at a file d 706/29/2022

2/25/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Terrie Pendley

| | Page 101 | | Page 103 |
|--|---|--|--|
| 1 | Q Understood. | 1 | Q And do you have any other knowledge of |
| 2 | Okay. And then in the next clause of that | 2 | electronic signatures being manipulated in the context |
| 3 | sentence, you state, "electronic signatures can be | 3 | of voter registration? |
| 4 | manipulated more easily." | 4 | MR. STONE: Objection, form. |
| 5 | And I want to clarify. The term "electronic | 5 | MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection, form. |
| 6 | signatures," that has the same meaning as when you | 6 | THE WITNESS: Not to my knowledge. |
| 7 | used it earlier in that same sentence? | 7 | BY MR. BARON: |
| 8 | A I believe so. | 8 | Q And do you have any firsthand knowledge of |
| 9 | Q And why do you believe that electronic | 9 | electronic signatures being manipulated in any |
| 10 | signatures can be manipulated more easily? | 10 | context? |
| 11 | A I just believe they can, sir. With the | 11 | MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection, form. |
| 12 | hackers, with the technology nowadays, it could be | 12 | THE WITNESS: No. |
| 13 | altered very easily if it's done on a computer. | 13 | BY MR. BARON: |
| 14 | Can you hold on one second, sir? | 14 | Q Thank you. |
| 15 | Q Yes, ma'am. | 15 | I'd like to direct your attention to your |
| 16 | (Discussion off the record.) | 16 | response to Interrogatory No. 5. |
| 17 | THE WITNESS: Sorry about that. | 17 | And you stated in this response that you |
| 18 | BY MR. BARON: | 18 | were " not aware of any issues, difficulties, or |
| 19 | Q No problem. | 19 | problems related to voter registration applications |
| 20 | Have you ever signed a document for someone | 20 | received by Real County that did not contain a wet ink |
| 21 | else using their signature? | 21 | signature." |
| 22 | A No, sir. | S 22 | Is that correct? |
| | | | |
| | Page 102 | | Page 104 |
| 1 | Page 102 Q You never signed, for example, a receipt on | 1 | Page 104 |
| 1 2 | | 1 2 | |
| | Q You never signed, for example, a receipt on | _ | A That's correct. |
| 2 | Q You never signed, for example, a receipt on someone else's behalf? | 2 | A That's correct.Q So neither you nor your office have |
| 2 3 | Q You never signed, for example, a receipt on someone else's behalf? MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection, form. | 2 | A That's correct.Q So neither you nor your office haveexperienced or encountered any instances of voter |
| 2 3 4 | Q You never signed, for example, a receipt on someone else's behalf? MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection, form. THE WITNESS: I don't believe so. | 2 3 4 | A That's correct. Q So neither you nor your office have experienced or encountered any instances of voter fraud from the use of an imaged signature; is that |
| 2 3 4 5 | Q You never signed, for example, a receipt on someone else's behalf? MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection, form. THE WITNESS: I don't behave so. BY MR. BARON: | 2 3 4 5 | A That's correct. Q So neither you nor your office have experienced or encountered any instances of voter fraud from the use of an imaged signature; is that correct? |
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26 (Pages 101 to 104)

Case: 32550536-00 Decument D005/1697/61753-2 Prage: 044/68/2Date active 0766/29/2022

2/25/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Terrie Pendley

| | 5 1 | , , , |
|-----|--|--|
| | Page 105 | Page 107 |
| 1 | BY MR. BARON: | 1 THE WITNESS: We have not done we have |
| 2 | Q I'd like to direct your attention to your | 2 not done that since I have taken office, no, sir. |
| 3 | response to Request for Production number 5. | 3 BY MR. BARON: |
| 4 | MR. BARON: Can we zoom in a little bit. | 4 O Understood. |
| 5 | Thank you very much. | 5 And does your office review signatures on |
| 6 | BY MR. BARON: | 6 DPS voter registration applications in situations in |
| 7 | Q You stated that you were not aware of any | 7 which a voter accidentally signs the voter list for |
| 8 | documents regarding problems, issues, or difficulties | 8 in-person voting in the space for another voter's |
| 9 | that Real County has encountered as a result of voter | 9 signature? |
| 10 | registration applications submitted without a wet-ink | 10 MR. STONE: Objection, form. |
| 11 | signature. | 11 MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection, form. |
| 12 | Is that correct? | 12 THE WITNESS: I have not had that happen, |
| 13 | A That's correct, sir. | 13 sir. |
| 14 | Q And the fact that you haven't had any | 14 BY MR. BARON: |
| 15 | problems with voter fraud or other issues relating to | 15 Q Okay. Does your office use signatures on |
| 16 | the use of imaged signatures is the reason you have no | 16 DPS voter registration applications in other |
| 17 | documents that are responsive to this request; is that | 17 situations? |
| 18 | correct? | 18 MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection, form. |
| 19 | A Yes, sir. | 19 MR. STONE: Objection, form. |
| 20 | Q All right. Thank you, ma'am. | 20 THE WITNESS: No, sir. |
| 21 | MR. BARON: We can take down that exhibit. | 21 BY MR. BARON: |
| 22 | BY MR. BARON: | Q And that's because those are used by the |
| | | |
| | Page 106 | Page 108 |
| 1 | Q Voter registration applications come from | 1 County Clerk; right? |
| 2 | DPS to you with imaged signatures; right? | 2 A She could have access to look at them if she |
| 3 | A Yes, sir. | 3 needed to, sir |
| 4 | Q And does your office use signatures on DPS | 4 Q Understood. |
| 5 | voter registration applications to verify a voter's | 5 A but she's never asked. |
| 6 | identity by comparing the signature on the ballot | 6 Q Has she asked to see the physical copies of |
| 7 | application and the carrier envelope certificate to | 7 voter registration applications? |
| 8 | the signatures on file with the County Clerk or | 8 A Not since |
| 9 | registrar? | 9 MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection, form. |
| 10 | THE REPORTER: I'm sorry. | 10 THE WITNESS: I've taken office. |
| 11 | MR. STONE: Objection, form. | 11 BY MR. BARON: |
| 12 | MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection, form. | 12 Q Can you repeat your response, please. |
| 13 | BY MR. BARON: | 13 A Not since I've taken office, sir, she has |
| 14 | Q I'm sorry. I was reading that too quickly. | 14 not asked to verify. |
| 15 | I'll repeat. | 15 Q Understood. Thank you. |
| 16 | Does your office use signatures on DPS voter | 16 And apart from DPS voter registration |
| 17 | registration applications to verify a voter's identity | 17 applications, has your office ever received voter |
| 18 | by comparing the signature on the ballot application | 18 registration applications with imaged signatures on |
| 19 | and the carrier envelope certificate to the signatures | 19 them, to your knowledge. |
| 20 | on file with the County Clerk or voter registrar? | 20 MR. STONE: Objection, form. |
| 21 | MR. STONE: Objection, form. | 21 MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection, form. |
| 0.0 | | |
| 22 | MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection, form. | 22 THE WITNESS: No, sir. |

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2/11/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Michael Scarpello 30(b)(6)

Page 1 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION VOTE.ORG, Plaintiff, | Case No. | 5:21-cv-649-JKP-HJB vs. JACQUELYN CALLANEN, in her official capacity as the Bexar County Elections Administrator; BRUCE ELFANT, I CON in his official capacity as the Travis County Tax Assessor-Collector; REMI GARZA, in his official capacity as the Cameron County| Elections Administrator MICHAEL SCARPELLO, in his official capacity as the Dallas County Elections Administrator, Défendants. CAPTION CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE _____ Remote Videotaped Deposition of MICHAEL SCARPELLO 30(b)(6) February 11, 2022 DIGITAL EVIDENCE GROUP 1730 M Street, NW, Suite 812 Washington, D.C. 20036 (202) 232-0646

Case: 32550536/-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Page: 04/788/2Date a gled 706/29/2022

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Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Michael Scarpello 30(b)(6)

| | Page 57 | | Page 59 |
|----------|---|----------|--|
| 1 | please take a moment to review the highlighted | 1 | existing policy will continue until this |
| 2 | section in this exhibit and let me know when you | 2 | litigation ends. What is the existing policy as |
| 3 | are ready to proceed. | 3 | it relates to this particular section? |
| 4 | A Ready. | 4 | A I think that's a pretty broad I think |
| 5 | Q Are you familiar with this particular | 5 | you need to be more precise in your question. |
| 6 | bill? | 6 | Q What existing policy did you refer to |
| 7 | A Yes. | 7 | when we discussed the implementation of Section 14 |
| 8 | Q What is this bill? | 8 | within H.B. 3107? |
| 9 | A This bill is a 50-page document, very | 9 | A I'm not sure I understand your question. |
| 10 | comprehensive, covering a variety of items related | 10 | Q Fair enough. Let me ask it this way. |
| 11 | to elections. | 11 | Do you have a policy as it relates to voter |
| 12 | Q And do you understand that my client, | 12 | registration applications? |
| 13 | Vote.org, is challenging only one particular | 13 | A We have lots and lots of policies |
| 14 | provision of House Bill 3107? | 14 | related to voter registration applications. |
| 15 | A Yes. | 15 | Q And the policy one of those policies |
| 16 | Q Do you know excuse me. | 16 | as it relates to voter registration applications |
| 17 | Do you know what that provision is? | 17 | is the process or policy for accepting and |
| 18 | A Section 14, I believe. | 18 | rejecting voter registration applications. Would |
| 19 | Q All right. So we have the highlighted | 19 | that be fair? |
| 20 | text of Section 14. Are you familiar with that | 20 | A Yes. |
| 21 | particular provision, Mr. Scarpello? | 210 | Q The particular policy in place right now |
| 22 | A Yes, yes. | (22 | for voter registration applications, and in |
| | | P | |
| | Page \$8 | | Page 60 |
| 1 | Q And how did you become familiar with | 1 | particular accepting and rejecting voter |
| 2 | that provision? | 2 | registration application, says what? |
| 3 | A Mostly through this lawsuit. | 3 | A That there's I think I'm not |
| 4 | Q Prior to the passage of H B. 3107, did | 4 | understanding your question. That is a really, |
| 5 | you take a position as it relates to Section 14 of | 5 | really broad question. |
| 6 | House Bill 3107? | 6 | Q Do you accept voter registration |
| 7 | A We have let's put it this way. We | 7 | applications with original signatures? |
| 8 | have existing policies that I've instructed the | 8 | A Yes. |
| 9 | staff that existing policies will continue until | 9 | Q Do you accept voter registration |
| 10 | reviewed and changed, unless they're changed by | 10 | applications with imaged signatures? |
| 11 | me. This particular one was never reviewed by me, | 11 | A Yes, from from the Department of |
| 12 | so the existing policy remains. | 12 | Public Safety. |
| 13 | Q Got it. So let me ask you this. Do you | 13 | Q Okay. Do you accept voter registration |
| 14 | plan to review the existing policy as it relates | 14 | applications that include imaged signatures from |
| 15 16 | to this particular provision? | 15 | any entity other than DPS? |
| 16 17 | A Yes. O When do you plan to do that? | 16 | A I don't believe so. |
| 17 18 | Q When do you plan to do that?A Because we're in the middle of | 17 | Q Okay. I apologize and thank you for |
| 18 19 | | 18 | helping me do the making you work very early |
| 19 20 | litigation, I don't know. That is dependent upon | 19 20 | here. |
| 20 21 | the advice of my attorneys after consulting with | | So you testified that you accept voter |
| 21 22 | them. Q Okay. And you testified that the | 21 22 | registration applications from DPS and that DPS uses I think the term we used was an imaged |
| ~~ | 2 Okay. And you testified that the | ~~~ | uses i unink the term we used was an imaged |

15 (Pages 57 to 60)

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Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Michael Scarpello 30(b)(6)

| | Page 61 | | Page 63 |
|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | signature; is that correct? | 1 | it's basically a paper process for original |
| 2 | A I believe, from my memory of these | 2 | registrations. |
| 3 | documents, I believe there was two different terms | 3 | Q All right. So I want to drill down on |
| 4 | that were used, imaged and I can't remember what | 4 | something you just said. Do you have a particular |
| 5 | the other term was. | 5 | position as to whether Texas should have online |
| 6 | Q Would it would it have been | 6 | voter registration? |
| 7 | electronic? | 7 | A I have a personal opinion. |
| 8 | A Yes. | 8 | Q Okay. What is your personal opinion? |
| 9 | Q Okay. What is your understanding of | 9 | A I believe 41 states or so, it might be |
| 10 | what an imaged signature is? | 10 | more than that, have online registration, and it |
| 11 | A An electronic representation of an | 11 | seems to me the second largest state in the |
| 12 | image. | 12 | country should have the same. |
| 13 | Q So it is not an original wet signature? | 13 | Q And is that personal belief based upon |
| 14 | A Yes. | 14 | well, let me strike that. |
| 15 | Q What is in your understanding let me | 15 | On what basis do you have that belief, |
| 16 | strike that. | 16 | that Texas should have online voter registration? |
| 17 | What do you understand an original wet | 17 | Why should Texas have it? |
| 18 | signature to be? | 18 | A It's the second largest state in the |
| 19 | A I would I would understand that to be | 19 | country that, you know, claims to do everything |
| 20 | a document that has that contains ink from a | 20 | the best, you know. We do it bigger and better in |
| 21 | marking device or contains material, if you | 21 | Texas. And so it seems to me that online |
| 22 | will, from a marking device that goes directly | 22 | registration not having online registration is |
| | whith it is a marking do not have goes encoury | P | |
| | Dama | | |
| | Page 62 | | Page 64 |
| 1 | from the marking device to the paper. | 1 | Page 64 a bit embarrassing, frankly. |
| 1 2 | from the marking device to the paper. | 1 2 | |
| | | _ | a bit embarrassing, frankly, |
| 2 | from the marking device to the paper. Q Okay. And I'm with you. I'm fellowing | 2 | a bit embarrassing, frankly. Q Would it make your job easier if you had |
| 2 3 | from the marking device to the paper. Q Okay. And I'm with you. I'm fellowing you. | 2 3 | a bit embarrassing, frankly. Q Would it make your job easier if you had online voter registration? |
| 2 3 4 | from the marking device to the paper. Q Okay. And I'm with you. I'm fellowing you. So it would be fair to say that an | 2 3 4 | a bit embarrassing, frankly.Q Would it make your job easier if you had online voter registration?A I am not concerned about the ease of my |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 | from the marking device to the paper. Q Okay. And I'm with you. I'm fellowing you. So it would be fair to say that an original wet signature is not the same thing as an imaged signature? | 2 3 4 5 6 | a bit embarrassing, frankly. Q Would it make your job easier if you had online voter registration? A I am not concerned about the ease of my job. I'm concerned about the welfare of the public. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 | from the marking device to the paper. Q Okay. And I'm with you. I'm fellowing you. So it would be fair to say that an original wet signature is not the same thing as an imaged signature? A Correct. | 2 3 4 5 6 7 | a bit embarrassing, frankly. Q Would it make your job easier if you had online voter registration? A I am not concerned about the ease of my job. I'm concerned about the welfare of the public. Q So in your concern for the welfare of |
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| | Page 65 | | Page 67 |
|---|--|--|--|
| 1 | A Sure. (Document review). | 1 | application? |
| 2 | Okay. | 2 | A The application itself has certain |
| 3 | Q All right. If you look down, I'm | 3 | requirements and a person attests to those |
| 4 | looking particularly at the paragraph that starts | 4 | requirements. |
| 5 | with "Subject to and without." Do you see that? | 5 | Q And what requirements does a voter |
| 6 | A Yes. | 6 | attest to as part of the application process? |
| 7 | Q All right. And then in the third row | 7 | A I couldn't tell you off the top of my |
| 8 | down near the end, it says, "Dallas County | 8 | head all the the long list of requirements. |
| 9 | Elections Department has not accepted voter | 9 | Q Could you tell me some of those |
| 10 | registration applications with electronic or | 10 | requirements? |
| 11 | imaged signatures based on the directions and | 11 | A Age 18, citizen citizen of the United |
| 12 | guidance provided by the Texas Secretary of | 12 | States, et cetera. |
| 13 | State." | 13 | Q And after I fill out the paper |
| 14 | Did I read that correctly? | 14 | application and I sign it I believe with ink, what |
| 15 | A Yes. | 15 | happens with my application? |
| 16 | Q And in particular, what I want to know | 16 | A I can I can ballpark that for you, |
| 17 | is what guidance or excuse me what direction | 17 | but that really gets into procedures that |
| 18 | and/or guidance did the Texas Secretary of State | 18 | Mr. Lopez can detail more, but that generally |
| 19 | provide such that you do not accept applications | 19 | speaking, that document is imaged and then the |
| 20 | with electronic or imaged signatures? | 20 | information from that document is entered into our |
| 21 | A I think in other documents, we explain | 210 | voter registration system, which is called Remax, |
| 22 | that I was not here when that guidance was | G22 | and then that's I believe that image or that |
| | | r | |
| | Page 66 | | Page 68 |
| 1 | provided, but my understanding was that at some | 1 | |
| - | | - | document marries up with the state's Team voter |
| 2 | point some time ago, guidance was provided to this | 2 | registration system. That image or that |
| 2 3 | | | _ |
| | point some time ago, guidance was provided to this | 2 | registration system. That image or that |
| 3 | point some time ago, guidance was provided to this office by the Secretary of State and that we | 2 3 | registration system. That image or that document is then put into storage, I believe, for a year and then destroyed after that, and then from that point on, only the electronic image of |
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| 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 | point some time ago, guidance was provided to this office by the Secretary of State and that we follow that guidance and sent that policy, if you will, and we continue that, have not changed that policy. Q And that policy, just to like come full circle, if you will, is the policy that is under review during the pendency of this litigation? A Yes. Q Understood. All right. We can take that one down. Do you know when you received you told me earlier that the voter registration application process in Texas, it's all paper because there's no online voter registration, right? A Correct. Q So if I walk into your office to fill out an application, do you make any determination about whether or not I am actually eligible to | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 | registration system. That image or that document is then put into storage, I believe, for a year and then destroyed after that, and then from that point on, only the electronic image of the registration exists. Generally speaking that's the procedure. Q I think that's actually helpful. So I just want to make sure I understand the process. I come into your friendly office. I can state on the record that I am 35 years old so I think I meet the age requirement, and I have my Texas ID. I am going to sign and hand my application to you. Once you receive your team receives my paper application, do you put like a time stamp on the application to note when it was received by your office? A I believe so. Q Any other markings to indicate receipt by your office outside of a time stamp, like, for example, a barcode? |
| 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | point some time ago, guidance was provided to this office by the Secretary of State and that we follow that guidance and sent that policy, if you will, and we continue that, have not changed that policy. Q And that policy, just to like come full circle, if you will, is the policy that is under review during the pendency of this litigation? A Yes. Q Understood. All right. We can take that one down. Do you know when you received you told me earlier that the voter registration application process in Texas, it's all paper because there's no online voter registration, right? A Correct. Q So if I walk into your office to fill out an application, do you make any determination | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | registration system. That image or that document is then put into storage, I believe, for a year and then destroyed after that, and then from that point on, only the electronic image of the registration exists. Generally speaking that's the procedure. Q I think that's actually helpful. So I just want to make sure I understand the process. I come into your friendly office. I can state on the record that I am 35 years old so I think I meet the age requirement, and I have my Texas ID. I am going to sign and hand my application to you. Once you receive your team receives my paper application, do you put like a time stamp on the application to note when it was received by your office? A I believe so. Q Any other markings to indicate receipt by your office outside of a time stamp, like, for |

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|----|--|------|--|
| 1 | reconvene? | 1 | A Yes. |
| 2 | A Sure. | 2 | Q What do you use it for? |
| 3 | Q Absolutely. Thank you so much. | 3 | A Without the signature, the application |
| 4 | A All right. Thanks. | 4 | is void. |
| 5 | VIDEO TECHNICIAN: The time is 11:15 | 5 | Q So you actually need the signature in |
| 6 | a.m. Off the record. | 6 | order for the application to be complete. |
| 7 | (A brief recess was taken.) | 7 | A Yes. |
| 8 | VIDEO TECHNICIAN: We are back on the | 8 | Q Are you comparing it to something? |
| 9 | record. The time is 11:23 a.m. | 9 | A No. |
| 10 | BY MR. SCHUETTE: | 10 | Q Are you using it for any other purpose |
| 11 | Q All right. Welcome back, Mr. Scarpello. | 11 | other than to make sure that the application is |
| 12 | Did you have a good break? | 12 | complete? |
| 13 | A Wonderful. | 13 | A Yes. I mean, it's the proof that I |
| 14 | Q Fair enough. | 14 | believe from getting this gets into one of your |
| 15 | So I believe we left off in our | 15 | questions later but it gets to the intent of |
| 16 | conversation discussing the in-person, I like to | 16 | what the purpose of that signature is by the |
| 17 | say, voter registration process, so I would come | 17 | legislature, but I would assume it is to have that |
| 18 | into your office, fill out the form. I would meet | 18 | person attest that what they have written on that |
| 19 | your requisite, you know, age requirements and the | 19 | application is accurate. |
| 20 | other points you listed earlier. And then I would | 20 | Q Okay. Great. And I'm happy you brought |
| 21 | actually sign in. | 210 | that up. So I want to be extremely clear with my |
| 22 | And do you recall us talking about that? | S 22 | line of questioning at this point. I am not here |
| | Page 74 | | Page 76 |
| 1 | A Yes. | 1 | to ask you about legislative intent. I do not |
| 2 | Q And you told me that your team would | 2 | know what the Texas legislature well, I do know |
| 3 | then take those applications and pat it into your | 3 | what they think about the signature requirement, |
| 4 | system, and there would be an image that would | 4 | but that is not the purpose of our conversation |
| 5 | then be sent, I think, to the state. And then you | 5 | today. And so I want to be very clear with you. |
| 6 | would keep the actual physical records, I think | 6 | I will deal with the state when I as I deal |
| 7 | you said, for one year. Is that correct? | 7 | with the state. But for purposes of our |
| 8 | A No. | 8 | conversation, I don't want you to opine or to |
| 9 | Q Okay. So | 9 | speculate about what they the purpose I my |
| 10 | A What you what I said was we image | 10 | goal here, and I apologize if I'm not as artful as |
| 11 | we take an image. It's put into our local voter | 11 | I would want to be, but my purpose in questioning |
| 12 | registration system, and it's attached to the | 12 | you regarding that particular requirement was |
| 13 | voter's official record within the system. I | 13 | really to get at what does your office use it for. |
| 14 | believe the data from that system goes up to the | 14 | And as I understand it, your office does not use |
| 15 | state system. I don't believe the image does, but | 15 | it for anything other than to make sure that the |
| 16 | that might be something you might want to follow | 16 | application is complete. Is that correct? |
| 17 | up with Mr. Lopez. I don't know if the state | 17 | A It's a required element of the |
| 18 | maintains an image. I'm going to guess they | 18 | application, correct. |
| 19 | don't. | 19 | Q All right. But it's not a required |
| 20 | Q Okay. Do you use the signature on the | 20 | element of the application process as it relates |
| 21 | voter registration application for any purpose as | 21 | to voter eligibility? |
| 22 | part of the registration process? | 22 | A No. |
| | | | |

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|---|---|---|
| 1 | | _ |
| 1 | Q What about identity? | 1 role of" that of the I'm sorry "which is |
| 2 | A You would have to be more precise in | 2 the role Dallas County Elections Administrator |
| 3 | your question. | 3 plays in connection with processing voter |
| 4 | Q You're not using that signature to | 4 registration applications." |
| 5 | verify someone's identity, correct? | 5 Outside of my blunder there, did I |
| 6 | A No. | 6 accurately read your response to Interrogatory |
| 7 | Q In fact, from your perspective, your | 7 number 2? |
| 8 | office's perspective, there is no real practical | 8 A Yes. |
| 9 | purpose for that signature or requiring a wet | 9 Q And this is still your position, |
| 10 | signature as opposed to an electronic or imaged | 10 correct? |
| 11 | signature on voter registration applications, | 11 A Yes. |
| 12 | right? | 12 Q All right. Let's look at Interrogatory |
| 13 | A If we were in court, I would say object | 13 number 3. Similarly, could you please take a |
| 14 | because it's a compound question. I think you | 14 moment to review interrogatory number 3 and your |
| 15 | asked a couple questions there. | 15 response and let me know when you're ready for my |
| 16 | MR. STONE: Okay. Let me do it this | 16 next line of questions. |
| 17 | way. Can we pull up Exhibit Q. All right. And I | 17 A Okay. |
| 18 | want to scroll down to Interrogatory number 2. | 18 Q And I want to again focus your attention |
| 19 | Q Mr. Scarpello, as I have done | 19 down to the "Subject to and without waiver" |
| 20 | previously, take a moment to review your response | 20 paragraph. And I'll |
| 21 | to Vote.org's Interrogatory number 2 and let me | 21 A I'm reading that. |
| 22 | know when you are ready for my next set of | Q Go ahead. Thank you for letting me |
| | <u>_</u> | |
| | Page 18 | Page 80 |
| 1 | questions. | 1 know. I apologize. If at any moment I start |
| | | |
| 2 | A (Document review). | 2 rambling on and you haven't had enough chance, |
| 3 | Okay. | 2 rambling on and you haven't had enough chance,3 just stop me. I will not take offense to it. |
| 3 4 | Q I'm going to start as I out previously | rambling on and you haven't had enough chance, just stop me. I will not take offense to it. A I've read it and I'm ready to answer |
| 3 4 5 | Q I'm going to start as I and previously and focus your attention on the "Subject to and | rambling on and you haven't had enough chance, just stop me. I will not take offense to it. A I've read it and I'm ready to answer your question. |
| 3 4 5 6 | Q I'm going to start as I did previously and focus your attention on the "Subject to and without waiver of said objection" paragraph. Do | rambling on and you haven't had enough chance, just stop me. I will not take offense to it. A I've read it and I'm ready to answer your question. Q Okay. Fair enough. All right. |
| 3 4 5 6 7 | Q I'm going to start as I and previously and focus your attention on the "Subject to and without waiver of said objection" paragraph. Do you see that? | rambling on and you haven't had enough chance, just stop me. I will not take offense to it. A I've read it and I'm ready to answer your question. Q Okay. Fair enough. All right. So if you look at the 7-2 paragraph, and |
| 3 4 5 6 7 8 | Q I'm going to start as I and previously and focus your attention on the "Subject to and without waiver of said objection" paragraph. Do you see that? A Yes. | rambling on and you haven't had enough chance, just stop me. I will not take offense to it. A I've read it and I'm ready to answer your question. Q Okay. Fair enough. All right. So if you look at the 7-2 paragraph, and I want to start at the second line, it says, |
| 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | Q I'm going to start as I and previously and focus your attention on the "Subject to and without waiver of said objection" paragraph. Do you see that? A Yes. Q All right. And if you go down to one, | rambling on and you haven't had enough chance, just stop me. I will not take offense to it. A I've read it and I'm ready to answer your question. Q Okay. Fair enough. All right. So if you look at the 7-2 paragraph, and I want to start at the second line, it says, "Defendant Scarpello in his official capacity as |
| 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 | Q I'm going to start as I and previously and focus your attention on the "Subject to and without waiver of said objection" paragraph. Do you see that? A Yes. Q All right. And if you go down to one, two, three, fourth line, second word in, it is | rambling on and you haven't had enough chance, just stop me. I will not take offense to it. A I've read it and I'm ready to answer your question. Q Okay. Fair enough. All right. So if you look at the 7-2 paragraph, and I want to start at the second line, it says, "Defendant Scarpello in his official capacity as Dallas County Election Administrator sees no |
| 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 | Q I'm going to start as I and previously and focus your attention on the "Subject to and without waiver of said objection" paragraph. Do you see that? A Yes. Q All right. And if you go down to one, two, three, fourth line, second word in, it is starting with "From." | rambling on and you haven't had enough chance, just stop me. I will not take offense to it. A I've read it and I'm ready to answer your question. Q Okay. Fair enough. All right. So if you look at the 7-2 paragraph, and I want to start at the second line, it says, "Defendant Scarpello in his official capacity as Dallas County Election Administrator sees no practical interests of the Dallas County Elections |
| 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 | Q I'm going to start as I and previously and focus your attention on the "Subject to and without waiver of said objection" paragraph. Do you see that? A Yes. Q All right. And if you go down to one, two, three, fourth line, second word in, it is starting with "From." Do you see that? | rambling on and you haven't had enough chance, just stop me. I will not take offense to it. A I've read it and I'm ready to answer your question. Q Okay. Fair enough. All right. So if you look at the 7-2 paragraph, and I want to start at the second line, it says, "Defendant Scarpello in his official capacity as Dallas County Election Administrator sees no practical interests of the Dallas County Elections Department served by Section 14 of H.B. 1307." |
| 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 | Q I'm going to start as I and previously and focus your attention on the "Subject to and without waiver of said objection" paragraph. Do you see that? A Yes. Q All right. And if you go down to one, two, three, fourth line, second word in, it is starting with "From." Do you see that? A Yes. | rambling on and you haven't had enough chance, just stop me. I will not take offense to it. A I've read it and I'm ready to answer your question. Q Okay. Fair enough. All right. So if you look at the 7-2 paragraph, and I want to start at the second line, it says, "Defendant Scarpello in his official capacity as Dallas County Election Administrator sees no practical interests of the Dallas County Elections Department served by Section 14 of H.B. 1307." Did I read that part correctly, |
| 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 | Q I'm going to start as I and previously and focus your attention on the "Subject to and without waiver of said objection" paragraph. Do you see that? A Yes. Q All right. And if you go down to one, two, three, fourth line, second word in, it is starting with "From." Do you see that? A Yes. Q So I'm going to read this out loud and | rambling on and you haven't had enough chance, just stop me. I will not take offense to it. A I've read it and I'm ready to answer your question. Q Okay. Fair enough. All right. So if you look at the 7-2 paragraph, and I want to start at the second line, it says, "Defendant Scarpello in his official capacity as Dallas County Election Administrator sees no practical interests of the Dallas County Elections Department served by Section 14 of H.B. 1307." Did I read that part correctly, Mr. Scarpello? |
| 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 | Q I'm going to start as I and previously and focus your attention on the "Subject to and without waiver of said objection" paragraph. Do you see that? A Yes. Q All right. And if you go down to one, two, three, fourth line, second word in, it is starting with "From." Do you see that? A Yes. Q So I'm going to read this out loud and you can follow along. | rambling on and you haven't had enough chance, just stop me. I will not take offense to it. A I've read it and I'm ready to answer your question. Q Okay. Fair enough. All right. So if you look at the 7-2 paragraph, and I want to start at the second line, it says, "Defendant Scarpello in his official capacity as Dallas County Election Administrator sees no practical interests of the Dallas County Elections Department served by Section 14 of H.B. 1307." Did I read that part correctly, Mr. Scarpello? A Yes. |
| 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 | Q I'm going to start as I and previously and focus your attention on the "Subject to and without waiver of said objection" paragraph. Do you see that? A Yes. Q All right. And if you go down to one, two, three, fourth line, second word in, it is starting with "From." Do you see that? A Yes. Q So I'm going to read this out loud and you can follow along. "From the perspective of Defendant | rambling on and you haven't had enough chance, just stop me. I will not take offense to it. A I've read it and I'm ready to answer your question. Q Okay. Fair enough. All right. So if you look at the 7-2 paragraph, and I want to start at the second line, it says, "Defendant Scarpello in his official capacity as Dallas County Election Administrator sees no practical interests of the Dallas County Elections Department served by Section 14 of H.B. 1307." Did I read that part correctly, Mr. Scarpello? A Yes. Q And this is still your position as you |
| 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 | Q I'm going to start as I and previously and focus your attention on the "Subject to and without waiver of said objection" paragraph. Do you see that? A Yes. Q All right. And if you go down to one, two, three, fourth line, second word in, it is starting with "From." Do you see that? A Yes. Q So I'm going to read this out loud and you can follow along. "From the perspective of Defendant Scarpello as the Dallas County Election | rambling on and you haven't had enough chance, just stop me. I will not take offense to it. A I've read it and I'm ready to answer your question. Q Okay. Fair enough. All right. So if you look at the 7-2 paragraph, and I want to start at the second line, it says, "Defendant Scarpello in his official capacity as Dallas County Election Administrator sees no practical interests of the Dallas County Elections Department served by Section 14 of H.B. 1307." Did I read that part correctly, Mr. Scarpello? A Yes. Q And this is still your position as you testify today? |
| 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | Q I'm going to start as I and previously and focus your attention on the "Subject to and without waiver of said objection" paragraph. Do you see that? A Yes. Q All right. And if you go down to one, two, three, fourth line, second word in, it is starting with "From." Do you see that? A Yes. Q So I'm going to read this out loud and you can follow along. "From the perspective of Defendant Scarpello as the Dallas County Election Administrator, there is no practical purpose for | rambling on and you haven't had enough chance, just stop me. I will not take offense to it. A I've read it and I'm ready to answer your question. Q Okay. Fair enough. All right. So if you look at the 7-2 paragraph, and I want to start at the second line, it says, "Defendant Scarpello in his official capacity as Dallas County Election Administrator sees no practical interests of the Dallas County Elections Department served by Section 14 of H.B. 1307." Did I read that part correctly, Mr. Scarpello? A Yes. Q And this is still your position as you A Yes. |
| 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | Q I'm going to start as I and previously and focus your attention on the "Subject to and without waiver of said objection" paragraph. Do you see that? A Yes. Q All right. And if you go down to one, two, three, fourth line, second word in, it is starting with "From." Do you see that? A Yes. Q So I'm going to read this out loud and you can follow along. "From the perspective of Defendant Scarpello as the Dallas County Election Administrator, there is no practical purpose for requiring a wet ink signatures as opposed to an | rambling on and you haven't had enough chance, just stop me. I will not take offense to it. A I've read it and I'm ready to answer your question. Q Okay. Fair enough. All right. So if you look at the 7-2 paragraph, and I want to start at the second line, it says, "Defendant Scarpello in his official capacity as Dallas County Election Administrator sees no practical interests of the Dallas County Elections Department served by Section 14 of H.B. 1307." Did I read that part correctly, Mr. Scarpello? A Yes. Q And this is still your position as you testify today? A Yes. Q Your response goes on to say, "From the |
| 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | Q I'm going to start as I and previously and focus your attention on the "Subject to and without waiver of said objection" paragraph. Do you see that? A Yes. Q All right. And if you go down to one, two, three, fourth line, second word in, it is starting with "From." Do you see that? A Yes. Q So I'm going to read this out loud and you can follow along. "From the perspective of Defendant Scarpello as the Dallas County Election Administrator, there is no practical purpose for requiring a wet ink signatures as opposed to an electronic or imaged signature on voter | rambling on and you haven't had enough chance, just stop me. I will not take offense to it. A I've read it and I'm ready to answer your question. Q Okay. Fair enough. All right. So if you look at the 7-2 paragraph, and I want to start at the second line, it says, "Defendant Scarpello in his official capacity as Dallas County Election Administrator sees no practical interests of the Dallas County Elections Department served by Section 14 of H.B. 1307." Did I read that part correctly, Mr. Scarpello? A Yes. Q And this is still your position as you testify today? A Yes. Q Your response goes on to say, "From the perspective of Defendant Scarpello as Dallas |
| 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | Q I'm going to start as I and previously and focus your attention on the "Subject to and without waiver of said objection" paragraph. Do you see that? A Yes. Q All right. And if you go down to one, two, three, fourth line, second word in, it is starting with "From." Do you see that? A Yes. Q So I'm going to read this out loud and you can follow along. "From the perspective of Defendant Scarpello as the Dallas County Election Administrator, there is no practical purpose for requiring a wet ink signatures as opposed to an | rambling on and you haven't had enough chance, just stop me. I will not take offense to it. A I've read it and I'm ready to answer your question. Q Okay. Fair enough. All right. So if you look at the 7-2 paragraph, and I want to start at the second line, it says, "Defendant Scarpello in his official capacity as Dallas County Election Administrator sees no practical interests of the Dallas County Elections Department served by Section 14 of H.B. 1307." Did I read that part correctly, Mr. Scarpello? A Yes. Q And this is still your position as you testify today? A Yes. Q Your response goes on to say, "From the |

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|--|--|--|---|
| 1 | applications include wet ink signatures versus | 1 | Committee? |
| 2 | imaged signatures." | 2 | A Yes, I am familiar with both of those. |
| 3 | Did I read that correctly? | 3 | Q Okay. So let's start with the Early |
| 4 | A Yes. | 4 | Ballot Board. Does your office interact with the |
| 5 | Q And this is still your position today? | 5 | Early Ballot Board? |
| 6 | A Yes. | 6 | A Yes. |
| 7 | Q We can take that down. And we discussed | 7 | Q In what way do you interact with the |
| 8 | earlier that you from time to time do receive | 8 | Early Voting Ballot board? |
| 9 | complaints about the voter registration process. | 9 | A The Early Voting Ballot Board is |
| 10 | Correct? Do you remember us having that | 10 | Q Early Voting, sorry. |
| 11 | conversation? | 11 | A it's to a certain extent is an |
| 12 | A Yes. | 12 | independent body, but they work with us as far as |
| 13 | Q And you told me that part of that I | 13 | the paperwork regarding appointments and regarding |
| 14 | hate to use the word complaint you used the | 14 | the location out where they work, the equipment |
| 15 | word concern, so I'll use concern if that's kind | 15 | they use, the hours they work, the pay they |
| 16 | of fair with you. Okay? | 16 | receive. And so, in other words, we take care of |
| 17 | A Okay. | 17 | the administrative pieces of their body, and they |
| 18 | Q So you receive these concerns from the | 18 | consult with us. But to a certain extent, they |
| 19 | voters in Dallas. Your team then categorizes the | 19 | are independent as far as their responsibilities. |
| 20 | concerns in order to address those concerns. Is | 20 | Q Does the Early Voting Ballot Board |
| 21 | that correct? | 21 | request the original hard copy of voter |
| 22 | A Yes. But typically that is done only | 22 | registration applications as part of its process |
| | | r | |
| | Page 82 | | Page 84 |
| 1 | during a short period around an election. It's | 1 | in the voting, I guess, mechanism? |
| 2 | not captured year-round. | 2 | A No. |
| 3 | Q Okay. Do you know if you have received | 3 | Q Do you know if the Early Voting Ballot |
| 4 | or had any problems with receiving voter | 4 | Board uses the voter registration applications for |
| 5 | registration applications from DPS? | 5 | any purpose? |
| 6 | A I believe that is when something that | 6 | A They can to certain circumstances and |
| 7 | Mr. Lopez will be able to address more accurately. | 7 | I'll elaborate. |
| 8 | Q Okay. Fair enough. | 8 | Q Sure. |
| 9 | And I appreciate you letting me know | 9 | A So the Early Voting Ballot Board and |
| 10 | that. So like I said at the top of our | 10 | sometimes the Signature Verification Committee |
| 11 | conversation, if I ask any question of which you | 11 | the Signature Verification Committee is an arm of |
| 12 | are not the designee but Mr. Lopez is, it is fine | 12 | Early Voting Ballot Board. They fall under their |
| 13 | for you to let me know. I will note it in my | 13 | authority, if you will. Sometimes they have a |
| | | | |
| 14 | record so I do not waste your time, so thank you, | 14 | Signature Verification Committee and sometimes |
| 14 15 | record so I do not waste your time, so thank you, Mr. Scarpello. | 15 | they don't, and that either one of those bodies |
| 14 15 16 | record so I do not waste your time, so thank you, Mr. Scarpello. A Sure. | 15 16 | they don't, and that either one of those bodies uses can use a voter registration system as |
| 14 15 16 17 | record so I do not waste your time, so thank you, Mr. Scarpello. A Sure. Q So I want to scroll down and talk about | 15 16 17 | they don't, and that either one of those bodies uses can use a voter registration system as part of vetting a vote-by-mail ballot. So a |
| 14 15 16 17 18 | record so I do not waste your time, so thank you, Mr. Scarpello. A Sure. Q So I want to scroll down and talk about the Early Ballot Board. Are you familiar with the | 15 16 17 18 | they don't, and that either one of those bodies uses can use a voter registration system as part of vetting a vote-by-mail ballot. So a vote-by-mail ballot comes in and that vote-by-mail |
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21 (Pages 81 to 84)

Case: 32550536/-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 0/848/2Date active d806/29/2022

2/11/2022

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| 1 | Page 85 | | Page 87 |
|--|--|--|---|
| 1 | It's not every time, but it is used sometimes. | 1 | You told me that you believe that in |
| 2 | Q Okay. So I think we're on the same page | 2 | prior years, your office has had interactions with |
| 3 | here. | 3 | my client, Vote.org. Is that correct? |
| 4 | So if I were to think about the voting | 4 | A Yes. |
| 5 | the life the lifeline the life span of | 5 | Q And in those interactions, to the best |
| 6 | the voting process, step 1 would be I need to | 6 | of your knowledge, how would you describe the |
| 7 | actually be eligible to vote, right? | 7 | relationship between my client and your office? |
| 8 | A Right. | 8 | A I couldn't I have no knowledge to |
| 9 | Q And would it be fair to say that step 2 | 9 | characterize that relationship. |
| 10 | would be actually applying to register to vote? | 10 | Q Would it be fair for this to be a line |
| 11 | Would you agree with me in that regard? | 11 | of questions for Mr. Lopez? |
| 12 | A Yes. | 12 | A I think that's up to my attorneys to |
| 13 | Q Okay. And then step 3 would be, I | 13 | determine that. |
| 14 | guess, you know, voting, whether that be by mail, | 14 | MR. HARRIS: Okay. Fair enough. So I |
| 15 | in person, or any of the other ways citizens can | 15 | think what I would like to do here is let's let |
| 16 | vote in Texas. Would that be fair? | 16 | me take five minutes and then go over I want to |
| 17 | A Step 3 would be that application would | 17 | look at my outline because I do believe I am |
| 18 | be accepted, and step 4 would be the actual vote. | 18 | getting into some of those questions regarding |
| 19 | Q Okay. So I just want to focus on step | 19 | procedures, interactions that may have predated |
| 20 | 2. | 20 | your tenure at Dallas County, so if you will |
| 21 | So as part of in your office, not the | 210 | indulge me, let me take five minutes and I'll |
| 22 | Early Voting Ballot Board, not the Signature | 22 | consult with Noah to make sure that I am not like |
| | | 4 | |
| | Page 86 | | Page 88 |
| 1 | Verification Committee, which does their work | 1 | messing anything up. And then I will come back on |
| 2 | after the application has been accepted, but for | 2 | the record. And if at that time I will know |
| 3 | your purposes, that signature serves no other | 3 | whether or not I should continue with you or we |
| 4 | purpose other than to make sure that that | 4 | can switch hot seats and I can talk to our other |
| 5 | | | |
| | application is complete. Is that correct? | 5 | friend Mr. Lopez, so give me five minutes, |
| 6 | A That's correct | 5 6 | friend Mr. Lopez, so give me five minutes, Mr. Scarpello. |
| | A That's correctQ All right. Has your office had any | | Mr. Scarpello. THE WITNESS: Okay, great. Thanks. |
| 6 7 8 | A That's correct. Q All right. Has your office had any interactions with my client, Vote.org? | 6 7 8 | Mr. Scarpello. THE WITNESS: Okay, great. Thanks. MR. HARRIS: Thank you. |
| 6 7 8 9 | A That's correct. Q All right. Has your office had any interactions with my client, Vote.org? A I have not well, I don't I don't | 6 7 8 9 | Mr. Scarpello. THE WITNESS: Okay, great. Thanks. MR. HARRIS: Thank you. VIDEO TECHNICIAN: The time is 11:40 |
| 6 7 8 | A That's correct. Q All right. Has your office had any interactions with my client, Vote.org? A I have not well, I don't I don't know. | 6 7 8 9 10 | Mr. Scarpello. THE WITNESS: Okay, great. Thanks. MR. HARRIS: Thank you. VIDEO TECHNICIAN: The time is 11:40 a.m. Going off the record. |
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Case: 3250536-00 Decument D00516976753-2 Prage: 04858/2 Date a Filed 806/29/2022

2/11/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Michael Scarpello 30(b)(6)

| | Page 93 | | Page 95 |
|--|--|--|---|
| 1 | just had previously about voter registration | 1 | Q What is H.B. 3107? |
| 2 | outreach and your efforts to actually encourage | 2 | A It's a House Bill that was passed by the |
| 3 | voter registration. Do you mean do you have | 3 | Texas legislature in I believe the normal session |
| 4 | any funding for certain voter registration | 4 | last summer. |
| 5 | outreach programs like right now? | 5 | Q What year was it passed? |
| 6 | A We get reimbursement from the state for | 6 | A 2021, I believe. |
| 7 | certain voter registration activities. I think | 7 | Q When did it go into effect? |
| 8 | they call it Chapter 19 funds. | 8 | A The 2020 I can't remember its |
| 9 | Q Okay. And do you have a budget for | 9 | effective date. |
| 10 | mailing out voter registration forms? | 10 | Q Is it in effect right now? |
| 11 | A There's a there's a lot of voter | 11 | A Yes. |
| 12 | registration forms. Are we so are you Talking | 12 | Q What did H.B. 3107 do? |
| 13 | about voter registration applications, voter | 13 | MR. HARRIS: Object to form. |
| 14 | Q Yes, I'm sorry. Yes. My apologies. | 14 | A I think that that's a question that I |
| 15 | So for voter registration applications, | 15 | would have to I would have to look through page |
| 16 | do you have a budget for mailing those out? | 16 | by page of H.B. 3107, and then I would have to |
| 17 | A Sometimes someone asks us to send them a | 17 | just spend the next couple hours doing that. It's |
| 18 | voter registration application, we will do so. | 18 | a 50 page document that touches on all sorts of |
| 19 | Q Does that cost the office anything? | 19 | aspects of voter of election administration. |
| 20 | A It would cost us, but we would be | 20 | Q But H.B. 3107 was about election |
| 21 | reimbursed by the state. | 210 | administration; is that accurate? |
| 22 | Q And who does the reimbursement? | (22 | A That's correct. |
| | | £ | |
| | | | |
| | Page 94 | | Page 96 |
| 1 | A The State of Texas. | 1 | Q What did |
| 1 2 | A The State of Texas.Q Do you know roughly how many voter | 2 | Q What did A Yes, that's correct. |
| | A The State of Texas.Q Do you know roughly how many voter registration applications the State of Texas has | 2 | Q What didA Yes, that's correct.Q What did Section 14 of H.B. 3107 do? |
| 2 | A The State of Texas. Q Do you know roughly how many voter registration applications the State of Texas has reimbursed you for? | 2 3 4 | Q What did A Yes, that's correct. Q What did Section 14 of H.B. 3107 do? A It confused a lot of people because of |
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| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | A The State of Texas. Q Do you know roughly how many voter registration applications the State of Texas has reimbursed you for? A I don't know that off the top of my head. I'm sure we have records related to Chapter 19 reimbursements over the last several years. Q All right. And just bear with me. I just want to make sure I crossed all my Ts. Okay. Have there been any questions that I have asked today, Mr. Scarpello, that you did not understand? A No. Q Well A I corrected them. MR. HARRIS: With your help, of course. You've been a good troop, so I can appreciate that. And with that, I will tender the witness. | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | Q What did A Yes, that's correct. Q What did Section 14 of H.B. 3107 do? A It confused a lot of people because of its imprecise language. But generally speaking it attempts to let me take a look at it real quick. It basically says that when you receive a fax of a voter registration application, that there must be it must be followed up with a hard copy within four business days. And let me elaborate. What I'm so what's confusing to me is the imprecise language, it says, "For registration applications submitted by fax machine to be effective, a copy of the original containing voter's original signature must be submitted." So I don't know what that means. Is it a copy or is it an original? It's terrible language. MR. STONE: Objection. Nonresponsive. |
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| | Page 97 | | Page 99 |
|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|
| 1 | A I think the wet signature rule is slang | 1 | question of intent, right? I mean |
| 2 | and I don't see within any official document. | 2 | Q So far as suppression you understand |
| 3 | MR. STONE: Objection. Nonresponsive. | 3 | voter suppression to be only a question of intent |
| 4 | Q I am asking if you understand the wet | 4 | and not effect? |
| 5 | signature rule to be referencing Section 14 of | 5 | A No, I think it depends the |
| 6 | H.B. 3107 in this case. | 6 | terminology can be used to describe an intentional |
| 7 | A Yes. | 7 | act or it can be used to describe an unintentional |
| 8 | Q Now, you're a lawyer. | 8 | act. I mean, it's a very broad it's a very |
| 9 | A Yes. | 9 | broad term. |
| 10 | Q Are you currently licensed? | 10 | Q Could an organization putting the wrong |
| 11 | A I am licensed, but my status is | 11 | day to vote on billboards in a community result in |
| 12 | inactive. | 12 | voter suppression? |
| 13 | Q Where are you licensed? | 13 | A Sure. Yes. |
| 14 | A State of Nebraska. | 14 | Q How so? |
| 15 | Q How long did you practice law? | 15 | A Because the net effect would be that |
| 16 | A In what capacity? | 16 | person that voters would be confused and less |
| 17 | Q How long did you use your law license to | 17 | likely to vote. |
| 18 | practice law? | 18 | Q Do you believe Section 14 |
| 19 | MR. HARRIS: Object to form. | 19 | VIDEO TECHNICIAN: I think he froze on |
| 20 | A I had an active law license for nine | 20 | Us. Let's give him another second, otherwise it |
| 21 | years before I went into inactive status. | 210 | will become apparent because he's going to drop |
| 22 | Q And during those nine years, how many of | G22 | from Zoom. |
| | | | |
| | Page 98 | | Page 100 |
| 1 | those nine years were you practicing law as an | 1 | MR. STONE: I think I froze. I'm sorry, |
| 2 | attorney? | 2 | I froze. |
| 3 | A Actively? Well, I think that's a vague | 3 | VIDEO TECHNICIAN: Mr. Stone, you froze |
| 4 | question. As far as I worked for several, | 4 | and I interjected right away, so we didn't get |
| 5 | different people but not in a law practice, if | 5 | your question in, so you can just restart. |
| 6 | that's in a law firm, 19, A couple about a | 6 | MR. STONE: Sorry. This may happen |
| 7 | year. | 7 | periodically. And I apologize. It's just the |
| 8 | Q You have decades of experience | 8 | Internet in our government building. |
| 9 | administering elections, right? | 9 | BY MR. STONE: |
| 10 | A That's correct. | 10 | Q Is Section 14 of H.B. 1307 a form of |
| 11 | Q What is voter suppression? | 11 | voter suppression? |
| 12 | MR. HARRIS: Object to form. | 12 | MR. HARRIS: Objection. Calls for a |
| 13 | A I think that is an incredibly well, | 13 | legal conclusion. |
| 14 | it's I guess it would be a general | 14 | A Let me think about that for a second. |
| | 1 - 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + | 15 | I think that you could interpret Section |
| 15 | description would be an effort by a person or a | | |
| 16 | group to prevent people from casting votes. | 16 | 14 to make registering to vote more difficult with |
| 16 17 | group to prevent people from casting votes. Q Would a group telling the public the | 17 | a net effect that if you're not registered to |
| 16 17 18 | group to prevent people from casting votes. Q Would a group telling the public the wrong day to vote be a form of voter suppression? | 17 18 | a net effect that if you're not registered to vote, it makes it more harder it makes it more |
| 16 17 18 19 | group to prevent people from casting votes.Q Would a group telling the public thewrong day to vote be a form of voter suppression?A I think that it could be. I don't think | 17 18 19 | a net effect that if you're not registered to vote, it makes it more harder it makes it more difficult to vote, so in essence the answer to the |
| 16 17 18 19 20 | group to prevent people from casting votes. Q Would a group telling the public the wrong day to vote be a form of voter suppression? A I think that it could be. I don't think it necessarily it could be a mistake. So | 17 18 19 20 | a net effect that if you're not registered to vote, it makes it more harder it makes it more difficult to vote, so in essence the answer to the question is yes. |
| 16 17 18 19 20 21 | group to prevent people from casting votes.Q Would a group telling the public the wrong day to vote be a form of voter suppression?A I think that it could be. I don't think it necessarily it could be a mistake. So intentional or by accident, I guess, the net | 17 18 19 20 21 | a net effect that if you're not registered to vote, it makes it more harder it makes it more difficult to vote, so in essence the answer to the question is yes. Q And you started to explain it, but how |
| 16 17 18 19 20 | group to prevent people from casting votes. Q Would a group telling the public the wrong day to vote be a form of voter suppression? A I think that it could be. I don't think it necessarily it could be a mistake. So | 17 18 19 20 | a net effect that if you're not registered to vote, it makes it more harder it makes it more difficult to vote, so in essence the answer to the question is yes. |

25 (Pages 97 to 100)

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| | Page 101 | | Page 103 |
|----|---|-----|--|
| 1 | suppression? | 1 | election, an Early Voting Ballot Board is |
| 2 | A If you can't register to vote, you can't | 2 | appointed by the appointing authority. That |
| 3 | vote. It makes it harder to register to vote. | 3 | number of people on the Early Voting Ballot Board |
| 4 | Q And who does it make it harder to | 4 | and people on it varies by election. It's not a |
| 5 | register to vote for in Section 14 of H.B. 3107? | 5 | permanent role that's year-round. |
| 6 | A Someone who sends in an electronic copy | 6 | Q What does the Early Voting Ballot Board |
| 7 | of a registration, who wants who wants to send | 7 | do? |
| 8 | in an electronic copy of a voter registration. | 8 | A The Early Voting Ballot Board does a |
| 9 | Q So would you agree that all the members | 9 | variety of work, including having responsibility |
| 10 | of the legislature that supported H.B. 3107 | 10 | over early voting the ballots cast early, |
| 11 | supported voter suppression? | 11 | whether they be vote by mail or balancing the |
| 12 | A I think it gets back to what I said | 12 | books, for instance, at early voting sites as well |
| 13 | before. I don't know if they intended to, but the | 13 | as handling provisional ballots, the approval of |
| 14 | net effect may be that they succeeded in voting | 14 | provisional ballots. |
| 15 | suppression, intending to or not. | 15 | Q What is the Signature Verification |
| 16 | Q H.B. 3107 passed with unanimous consent, | 16 | Committee? |
| 17 | right? | 17 | A The Signature Verification Committee is |
| 18 | A I'm not aware. | 18 | also an appointed body. It's not always Early |
| 19 | Q How many voters are registered to vote | 19 | Voting Ballot Board is in every election. A |
| 20 | in Dallas County? I'm looking for a number. | 20 | Signature Verification Committee is optional. |
| 21 | A Can you repeat the question? | 21 | That role can be taken up by the Early Voting |
| 22 | Q How many voters are registered to vote | (22 | Ballot Board if it so chooses. |
| | | 2 | |
| | Page 102 | | Page 104 |
| 1 | in Dallas County? | 1 | Q How does |
| 2 | A I don't have the exact number, but it's | 2 | A The Signature Verification Committee, |
| 3 | approaching 1.4 million. | 3 | what they do is they verify the signatures on |
| 4 | Q What percentage of eligible voters in | 4 | early voting mail-in ballots. |
| 5 | Dallas County are currently registered to vote? | 5 | Q How do they do that? |
| 6 | A So the question can be I don't know | 6 | A Currently they have electronic |
| 7 | if you're asking what percentage of the eligible | 7 | signatures that well, an application comes in. |
| 8 | age population is registered to vote or what | 8 | That application is scanned electronically and put |
| 9 | percentage of the total population is registered | 9 | into an electronic system, and then the ballot is |
| 10 | to vote. Either way either way I don't have | 10 | sent out and then the ballot comes back in. It is |
| 11 | that answer off the top of my head. | 11 | scanned into an electronic system, and the two |
| 12 | Q Thank you. | 12 | electronic signatures are compared side-by-side on |
| 13 | What is the Early Voting Ballot Board? | 13 | a screen by the early voting by the Signature |
| 14 | A The Early Voting Ballot Board is a board | 14 | Verification Committee. And if they compare |
| 15 | that is in Texas law is a board that has legal | 15 | favorably, then the the ballot is accepted and |
| 16 | status that is appointed to do certain conduct | 16 | the ballot is opened and counted. |
| 17 | certain actions during an election. | 17 | Q How does a voter register to vote in |
| 18 | Q Is there an Early Voter Ballot Board in | 18 | Dallas County using a fax machine as of January |
| 19 | Dallas County? | 19 | 1st, 2022? |
| 20 | A Yes. | 20 | A If they send a faxed voter registration |
| 21 | Q Who's on that? | 21 | in, it needs to be followed up within four days by |
| 22 | A It depends on the election. Every | 22 | what according to the law, a copy of the |

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| _,, _ | | , | |
|-------|--|-----|--|
| | Page 105 | | Page 107 |
| 1 | original registration containing the voter's | 1 | A Yes. |
| 2 | original signature. | 2 | Q So between your start at Dallas County |
| 3 | Q And how would a voter register to vote | 3 | as an Election Administrator until the passage of |
| 4 | in Dallas County using a fax machine on January | 4 | H.B. 3107, did an application a voter |
| 5 | 1st of 2020? | 5 | registration submitted by fax, was it required to |
| 6 | A I believe I just answered that question. | 6 | be subsequently followed up by a mail-in that |
| 7 | Q No, I asked you about 2022. | 7 | contained a wet signature? |
| 8 | A I'm sorry. The same way. | 8 | A That's correct. Well, I think you have |
| 9 | Q How would a voter register to vote in | 9 | to define what a wet signature means. |
| 10 | Dallas County via fax on January 1st of 2017? | 10 | Q You received a definition of a wet |
| 11 | A In that same way. | 11 | signature earlier in this deposition, but let's go |
| 12 | Q And by the same way, do you mean they | 12 | over it again. When I use the word "wet |
| 13 | would fax in the form and then have to mail in | 13 | signature," I'm talking about using a pen to sign |
| 14 | within four days a copy? | 14 | a piece of paper. Does that make sense? |
| 15 | A I believe so. Keep in mind that I | 15 | A Yes. |
| 16 | wasn't here in 2017, so I'm not familiar with | 16 | Q Okay. So would you like me to repeat |
| 17 | that, but I'm pretty sure nothing has changed | 17 | the question? |
| 18 | regarding the policy. | 18 | A Yes. |
| 19 | Q So is it your understanding that in | 19 | Q Okay. I'm asking you about your time in |
| 20 | 2017, 2020, and 2022, that subsequent document | 20 | Dallas County as an Election Administrator from |
| 21 | that is mailed in after the faxed voter | 210 | when you began until the passage of H.B. 3107, did |
| 22 | registration application had to contain a wet | G2 | you require a wet signature on the mail-in that |
| | | S. | |
| | Page 106 signature? A For what period of time? | | Page 108 |
| 1 | signature? | 1 | had to be submitted following the submission via |
| 2 | A For what period of time? | 2 | fax of a voter registration application? |
| 3 | Q 2017. Let's start there. | 3 | A I don't know that answer for sure. I do |
| 4 | A Okay. So for 2017, I believe, a copy of | 4 | know what the law states. And the law is not |
| 5 | the registration must be submitted within the | 5 | entirely clear whether or not it needs to be it |
| 6 | fourth business day. The only thing that's | 6 | would require a wet signature. I don't know what |
| 7 | changed between 2017, unless there might be some | 7 | the practice, the procedure was. You would have |
| 8 | intervening laws let's put it this way. The | 8 | to discuss that with Mr. Lopez. |
| 9 | only thing that's changed between 2020 and 2022 is | 9 | Q Sure. I'm not asking about procedure. |
| 10 | the law has added it as they call it the | 10 | I'm asking about your policy. Well, let me let |
| 11 | original registration containing the voter's | 11 | me strike that and start again. |
| 12 | original signature must be made and must be made | 12 | You were the Election Administrator from |
| 13 | personally rather than some other way. | 13 | when you began in that role in Dallas County up |
| 14 | Q So is it your testimony that on January | 14 | through the passage of H.B. 3107, right? |
| 15 | 1st of 2017, your office would accept a voter | 15 | A Yes. |
| 16 | registration application submitted via fax if the | 16 | Q And were you responsible for |
| 17 | subsequent mailing contained an imaged signature? | 17 | establishing policy for your department? |
| 18 | A I don't know what the policy was in | 18 | A I don't know that I'm responsible for |
| 19 | 2017. | 19 | reviewing and revising every being familiar |
| 20 | Q You started in your role as an Election | 20 | with every with the thousands of policies. I |
| 21 | Administrator in Dallas County in December of | 21 | am responsible for implementing for maintaining |
| 22 | 2020. Is that correct? | 22 | the current the current policies and reviewing |
| 1 | | | |

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| | D 140 | | Dema 1F1 |
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| | Page 149 | | Page 151 |
| 1 | a question in that it just depends on a person. | 1 inconvenience? | |
| 2 | Who has a fax machine, right? If I have a fax | 2 A No, my | |
| 3 | machine, yes, it's the most convenient thing in | 3 Q Which ones don't? | |
| 4 | the world, right? If I if I'm a person that | 4 A The lack of having on | line registration |
| 5 | has a Deputy Registrar come to my door, that's | 5 is inconvenient. | |
| 6 | most convenient. If I happen to be across the | 6 Q So right now in Texas | |
| 7 | street from my office, that's the most convenient. | 7 register using online voter reg | gistration? |
| 8 | I can't speak to 2.4 million people on what's most | 8 A No, they cannot. | |
| 9 | convenient for them. | 9 Q So that's not a method | |
| 10 | Q So it's fair to say you don't know what | talking about right now, is it? | |
| 11 | would be the most convenient way to register in | A No. | |
| 12 | Dallas County for a voter? | Q Okay. I'm asking you | about methods that |
| 13 | A That's correct. | you can actually register usin | ig to vote |
| 14 | Q Is it fair to say that the wet signature | using in Texas. Which me | thods are convenient? |
| 15 | rule, you don't know whether that's convenient for | A I think that the metho | |
| 16 | voters or not? | provides some convenience v | vhen you get your |
| 17 | MR. HARRIS: Object to form. | 47 when you renew your driver's | s license. |
| 18 | A I think that the I think the wet | L8 Q So other than the DPS | 5 method of voter |
| 19 | signature rule makes it less convenient. | registration when you renew | your driver's license, |
| 20 | Q So you can testify about the convenience | 20 Care there any other methods of | of voter registration |
| 21 | of a wet signature rule but not the convenience of | in Texas that you think are co A I'm going to answer th | onvenient? |
| 22 | any other method of registering to vote in Dallas | A I'm going to answer th | ne same way. It |
| | Q | | |
| | | | |
| | Page 150 | | Page 152 |
| 1 | Page 150 County; is that accurate? | 1 depends on the person. I mea | _ |
| 1 2 | Page 150 County; is that accurate? A I think that | depends on the person. I mea happen to be at the mall and t | an, if I'm if I |
| | Page 150 County; is that accurate? A I think that MR. HARRIS: Object to form. | | an, if I'm if I here is a deputy |
| 2 | | 2 happen to be at the mall and t | an, if I'm if I here is a deputy |
| 2 3 | MR. HARRIS: Object to form. | 2 happen to be at the mall and t3 registrar sitting right there at | an, if I'm if I here is a deputy a table, that's |
| 2 3 4 | MR. HARRIS: Object to form. A I think that the convenience of any | 2 happen to be at the mall and t 3 registrar sitting right there at 4 convenient. Right? 5 Q Do you do you view 6 option as a way of circumvent | an, if I'm if I here is a deputy a table, that's v the fax machine |
| 2 3 4 5 | MR. HARRIS: Object to form. A I think that the convenience of any method is dependent upon the person and the | 2 happen to be at the mall and t 3 registrar sitting right there at 4 convenient. Right? 5 Q Do you do you view | n, if I'm if I here is a deputy a table, that's v the fax machine ting Texas' failure to |
| 2 3 4 5 6 | MR. HARRIS: Object to form. A I think that the convenience of any method is dependent upon the person and the situation that they are in. I can say also that Texas's laws are generally speaking are all inconvenient compared to 41 other states. | 2 happen to be at the mall and t 3 registrar sitting right there at 4 convenient. Right? 5 Q Do you do you view 6 option as a way of circumvent | an, if I'm if I there is a deputy a table, that's v the fax machine ting Texas' failure to ion system. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 | MR. HARRIS: Object to form. A I think that the convenience of any method is dependent upon the person and the situation that they are in. I can say also that Texas's laws are generally speaking are all | 2 happen to be at the mall and t 3 registrar sitting right there at 4 convenient. Right? 5 Q Do you do you view 6 option as a way of circumven 7 have an online voter registrat | an, if I'm if I there is a deputy a table, that's v the fax machine ting Texas' failure to ion system. to form. |
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Case: 32550536/-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 04908/2Date active d896/29/2022

2/11/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Michael Scarpello 30(b)(6)

| MR. HARRIS: Objection. Mischaracterizes the prior testimony. A I don't think it's circumventing the | 1 2 | MR. STONE: I'll pass the witness. |
|---|--|--|
| Mischaracterizes the prior testimony. | 2 | |
| | | MR. HARRIS: I have no further questions |
| 8 | 3 | for Mr. Scarpello. |
| law. I think it's working the attempt was to | 4 | MR. SCHUETTE: Ladies and gentlemen, |
| work within the law. | 5 | with that, we're going to allow Mr. Scarpello to |
| Q When did Dallas County first begin | 6 | go on to his other meetings and we'll pick up with |
| accepting faxed voter registration applications? | 7 | Mr. Lopez. |
| A I don't know. | 8 | MR. HARRIS: Yes. How long we can go |
| Q Do you know the origin of Dallas | 9 | off the record. I'm sorry. |
| | 10 | VIDEO TECHNICIAN: The time is 1:31 p.m. |
| A I don't know. | 11 | We're going off the record. |
| Q Do you believe one of the purposes of | 12 | |
| the election code is to create uniformity in all | 13 | (The deposition was concluded at 1:31 p.m.; |
| the counties so there's no variants for voters? | 14 | signature was not discussed.) |
| A I believe that's probably one of the | 15 | |
| purposes. | 16 | |
| Q Earlier you testified that | 17 | 12 |
| signature-matching verification could help improve | 18 | ockET.COM |
| election security. Do you remember that? | 19 | |
| A Yes. | 20 | CH- |
| Q So could that be a practical purpose for | 21 | \mathcal{G} |
| having the wet signature rule? | G22 | |
| | | |
| Page 154 | | Page 156 |
| A No, because when we when we do | 1 | REPORTER'S CERTIFICATION |
| | 2 | REMOTE VIDEOTAPED DEPOSITION OF MICHAEL SCARPELLO February 11, 2012 |
| | 3 | I, Michele E. Eddy, Registered Professional Reporter in and for the District of Columbia, hereby |
| Q But didn't you testify earlier that | 4 | certify the following: That the witness, MICHAEL SCARPELLO, was duly |
| you're scanning an image of the wet signature into | | sworn by the officer and that the transcript of the oral deposition is a true record of the testimony |
| the system? | | given by the witness; |
| A Yes. So we're looking at the when we | | That the deposition transcript was submitted on February 24, 2022 to the witness or to the attorney |
| look at a signature, we look at the signature | 7 | for the witness for examination, signature and return to me by March 24, 2022. |
| itself. We don't look at the content we don't | 8 | That the amount of time used by each party at the deposition is as follows: |
| look at the form. We don't look at the we | 9 | Mr. Harris: 1 hour, 22 minutes Mr. Stone: 1 hour, 24 minutes |
| don't study the ink. We look at the stroke of the | 10 | That pursuant to information given to the |
| pen. We look at the we look at the | 11 | deposition officer at the time said testimony was taken, the following includes counsel for all parties |
| characteristics within the signature that would | 12 | of record: Mr. Joshua Harris and Mr. Noah Baron, Attorney |
| show this signature equals this signature. We | 13 | for Plaintiff Mr. Jonathan Stone and Ms. Kathleen Hunker, |
| don't look at the method on which it that | | Attorneys for Defendant Attorney General of Texas Mr. Benjamin Stool and Mr. Jason Schuette |
| signature gets on to the page. | | Attorneys for Defendant Dallas County Election Administrator |
| Q And when you say "we," who are you | | Mr. Daniel Lopez and Ms. Barbara Nicholas, |
| talking about? | | Attorneys for Defendant Rami Garza and Cameron County Ms. Cynthia Veidt and Ms. Gretchen Nagy, |
| A The office, the Dallas County Elections | 17 | Attorneys for Defendants Bruce Elfant and Travis County Tax Assessor-Collector |
| Department and ultimately the Signature | 18 | Mr. Robert Green, Attorney for Defendant Jacquelyn Callanen and Bexar County Election |
| Verification Committee and the Early Voting Ballot | 19 20 | Administrator -CERTIFICATE CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE- |
| Board. | 20 21 22 | CLATHICATE CONTROLD ON TEAT FAUL* |
| | A I don't know. Q Do you know the origin of Dallas County's voter registration fax policy? A I don't know. Q Do you believe one of the purposes of the election code is to create uniformity in all the counties so there's no variants for voters? A I believe that's probably one of the purposes. Q Earlier you testified that signature-matching verification could help improve election security. Do you remember that? A Yes. Q So could that be a practical purpose for having the wet signature rule? Page 154 A No, because when we when we do compare signatures, we do it electronically. We don't do it with a piece of paper. Q But didn't you testify earlier that you're scanning an image of the wet signature into the system? A Yes. So we're looking at the when we look at a signature, we look at the signature itself. We don't look at the content we don't look at the form. We don't look at the stroke of the pen. We look at the we look at the signature equals this signature. We don't look at the signature is ginature equals this signature. We don't look at the signature equals this signature. We don't look at the stroke of the pen. We look at the we look at the signature gets on to the page. Q And when you say "we," who are you talking about? A The office, the Dallas County Elections Department and ultimately the Signature | A I don't know. 8 Q Do you know the origin of Dallas 9 County's voter registration fax policy? 10 A I don't know. 11 Q Do you believe one of the purposes of 12 the election code is to create uniformity in all 13 the counties so there's no variants for voters? 14 A I believe that's probably one of the purposes. 16 Q Earlier you testified that signature-matching verification could help improve 18 election security. Do you remember that? 20 Q So could that be a practical purpose for having the wet signature rule? 1 Page 154 1 A No, because when we when we do compare signatures, we do it electronically. We 2 don't do it with a piece of paper. 3 Q But didn't you testify earlier that 4 you're scanning an image of the wet signature 5 Ke don't look at the content we don't 6 look at the form. We don't look at the stroke of the 10 pen. We look at the |

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2/23/2022 Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Lupe Torres 30(b)(6) Page 1 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION -----X VOTE.ORG, Plaintiff, Case No.: 5:21-cv-649-JKP-HJB v. JACQUELYN CALLANEN, IN HER OFFICIAL CAPACITY AS THE BEXAR COUNTY ELECTIONS ADMINISTRATOR; BRUCE ELFANT, IN HIS OFFICIAL CAPACITY AS THE TRAVIS COUNTY TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR; REMI GARZA, IN HIS OFFICIAL CAPACITY AS THE CAMERON COUNTY ELECTIONS ADMINISTRATOR; MICHAEL SCARPELLO, IN HIS OFFICIAL CAPACITY AS THE DALLAS COUNTY ELECTIONS ADMINISTRATOR, Defendants. -----X CAPTION CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -----X Deposition of the Office of the Medina County Elections Administrators by and through its Designated representative, LUPE TORRES Conducted Virtually Wednesday, February 23, 2022 10:06 a.m. Central Time Reported by: Amanda Gorrono, CLR DIGITAL EVIDENCE GROUP 1730 M Street, NW, Suite 812 Washington, D.C. 20036 (202) 232-0646

Case: 3250536/-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 04928/2Date argited 906/29/2022

2/23/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Lupe Torres 30(b)(6)

| | Page 41 | | Page 43 |
|----|---|------|--|
| 1 | Registration Card, it's turned in to us. And we | 1 | A. I don't have that information. |
| 2 | currently use Team. We upload all of that | 2 | Q. Okay. How do you process so |
| 3 | information into Team and make them eligible. Of | 3 | you've talked to me a little bit about how you |
| 4 | course, if they are eligible, make them eligible | 4 | process the paper Voter Registration |
| 5 | in Team so they can be put on our voter roll. | 5 | Applications. You said you upload them to Teams? |
| 6 | Q. So suppose that I'm trying to | 6 | A. Correct. |
| 7 | register to vote for the first time in Medina | 7 | Q. And how do you track them? |
| 8 | County. I know it's a stretch, but pretend I | 8 | A. What do you mean by "track them"? |
| 9 | just turned 18 years old and I'm trying to | 9 | Q. Sure. |
| 10 | register to vote in Medina County. Walk me | 10 | How do you do you have a system |
| 11 | through the process of what I would need to do in | 11 | for keeping them organized for being able to |
| 12 | order to register. | 12 | refer to them later? |
| 13 | A. Again, you would have to fill out | 13 | A. The application? |
| 14 | the application form that's available here. Once | 14 | Q. Yeah. If an application comes in, |
| 15 | you have completed it in full, then we take that | 15 | you know, if you need to refer to it later, how |
| 16 | and we update all of that information in our | 16 | do you find it? Do you, so for example sorry. |
| 17 | records, and so that we can make you an | 17 | Go ahead. |
| 18 | eligible voter. | 18 | A. If I'm trying to find a particular |
| 19 | Q. Okay. And is that any different if | 19 | voter, I look it up by name. |
| 20 | I've moved to Medina County from somewhere else | 20 | Q. Okay. Do you use, for example, a |
| 21 | in Texas? | 2,10 | time stamp or a date stamp? |
| 22 | A. No. | G2 | A. Yes. |
| | | | |
| | Page 42 | | Page 44 |
| 1 | Q. And is it any different if I've | 1 | Q. Okay. And you stamp each Voter |
| 2 | moved from somewhere outside of Texas? | 2 | Registration Card as it comes in? |
| 3 | A. No. | 3 | A. Yes. |
| 4 | Q. And is it any different if I move | 4 | Q. Okay. And do you use a barcode for |
| 5 | within Medina County? | 5 | Voter Registration Applications or forms? |
| 6 | A. No. | 6 | A. No. |
| 7 | Q. And that's true if I'm just updating | 7 | Q. Do you use a method of scanning |
| 8 | my voter registration as opposed to registering | 8 | them? Do you scan them into a system, a |
| 9 | for the first time? | 9 | computer? |
| 10 | A. Yes, because on the application, it | 10 | A. Yes. |
| 11 | has whether it's a new registered voter or an | 11 | Q. Okay. Do you use batch Voter |
| 12 | update. | 12 | Registration Cards? |
| 13 | Q. Got it. | 13 | A. No. |
| 14 | Earlier you said about 1,000 folks | 14 | Q. Okay. And so you said you scan them |
| 15 | had registered to vote for the first time in | 15 | into your system. Do you separately enter the |
| 16 | Medina County over the past year; is that | 16 | voter registration information into the computer |
| 17 | correct? | 17 | system? |
| 18 | A. Yes. | 18 | A. No. |
| 19 | Q. Would you say that's about average? | 19 | Q. Okay. Do you send anything to the |
| 20 | A. Yes. | 20 | Secretary of State? |
| 21 | Q. Is there a time of year in general | 21 | A. No. |
| 22 | when those applications spike? | 22 | Q. Okay. So you don't send the |
| | | | |

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Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Lupe Torres 30(b)(6)

| | Page 45 | | Page 47 |
|----|---|-----|---|
| 1 | physical Voter Registration Form? | 1 | Registration Cards? |
| 2 | A. Correct. | 2 | A. Shred. |
| 3 | Q. And you don't send a scanned copy of | 3 | Q. You shred them? |
| 4 | the form? | 4 | A. Yes. |
| 5 | A. Correct. | 5 | Q. So you don't keep them for later |
| 6 | Q. You don't send any information from | 6 | reference? |
| 7 | the form? | 7 | A. No. We have a scanned copy of it. |
| 8 | A. From the what? | 8 | Q. Okay. What involvement does your |
| 9 | Q. You don't send any information from | 9 | office have in processing Voter Registration |
| 10 | the form, from the voter application? | 10 | Applications that come through DPS? |
| 11 | A. Correct. | 11 | A. They come through the DPS portal, so |
| 12 | Q. Okay. And you don't send anything | 12 | any updates that need to be made, our voter |
| 13 | else to the Secretary of State's Office? | 13 | registrar clerk goes through those DPS portal and |
| 14 | A. Correct. | 14 | updates all the information that needs to be |
| 15 | Q. Okay. So the Secretary of State | 15 | updated. |
| 16 | receives zero information from any Voter | 16 | Q. So, again, let's suppose I'm |
| 17 | Registration Form that's provided to your office? | 17 | registering to vote in Medina County. I had sent |
| 18 | A. Well, it's it's Team. They have | 18 | your office my Voter Registration Card. Your |
| 19 | all the information in Team. | 19 | office has processed it. How long until I'm |
| 20 | Q. They have all the information in | 20 | considered registered to vote? |
| 21 | Teams. Can you explain to me what that means? | 210 | A. As soon as we get you in the system, |
| 22 | A. Everything that comes from the Voter | G22 | so hopefully within that day. I mean, we'll send |
| | | 2 | |
| | Page 46 | | Page 48 |
| 1 | Registration Card, it goes into Team. We upload | 1 | you a card. It's effective within we're |
| 2 | all that information into it. | 2 | required to send you a Voter Registration Card |
| 3 | Q. So the Secretary of State's Office | 3 | within 30 days when you register. |
| 4 | has access to your Teams folders? | 4 | Q. Okay. And does your office |
| 5 | A. Yes. | 5 | typically take that full time to send the card? |
| 6 | Q. Okay. And so what you do with a | 6 | A. No. She's pretty efficient. I |
| 7 | Voter Registration Card when it comes in your | 7 | would say within the week it's done. |
| 8 | office is you scan it into Teams? | 8 | Q. Okay. And you said that the |
| 9 | A. No, sir. We scan it into we have | 9 | Secretary of State's Office has access to your |
| 10 | Vista software, Vista Solution. | 10 | Teams? |
| 11 | Q. Okay. | 11 | A. Yes. |
| 12 | A. It just maintains all of our | 12 | Q. But does it have access to the |
| 13 | records, our voter registration records. So all | 13 | you said the use of Vista portal or a Vista |
| 14 | the cards are scanned into it and kept for if | 14 | program to scan things in? |
| 15 | someone wants a copy later on down the road, we | 15 | A. It's called Vista Solution. And to |
| 16 | can always get one. | 16 | answer your question, it's no. |
| 17 | Q. Okay. And how long do you maintain | 17 | Q. So the Secretary of State's Office |
| 18 | those records? | 18 | does not have access to Vista? |
| 19 | A. They're in there indefinitely. The | 19 | A. Correct. |
| 20 | actual card gets disposed of as soon as we scan | 20 | Q. Okay. So can you explain to me what |
| 21 | them. | 21 | the difference is between the information you |
| 22 | Q. And how do you dispose of the Voter | 22 | maintain at Vista and the information you |

12 (Pages 45 to 48)

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Lupe Torres 30(b)(6)

| | Page 57 | | Page 59 |
|--|--|--|---|
| 1 | A. Yes. | 1 | A. I don't know. |
| 2 | Q. Okay. How many people in your | 2 | Q. You said earlier one of your |
| 3 | office speak languages other than Spanish or | 3 | goals one of the goals of your office is to |
| 4 | English? | 4 | make voting accessible, right? |
| 5 | A. That I'm aware of, none. | 5 | A. Yes. |
| 6 | Q. Okay. Do you keep any records of | 6 | Q. And another goal is to ensure that |
| 7 | who calls into the line? | 7 | as many eligible voters as possible are |
| 8 | A. No. | 8 | registered to vote? |
| 9 | Q. How do you keep track of who has | 9 | A. Correct. |
| 10 | requested a Voter Registration Application to be | 10 | Q. Has your office ever received any |
| 11 | mailed to them? | 11 | complaints from residents of your county, Medina |
| 12 | A. We don't. | 12 | County, about the voter registration process? |
| 13 | Q. Okay. Who is responsible for | 13 | A. Not to my knowledge. |
| 14 | sending a voter application once a voter has | 14 | Q. To the best of your knowledge, your |
| 15 | called in? | 15 | office has never received a complaint from anyone |
| 16 | A. Usually whoever takes the call. | 16 | in Medina County about the voter registration |
| 17 | Q. Typically how long does it take your | 17 | process? |
| 18 | office to mail an application? | 18 | A. Not since I've been here. |
| 19 | A. A day. I mean that same day. | 19 | Q. Okay. You have no knowledge of what |
| 20 | Q. Okay | 20 | That might have been like prior to your time at |
| 21 | A. But of course | 210 | their office? |
| 22 | Q. Sorry. Go ahead. | G2 | A. No, I don't. |
| | | ₩~ | |
| | <u>,0</u> | | |
| | Page 58 | | Page 60 |
| 1 | Page 58 A. Also depending on the time of the | 1 | Page 60 Q. Is that because there is no |
| 1 2 | | 1 2 | |
| | A. Also depending on the time of the | | Q. Is that because there is no |
| 2 | A. Also depending on the time of the day that we receive a call. If it's in the | 2 | Q. Is that because there is no there's no method of maintaining records of |
| 2 3 | A. Also depending on the time of the day that we receive a call. If it's in the afternoon, later in the afternoon, it goes in the mail the next day.Q. Got it. | 2 3 | Q. Is that because there is no there's no method of maintaining records of those? A. I don't know. Q. Okay. So is there a way for your |
| 2 3 4 | A. Also depending on the time of the day that we receive a call. If it's in the afternoon, later in the afternoon, it goes in the mail the next day.Q. Got it.Do you know how long it typically | 2 3 4 | Q. Is that because there is no there's no method of maintaining records of those? A. I don't know. Q. Okay. So is there a way for your office so if someone calls into your office's |
| 2 3 4 5 | A. Also depending on the time of the day that we receive a call. If it's in the afternoon, later in the afternoon, it goes in the mail the next day. Q. Got it. Do you know how long it typically takes to reach someone who has requested an | 2 3 4 5 | Q. Is that because there is no there's no method of maintaining records of those? A. I don't know. Q. Okay. So is there a way for your office so if someone calls into your office's general line, for example, is there any method |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | A. Also depending on the time of the day that we receive a call. If it's in the afternoon, later in the afternoon, it goes in the mail the next day.Q. Got it.Do you know how long it typically takes to reach someone who has requested an application? | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | Q. Is that because there is no there's no method of maintaining records of those? A. I don't know. Q. Okay. So is there a way for your office so if someone calls into your office's general line, for example, is there any method that your office has to keep records of calls |
| 2 4 5 7 8 9 | A. Also depending on the time of the day that we receive a call. If it's in the afternoon, later in the afternoon, it goes in the mail the next day. Q. Got it. Do you know how long it typically takes to reach someone who has requested an application? A. What do you mean "reach"? | 2 3 4 5 6 7 | Q. Is that because there is no there's no method of maintaining records of those? A. I don't know. Q. Okay. So is there a way for your office so if someone calls into your office's general line, for example, is there any method that your office has to keep records of calls that come in? |
| 2 3 6 7 8 9 10 | A. Also depending on the time of the day that we receive a call. If it's in the afternoon, later in the afternoon, it goes in the mail the next day. Q. Got it. Do you know how long it typically takes to reach someone who has requested an application? A. What do you mean "reach"? Q. Sure. Someone called in, you put in | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 | Q. Is that because there is no there's no method of maintaining records of those? A. I don't know. Q. Okay. So is there a way for your office so if someone calls into your office's general line, for example, is there any method that your office has to keep records of calls that come in? A. We don't have any. |
| 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 | A. Also depending on the time of the day that we receive a call. If it's in the afternoon, later in the afternoon, it goes in the mail the next day. Q. Got it. Do you know how long it typically takes to reach someone who has requested an application? A. What do you mean "reach"? Q. Sure. Someone called in, you put in the mail the same day or the next day, how long | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 | Q. Is that because there is no there's no method of maintaining records of those? A. I don't know. Q. Okay. So is there a way for your office so if someone calls into your office's general line, for example, is there any method that your office has to keep records of calls that come in? A. We don't have any. Q. No records? |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | A. Also depending on the time of the day that we receive a call. If it's in the afternoon, later in the afternoon, it goes in the mail the next day. Q. Got it. Do you know how long it typically takes to reach someone who has requested an application? A. What do you mean "reach"? Q. Sure. Someone called in, you put in the mail the same day or the next day, how long until it takes to reach them, to arrive in their | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | Q. Is that because there is no there's no method of maintaining records of those? A. I don't know. Q. Okay. So is there a way for your office so if someone calls into your office's general line, for example, is there any method that your office has to keep records of calls that come in? A. We don't have any. Q. No records? A. Correct. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 | A. Also depending on the time of the day that we receive a call. If it's in the afternoon, later in the afternoon, it goes in the mail the next day. Q. Got it. Do you know how long it typically takes to reach someone who has requested an application? A. What do you mean "reach"? Q. Sure. Someone called in, you put in the mail the same day or the next day, how long until it takes to reach them, to arrive in their mailbox? | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 | Q. Is that because there is no there's no method of maintaining records of those? A. I don't know. Q. Okay. So is there a way for your office so if someone calls into your office's general line, for example, is there any method that your office has to keep records of calls that come in? A. We don't have any. Q. No records? A. Correct. Q. And you only have one office? |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 | A. Also depending on the time of the day that we receive a call. If it's in the afternoon, later in the afternoon, it goes in the mail the next day. Q. Got it. Do you know how long it typically takes to reach someone who has requested an application? A. What do you mean "reach"? Q. Sure. Someone called in, you put in the mail the same day or the next day, how long until it takes to reach them, to arrive in their mailbox? MR. STONE: Objection; form. | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 | Q. Is that because there is no there's no method of maintaining records of those? A. I don't know. Q. Okay. So is there a way for your office so if someone calls into your office's general line, for example, is there any method that your office has to keep records of calls that come in? A. We don't have any. Q. No records? A. Correct. Q. And you only have one office? A. Yes. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 | A. Also depending on the time of the day that we receive a call. If it's in the afternoon, later in the afternoon, it goes in the mail the next day. Q. Got it. Do you know how long it typically takes to reach someone who has requested an application? A. What do you mean "reach"? Q. Sure. Someone called in, you put in the mail the same day or the next day, how long until it takes to reach them, to arrive in their mailbox? MR. STONE: Objection; form. BY MR. BARON: | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 | Q. Is that because there is no there's no method of maintaining records of those? A. I don't know. Q. Okay. So is there a way for your office so if someone calls into your office's general line, for example, is there any method that your office has to keep records of calls that come in? A. We don't have any. Q. No records? A. Correct. Q. And you only have one office? A. Yes. Q. And has your office ever had anyone |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 | A. Also depending on the time of the day that we receive a call. If it's in the afternoon, later in the afternoon, it goes in the mail the next day. Q. Got it. Do you know how long it typically takes to reach someone who has requested an application? A. What do you mean "reach"? Q. Sure. Someone called in, you put in the mail the same day or the next day, how long until it takes to reach them, to arrive in their mailbox? MR. STONE: Objection; form. BY MR. BARON: Q. Please answer, if you know. | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 | Q. Is that because there is no there's no method of maintaining records of those? A. I don't know. Q. Okay. So is there a way for your office so if someone calls into your office's general line, for example, is there any method that your office has to keep records of calls that come in? A. We don't have any. Q. No records? A. Correct. Q. And you only have one office? A. Yes. Q. And has your office ever had anyone come in to fill out a paper Voter Application |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 | A. Also depending on the time of the day that we receive a call. If it's in the afternoon, later in the afternoon, it goes in the mail the next day. Q. Got it. Do you know how long it typically takes to reach someone who has requested an application? A. What do you mean "reach"? Q. Sure. Someone called in, you put in the mail the same day or the next day, how long until it takes to reach them, to arrive in their mailbox? MR. STONE: Objection; form. BY MR. BARON: Q. Please answer, if you know. A. I don't know. | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 | Q. Is that because there is no there's no method of maintaining records of those? A. I don't know. Q. Okay. So is there a way for your office so if someone calls into your office's general line, for example, is there any method that your office has to keep records of calls that come in? A. We don't have any. Q. No records? A. Correct. Q. And you only have one office? A. Yes. Q. And has your office ever had anyone come in to fill out a paper Voter Application Card or Form in person? |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | A. Also depending on the time of the day that we receive a call. If it's in the afternoon, later in the afternoon, it goes in the mail the next day. Q. Got it. Do you know how long it typically takes to reach someone who has requested an application? A. What do you mean "reach"? Q. Sure. Someone called in, you put in the mail the same day or the next day, how long until it takes to reach them, to arrive in their mailbox? MR. STONE: Objection; form. BY MR. BARON: Q. Please answer, if you know. A. I don't know. Q. Okay. That's fine. | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | Q. Is that because there is no there's no method of maintaining records of those? A. I don't know. Q. Okay. So is there a way for your office so if someone calls into your office's general line, for example, is there any method that your office has to keep records of calls that come in? A. We don't have any. Q. No records? A. Correct. Q. And you only have one office? A. Yes. Q. And has your office ever had anyone come in to fill out a paper Voter Application Card or Form in person? A. Yes. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | A. Also depending on the time of the day that we receive a call. If it's in the afternoon, later in the afternoon, it goes in the mail the next day. Q. Got it. Do you know how long it typically takes to reach someone who has requested an application? A. What do you mean "reach"? Q. Sure. Someone called in, you put in the mail the same day or the next day, how long until it takes to reach them, to arrive in their mailbox? MR. STONE: Objection; form. BY MR. BARON: Q. Okay. That's fine. Do you know typically how long it | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | Q. Is that because there is no there's no method of maintaining records of those? A. I don't know. Q. Okay. So is there a way for your office so if someone calls into your office's general line, for example, is there any method that your office has to keep records of calls that come in? A. We don't have any. Q. No records? A. Correct. Q. And you only have one office? A. Yes. Q. And has your office ever had anyone come in to fill out a paper Voter Application Card or Form in person? A. Yes. Q. Approximately how many times? |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | A. Also depending on the time of the day that we receive a call. If it's in the afternoon, later in the afternoon, it goes in the mail the next day. Q. Got it. Do you know how long it typically takes to reach someone who has requested an application? A. What do you mean "reach"? Q. Sure. Someone called in, you put in the mail the same day or the next day, how long until it takes to reach them, to arrive in their mailbox? MR. STONE: Objection; form. BY MR. BARON: Q. Okay. That's fine. Do you know typically how long it takes for you to receive an application back? | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | Q. Is that because there is no there's no method of maintaining records of those? A. I don't know. Q. Okay. So is there a way for your office so if someone calls into your office's general line, for example, is there any method that your office has to keep records of calls that come in? A. We don't have any. Q. No records? A. Correct. Q. And you only have one office? A. Yes. Q. And has your office ever had anyone come in to fill out a paper Voter Application Card or Form in person? A. Yes. Q. Approximately how many times? A. I don't have that number. |
| 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | A. Also depending on the time of the day that we receive a call. If it's in the afternoon, later in the afternoon, it goes in the mail the next day. Q. Got it. Do you know how long it typically takes to reach someone who has requested an application? A. What do you mean "reach"? Q. Sure. Someone called in, you put in the mail the same day or the next day, how long until it takes to reach them, to arrive in their mailbox? MR. STONE: Objection; form. BY MR. BARON: Q. Okay. That's fine. Do you know typically how long it | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | Q. Is that because there is no there's no method of maintaining records of those? A. I don't know. Q. Okay. So is there a way for your office so if someone calls into your office's general line, for example, is there any method that your office has to keep records of calls that come in? A. We don't have any. Q. No records? A. Correct. Q. And you only have one office? A. Yes. Q. And has your office ever had anyone come in to fill out a paper Voter Application Card or Form in person? A. Yes. Q. Approximately how many times? |

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Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

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| , -, - | 5 | , | , |
|----------|---|----------|---|
| | Page 61 | | Page 63 |
| 1 | A. That would be speculating. | 1 | Applications due to a lack of wet signature |
| 2 | Q. Okay. That's fine. | 2 | during the referenced time period. |
| 3 | And voters have to sign their Voter | 3 | THE TECH: Can you say that again? |
| 4 | Registration Applications, right? | 4 | I'm lost. I can't find it. |
| 5 | A. Yes. | 5 | MR. BARON: Sorry. Yeah. I may |
| 6 | Q. And what is the purpose of requiring | 6 | have one moment. That should be |
| 7 | a signature on a Voter Registration Form? | 7 | Interrogatory No. 1. I apologize. |
| 8 | A. I guess to compare to whatever needs | 8 | THE TECH: Oh. No. 1. |
| 9 | to be compared to another signature. | 9 | MR. BARON: It should be the last |
| 10 | Q. And do you do that in, when | 10 | sentence of Interrogatory No. 1. |
| 11 | MR. BARON: Strike that. | 11 | (Tech complies.) |
| 12 | BY MR. BARON: | 12 | BY MR. BARON: |
| 13 | Q. When you are evaluating a Voter | 13 | Q. Okay. And is that because your |
| 14 | Registration Application to see if the person is | 14 | office has received no such applications? |
| 15 | eligible, do you use the signature to compare it | 15 | |
| 16 | to other signatures from that person? | 16 | |
| 17 | A. No. | | Q. And have you ever marked an application as incomplete due to a lack of a wet |
| | | 17 | |
| 18 | Q. Do you use the signature in any | 18 | signature? |
| 19 | other manner when considering whether someone is | 19 | A. To my knowledge, no. |
| 20 | eligible to vote when they submit a Voter | 20 | Q. Okay. And how does your office |
| 21 | Registration Application? | 21 22 | determine whether a registration application |
| 22 | A. No. | 5-22 | signature is a wet signature or not? |
| | Page 62 | | Page 64 |
| 1 | MR. BARON: At this point I would | 1 | A. I guess by reviewing the document |
| 2 | like the court reporter to please mark what | 2 | itself. |
| 3 | has been premarked as Exhibit C. | 3 | Q. Do you have any policies or |
| 4 | (Whereupon, Exhibit C, | 4 | procedures in place with regard to determining |
| 5 | Intervenor-Defendant Lupe Torres' Objections | 5 | whether a signature is wet or not? |
| 6 | and Answers to Plaintiff's First Set of | 6 | A. No. |
| 7 | | | Q. And have you or anyone in your |
| 8 | Interrogatories, was marked for identification.) | | |
| 9 | BY MR. BARON: | 8 | office undergone any training in determining |
| 9 10 | | 9 10 | whether a signature is wet or not? |
| | Q. Are you familiar with this document?A. I believe I've seen it before. | | A. Not to my knowledge, no. |
| 11 12 | | 11 | Q. Okay. And is it possible that your |
| | Q. Okay. I'd like to direct your | 12 | office has processed a Voter Registration |
| 13 | attention to Response to Interrogatory No. 4; and | 13 | Application that does not have a wet signature? |
| 14 | specifically, "Medina County has always required | 14 | MR. STONE: Objection to form. |
| 15 | a wet signature from a voter registration | 15 | MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection; |
| 16 | Applicant"; is that correct? | 16 | speculation. |
| 17 | A. Yes. | 17 | You may answer the question. |
| 18 | Q. Okay. Now I'd like to direct your | 18 | A. Not to my knowledge. |
| 19 | attention to your Response to Interrogatory No. | 19 | Q. Okay. And for what purpose does |
| 20 | 2. | 20 | your office use a voter's original wet signature |
| 21 | Your office says, quote, No record | 21 | as part of the registration process? |
| 22 | of any rejections of Voter Registration | 22 | A. Can you repeat the question, please? |
| | | | |

16 (Pages 61 to 64)

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|----|--|--|
| 1 | Q. Sure. | 1 A. Yes. |
| 2 | For what purpose or purposes, does | 2 Q. And that's the only thing that you |
| 3 | your office use a voter's original wet signature | 3 do with the wet signature on the card? |
| 4 | as part of the voter registration process? | 4 A. Yes. |
| 5 | A. First thing that comes to mind is | 5 Q. Okay. At this point I'd like to |
| 6 | when they are qualifying the absentee ballot by | 6 direct your attention to the Response to |
| 7 | mail, how they sign their ballot by mail has to | 7 Interrogatory No. 4, in the same document. |
| 8 | match the voter registration signature. So | 8 And I believe that's midway through |
| 9 | that's one that comes to mind. | 9 the Response where it says, "Medina County first |
| 10 | Q. But you don't use it for determining | 10 reviews the Voter Registration Application in |
| 11 | eligibility to vote? | 11 accordance with Section 13.071 to determine |
| 12 | A. Correct. | 12 whether it meets the criteria set forth in |
| 13 | Q. And you don't use a voter's original | 13 Section 13.002, including the requirement that it |
| 14 | wet signature to verify each registrants identity | 14 be signed by the Applicant." |
| 15 | when you're registering them to vote? | 15 Are you referring to the wet |
| 16 | A. Correct. | 16 signature requirement? |
| 17 | Q. Okay. Do you use a voter's original | 17 A. Yes. |
| 18 | wet signature as part of the voter registration | 18 And it says that you review the |
| 19 | process, as opposed to anything else, for any | 19 application. Can you describe to me what is |
| 20 | other purposes? | 20 entailed in that review process? |
| 21 | A. No. | |
| 22 | Q. Suppose a Voter Registration | A. We make sure that all the required fields are filled in and to determine if they are |
| | | d. |
| | Page 66 | Page 68 |
| 1 | Application has come into your has arrived at | 1 eligible or not, to determine if they would be an |
| 2 | your office, it is properly executed and contains | 2 eligible voter, registered voter. |
| 3 | an original wet signature, please tell me what | 3 Q. And in terms of reviewing the |
| 4 | you do with that signature? | 4 signature, the review process is the person |
| 5 | A. Can you repeat the question, please? | 5 reviewing the application just looks at the |
| 6 | Q. Yes. | 6 signature to see if it's wet or not? |
| 7 | Suppose that a Voter Registration | 7 A. Yes. |
| 8 | Application arrives at your office, it is | 8 Q. And checks to see if the signature |
| 9 | properly executed and it contains an original wet | 9 is present? |
| 10 | signature, can you tell me what you do with the | 10 A. Correct. |
| 11 | signature? | 11 Q. And is there anything else you do or |
| 12 | A. What we do? Other than scan the | 12 your office does to determine whether there is a |
| 13 | Voter Registration Card and store it. | 13 wet signature present? |
| 14 | Q. So when a Voter Registration | 14 A. No. |
| 15 | Application comes into your office, that's | 15 Q. Okay. And as we discussed, you |
| 16 | properly executed and contains an original wet | 16 don't maintain any sort of file where you keep |
| 17 | signature, you scan the Voter Registration | 17 the original wet signature applications as |
| 18 | Application, including the signature, into Vista, | 18 originally provided to you? |
| 19 | correct? | 19 A. I'm sorry. I didn't hear that. I |
| 20 | A. Correct. | 20 didn't understand that. |
| 21 | | |
| | Q. And then you proceed to destroy the | 21 Q. That's okay. |
| 22 | Q. And then you proceed to destroy the original voter application or the card? | 21Q.That's okay.22So you don't maintain the original |

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| | Page 69 | | Page 71 |
|--|---|--|---|
| 1 | voter applications. You shred those? | 1 | person and a similar signature to the same |
| 2 | A. Yes. | 2 | person, that's one way we use that signature for. |
| 3 | Q. And if someone were to execute a wet | 3 | Q. Okay. I'd like to direct your |
| 4 | signature and then they scanned it into their | 4 | attention to Response to Interrogatory No. 3. |
| 5 | computer and then they took the version of the | 5 | A. Okay. |
| 6 | signature that they scanned and put it onto their | 6 | Q. And specifically the line: |
| 7 | Voter Registration Application, would that be | 7 | "Signatures from Voter Registration Applications |
| 8 | considered a wet signature for your purposes? | 8 | can be used by Medina County election officials |
| 9 | A. Yes. | 9 | to verify the identity of a voter"; is that |
| 10 | Q. That would be considered a wet | 10 | correct? |
| 11 | signature? | 11 | A. Yes. |
| 12 | A. Repeat the question again, please. | 12 | Q. Excuse me. |
| 13 | I'm sorry. | 13 | Do you use the original wet |
| 14 | Q. Sure. | 14 | signature from the voter's registration |
| 15 | So let's suppose I'm filling out a | 15 | application to do this? |
| 16 | Voter Registration Application. | 16 | A. I'm probably misunderstanding your |
| 17 | A. Okay. | 17 | question. |
| 18 | Q. And I have, I use a pen and write my | 18 | Would you like me to rephrase it? |
| 19 | signature on a blank piece of paper. I then take | 19 | A. Please. |
| 20 | that piece of paper, I scan it into my computer, | 20 | Q. Okay. So you state that one of the |
| 21 | and then I place the signature that I wrote on | 210 | uses for the signatures from a Voter Registration |
| 22 | that piece of paper digitally onto my Voter | 22 | Application is to verify the identity of a voter, |
| | C.S. | - | |
| | | | |
| | Page 70 | | Page 72 |
| 1 | Page 70 Registration Application. I print that out and I | 1 | Page 72 |
| 1 2 | | 1 2 | - |
| | Registration Application. I print that out and I | | right? |
| 2 | Registration Application. I print that out and I mail it in. Is that considered a wet signature | 2 | right? A. Yes. |
| 2 3 | Registration Application. I print that out and I mail it in. Is that considered a wet signature for your office's purposes? | 2 3 | right? A. Yes. Q. Do you verify the identity of a |
| 2 3 4 | Registration Application. I print that out and I mail it in. Is that considered a wet signature for your office's purposes? A. Yeah, I would think so. | 2 3 4 | right? A. Yes. Q. Do you verify the identity of a voter before you destroy the Voter Registration |
| 2 3 4 5 | Registration Application. I print that out and I mail it in. Is that considered a wet signature for your office's purposes?A. Yeah, I would think so.Q. Do you send or provide the | 2 3 4 5 | right? A. Yes. Q. Do you verify the identity of a voter before you destroy the Voter Registration Card that you get in the mail? |
| 2 3 4 5 6 | Registration Application. I print that out and I mail it in. Is that considered a wet signature for your office's purposes? A. Yeah, I would think so. Q. Do you send or provide the signatures on a Voter Registration Application | 2 3 4 5 6 | right? A. Yes. Q. Do you verify the identity of a voter before you destroy the Voter Registration Card that you get in the mail? A. No. |
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18 (Pages 69 to 72)

Case: 3250536/-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: 04988/2Date argited 906/29/2022

2/23/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al. Lupe Torres 30(b)(6)

| | Page 73 | | Page 75 |
|--|---|---|--|
| 1 | MS. AL-FUHAID: 11:21 our time. | 1 | the same signature. |
| 2 | MR. BARON: Sorry. 11:21 your time. | 2 | Q. And when you say you compare it to |
| 3 | THE WITNESS: Okay. | 3 | the signature they submitted, that's the scanned |
| 4 | THE TECH: The time is 11:16 a.m., | 4 | version in Vista? |
| 5 | off the record. | 5 | A. Correct. |
| 6 | (Recess taken.) | 6 | Q. Okay. And can you just describe to |
| 7 | THE TECH: The time is 11:25 a.m., | 7 | me what the process is like for making that |
| 8 | back on the record. | 8 | comparison? |
| 9 | MR. BARON: Okay. And can we put | 9 | I'm not familiar with the way your |
| 10 | back the Deposition Exhibit C, please. | 10 | office operates or what that process is, so if |
| 11 | BY MR. BARON: | 11 | you could edify me? |
| 12 | Q. And you said: "Signatures from | 12 | A. The only thing I can tell you is the |
| 13 | Voter Registration Applications can be used by | 13 | Ballot Board looks at both the received ballot, |
| 14 | Medina County election officials to verify the | 14 | at the carrier envelope that has the signature |
| 15 | identity of a voter." | 15 | and they compare it to whatever the application |
| 16 | You said that for the purposes of | 16 | has to make sure it's the same person. |
| 17 | verifying the identity of a voter, you do not do | 17 | Q So they look at a scanned version of |
| 18 | that during the voter registration process, | 18 | the signature which is the one that you received |
| 19 | correct? | 19 | on the Voter Registration Application |
| 20 | A. Yes. | 20 | A. Correct. |
| 21 | Q. Okay. And when you do verify the | 21 | Q correct? |
| 22 | identity of a voter, that is at a point where | 22 | A. Correct. |
| | | P | |
| | Page 34 | | Page 76 |
| 1 | you're using the scanned version of the Voter | 1 | Q. And then they also, then they look |
| 2 | Registration Application? | 2 | at the version that came in on a ballot? |
| 3 | A. Yes. | 3 | A. Correct. |
| 4 | Q. And is there any reason that | | |
| | | 4 | Q. Okay. And is there any other way |
| 5 | excuse me. | 4 5 | that you're let me back up. |
| 5 6 | excuse me. Is there any reason that this could | 5 6 | that you're let me back up. You said that this is done by the |
| | excuse me. Is there any reason that this could not be done with a imaged signature? | 5 6 7 | that you're let me back up. You said that this is done by the Ballot Board? |
| 6 7 8 | excuse me. Is there any reason that this could not be done with a imaged signature? A. With a what? | 5 6 7 8 | that you're let me back up. You said that this is done by the Ballot Board? A. Correct. |
| 6 7 8 9 | excuse me. Is there any reason that this could not be done with a imaged signature? A. With a what? Q. With an imaged signature? | 5 6 7 8 9 | that you're let me back up. You said that this is done by theBallot Board?A. Correct.Q. So it's not done by your office? |
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19 (Pages 73 to 76)

Case: 32550536/-00 Document D005/163716753-2 Prage: 04998/2Date atjted 906/29/2022

2/23/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Lupe Torres 30(b)(6)

Page 77 Page 79 1 sure whether --1 O. So there's no instance in which the 2 MR. BARON: Excuse me. Strike that. 2 Ballot Board might use the original Voter 3 BY MR. BARON: 3 Registration Form as a comparator? 4 Q. Earlier you said you weren't sure 4 MR. STONE: Objection; form. 5 why the comparison of the scanned version of a 5 A. I don't -- I don't know. 6 signature by the Ballot Board and the ballot 6 Q. Okay. So to clarify, you shred all 7 7 signature, you said you weren't sure why that Voter Registration Applications after scanning 8 could not be used using an imaged signature? 8 them into your systems; is that correct? 9 A. I believe that's what I said. 9 A. Yes. 10 O. Hello? 10 Q. So would there be any reason that A. I believe that's what I said. the Early -- the Ballot Board would have access 11 11 12 Q. Okay. Sorry, it looks like I'm 12 to one of those cards? 13 having some internet trouble. So if I cut out, 13 A. No. You mean the original? it's not because of anything you said. 14 14 Q. The original card, yes. 15 A. Okay. 15 A. Yeah. No. My answer is still no. 16 Q. So, but please let me know if I'm 16 Q. Okay. Now, with regard to your having issues or if you're having trouble hearing 17 Response to Interrogatory No. 3 -- sorry for 17 18 me. 18 jumping around so much. I'd specifically like to 19 So why is it that you're not sure? 19 direct your attention to the sentence that says 21000 20 MR. STONE: Objection; form. that it, "The signature on the application can be 21 THE WITNESS: Am I supposed to compared to the voter's signature on the voter answer or not? \mathbb{G}^2 22 list for in-person voting, and the signature on Page 38 Page 80 1 1 MR. BARON: Yes, please. the application can be compared to the voter's 2 2 MS. AL-FUHAID: You may answer. signature" -- next page -- "on the carrier 3 A. I guess I don't know. 3 envelope used to send in a ballot by mail." 4 Q. Okay. And I'd like to direct your 4 A. Okay. And your question? 5 attention to Interrogatory No. 2, and, 5 Q. Yes. I just want to clarify. 6 6 specifically, a portion that says that: "The That's again in reference to the Ballot Board? 7 signature on the Voter Registration Application 7 A. Yes. 8 8 required by the Texas Election Code Section Q. Okay. And then the next sentence, 9 9 "The signature can also be used in situations in 13.0002(b) provides a model of the voter's 10 signature that can be cross-referenced with other 10 which a voter accidentally signs the voter list 11 signatures submitted by the individual." 11 for in-person voting in the space for another 12 12 And this is the process that you voter's signature. If that occurs, the 13 were describing earlier in relation to what the 13 signatures can be compared to catch the mistake 14 Ballot Board does? 14 and ensure that the voter whose signature space 15 A. Yes. 15 was accidentally completed can submit a ballot." Q. So this is -- how is the --16 16 So who -- is that something that 17 MR. BARON: Strike that. 17 your office does? 18 BY MR. BARON: 18 A. No. The signature comparison is 19 19 Q. So the model signature reference done by the Ballot Board. 20 20 there is the scanned version of the Voter Q. Okay. And so, again, that signature 21 Registration Card that's stored in Vista? 21 comparison is done using the scanned version of 22 A. Yes. 22 the signature in Vista?

20 (Pages 77 to 80)

Case: 3250536/-00 Decument D005/1697/6753-2 Prage: (2008/2Date argited 996/29/2022

2/23/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Lupe Torres 30(b)(6)

| | | • | |
|----|---|------|---|
| | Page 93 | | Page 95 |
| 1 | imaged signatures? | 1 | What do you understand "more easily |
| 2 | A. Yes. | 2 | verifiable" to mean in this context? |
| 3 | Q. Okay. I'd like to direct your | 3 | A. I guess you can I don't know. I |
| 4 | attention to Interrogatory No. 2, your Response. | 4 | can't describe the I'm not can you rephrase |
| 5 | And specifically the sentence that says, "To the | 5 | the question, please? |
| 6 | best of my knowledge a wet ink signature" it's | 6 | Q. Sure. |
| 7 | the last sentence "To the best of my knowledge | 7 | So in your Response to Interrogatory |
| 8 | a wet ink signature is more easily verifiable | 8 | No. 2 you stated that, "To the best of your |
| 9 | than an electronic signature." | 9 | knowledge, a wet ink signature is more easily |
| 10 | What do you understand "electronic | 10 | verifiable than an electronic signature." |
| 11 | signature" to mean in this context? | 11 | So my question to you is: What did |
| 12 | A. Kind of like the one you described | 12 | you mean when you said "it's more easily |
| 13 | earlier where you go to the bank or even to a | 13 | verifiable"? |
| 14 | store and you have to sign the little tablet on | 14 | MR. STONE: Objection; form. |
| 15 | there, you sign your signature on there. | 15 | A. I'm trying to remember how in |
| 16 | Q. Okay. | 16 | what context I used that. |
| 17 | A. It would be like | 17 | Q. Mf you'd like to take the time to |
| 18 | (Simultaneous cross-talk.) | 18 | review the full Response, you're welcome to do |
| 19 | Q. Sorry. Go ahead. I didn't mean to | 19 | that. |
| 20 | cut you off. | 20 | A. I guess just reading my Response, |
| 21 | A. That's what I see as an electronic | 2,10 | is, like you said earlier, electronic signatures |
| 22 | signature. | 210 | can be manipulated, like you stated, you can copy |
| | | 2 | |
| | Page 94 | | Page 96 |
| 1 | Q. Okay. Would you say it's the same | 1 | and paste it to that. So the wet signature is |
| 2 | as or is it different from what you understand a | 2 | probably the best way to verify that it is, I |
| 3 | imaged signature to be? | 3 | guess, the person that is filling out that |
| 4 | A. The same. | 4 | document. |
| 5 | Q. Okay. Do you recail earlier when I | 5 | Q. Okay. When a voter submits an |
| 6 | described what an imaged signature is when I | 6 | application, your office isn't comparing the |
| 7 | reference it? | 7 | signature in the form, right? |
| 8 | A. Yes. | 8 | MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection; form. |
| 9 | Q. Right. So to reiterate, when I | 9 | MR. STONE: Objection; form. |
| 10 | reference a imaged signature, I'm referring to | 10 | A. Correct. |
| 11 | someone uses a wet ink signature on a piece of | 11 | Q. And your office doesn't function as |
| 12 | paper and then takes a picture of it and scans it | 12 | the Early Ballot Board, right? |
| 13 | into their computer. | 13 | A. Correct. |
| 14 | Does that make sense? | 14 | Q. When you receive an application from |
| 15 | A. Yes. | 15 | DPS, you don't have any concerns about those |
| 16 | Q. Does that change any of your prior | 16 | signatures being unverifiable, right? |
| 17 | answers in this deposition? | 17 | MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection; form. |
| 18 | A. No. | 18 | MR. STONE: Objection; form. |
| 19 | Q. So to reiterate, we're looking at | 19 | A. Correct. |
| 20 | Response to Interrogatory No. 2, "To the best of | 20 | Q. Okay. So can you state all the ways |
| 21 | my knowledge, a wet ink signature is more easily | 21 | in which your office uses a wet ink signature and |
| 22 | verifiable than an electronic signature." | 22 | not a image version of a wet ink signature to |
| | | | |

24 (Pages 93 to 96)

Case: 3250536/-00 Decument D005/16976753-2 Prage: (2008/2Date argited 006/29/2022

2/23/2022

Vote.org v. Jacquelyn Callanen, et al.

Lupe Torres 30(b)(6)

| | Page 97 | | Page 99 |
|---|--|---|--|
| 1 | verify or to verify a voter's identify? | 1 | fraud from the use of that imaged signature; is |
| 2 | MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection; form. | 2 | that correct? |
| 3 | MR. STONE: Objection; form. | 3 | A. Correct. |
| 4 | A. I believe I stated before that the | 4 | Q. And neither you nor your office |
| 5 | way we use it is through the Ballot Board, for | 5 | experienced any other problems or issues arising |
| 6 | them to compare the signatures. | 6 | from the use of an imaged signature; is that |
| 7 | Q. But again the Ballot Board is not | 7 | correct? |
| 8 | your office, right, that's a distinct office? | 8 | A. Correct. |
| 9 | A. That is correct. | 9 | MR. BARON: I'd like to ask the |
| 10 | Q. Okay. And in the next clause of | 10 | court reporter to mark what I premarked as |
| 11 | that sentence you stated, " electronic | 11 | Exhibit D, and specifically the Response to |
| 12 | signatures can be manipulated more easily." | 12 | Request For Production. |
| 13 | What is the basis for your assertion | 13 | (Whereupon, Exhibit D, |
| 14 | that "electronic signatures can be manipulated | 14 | Intervenor-Defendant Lupe Torres' Objections |
| 15 | more easily"? | 15 | and Responses to Plaintiff's First Set of |
| 16 | A. Just like you stated before, you can | 16 | Requests for Production, was marked for |
| 17 | get somebody to sign a paper and then paste it on | 17 | identification.) |
| 18 | to the computer and make it to be somebody | 18 | MR. STONE: Corey, I think you're |
| 19 | else's. | 19 | unmuted. |
| 20 | Q. And have you ever spoken with any | 20 | Could the court reporter mute Corey? |
| 21 | experts on signatures about whether this is the | 210 | (Discussion held off the record.) |
| | case? | G2 | THE TECH. Did you ask for a |
| 22 | Case ? | | THE TECH: Did you ask for a |
| 22 | | Bez 2 | THE TECH: Did you ask for a |
| 22 | Page 98 | | Page 100 |
| 22 | | 1 | |
| 1 2 | Page 98 A. No. Q. Have you done any research on | 5 | Page 100 |
| 1 2 3 | Page 98 | 1 | Page 100 specific number because I didn't catch it. MR. BARON: Yes. Sorry. The Response to Request for Production No. 5. |
| 1 2 3 4 | Page 98 A. No. Q. Have you done any research on signatures to determine whether this is true? A. No. | 1 2 | Page 100 specific number because I didn't catch it. MR. BARON: Yes. Sorry. The |
| 1 2 3 4 5 | Page 98 A. No. Q. Have you done any research on signatures to determine whether this is true? A. No. Q. And have you had any experience or | 1 2 3 | Page 100 specific number because I didn't catch it. MR. BARON: Yes. Sorry. The Response to Request for Production No. 5. |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 | Page 98 A. No. Q. Have you done any research on signatures to determine whether this is true? A. No. | 1 2 3 4 | Page 100 specific number because I didn't catch it. MR. BARON: Yes. Sorry. The Response to Request for Production No. 5. THE TECH: Thank you. |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 | Page 98 A. No. Q. Have you done any research on signatures to determine whether this is true? A. No. Q. And have you had any experience or | 1 2 3 4 5 | Page 100 specific number because I didn't catch it. MR. BARON: Yes. Sorry. The Response to Request for Production No. 5. THE TECH: Thank you. MR. BARON: Thank you. |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 | A. No. Q. Have you done any research on signatures to determine whether this is true? A. No. Q. And have you had any experience or has anyone in your office had any experience where that would be the case? A. No. | 1 2 3 4 5 | Page 100 specific number because I didn't catch it. MR. BARON: Yes. Sorry. The Response to Request for Production No. 5. THE TECH: Thank you. MR. BARON: Thank you. BY MR. BARON: Q. So this Request sought any documents or communications regarding problems, issues, or |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 | A. No. Q. Have you done any research on signatures to determine whether this is true? A. No. Q. And have you had any experience or has anyone in your office had any experience where that would be the case? A. No. MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection; form. | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 | Page 100 specific number because I didn't catch it. MR. BARON: Yes. Sorry. The Response to Request for Production No. 5. THE TECH: Thank you. MR. BARON: Thank you. BY MR. BARON: Q. So this Request sought any documents or communications regarding problems, issues, or difficulties that Medina County has encountered |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 | A. No. Q. Have you done any research on signatures to determine whether this is true? A. No. Q. And have you had any experience or has anyone in your office had any experience where that would be the case? A. No. MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection; form. Q. So you're not aware of any instances | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 | Page 100 specific number because I didn't catch it. MR. BARON: Yes. Sorry. The Response to Request for Production No. 5. THE TECH: Thank you. MR. BARON: Thank you. BY MR. BARON: Q. So this Request sought any documents or communications regarding problems, issues, or difficulties that Medina County has encountered as a result of Voter Registration Applications |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 | A. No. Q. Have you done any research on signatures to determine whether this is true? A. No. Q. And have you had any experience or has anyone in your office had any experience where that would be the case? A. No. MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection; form. Q. So you're not aware of any instances where someone manipulated an electronic signature | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 | Page 100 specific number because I didn't catch it. MR. BARON: Yes. Sorry. The Response to Request for Production No. 5. THE TECH: Thank you. MR. BARON: Thank you. BY MR. BARON: Q. So this Request sought any documents or communications regarding problems, issues, or difficulties that Medina County has encountered as a result of Voter Registration Applications submitted without a wet ink signature. |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | A. No. Q. Have you done any research on signatures to determine whether this is true? A. No. Q. And have you had any experience or has anyone in your office had any experience where that would be the case? A. No. MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection; form. Q. So you're not aware of any instances where someone manipulated an electronic signature on a Voter Registration Application, correct? | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | Page 100 specific number because I didn't catch it. MR. BARON: Yes. Sorry. The Response to Request for Production No. 5. THE TECH: Thank you. MR. BARON: Thank you. BY MR. BARON: Q. So this Request sought any documents or communications regarding problems, issues, or difficulties that Medina County has encountered as a result of Voter Registration Applications submitted without a wet ink signature. And you stated that you were unaware |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 | A. No. Q. Have you done any research on signatures to determine whether this is true? A. No. Q. And have you had any experience or has anyone in your office had any experience where that would be the case? A. No. MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection; form. Q. So you're not aware of any instances where someone manipulated an electronic signature on a Voter Registration Application, correct? A. Not to my knowledge. No. | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 | Page 100 specific number because I didn't catch it. MR. BARON: Yes. Sorry. The Response to Request for Production No. 5. THE TECH: Thank you. MR. BARON: Thank you. BY MR. BARON: Q. So this Request sought any documents or communications regarding problems, issues, or difficulties that Medina County has encountered as a result of Voter Registration Applications submitted without a wet ink signature. And you stated that you were unaware of any documents that were responsive to that |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 | A. No. Q. Have you done any research on signatures to determine whether this is true? A. No. Q. And have you had any experience or has anyone in your office had any experience where that would be the case? A. No. MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection; form. Q. So you're not aware of any instances where someone manipulated an electronic signature on a Voter Registration Application, correct? A. Not to my knowledge. No. Q. And I'd like to direct your | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 | Page 100 specific number because I didn't catch it. MR. BARON: Yes. Sorry. The Response to Request for Production No. 5. THE TECH: Thank you. MR. BARON: Thank you. BY MR. BARON: Q. So this Request sought any documents or communications regarding problems, issues, or difficulties that Medina County has encountered as a result of Voter Registration Applications submitted without a wet ink signature. Mnd you stated that you were unaware of any documents that were responsive to that request. |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 | A. No. Q. Have you done any research on signatures to determine whether this is true? A. No. Q. And have you had any experience or has anyone in your office had any experience where that would be the case? A. No. MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection; form. Q. So you're not aware of any instances where someone manipulated an electronic signature on a Voter Registration Application, correct? A. Not to my knowledge. No. Q. And I'd like to direct your attention to Interrogatory No. 5. Specifically | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 | Page 100 specific number because I didn't catch it. MR. BARON: Yes. Sorry. The Response to Request for Production No. 5. THE TECH: Thank you. MR. BARON: Thank you. BY MR. BARON: Q. So this Request sought any documents or communications regarding problems, issues, or difficulties that Medina County has encountered as a result of Voter Registration Applications submitted without a wet ink signature. And you stated that you were unaware of any documents that were responsive to that request. So the fact you haven't had any |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 | A. No. Q. Have you done any research on signatures to determine whether this is true? A. No. Q. And have you had any experience or has anyone in your office had any experience where that would be the case? A. No. MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection; form. Q. So you're not aware of any instances where someone manipulated an electronic signature on a Voter Registration Application, correct? A. Not to my knowledge. No. Q. And I'd like to direct your attention to Interrogatory No. 5. Specifically your Response. And you stated that you're "not | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 | Page 100 specific number because I didn't catch it. MR. BARON: Yes. Sorry. The Response to Request for Production No. 5. THE TECH: Thank you. MR. BARON: Thank you. BY MR. BARON: Q. So this Request sought any documents or communications regarding problems, issues, or difficulties that Medina County has encountered as a result of Voter Registration Applications submitted without a wet ink signature. Mad you stated that you were unaware of any documents that were responsive to that request. So the fact you haven't had any problems with voter fraud or any other issues |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 | A. No. Q. Have you done any research on signatures to determine whether this is true? A. No. Q. And have you had any experience or has anyone in your office had any experience where that would be the case? A. No. MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection; form. Q. So you're not aware of any instances where someone manipulated an electronic signature on a Voter Registration Application, correct? A. Not to my knowledge. No. Q. And I'd like to direct your attention to Interrogatory No. 5. Specifically your Response. And you stated that you're "not aware of any issues, difficulties, or problems | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 | Page 100 specific number because I didn't catch it. MR. BARON: Yes. Sorry. The Response to Request for Production No. 5. THE TECH: Thank you. MR. BARON: Thank you. BY MR. BARON: Q. So this Request sought any documents or communications regarding problems, issues, or difficulties that Medina County has encountered as a result of Voter Registration Applications submitted without a wet ink signature. Mnd you stated that you were unaware of any documents that were responsive to that request. So the fact you haven't had any problems with voter fraud or any other issues relating to the use of imaged signatures, is that |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | A. No. Q. Have you done any research on signatures to determine whether this is true? A. No. Q. And have you had any experience or has anyone in your office had any experience where that would be the case? A. No. MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection; form. Q. So you're not aware of any instances where someone manipulated an electronic signature on a Voter Registration Application, correct? A. Not to my knowledge. No. Q. And I'd like to direct your attention to Interrogatory No. 5. Specifically your Response. And you stated that you're "not aware of any issues, difficulties, or problems related to Voter Registration Applications | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 | Page 100 specific number because I didn't catch it. MR. BARON: Yes. Sorry. The Response to Request for Production No. 5. THE TECH: Thank you. MR. BARON: Thank you. BY MR. BARON: Q. So this Request sought any documents or communications regarding problems, issues, or difficulties that Medina County has encountered as a result of Voter Registration Applications submitted without a wet ink signature. Mnd you stated that you were unaware of any documents that were responsive to that request. So the fact you haven't had any problems with voter fraud or any other issues relating to the use of imaged signatures, is that the reason you have no documents responsive to |
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| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | A. No. Q. Have you done any research on signatures to determine whether this is true? A. No. Q. And have you had any experience or has anyone in your office had any experience where that would be the case? A. No. MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection; form. Q. So you're not aware of any instances where someone manipulated an electronic signature on a Voter Registration Application, correct? A. Not to my knowledge. No. Q. And I'd like to direct your attention to Interrogatory No. 5. Specifically your Response. And you stated that you're "not aware of any issues, difficulties, or problems related to Voter Registration Applications received by Medina County that did not contain a wet signature." | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 | Page 100 specific number because I didn't catch it. MR. BARON: Yes. Sorry. The Response to Request for Production No. 5. THE TECH: Thank you. MR. BARON: Thank you. BY MR. BARON: O. So this Request sought any documents or communications regarding problems, issues, or difficulties that Medina County has encountered as a result of Voter Registration Applications submitted without a wet ink signature. Mad you stated that you were unaware for any documents that were responsive to that request. So the fact you haven't had any problems with voter fraud or any other issues relating to the use of imaged signatures, is that the reason you have no documents responsive to this request? A. Correct. |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | A. No. Q. Have you done any research on signatures to determine whether this is true? A. No. Q. And have you had any experience or has anyone in your office had any experience where that would be the case? A. No. MS. AL-FUHAID: Objection; form. Q. So you're not aware of any instances where someone manipulated an electronic signature on a Voter Registration Application, correct? A. Not to my knowledge. No. Q. And I'd like to direct your attention to Interrogatory No. 5. Specifically your Response. And you stated that you're "not aware of any issues, difficulties, or problems related to Voter Registration Applications | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 | Page 100 specific number because I didn't catch it. MR. BARON: Yes. Sorry. The Response to Request for Production No. 5. THE TECH: Thank you. MR. BARON: Thank you. BY MR. BARON: Q. So this Request sought any documents or communications regarding problems, issues, or difficulties that Medina County has encountered as a result of Voter Registration Applications submitted without a wet ink signature. Mad you stated that you were unaware of any documents that were responsive to that request. So the fact you haven't had any problems with voter fraud or any other issues relating to the use of imaged signatures, is that the reason you have no documents responsive to this request? |

25 (Pages 97 to 100)

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION

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| VOTE.ORG, | |
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Plaintiffs,

v.

JACUELYN CALLANEN, in her official capacity as the Bexar County Elections Administrator; BRUCE ELFANT, in his official capacity as the Travis County Tax Assessor-Collector; REMI GARZA, in his official capacity as the Cameron County Elections Administrator; MICHAEL SCARPELLO, in his official capacity as the Dallas County Elections Administrator, 5:21-cv-00649-JKP-HJB

Defendants.

DEFENDANT BEXAR COUNTY ELECTION ADMINISTRATOR JACQUELYN CALLANEN'S OBJECTIONS AND ANSWERS TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES AND FIRST SET OF REQUESTS FOR ADMISSIONS

To: Plaintiff Vote.org, by and through its attorney of record, Kathryn Yukevich, Elias Law Group, 10 G Street, NE Suite 600, Washington DC 20002, <u>kyukevich@elias.law</u>.

Pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 33 and 36, Defendant Bexar County hereby submits their responses and objections to Plaintiffs' First Set of Interrogatories and Requests for Admissions.

Respectfully Submitted,

JOE GONZALES Bexar County Criminal District Attorney

| By: | /s/ Robert Green | |
|-----|------------------|--|
| - | ROBERT D. GREEN | |

Bar No. 24087626 Assistant District Attorney, Civil Division 101 W. Nueva, 7th Floor San Antonio, Texas 78205 Telephone: (210) 335-2146 Fax: (210) 335-2773 robert.green@bexar.org Attorney for Bexar County Defendants

REPRESED FROM DEMOCRACY DOCKET.COM

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I do hereby certify on the 5th day of November, 2021, I served the preceding document by email upon the following:

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/s/ Robert Green
ROBERT D. GREEN

RESPONSES TO INTERROGATORIES

INTERROGATORY NO. 1. Identify all individuals in Bexar County whose voter registration applications were rejected due to lack of a wet-ink signature from September 1, 2018 to the present. This list should include the following information for each individual:

- a. Full name;
- b. Registration address;
- c. Mailing address;
- d. All available demographic data;
- e. The date the individual's application was rejected; and
- f. The date, if any, the individual successfully registered to vote in Bexar County.

OBJECTION: Defendant Callanen objects to this request to the extent that disclosure of the information requested may infringe upon the privacy rights of the individuals identified therein, such as dates of birth, social security and drivers license numbers, their signatures, and the addresses of individuals who have a statutory right under Texas law to prevent the public disclosure of their addresses. Defendant Callanen further objects that applications that lack a wet-ink signature are not immediately rejected, but are treated as incomplete. In accordance with Texas law, an applicant who submits such an application is provided an opportunity to submit the missing information and, in most cases, have their effective registration date relate back to their initial submission. Defendant Callanen will produce a supplement containing appropriately redacted documentation related to the 730 applicants whose registration applications were designated as incomplete during this period based on failure to provide the signature required by Texas Election Code § 13.002(b) as interpreted by the Secretary of State.

INTERROGATORY NO. 2. State and describe the purpose and function of a signature on voter registration applications, including any differences in the purpose and function of wet-ink signatures and compared to electronic or imaged signatures.

RESPONSE: Defendant Callanen objects to this request to the extent that it seeks a statement of the policy objectives of provisions of the Texas Election Code that require the submission of a wet ink signature on a voter registration application. That information may be found in the legislative history materials or obtained through discovery requests to state officials involved in the enactment the statutes now codified at Texas Election Code §§ 13.002(b) and 13.072. Defendant Callanen does not set policy objectives relative to the processing of voter registration applications, but receives and processes those applications in the manner required by Chapter 13 of the Texas Election Code as interpreted by the Secretary of State. Subject to and without waiving these objections, voter signatures obtained from voter registration applications are sometimes used by County elections personnel to verify voter identity, such as by comparing that signature to the voter's signature on the roster for in-person voting. In some circumstances, where a voter mistakenly affixes their signature to a roster for in-person voting on the line for another voter's signature, a signature comparison can be used to identify the error so that the voter whose signature line was mistakenly filled may proceed to cast a ballot.

INTERROGATORY NO. 3. Identify and describe all of Bexar County's or the State's interests served by Section 14 of HB 3107 and how Section 14 of HB 3107 serves each interest.

RESPONSE: Defendant Callanen objects to this request to the extent that it seeks a statement of the state's interests served by Section 14 of HB 3107. That information may be found in the legislative history documents for HB 3107, or obtained through discovery requests to state officials involved in the enactment of HB 3107 and the state intervenors in this case. Subject to and without waiving these objections, voter signatures obtained from voter registration applications are sometimes used by County elections personnel to verify voter identity, such as by comparing that signature to the voter's signature as it appears on the carrier envelope used to submit a ballot by mail, or to the voter's signature to a roster for in-person voting on the line for another voter's signature, a signature comparison can be used to identify the error so that the voter whose signature line was mistakenly filled may proceed to cast a ballot.

INTERROGATORY NO. 4. State and describe Bexar County's policy and procedure for processing voter registration applications submitted using Plaintiff's web application in the fall of 2018.

RESPONSE: The Bexar County Elections Department has not established or maintained any policy specific to Vote.org or to voter registration applications submitted through Vote.org's web application. The policy and procedure of the Bexar County Elections Department is to process voter registration applications in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 13 of the Texas Elections Code as interpreted in the guidance provided by the Secretary of State. *See* Texas Election Code §§ 31.001, 31.003. In accordance with Section 13.071, the registrar reviews each application to determine whether it satisfies each requirement of Section 13.002—including that the application be "in writing and signed by the applicant." Texas Election Code 13.002(b). If the application does not meet these requirements, the registrar rejects the application in accordance with Section 13.072(c), and issues a Notice of Rejection to the extent required by Section 13.073. The applicant is then provided an opportunity to cure the deficiency identified in the Notice of Rejection.

INTERROGATORY NO. 5. State and describe Bexar County's policies or procedures concerning the review and processing of voter registration applications with electronic or imaged signatures both before and after the enactment of Section 14 of HB 3107.

RESPONSE: Prior to the effective date of HB 3107, voter registration applications submitted with electronic or imaged signatures that were not accompanied by a copy of the registration application bearing a signature that satisfied the requirements of Section 13.002(b) were rejected in accordance with the requirements of Section 13.143(d-2) in effect at that time as they had been interpreted in the guidance provided by the Secretary of State. This practice did not change following the effective date of HB 3107.

INTERROGATORY NO. 6. State and describe any issues, difficulties, or problems related to voter registration applications received by Bexar County that did not contain a wet-ink signature.

RESPONSE: Defendant Callanen objects to this request because the phrase "issues, difficulties, or problems" is vague and undefined. Subject to and without waiving this objection, voter registration applications that do not include a signature that meets the requirements of Section 13.002(b) as interpreted in the guidance provided by the Secretary of State are rejected in accordance with Section 13.072(c). This process does not disrupt the normal operations of the Bexar County Elections Department. Defendant Callanen objects to this interrogatory to the extent that it asks her to speculate about hypothetical scenarios in which the Secretary of State determines that digital signatures were sufficient to satisfy the signature requirement set out in Section 13.002(b), and applications containing such signatures were received by the Bexar County Elections Department.

INTERROGATORY NO. 7. State the number of voter registration applications Bexar County Wee WEDFROMDENOCRACYDOCKET.CO received from the Department of Public Safety each year, between the years 2016 and 2021.

RESPONSE:

- 2016: 54,561
- 2017: 51,922
- 2018: 51,581
- 2019: 54,345
- 2020: 33,995
- 2021: 59,083

INTERROGATORY NO. 8. State and describe any issues, difficulties, or problems related to voter registration applications received by Bexar County from the Department of Public Safety, related to the registrant's signature.

RESPONSE: Defendant Callanen objects to this request because the phrase "issues, difficulties, or problems" is vague and undefined. Subject to and without waiving this objection, the Bexar County Elections Department receives and processes applications received from the Texas Department of Public Safety in the manner prescribed by Subchapter C of Chapter 20 of the Texas Election Code. This process does not disrupt the normal operations of the Bexar County Elections Department.

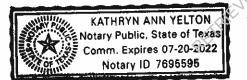
VERIFICATION

§ § §

STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF BEXAR

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared JALQUELYN F. CALLANEN, the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing Answers to Interrogatories and, who, being by me duly sworn upon oath, verified reading the above and foregoing Answers to Interrogatories stated that the foregoing Answers are true and correct.

SWORN AND SUBSCRIBED TO BEFORE ME on this ______ day of November, 2021.



NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR THE STATE OF TEXAS

RESPONSES TO REQUESTS FOR ADMISSIONS

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 1: Admit that you have rejected voter registration applications that were signed using imaged, rather than wet-ink, signatures.

RESPONSE: Admit.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 2: Admit that you would reject a voter registration application that was signed using an electronic or imaged signature, rather than a wet-ink signature, unless that voter registration application was sent by the Texas Department of Public Safety.

RESPONSE: Admit.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 3: Admit that you accept voter registration applications transmitted from the Department of Public Safety, which are signed using imaged, rather than RACYDOCKE wet-ink, signatures.

RESPONSE: Admit.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 4: Admit that you do not use the wet-ink signatures on voter registration applications for any election administration purposes after the voter registration applications have been accepted. JEVED F

RESPONSE: Deny.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 5: Admit that the use of a wet-ink signature, as opposed to an imaged or electronic signature, on an application is not a material or relevant factor in determining whether an individual is eligible to vote in Texas.

RESPONSE: Deny.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION

VOTE.ORG, Plaintiff, V. JACQUELYN CALLANEN, in her official Capacity as the Bexar County Elections Administrator, et al. Defendants.

Civil Action No. 5:21-cv-00649-JKP

DEFENDANT BRUCE ELFANT'S OBJECTIONS AND ANSWERS TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES

Comes now Defendant Bruce Elfant, ("Defendant"), and hereby serves his Objections and

Answers to Plaintiff's First Set of Interrogatories as set forth herein below.

| | Respectfully | submitted, |
|---------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| | | |
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| | ATTORNEY | S FOR DEFENDANT |
| | BRUCE ELF | ANT |

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Bruce Elfant's Objections and Responses to Plaintiff's First Set of Interrogatories was sent via electronic mail on the 29th day of October, 2021, to the following:

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| | Terrie Pendley |
| | |

/s/ Cynthia W. Veidt SHERINE E. THOMAS LESLIE W. DIPPEL CYNTHIA W. VEDT Assistant County Attorneys

GENERAL OBJECTIONS

Defendant Elfant hereby lodges the following general objections which apply to Plaintiff's First Set of Interrogatories to Defendant Bruce Elfant" ("Discovery Requests"). These general objections are made in addition to and without waiving, the specific objections to the individually labeled interrogatories. The following general objections apply to Plaintiffs' Discovery Requests in its entirety and to individually labeled interrogatories.

OBJECTIONS

- Defendant Elfant objects to Plaintiffs' definition of the term "document" and "documents" to the extent that said definition could be construed to require the disclosure of information concerning matters made exempt from discovery under Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(1) including but not limited to attorney work product, party communications, witness statements, consulting experts, and matters protected by the attorney-client privilege.
- 2. Defendant Elfant objects to Plaintiffs' definition of the term "you" and "your" to the extent that said definition could be construed to require the disclosure of information concerning matters made exempt from discovery under Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(1) including but not limited to attorney work product, party communications, witness statements, consulting experts, and matters protected by the attorney-client privilege.
- 3. Defendant Elfant objects that it would be unduly burdensome to comply with Plaintiffs' instructions related to the method of producing and labeling electronically stored information ("ESI"). Defendant Elfant will produce responsive ESI in its native format, including, but not limited to, .csv and .xls files.
- 4. Defendant Elfant objects to Plaintiffs' instructions to the extent that they seek to impose requirements, obligations and duties that are not prescribed by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or this Court's local rules regarding discovery. Defendant shall comply with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedures and this Court's local rules with regard to responding and objecting to Plaintiffs' Discovery Requests, as well as asserting privilege in response to Plaintiffs' Discovery Requests.

STATEMENTS

- 5. Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(e), Defendant Elfant reserves the right to supplement these responses should it become necessary to do so and in accordance with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 6. Defendant Elfant shall comply with the Court's Amended Privacy Policy and Public Access to Electronic Files policy dated October 29, 2004, as it pertains to disclosure and/or use of sensitive information, including social security numbers, dates of birth, and driver's license numbers. Defendant Elfant considers the image of a person's signature to be sensitive information in that disclosure or use of the image of a person's signature in a court documents would be likely to lead to increased risk of identity theft. Defendant Elfant will produce unredacted copies of sensitive

information pursuant to any Protective Order entered by this Court or similar agreement with Plaintiff concerning the use or disclosure of documents containing sensitive information in connection with these proceedings.

Subject to and without waiving any of the foregoing General Objections, Defendant specifically objects and answers to the individually labeled Plaintiff's First Set of Interrogatories as follows:

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ANSWERS TO INTERROGATORIES

INTERROGATORY NO. 1:

Identify all individuals in Travis County whose voter registration applications were rejected due to lack of a wet-ink signature from September 1, 2018 to the present. This list should include the following information for each individual:

- a. Full name;
- b. Registration address;
- c. Mailing address;
- d. All available demographic data;
- e. The date the individual's application was rejected; and
- f. The date, if any, the individual successfully registered to vote in Travis County.

OBJECTIONS:

Defendant Elfant objects to this interrogatory to the extent that disclosure of the information requested may infringe upon the privacy rights of the individuals identified therein, including, but not limited to, individuals who have a statutory right under Texas law to prevent public disclosure of their addresses, and to the extent that it would disclose sensitive information, such as dates of birth, social security numbers, driver's license numbers, and signatures of the applicants. Defendant Elfant further objects to the extent that this interrogatory is overly broad and unduly burdensome, as it requests information that can be more readily determined by examining Defendant's Elfant's business records, and/or voter registration records obtainable from the Texas Secretary of State's Office, and deriving the answer will be substantially the same for either party. Subject to, and without waiving, the foregoing objections, Defendant answers as follows:

ANSWER:

Pursuant to Defendant's procedures, no application is "rejected" due to the lack of a "wet ink" signature. All applications lacking a signature are treated as "incomplete" and the applicant is provided with multiple opportunities to provide the missing signature to Defendant in order to complete their application. The voters' corrected application containing their signature is treated as if it was received on the date that Defendant received the original incomplete application, for purposes of registration for a particular election.

Incomplete applications are not sent to the Texas Secretary of State's office for processing through their verification procedures.

Once the applicant has supplied the missing signature (and any other missing information) to complete their voter registration form, Defendant Elfant's office submits the completed application to the Texas Secretary of State's Office. Only the Texas Secretary of State's Office can verify an applicant's information and issue a unique voter identification number (their VUID) to certify that the applicant is registered to vote in a particular county. After completion of their own procedures, the Texas Secretary of State's Office updates their list of

certified voters for an upcoming election (including their VUID) in their TEAM system. Defendant Elfant then generates a list of eligible voters for the Travis County Clerk's Elections Division, which administers elections in Travis County.

A comparison of the list of registered voters for Travis County in the Texas Secretary of State's Office TEAM system can then be matched against Defendant Elfant's list of all applicants, to determine which applicants were ultimately certified by the Texas Secrea\tary of State's Office as being eligible to vote in Travis County. Please see the records produced by Defendant Elfant identifying persons whose application was incomplete due to the lack of a signature (original or copy), as well as a copy of the form letter and voter registration application form that was mailed by Defendant Elfant's office, with a postage prepaid envelope, to each such applicant to request that they provide the missing signature (and any other missing information) needed to complete their application. The file named "ISIGTOCANCEL-Final" contains a list of applicants who received an incomplete notice from Defendant Elfant's office due to lack of any type of signature on their application. The file named "ISIGTORESP-Final" contains a list of applicants who received an incomplete notice from Defendant Elfant's office for lack of any type of signature on their application. The file named "ISIGTORESP-Final" contains a list of applicants who received an incomplete notice from Defendant Elfant's office for lack of any type of signature on their application.

INTERROGATORY NO. 2:

State and describe the purpose and function of a signature on voter registration applications, including any differences in the purpose and function of wet- ink signatures and compared to electronic or imaged signatures.

OBJECTIONS:

Defendant Elfant objects to this interrogatory to the extent that it calls for him to speculate as to the legislative intent and/or legal interpretation of certain provisions of the Texas Election Code. Defendant Elfant also objects to this interrogatory to the extent that it calls for an expert legal opinion that Defendant Elfant is not qualified to provide. Subject to, and without waiving, the foregoing objections, Defendant Elfant answers as follows:

ANSWER:

To the best of Defendant Elfant's understanding, the primary purpose of an applicant's signature on their voter registration application form is to provide an "exemplar" signature that can be used for comparison purposes by a Ballot Board when processing ballots received via mail. Signatures on a voter registration application form may also be used for comparison purposes against "in-person" voter sign in sheets in connection with an election contest, however, Defendant Elfant is not personally aware of any such occurrences.

Defendant Elfant is not aware of any difference in purpose or function between a "wet ink" signature and an electronic or imaged signature.

INTERROGATORY NO. 3:

Identify and describe all of Travis County's or the State's interests served by Section 14 of HB 3107 and how Section 14 of HB 3107 serves each interest.

OBJECTIONS:

Defendant Elfant objects to this interrogatory to the extent that it calls for him to speculate as to the legislative intent and/or legal interpretation of certain provisions of the Texas Election Code and HB 3107. Defendant Elfant also objects to this interrogatory to the extent that it calls for an expert legal opinion that Defendant Elfant is not qualified to provide. Subject to, and without waiving, the foregoing objections, Defendant Elfant answers as follows:

ANSWER:

To the best of Defendant's knowledge, Section 14 of HB 3107 does not serve any of his office's interests, it merely provides a specific procedure for processing voter registration application forms received by facsimile that is required by the State.. Defendant Elfant is prepared and willing to treat facsimile signatures in the same manner as electronic or "wet ink" signatures.

INTERROGATORY NO. 4:

State and describe Travis County's policy and procedure for processing voter registration applications submitted using Plaintiff's web application in the fall of 2018.

OBJECTIONS:

Defendant objects to this interrogatory because it is overly broad to the extent that it seeks documents that are otherwise privileged from discovery under the attorney-client privilege, litigation privilege, and/or deliberative process privilege. Subject to, and without waiving, the foregoing objections, Defendant answers as follows:

ANSWER:

In 2018, Defendant Elfant processed voter registration applications submitted through Plaintiff's web application in the same manner as an application received by any other means of transmission. Generally, the procedures for processing a completed voter registration application are:

- 1. Receive the application form (whether through mail, hand delivery, electronic submission or facsimile transmission);
- 2. Scan the application form;
- 3. Enter data from the application form into appropriate corresponding fields in the voter registration software system (manually);

- 4. Transfer the application information to the Texas Secretary of State;
- 5. The Texas Secretary of State goes through their process of certifying voters;
- 6. If the Texas Secretary of State is unable to certify an applicant, the Secretary's Office submits a list to Defendant's office identifying the reason(s) (e.g., SSN or name mismatch);
- 7. Defendant's office checks the database against the application form to ensure there was no data entry error; if so, Defendant's office resubmits the corrected information to the Secretary of State;
- 8. If there was no data entry error, Defendant's office sends a letter setting forth the reason(s) identified by the Secretary of State, along with a postage prepaid voter registration application form with a red-stamped date reflecting the date of receipt of the original application, to each person who was not certified by the Secretary of State's office, so that each applicant has an opportunity to provide information that addresses the issue(s). Since Defendant Elfant's implementation of a new software system in January 2021, the red-stamped date application has been substituted with a pre-filled application with the voter's information with the date printed on the application—serving the same purpose as before. These forms are sent to the applicant with a postage paid return envelope to help simplify the process;
- 8. Defendant's office processes the re-submitted application in the same manner as an original application by manually entering data from the application into the proper fields, but using the date of receipt of the original application, and then submits the application to the Texas Secretary of State's office for processing through their verification procedures.

Incomplete applications (those forms missing any of the required information, including, but not limited to, date of birth, driver's license number or other form of identification, social security number, address, or signature) are not submitted to the Secretary of State's Office. They are handled in the manner described in Defendant's answer to Interrogatory No. 1, above.

INTERROGATORY NO. 5:

State and describe Travis County's policies or procedures concerning the review and processing of voter registration applications with electronic or imaged signatures both before and after the enactment of Section 14 of HB 3107.

OBJECTIONS:

Defendant objects to this interrogatory because it is overly broad to the extent that it seeks documents that are otherwise privileged from discovery under the attorney-client privilege, litigation privilege, and/or deliberative process privilege. Subject to, and without waiving, the foregoing objections, Defendant answers as follows:

ANSWER:

Prior to the effective date of Section 14 of HB 3107, Defendant Elfant processed all applications in the manner described in his answers to Interrogatory No. 1 and Interrogatory No. 4, above. Specifically, Defendant Elfant did not treat applications with an electronic or imaged signature any differently than an application with a "wet ink" signature.

Under Section 14 of HB 3107, Defendant Elfant will process an application received by facsimile in the same manner as any another electronic or "wet ink" signature (Steps 1 through 3 above), but is required to hold the application for a period of up to four business days pending receipt of an original application form with a "wet ink" signature either by hand delivery or in the mail. If the application with a "wet ink" signature is not received by the fourth business day, then Defendant Elfant will treat the facsimile application form as an incomplete application that lacks a signature, and will send a letter to the applicant to identify the missing information/signature, along with a pre-filled application with the applicant's information and a postage paid return envelope. The applicant will then need to resubmit their voter registration application form with a "wet ink" signature. The postage prepaid envelope and prefilled form are provided to make the process of completing the voter registration process easier for the applicant and so that the cost of postage is not a barrier to RACTOO completing the registration process.

INTERROGATORY NO. 6:

State and describe any issues, difficulties, or problems related to voter registration applications received by Travis County that did not contain a wet-ink signature.

OBJECTIONS:

Defendant objects to this interrogatory because it is overly broad to the extent that it seeks information that is otherwise privileged from discovery under the attorney-client privilege, litigation privilege, and/or deliberative process privilege. Defendant further objects to the terms "issues", "difficulties", and "problems" to the extent that they are overly broad and vague, and Defendant will use the commonly understood meaning of such terms in making his response. Subject to, and without waiving, the foregoing objections, Defendant answers as follows:

ANSWER:

Prior to the passage of Section 14 of HB 3107, none. Defendant Elfant processed forms received with an electronic or facsimile signature in the same manner as forms with a "wet ink" signature.

Since the passage of Section 14 of HB 3107, there has been an increase in resources from Defendant Elfant's office associated with processing applications received via facsimile as if they were incomplete if an original "wet ink" signature is not received by the fourth business day, as described above. Defendant Elfant has not been able to quantify any such increase in resources at this time.

INTERROGATORY NO. 7:

State the number of voter registration applications Travis County received from the Department of Public Safety each year, between the years 2016 and 2021.

ANSWER:

In 2016, 78,058 applications.

In 2017, 81,946 applications.

In 2018, 82,186 applications.

In 2019, 82,751 applications.

In 2020, 67,091 applications.

In 2021 (for January 1 through September 30), 101,333 applications.

INTERROGATORY NO. 8:

State and describe any issues, difficulties, or problems related to voter registration applications received by Travis County from the Department of Public Safety, related to the registrant's signature.

OBJECTIONS:

Defendant objects to this interrogatory because it is overly broad to the extent that it seeks information that is otherwise privileged from discovery under the attorney-client privilege, litigation privilege, and/or deliberative process privilege. Defendant further objects to the terms "issues", "difficulties", and "problems" to the extent that they are overly broad and vague, and Defendant will use the commonly understood meaning of such terms in making his response. Subject to, and without waiving, the foregoing objections, Defendant answers as follows:

ANSWER:

None that Defendant can recall. Application forms received from the Texas Department of Public Safety contain electronic signatures and other necessary information, so they are not processed as incomplete applications, but can be submitted to the Texas Secretary of State's Office as completed applications for processing through the Secretary of State's verification procedures. Defendant Elfant does not keep a separate record of application forms received from the Texas Department of Public Safety that may be included on the Texas Secretary of State's list of applicants whose forms contained some error that prevented verification (such as mismatched names or identification numbers).

VERIFICATION

STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF TRAVIS

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared Voter Registration Director Gretchen Nagy, known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed below, and upon first being duly sworn, on her oath deposed and stated that she has read the above and foregoing Objections and Answers to Plaintiff's First Set of Interrogatories, and that each and every statement contained therein is within her knowledge and is true and correct.

By: Gretchen Nagy, Voter Registration Dir

Gretchen Nagy, Voter Registration Director Travis County Tax Office

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME on this 27'' day of October, 2021, to

certify which witness my hand and official seal.



Notary Public in and for the State of $T \in X \land S$

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION

| VOTE.ORG, | § |
|--|---|
| Plaintiff, | § |
| | § |
| v. | § |
| | § |
| JACQUELYN CALLANEN, in her official | § |
| Capacity as the Bexar County Elections | § |
| Administrator, et al. | § |
| Defendants. | § |

Civil Action No. 5:21-cv-00649-JKP

DEFENDANT BRUCE ELFANT OBJECTIONS AND RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF REQUESTS FOR ADMISSION

Comes now Defendant Bruce Elfant in his official capacity as Travis County Tax Assessor-

Collector ("Defendant"), and hereby serves his Objections and Responses to Plaintiff's First Set of

Requests for Admission as set forth below.

Respectfully submitted,

DELIA GARZA County Attorney, Travis County P. O. Box 1748 Austin, TX 78767 Telephone: (512) 854-9415 Facsimile: (512) 854-4808

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> ATTORNEYS FOR DEFENDANT BRUCE ELFANT

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that a true and correct copy of the foregoing Bruce Elfant's Objections and Responses to Plaintiff's First Set of Requests for Admission was sent via electronic mail on the 18th day of November, 2021, to the following:

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| Attorneys for Intervenor Defendant Ken Paxton | Attorneys for Intervenors Lupe C. Torres and |
| | Terrie Pendley |
| | |

/s/ Cynthia W. Veidt SHERINE E. THOMAS LESLIE W. DIPPEL CYNTHIA W. VEIDT Assistant County Attorneys

GENERAL OBJECTIONS

Defendant Elfant hereby lodges the following general objections which apply to Plaintiff's First Set of Requests for Admission to Defendant Bruce Elfant" ("Discovery Requests"). These general objections are made in addition to and without waiving, the specific objections to the individually labeled requests for admission. The following general objections apply to Plaintiff's Discovery Requests in its entirety and to individually labeled interrogatories.

OBJECTIONS

- 1. Defendant Elfant objects to Plaintiffs' definition of the term "you" and "your" to the extent that said definition could be construed to require the disclosure of information concerning matters made exempt from discovery under Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(1) including but not limited to attorney work product, party communications, witness statements, consulting experts, and matters protected by the attorney-client privilege.
- 2. Defendant Elfant objects to Plaintiffs' instructions to the extent that they seek to impose requirements, obligations and duties that are not prescribed by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or this Court's local rules regarding discovery. Defendant shall comply with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedures and this Court's local rules with regard to responding and objecting to Plaintiffs' Discovery Requests, as well as asserting privilege in response to Plaintiffs' Discovery Requests.

STATEMENTS

3. Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(e), Defendant Elfant reserves the right to supplement these responses should it become necessary to do so and in accordance with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Subject to and without waiving any of the foregoing General Objections, Defendant specifically objects and answers to the individually labeled Plaintiff's First Set of Requests for Admission as follows:

DEFENDANT BRUCE ELFANT'S OBJECTIONS AND RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF REQUESTS FOR ADMISSION

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 1:

Admit that you have rejected voter registration applications that were signed using imaged, rather than wet-ink, signatures.

RESPONSE:

Denied because any applications that do not contain a signature required under the Texas Election Code are considered to be incomplete and are processed in the manner described in Defendant Elfant's response to Plaintiff's Interrogatory Nos. 1, 4 and 5.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 2:

Admit that you would reject a voter registration application that was signed using an electronic or imaged signature, rather than a wet-ink signature, unless that voter registration application was sent by the Texas Department of Public Safety.

RESPONSE:

Denied because any applications that do not contain a signature required under the Texas Election Code are considered to be incomplete and are processed in the manner described in Defendant Elfant's responses to Plaintiff's Interrogatory Nos. 1, 4 and 5.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 3;

Admit that you accept voter registration applications transmitted from the Department of Public Safety, which are signed using imaged, rather than wet-ink, signatures.

RESPONSE:

Admit that Defendant Elfant accepts such applications for processing and submission to the Texas Secretary of State's Office in the manner described in Defendant Elfant's responses to Plaintiff's Interrogatory Nos. 1 and 4.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 4:

Admit that you do not use the wet-ink signatures on voter registration applications for any election administration purposes after the voter registration applications have been accepted.

OBJECTIONS:

Defendant Elfant objects to this request for admission because it would require speculation as to an election administrator's or other election official's use of any signatures on a voter's registration application. Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Defendant Elfant responds as follows:

RESPONSE:

Defendant Elfant cannot admit or deny this request for admission after a reasonable inquiry because Defendant Elfant is not an Elections Administrator for Travis County or any political subdivisions located within Travis County. Defendant Elfant's role is limited to those powers and duties of a voter registrar under the Texas Election Code.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 5:

Admit that the use of a wet-ink signature, as opposed to an imaged or electronic signature, on an application is not a material or relevant factor in determining whether an individual is eligible to vote in Texas.

OBJECTIONS:

Defendant Elfant objects to this request for admission because the terms "material" and "relevant" are not defined and are therefore vague and ambiguous. Defendant Elfant will use the commonly understood meaning of "material" and "relevant" in responding to this request for admission. Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Defendant Elfant responds as follows:

RESPONSE:

Admitted that there was no statutory distinction between different formats for an applicant's signature for purposes of completing and processing a voter registration application form as to the period of time prior to September 1, 2021. Denied as to the period of time after September 1, 2021, because the Texas Legislature has enacted Section 13.143(d-2) of the Texas Election Code which requires that Defendant Elfant also obtain a "wet ink" signature, in addition to an imaged or electronic signature, if the registration application is submitted to Defendant Elfant by a telephonic facsimile machine, before the registration application may be considered "complete" for purposes of processing and submission to the Texas Secretary of State's Office.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION

| VOTE.ORG, | § |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Plaintiff, | § |
| | § |
| V. | § |
| | § |
| JACQUELYN CALLANEN, | § |
| in her Official Capacity as the Bexar | § |
| County Elections Administrator, et. | § |
| al. | § |
| Defendants. | § |

CIVIL ACTION NO. 5:21-cv-00649-JKP-HJB

DEFENDANT REMI GARZA'S RESPONSES AND OBJECTIONS TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES

To:

Kathryn E. Yukevich, ELIAS LAW GROUP LLP Uzoma N. Nkwonta Joseph N. Posimato Meaghan E. Mixon Jonathan P. Hawley John R. Hardin, PERKINS COIE DL

In accordance with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Defendant Remi Garza serves the

following responses and objections to Plaintiff's First Set of Interrogatories.

Respectfully submitted,

COMMISSIONERS COURT-CIVIL LEGAL DIVISION 1100 East Monroe Street Brownsville, Texas 78520 Telephone: (956) 550-1345 Facsimile: (956) 550-1348

By: /s/ Daniel N. Lopez

Daniel N. Lopez Associate Counsel Texas State Bar No. 24086699 Southern District No. 3182267 daniel.n.lopez@co.cameron.tx.us

Juan A. Gonzalez Attorney in Charge Texas State Bar No. 08129310 Southern District No. 3472 juan.gonzalez@co.cameron.tx.us

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Daniel N. Lopez, do hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing document has been electronically delivered to the following on this 5th day of November, 2021:

Uzoma N. Nkwonta Kathryn E. Yukevich Joseph N. Posimato

Jonathan P. Hawley **ELIAS LAW GROUP LLP** 1700 Seventh Avenue, Suite 2100

DEFENDANT REMI GARZA'S RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES

INTERROGATORY NO. 1:

Identify all individuals in Cameron County whose voter registration applications were rejected due to lack of a wet-ink signature from September 1, 2018 to the present. This list should include the following information for each individual:

- a. Full name;
- b. Registration address;
- c. Mailing address;
- d. All available demographic data;
- e. The date the individual's application was rejected; and
- f. The date, if any, the individual successfully registered to vote in Cameron County.

RESPONSE:

Please see attached bates stamped nos. 408-409.

Further, discovery is ongoing and in the event additional responsive information is located, Defendant will supplement.

INTERROGATORY NO. 2:

State and describe the purpose and function of a signature on voter registration applications, including any differences in the purpose and function of wet-ink signatures and compared to electronic or imaged signatures.

RESPONSE:

The purpose and function of the signature on a voter registration application is to comply with Texas Election Code Section 13.002.

Texas Election Code Section 13.002(a) requires that an application must be submitted to the registrar of the county in which the person resides. It continues in Section 13.002(b) that: A registration application must be in writing and signed by the applicant. Section 13.002 also provides certain statements that the applicant must include in the application. It is my understanding that the signature confirms the applicant's acknowledgment that the required statements, as a condition of registration, are true and correct. Further it confirms the applicants understanding that giving false information to procure a voter registration is perjury, and a crime under state and federal law, pursuant to Section 13.007 of the Texas Election Code.

The signature, either by the applicant or their agent, is an immediate connection between the contents of the application and the applicant. This "wet-signature" (statute requires an original signature, not a "wet-signature") is also an original signature and singular to the event of the application submitted and its contents and creates a unique instance of the document. An electronic signature, or imaged signature would not create a unique document that could be distinguishable from an original application submitted by an applicant.

Further, discovery is ongoing and in the event additional responsive information is necessary to adequately respond to this interrogatory, Defendant will supplement.

INTERROGATORY NO. 3:

Identify and describe all of Cameron County's or the State's interests served by Section 14 of HB 3107 and how Section 14 of HB 3107 serves each interest.

RESPONSE:

The Texas Election Code Section 2.001 requires a plurality vote to be elected to public office and that a candidate must receive more votes than any other candidate for the office. Section 11.001 defines eligibility to vote, specifically in Section 11.001(a) and (a)(1) that a person must: be a qualified voter as defined by Section 11.002 on the day the person offers to vote. Among other requirements, Section 11.002(6) requires that the individual is a registered voter. Section 12.001 of the Election Code designates a Voter Registrar for the County. Chapter 13 of the Election Code addresses in part the Application for Registration and the Initial Registration. Therefore, in order to have duly elected public officers in the State of Texas, it is in Cameron County's interest that the requirements listed in the Texas Election Code are met.

Texas Election Code 13.143 establishes the effective date of an applicant's registration. The effective date of an applicant's approved application is the 30th day after the application is submitted to the registrar. Section 13.143(d-2) provides for applicants to submit their registration applications by telephonic facsimile machines. In order for it to be effective as of that date, a copy of the original application must be submitted by personal delivery or mail and be received by the registrar not later than four business days after the transmission by telephonic facsimile is received. Section 14 of HB 3107 provided an alternative to mailing in an application that was initially submitted by telephonic facsimile machine. It allowed applicants to deliver a copy of their original applications by personal delivery. Cameron County's interest are served by Section 14 of HB 3107 in that it provides applicants with an additional method of submitting their applications to register to vote and establish an effective date of registration that may determine if they are qualified to vote in a particular election.

Further, discovery is ongoing and in the event additional responsive information is necessary to adequately respond to this interrogatory, Defendant will supplement.

INTERROGATORY NO. 4:

State and describe Cameron County's policy and procedure for processing voter registration applications submitted using Plaintiff's web application in the fall of 2018.

RESPONSE:

Cameron County follows the Texas Election Code in reviewing submitted Voter Registration Applications. Applications that we receive through fax are reviewed for completeness. If there are no issues regarding the contents of the application, they are left pending until we receive the original application within four business days of receipt of the fax. If there is a problem with the application, we immediately send out a notice that there is a problem with the application and give the registrant an opportunity to correct it.

The applications submitted by the service provided by Vote.org were reviewed, and we were able to determine that the signatures did not appear to be original signatures. We determined that even if we received the original within the four business days the application would be deemed to be incomplete and we would reject the application and ask for them to be corrected and returned within ten days to perfect the registration. In order to give these applicants an opportunity to correct the application and not have to wait the additional four business days to act, we issued the letter of rejection. The applications that included a phone number were called and the applicants were told of the situation with their application. They were told that they could come by the office and sign the application, or that they could receive their applications in the mail, sign them, and return them within ten days to complete the application, or that they could submit a new application before the 30-registration day deadline.

Further, discovery is ongoing and in the event additional responsive information is necessary to adequately respond to this interrogatory, Defendant will supplement.

INTERROGATORY NO. 5:

State and describe Cameron County's policies or procedures concerning the review and processing of voter registration applications with electronic or imaged signatures both before and after the enactment of Section 14 of HB 3107.

RESPONSE:

Cameron County follows the Texas Election Code in reviewing submitted Voter Registration Applications. Applications that we receive through fax are reviewed for completeness. If there are no issues regarding the contents of the application, they are left pending until we receive the original application within four business days of receipt of the fax. If there is a problem with the application, we immediately send out a notice that there is a problem with the application and give the applicant an opportunity to correct.

Further, discovery is ongoing and in the event additional responsive information is necessary to adequately respond to this interrogatory, Defendant will supplement.

INTERROGATORY NO. 6:

State and describe any issues, difficulties, or problems related to voter registration applications received by Cameron County that did not contain a wet-ink signature.

RESPONSE:

The registration applications received by Cameron County that did not contain an original signature did not present any issues, difficulties, or problems. Cameron County routinely processes incomplete applications, even though the applicants are not registered until they have corrected their applications.

Further, discovery is ongoing and in the event additional responsive information is necessary to adequately respond to this interrogatory, Defendant will supplement.

INTERROGATORY NO. 7:

State the number of voter registration applications Cameron County received from the Department of Public Safety each year, between the years 2016 and 2021.

RESPONSE:

To the best of my knowledge and based on information obtained through the Cameron County Voter Registration Software "NVRA Quarterly Totals by Agency Report" run from January 1 to December 31 for each year, the following totals are coded 64-64 DPS (originating through DPS):

2016: 16,982 2017: 20,803 2018: 24,571 2019: 27,309 2020: 18,294 2021: 27,262 (as of January 1, 2021 to November 4, 2021: 10:40 am)

Further, discovery is ongoing and in the event additional responsive information is located Defendant will supplement.

INTERROGATORY NO. 8:

State and describe any issues, difficulties, or problems related to voter registration applications received by Cameron County from the Department of Public Safety, related to the registrant's signature.

RESPONSE:

The voter registration applications received by Cameron County that are submitted via the Department of Public Safety have not presented any issues, difficulties, or problems related to the registrant's signature.

Further, discovery is ongoing and in the event additional responsive information is necessary to adequately respond to this interrogatory, Defendant will supplement.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION

| VOTE.ORG, | § |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Plaintiff, | § |
| | Ş |
| V. | § CIVIL ACTION NO. 5:21-cv-00649-JKP-HJB |
| | § |
| JACQUELYN CALLANEN, | § |
| in her Official Capacity as the Bexar | § |
| County Elections Administrator, et. | § |
| al. | § |
| Defendants. | § |

DEFENDANT REMI GARZA'S ANSWERS TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF REQUESTS FOR ADMISSIONS

Plaintiff through their attorneys of record: To:

Kathryn E. Yukevich, ELIAS LAW GROUP LLP Uzoma N. Nkwonta Joseph N. Posimato Meaghan E. Mixon Jonathan P. Hawlev John R. Hardin, PERKINS COIE

In accordance with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Defendant Remi Garza serves the

following Answers to Plaintiff's First Set of Requests for Admissions.

Respectfully submitted,

COMMISSIONERS COURT-CIVIL LEGAL DIVISION 1100 East Monroe Street Brownsville, Texas 78520 Telephone: (956) 550-1345 Facsimile: (956) 550-1348

By: <u>/s/ Daniel N. Lopez</u>

Daniel N. Lopez Associate Counsel Texas State Bar No. 24086699 Southern District No. 3182267 daniel.n.lopez@co.cameron.tx.us

Juan A. Gonzalez Attorney in Charge Texas State Bar No. 08129310 Southern District No. 3472 juan.gonzalez@co.cameron.tx.us

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Daniel N. Lopez, do hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing document has been electronically delivered to the following on this 8th day of February, 2022:

Uzoma N. Nkwonta Kathryn E. Yukevich Joseph N. Posimato Meaghan E. Mixon **ELIAS LAW GROUP LLP** 10 G Street NE, Suite 600 Washington, D.C. 20002 unkwonta@elias.law kyukevich@elias.law jposimato@elias.law mmixon@elias.law Jonathan P. Hawley **ELIAS LAW GROUP LLP** 1700 Seventh Avenue, Suite 2100 Seattle, Washington 98101 jhawley@elias.law

John R. Hardin **PERKINS COIE LLP** 500 North Akard Street, Suite 3300 Dallas, Texas 75201-3347 johnhardin@perkinscoie.com

> /s/ Daniel N. Lopez Daniel N. Lopez

DEFENDANT REMI GARZA'S ANSWERS TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF REQUESTS FOR ADMISSIONS

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 1:

Admit that you have rejected voter registration applications that were signed using imaged, rather than wet-ink, signatures.

RESPONSE:

I admit that I have rejected voter registration applications that were signed using imaged, rather than original (wet) signatures.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 2:

Admit that you would reject a voter registration application that was signed using an electronic or imaged signature, rather than a wet-ink signature, unless that voter registration application was sent by the Texas Department of Public Safety.

RESPONSE:

I admit that I would reject a voter registration application that was signed using an electronic or imaged signature, rather than an original (wet) signature, unless that voter registration application was sent through the Texas Department of Public Safety or through the Federal Post Card Application process, unless it was submitted by fax.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 3:

Admit that you accept voter registration applications transmitted from the Department of Public Safety, which are signed using imaged, rather than wet-ink, signatures.

RESPONSE:

I can neither admit nor deny as I do not know how the signature is captured at the Texas Department of Public Safety. The Texas Election Code allows voters to submit voter registration applications through the Texas Department of Public Safety and we process them based on the information received.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 4:

Admit that you do not use the wet-ink signatures on voter registration applications for any election administration purposes after the voter registration applications have been accepted.

RESPONSE:

Deny. Voter registration applications are utilized by the Early Voting Ballot Board to compare signatures that are in question by the Board.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 5:

Admit that the use of a wet-ink signature, as opposed to an imaged or electronic signature, on an application is not a material or relevant factor in determining whether an individual is eligible to vote in Texas.

RESPONSE:

I can neither admit nor deny. Texas Election Code Section 13.002(a) requires that an application must be submitted and pursuant to 13.002(b) a registration application must be in writing and signed by the applicant. The Secretary of State's Office provides guidance that the signature must be an original signature. The Texas Legislature determines the relevance or material nature of that requirement upon passage of the Election Code. It further authorizes the Secretary of State to provide guidance to Election Officials on implementation of the Code.

Dated: February 8, 2022

Respectfully submitted,

COMMISSIONERS COURT-LivISION Lionroe Street Winsville, Texas 78520 Telephone: (956) 550-1345 Facsimile: (956) 550-1348 By: <u>/s/ Daniel N. Lope</u> Daniel N. Lope Associet T CIVIL LEGAL DIVISION

Texas State Bar No. 24086699 Southern District No. 3182267 daniel.n.lopez@co.cameron.tx.us

Juan A. Gonzalez Attorney in Charge Texas State Bar No. 08129310 Southern District No. 3472 juan.gonzalez@co.cameron.tx.us

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Daniel N. Lopez, do hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing document has been electronically delivered to the following on this 8th day of February, 2022:

| Uzoma N. Nkwonta Kathryn E. Yukevich Joseph N. Posimato Meaghan E. Mixon | Jonathan P. Hawley ELIAS LAW GROUP LLP 1700 Seventh Avenue, Suite 2100 Seattle, Washington 98101 |
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| Dallas, Texas 75201-3347 | |
| johnhardin@perkinscoie.com | , O ^{EII} |
| , CI | |
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| - HED | |
| PIE | /s/ Daniel N. Lopez |
| E. | Daniel N. Lopez |
| X | |
| | |

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION

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| VOTE.ORG, |
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|-----------|

Plaintiff

v.

JACQUELYN CALLANEN, in her official capacity as the Bexar County Elections Administrator; BRUCE ELFANT, in his official capacity as the Travis County Tax Assessor-Collector; REMI GARZA, in his official capacity as the Cameron County Elections Administrator; MICHAEL SCARPELLO, in his official capacity as the Dallas County Elections Administrator,

Defendants,

and

S CRACYDOCKET.COM KEN PAXTON, in his official capacity as Attorney General of Texas, LUFE TORRES in their official capacity as Medina County Elections Administrator; CERRIE Pendley, in her official capacity as Real County Tax Assessor-Collector

Intervenor-Defendants.

INTERVENOR-DEFENDANT KEN PAXTON'S RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES

Attached are Intervenor-Defendant Ken Paxton's (OAG) objections, privilege assertion, and

answers to Plaintiff's First Set of Interrogatories.

Civil Action No. 5:21-cv-649

Date: March 4, 2022

Respectfully submitted.

KEN PAXTON Attorney General of Texas

BRENT WEBSTER First Assistant Attorney General

GRANT DORFMAN Deputy First Assistant Attorney General

SHAWN COWLES Deputy Attorney General for Civil Litigation

RAYMOND CHARLES WINTER Chief for Civil Medicaid Fraud

<u>s/ Johnathan Stone</u> CORY SCANLON State Bar No. 24104599 Assistant Attorney General ATTORNEY-IN-CHARGE corv.scanlon@oag.texas.gov JOHNATHAN STONE State Bar No. 24071779 Assistant Attorney General johnathan.stone@oag.texas.gov KATHLEEN T. HUNKER* State Bar No. 24118415 Special Counsel kathleen.hunker@oag.texas.gov MICHAEL R. ABRAMS State Bar No. 24087072 Assistant Solicitor General michael.abrams@oag.texas.gov *Admitted pro hac vice

Office of the Attorney General P.O. Box 12548, Capitol Station Austin, Texas 78711-2548 Telephone (512) 463-2120 Facsimile: (512) 320-0667

Counsel for Intervenor-Defendant Ken Paxton, in his official capacity as Attorney General of Texas

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on March 4, 2022, a true and correct copy of the foregoing document has been sent by email to all counsel of record.

/s/ Johnathan Stone CORY SCANLON State Bar No. 24104599 Assistant Attorney General ATTORNEY-IN-CHARGE cory.scanlon@oag.texas.gov

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RESPONSE TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES

INTERROGATORY NO. 1:

State and describe the purpose and function of a signature on voter registration applications, including any differences in the purpose and function of wet ink signatures and compared to electronic or imaged signatures.

OBJECTIONS

The interrogatory, as written, is vague, ambiguous, and confusing. There are multiple methods of registering to vote, including personal delivery, through a deputy voter registrar, facsimile, mail, and through the Department of Protective Services (DPS). This case involves voter registration by facsimile. Yet, it is unclear if this interrogatory is asking about a particular method of voter registration or every method of voter registration. It is also unclear if the interrogatory is asking about the purpose and function of the wet ink signature before or after the enactment of HB 3107.

The OAG is construing this interrogatory as follows, and responding below, solely in its capacity as the OAG and not on behalf of the State of Texas or any other state agency.

BLUE PENCILED INTERROGATORY NO. 1:

State and dDescribe the purpose and function of a signature on voter registration applications, including any differences in the purpose and function of wet ink signatures and compared to electronic or imaged signatures on voter registration applications submitted via facsimile after the enactment of HB 3107.

ANSWER

The purpose and function of a wet ink signature on a voter registration application submitted via facsimile after the enactment of HB 3107 is to comply with the requirements of HB 3107. Section 14 of HB 3107 requires a wet ink signature on applications submitted via facsimile.

INTERROGATORY NO. 2:

Identify and describe all of the State's interests served by Section 14 of HB 3107 and how Section 14 of HB 3107 serves each interest.

OBJECTIONS

This interrogatory asks for information from third parties and for information that is not in the possession, custody, control, or personal knowledge of the OAG. The OAG is an independent agency. It does not represent the Legislature, the State of Texas, nor any other state agency in this matter.

The interrogatory is also overbroad. It is impossible for the OAG intervenor to know every state interest that could conceivably be served by HB 3107.

The OAG is construing this interrogatory as follows, and responding below, solely in its capacity as the OAG and not on behalf of the State of Texas or any other state agency.

BLUE PENCILED INTERROGATORY NO. 2:

Identify and dDescribe all of the State's election-related interests that the OAG contends are served by Section 14 of HB 3107 and how Section 14 of HB 3107 serves each interest.

ANSWER

Prior to SB 910 (2013), Texans could only register to vote by personal delivery, through a deputy registrar, mail, or through DPS. SB 910 expanded voter registration options by adding facsimile as an option. The Secretary of State and all 254 counties in Texas interpreted the language in SB 910 as requiring a wet ink signature on voter registration applications submitted via facsimile. The issue was not controversial. Voters were happy with the expanded access to voter registration.

In 2018, Plaintiff, a tech company called Vote.org, attempted to "disrupt" the comity and uniformity of the Texas voter registration process. Representatives of the company visited six large, Democratic, counties and spoke with the county election administrators. Vote.org pitched the county election administrators on a loophole they purportedly found in the law that allowed them to disrupt the voter registration process by registering voters via facsimile without a wet ink signature. This aberrant interpretation of the law was almost uniformly rejected. Only one election administrator briefly agreed with their interpretation of the wet signature requirement–Defendant Bruce Elfant (Travis County).

Section 14 of HB 3107, which passed with unanimous consent, simply clarified already existing law following the disruption caused by Vote.org during the 2018 election.

The wet signature rule is critical to protecting election integrity and ensuring eligible voters can register to vote.

Voter registration by facsimile is uniquely susceptible to technological and human error. Facsimiles can experience file conversion issues, negotiation failures, communication errors, or any number of other errors that can cause the facsimile to fail entirely or result in only part of the image being transmitted. Sometimes only part of a facsimile arrives, with the rest of the page or pages cut off. For example, in 2018, some of the voter registration applications submitted by Vote.org to county election officials experienced technical issues that rendered them illegible.

Facsimiles are also subject to human error. If the paper is loaded improperly, the facsimile machine is out of ink, the facsimile is sent to a regular telephone line, or the facsimile line is busy or disconnected during transmission, it can cause the facsimile to fail entirely, or result in a partial or unreadable image. Facsimiles can also simply be lost or damaged due to human error.

Facsimiles can also have to image quality issues. A poor-quality facsimile image may be unreadable.

Vote.org is not challenging the wet ink signature requirement on mailed voter registration application. Yet, this is the voter registration process that is used when a voter registration application sent via facsimile fails due to technological or human error.

The mailed copy of the facsimile with a wet signature allows the voter to be properly registered in the event of a failed, incomplete, or unreadable facsimile. There is nothing on the face of a voter registration application where a registrant can indicate what method of registration they are using. If an election administrator did not receive, or was unable to tell, that a voter registration application was submitted via facsimile due to technological or human error, or because of the poor image quality, then it treats the copy of the application it receives in the mail as a mailed voter registration application. All mailed voter registration applications require a wet signature. Thus, the wet ink signature rule ensures the voter is registered, even if their attempt to register via facsimile fails due to technological or human error.

The discovery produced in this case shows that many of the voter registration applications submitted by Vote.org via facsimile in 2018 experienced technological and human errors. For example, the number of voter registration applications Vote.org contemporaneously represented they sent to local county election officials is different from the number the election officials reported receiving. It is unknowable how many of these voters were disenfranchised in the 2018 election by Vote.org's "disruption" of the Texas voter registration process. It is similarly unknowable how many Mississippi voters were disenfranchised in 2019 when Vote.org had six billboards put up that encouraged voters to vote, but gave the voters the wrong election date.

The wet signature requirement for voter registration applications submitted via facsimile promotes uniformity among the counties. One of the goals of the Texas Election Code is to create uniformity, not disruption, among the 254 Texas counties. If every county had different requirements for voter registration, it could cause chaos and confusion among registrations. When Travis County, but none of the other 253 counties, accepted voter registration applications submitted via facsimile without a wet ink signature in 2018, it disrupted the uniformity of the electoral process. Registrants were confused about what the requirements

were and whether the applications they submitted using the app would be accepted in their respective counties.

A registrant's electronic signature, depending on the method and manner with which it is collected, cannot be reliably compared to the registrant's imaged wet ink signature. Often, a person's wet ink signature can look entirely different than when they sign using a computer mouse or their finger on a digital pad or touchscreen. The wet-ink signature requirement for voter registration applications submitted via facsimile provides a signature that can be compared to images of the registrant's other wet ink signatures, if necessary, by a county election administrator, early voting ballot board, or a signature verification committee.

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INTERROGATORY NO. 3:

State and describe policies or procedures concerning the review and processing of voter registration applications with electronic or imaged signatures both before and after the enactment of Section 14 of HB 3107.

OBJECTIONS

This interrogatory asks for information from third parties and for information that is not in the possession, custody, control, or personal knowledge of the OAG. The OAG is an independent agency. It does not represent the Legislature, the State of Texas, nor any other state agency in this matter.

The OAG does not have policies or procedures for reviewing and processing voter registration applications. This interrogatory appears to be written for county election administrators or the Secretary of State. The interrogatory is seemingly seeking to determine if the OAG contends that the wet ink signature requirement existed before HB 3107.

The OAG is construing this interrogatory as follows, and responding below, solely in its capacity as the OAG and not on behalf of the State of Texas or any other state agency.

BLUE PENCILED INTERROGATORY NO. 3:

State and describe policies or procedures concerning the review and processing of voter registration applications with electronic or imaged signatures. Does the OAG contend were the wet signature requirements for voter registration applications submitted via facsimile were the same both before and after the enactment of Section 14 of HB 3107.

ANSWER

Yes. The OAG contends that both SB 910 and HB 3107 required a wet ink signature for voter registration applications submitted via facsimile. HB 3107 merely provided additional clarification to clean up the disruption to the voter registration process caused by Vote.org's actions in 2018.

INTERROGATORY NO. 4:

State and describe any election-related problems in the State involving voter registration applications that were signed with an imaged or electronic—as opposed to a wet-ink—signature.

OBJECTIONS

This interrogatory asks for information from third parties and for information that is not in the possession, custody, control, or personal knowledge of the OAG. The OAG is an independent agency. It does not represent the Legislature, the State of Texas, nor any other state agency in this matter.

The interrogatory, as written, is vague, ambiguous, and confusing. It is not limited in scope or time. It asks for information from everywhere in the state, at any point in history. It is also unclear if the interrogatory is asking about voter registration applications submitted via facsimile, or by some other method.

This interrogatory appears to be written for county election administrators or the Secretary of State. The OAG cannot answer the question as written because it is seemingly inapplicable to the OAG. The interrogatory is seemingly seeking to determine it is harder for Texans to register to vote because of the wet signature requirement.

The OAG is construing this interrogator as follows, and responding below, solely in its capacity as the OAG and not on behalf of the State of Texas or any other state agency.

BLUE PENCILED INTERROGATORY NO. 4:

State and describe any election-related problems in the State involving voter registration applications that were signed with an imaged or electronic—as opposed to a wet-ink—signature Does the OAG contend that the wet signature requirement for voter registration applications submitted via facsimile contained in SB 910 and HB 3107 made it more difficult to register to vote.

ANSWER

No. The OAG contends that the adding the option to register to vote by facsimile expanded access to voter registration. The wet signature rule was, and has always been, a requirement for register to vote via facsimile.

INTERROGATORY NO. 5:

State and describe your efforts to combat any problems caused by or related to voter registration applications that were signed with an imaged or electronic—as opposed to a wet-ink—signature.

OBJECTIONS

This interrogatory asks for information from third parties and for information that is not in the possession, custody, control, or personal knowledge of the OAG. The OAG is an independent agency. It does not represent the Legislature, the State of Texas, nor any other state agency in this matter.

The interrogatory, as written, is vague, ambiguous, and confusing. It is unclear what is meant by "combat" in the context of "problems caused by or related to voter registration applications." It is not limited in scope or time. It asks for information from everywhere in the state, at any point in history. It is also unclear if the interrogatory is asking about voter registration applications submitted via facsimile, or by some other method.

This interrogatory appears to be written for county election administrators or the Secretary of State. The OAG prosecutes voter fraud. It issues OAG opinions on legal matters. This interrogatory fundamentally misunderstands the role of the OAG in the election process.

The OAG has tried, and failed, to construct his interrogatory in a manner it can answer.

However, the OAG is aware that the Secretary of State issued guidance in 2018 to clarify the wet signature requirement due to the disruption to the voter registration process caused by Vote.org's actions.

NO ANSWER PROVIDED

INTERROGATORY NO. 6:

State the total number of voter registration applications processed by the Department of Public Safety each year, between the years 2016 and 2021.

OBJECTIONS

This interrogatory asks for information from third parties and for information that is not in the possession, custody, control, or personal knowledge of the OAG. The OAG is an independent agency. It does not represent the Legislature, the State of Texas, nor any other state agency in this matter.

The OAG has tried, and failed, to construe this interrogatory in a manner it can answer. Unfortunately, the OAG lacks the personal knowledge to provide any response.

The OAG suggests that Vote.org submit a Public Information Act (PIA) request to DPS or send them third-party discovery to obtain this information.

NO ANSWER PROVIDED.

ED.

INTERROGATORY NO. 7:

Identify and describe all communications between county election officials-including their counsel—and the Secretary of State regarding the use of (or preference for) wet ink signatures on voter registration applications as opposed to electronic or imaged signatures, Plaintiff's web application, and any other instances in which individuals registered to vote without a wet ink signature.

OBJECTIONS

This interrogatory asks for information from third parties and for information that is not in the possession, custody, control, or personal knowledge of the OAG. The OAG is an independent agency. It does not represent the Legislature, the State of Texas, nor any other state agency in this matter.

The OAG has tried, and failed, to construe this interrogatory in a manner it can answer. Unfortunately, the OAG lacks the personal knowledge to provide any response.

Lest te The OAG suggests that Vote.org submit a PIA request to the Secretary of State or send them third-party discovery to obtain this information.

NO ANSWER PROVIDED.

INTERROGATORY NO. 8:

Identify and describe all communications between county election officials—including their counsel—and the Attorney General regarding the use of (or preference for) wet ink signatures on voter registration applications as opposed to electronic or imaged signatures, Plaintiff's web application, and any other instances in which individuals registered to vote without a wet ink signature.

PRIVILEGE

Communications, other than those in which Vote.org is carbon copied, among and between the defendants in this case are subject to the common-interest doctrine, attorney-client privilege, and work product privilege. Responsive materials are being withheld pursuant to the privilege. The OAG will not produce a privilege log for these communications, unless ordered to do so by the Court.

OBJECTIONS

The interrogatory, as written, is vague, ambiguous, and confusing. It is unclear if this interrogatory is asking about a particular method of voter registration or every method of voter registration.

It is also overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not limited in time, such that it is also abusive. It provides no search terms or limiting instructions. The OAG has thousands of employees in dozens of divisions and departments across the state. The interrogatory would require <u>every</u> employee, who has <u>ever</u> worked at the OAG, to review <u>every</u> case they've <u>ever</u> worked on, and <u>every</u> email, call, facsimile, or mailed correspondence they've <u>ever</u> sent or received at the OAG, to determine if there are responsive materials. As originally written, this would have applied to the entire State, including every agency and employee.

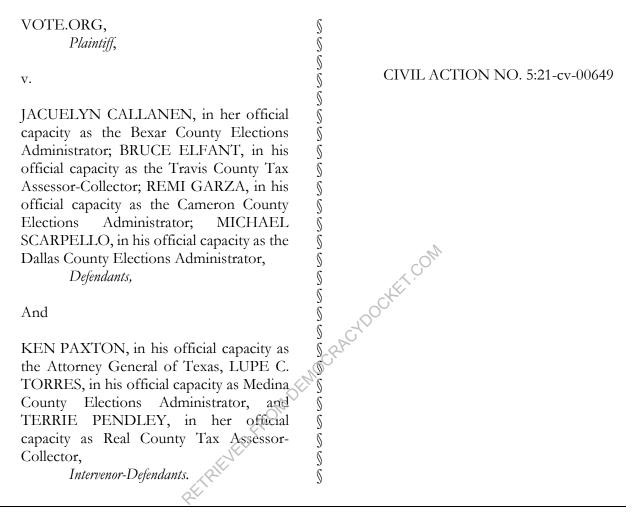
The interrogatory, as written, is impossible to answer and fundamentally misunderstands the role of the OAG in the election process. While no responsive communications have been located, if communications were located, they would likely be subject to the government investigations and/or attorney-client privileges.

The OAG has tried, and failed, to construe this interrogatory in a manner it can answer.

The OAG suggests that Vote.org search the online repository of OAG opinions, which dates from 1939 through the present and is equally available to all sides at www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/opinions.

NO ANSWER PROVIDED.

UNITED STATES DISTRIC COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS AUSTIN DIVISION



INTERVENOR-DEFENDANTS' RESPONSE TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF REQUESTS FOR ADMISSIONS

Attached are Intervenor-Defendants Ken Paxton's (OAG) objections and answers to

Plaintiff's First Set of Request for Admissions.

Date: March 4, 2022

Respectfully submitted.

KEN PAXTON Attorney General of Texas

BRENT WEBSTER First Assistant Attorney General

GRANT DORFMAN Deputy First Assistant Attorney General

SHAWN COWLES Deputy Attorney General for Civil Litigation

RAYMOND CHARLES WINTER Chief for Civil Medicaid Fraud

<u>s/</u><u>Iohnathan Stone</u> CORY SCANLON State Bar No. 24104599 Assistant Attorney General ATTORNEY-IN-CHARGE cory.scanlon@oag.texas.gov JOHNATHAN STONE State Bar No. 24071779 Assistant Attorney General johnathan.stone@oag.texas.gov KATHLEEN T. HUNKER* State Bar No. 24118415 Special Counsel kathleen.hunker@oag.texas.gov MICHAEL R. ABRAMS State Bar No. 24087072 Assistant Solicitor General michael.abrams@oag.texas.gov *Admitted pro hac vice

Office of the Attorney General P.O. Box 12548, Capitol Station Austin, Texas 78711-2548 Telephone (512) 463-2120 Facsimile: (512) 320-0667

Counsel for Intervenor-Defendant Ken Paxton, in his official capacity as Attorney General of Texas

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on March 4, 2022, a true and correct copy of the foregoing document has been sent by email to all counsel of record.

/s/ Johnathan Stone CORY SCANLON State Bar No. 24104599 Assistant Attorney General ATTORNEY-IN-CHARGE cory.scanlon@oag.texas.gov

cory.scanlon@oag.texas.gov

RESPONSE TO FIRST SET OF REQUESTS FOR ADMISSIONS

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 1:

Admit that the Secretary of State has instructed county election officials to reject voter registration applications that were signed using imaged, rather than wet-ink, signatures.

OBJECTIONS

The request is vague, ambiguous, and confusing. There are multiple methods of registering to vote, including personal delivery, through a deputy registrar, facsimile, mail, and DPS. The question is also not limited in time.

OAG is construing this request as follows, and responding below, solely in its capacity as the OAG and not on behalf of the State of Texas or any other state agency.

BLUE PENCILED REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 1:

Admit that from the passage of SB 910 through the present, the Secretary of State has instructed county election officials to reject voter registration applications submitted via REPRESED FROM DEMOCRACY facsimile or mail that were signed using an electronic digital, or imaged, rather than wet-ink, signatures.

ANSWER

Admit.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 2:

Admit that the Secretary of State would instruct a county election official to reject a voter registration application that was signed using an electronic or imaged signature, rather than a wet-ink signature, unless that voter registration application was sent by the Texas Department of Public Safety.

OBJECTIONS

The request for admission is not limited in time.

OAG is construing this request as follows, and responding below, solely in its capacity as the OAG and not on behalf of the State of Texas or any other state agency.

BLUE PENCILED REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 2:

Admit that the Secretary of State, from the passage of SB 910 through the present, would instruct a county election official to reject a voter registration application that was signed using an electronic, digital, or imaged signature, rather than a wet-ink signature, unless that voter registration application was sent by the Texas Department of Public Safety.

ANSWER

Admit.

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REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 3:

Admit that county election officials in the State of Texas accept voter registration applications transmitted from the Department of Public Safety, which are signed using imaged, rather than wet ink, signatures.

OBJECTIONS

The request for admission is not limited in time.

OAG is construing this request as follows, and responding below, solely in its capacity as the OAG and not on behalf of the State of Texas or any other state agency.

BLUE PENCILED REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 3:

Admit that county election officials in the State of Texas <u>currently</u> accept voter registration applications transmitted from the Department of Public Safety, which are signed using imaged, rather than wet ink, signatures.

ANSWER

Admit.

Las <u>Cu</u> Lant of Public Safety

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 4:

Admit that you do not use the wet-ink signatures on voter registration applications to determine whether an individual is eligible to vote in Texas.

OBJECTIONS

The request for admissions definition of "you" is "the State of Texas, including all executive branch officials, and their offices, including employees, staff, agents, and representatives." The OAG is an independent agency. It does not represent the Legislature, the State of Texas, nor any other state agency in this matter.

The question is also vague, ambiguous, and confusing because the OAG is not the entity that determines whether an individual is eligible to vote in Texas. The request for admission is not limited in time.

The OAG is construing this request as follows, and responding below, solely in its capacity as the OAG and not on behalf of the State of Texas or any other state agency.

BLUE PENCILED REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 4:

Admit that in the past five years you do the OAC has not used the wet-ink signatures on voter ether RETRIEVED FROM DEMO registration applications to determine whether an individual is eligible to vote in Texas.

ANSWER

Admit.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION

| VOTE.ORG, | § | |
|--|---|------------------------------|
| Plaintiff, | § | |
| | § | |
| v. | § | |
| | § | CIVIL ACTION NO. 5:21-cv-649 |
| JACQUELYN CALLANEN, in her official | § | |
| capacity as the Bexar County Elections | § | |
| Administrator; BRUCE ELFANT, in his | § | |
| official capacity as the Travis County Tax | § | |
| Assessor-Collector; REMI GARZA, in his | § | |
| official capacity as the Cameron County | § | |
| Elections Administrator; and MICHAEL | § | |
| SCARPELLO, in his official capacity as the | § | Ch. |
| Dallas County Elections Administrator, | § | LET.COM |
| Defendants. | § | |
| | | C.Y. |

INTERVENOR-DEFENDANT TERRIE PENDLEY'S OBJECTIONS AND ANSWERS TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES

Intervenor-Defendant Terrie Pendley hereby serves her Objections and Answers to

Plaintiff's First Set of Interrogatories.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/Chad Ennis CHAD ENNIS Texas Bar No. 24045834 cennis@texaspolicy.com **ROBERT HENNEKE** Texas Bar No. 24046058 rhenneke@texaspolicy.com CHANCE WELDON Texas Bar No. 24076767 cweldon@texaspolicy.com **TEXAS PUBLIC POLICY FOUNDATION** 901 Congress Avenue Austin, Texas 78701 Telephone: (512) 472-2700 Facsimile: (512) 472-2728

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 30th day of November, 2021 a true and correct copy of the foregoing Intervenor-Defendant Terrie Pendley's Objections and Answers to Plaintiff's First Set of Interrogatories was served via electronic mail upon all counsel of record.

/s/Chad Ennis CHAD ENNIS

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GENERAL OBJECTIONS

Intervenor-Defendant Pendley objects to Plaintiff's definitions and instructions as vague and overbroad to the extent they exceed the requirements of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, this Court's Local Rules, and to the extent that they could be interpreted to require the disclosure of information that is exempt from discovery or privileged. Intervenor-Defendant responds to these Interrogatories pursuant to their meaning as written, subject to and without waiving any of the foregoing general objections, and as required by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

ANSWERS TO INTERROGATORIES

Identify all individuals in Real County whose voter **INTERROGATORY NO. 1.** registration applications were rejected due to lack of a wet-ink signature from September 1, 2018 to the present. This list should include the following information for each individual: , FROMDENOCRAC

Full name; a.

- Registration address; b.
- Mailing address; c.
- All available demographic data; d.
- The date the individual's application was rejected; and e.
- f. The date, if any, the individual successfully registered to vote in Real County.

RESPONSE: Intervenor-Defendant Pendley objects to this interrogatory to the extent that it requests information that is statutorily protected from disclosure. Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objection, Real County follows the procedures set forth in the Texas Election Code as further described by applicable guidance from the Texas Secretary of State. Intervenor-Defendant's office has no record of any rejections of voter registration applications due to a lack of a wet signature during the referenced time period.

INTERROGATORY NO. 2. State and describe the purpose and function of a signature on voter registration applications, including any differences in the purpose and function of wet-ink signatures and compared to electronic or imaged signatures.

RESPONSE: Intervenor-Defendant Pendley objects to this interrogatory to the extent that it requires her to speculate as to legislative intent or provide an expert opinion. Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objection, Intervenor-Defendant responds: To the best of Intervenor-Defendant's knowledge, the signature on the voter registration application required by Texas Election Code Section 13.002(b) provides a model of the voter's signature that can be crossreferenced with other signatures submitted by the individual. For example, if a voter casts a vote utilizing a mail-in ballot, the signature on the ballot can be verified by the reviewing official by comparing the signature on the ballot application and the carrier envelope certificate to the signatures on file with the county clerk or voter registrar. To the best of my knowledge, a wet ink signature is more easily verifiable than an electronic signature; electronic signatures can be manipulated more easily.

INTERROGATORY NO. 3. Identify and describe all of Real County's or the State's interests served by Section 14 of HB 3107 and how Section 14 of HB 3107 serves each interest.

RESPONSE: Intervenor-Defendant objects to the interrogatory in that it calls for knowledge beyond Real County's in that it asks for the State's interests. Intervenor-Defendant is unaware of the knowledge of the State and cannot speculate as to its interests. Subject to the foregoing objection, Intervenor-Defendant responds that: Signatures from voter registration applications can be used by Real County elections officials to verify the identity of a voter. For example, the signature on the application can be compared to the voter's signature on the voter list for in-person voting, and the signature on the application can be compared to the voter's signature.

Case: 32550536-00 Document D005/1637/6753-2 Page: (2648/2Date atjee 1606/29/2022

on the carrier envelope used to send in a ballot by mail. The signature can also be used in situations in which a voter accidentally signs the voter list for in-person voting in the space for another voter's signature. If that occurs, the signatures can be compared to catch the mistake and ensure that the voter whose signature space was accidentally completed can submit a ballot.

INTERROGATORY NO. 4. State and describe Real County's policies or procedures concerning the review and processing of voter registration applications with electronic or imaged signatures both before and after the enactment of Section 14 of HB 3107, including an estimate for the number of staff hours that the implementation of those policies and procedures required.

RESPONSE: Real County has always required a wet signature from a voter registration applicant. Our office will not make changes to our policies or procedures concerning the review and processing of voter registration applications due to HB 3107 because we have required voters to register using a wet signature all along in accordance with Texas Election Code Section 13.143(d-2) in effect before the passage of HB 3107. Additionally, our office does not have a telephonic facsimile machine, so does not receive voter registration applications via that method. Real County takes action on voter registration applications in accordance with Texas Election Code Section 13.072 and processes applications as required by Chapter 13 of the Texas Election Code and applicable guidance from the Texas Secretary of State. Real County first reviews the voter registration application in accordance with Section 13.071 to determine whether it meets the criteria set forth in Section 13.002, including the requirement that it be signed by the applicant. Texas Election Code § 13.002(b). After the review of the application, the voter registrar will use matching criteria to process the application as either a new voter, a change to an existing voter, or a transfer voter from another county. Next the voter registrar processes the complete application by registering the voter (adding a new voter to the system, updating an existing voter record, or transferring a voter into the county). If it is incomplete, the voter registrar indicates incompleteness during the processing of the application in accordance with Section 13.073 of the Texas Election Code. The voter registrar sends an Incomplete Notice and a new application form to the applicant. If the applicant fails to respond within 10 days from the date the notice and application are sent out, the procedure is to reject the application due to incompleteness in accordance with the requirements of Section 13.073.

INTERROGATORY NO. 5. State and describe any issues, difficulties, or problems related to voter registration applications received by Real County that did not contain a wet-ink signature.

RESPONSE: Intervenor-Defendant objects to the interrogatory to the extent that it seeks information protected by attorney-client privilege and because it is vague as to what is meant by "issues," "difficulties" or "problems." Subject to the foregoing objections and to the extent the interrogatory is understood, Intervenor-Defendant responds that: Intervenor-Defendant is not aware of any issues, difficulties, or problems related to voter registration applications received by Real County that did not contain a wet ink signature.

INTERROGATORY NO. 6. State the number of voter registration applications Real County received from the Department of Public Safety each year, between the years 2016 and 2021.

RESPONSE: Intervenor-Defendant does not have this information and will supplement this response if responsive information becomes available.

INTERROGATORY NO. 7. State and describe any issues, difficulties, or problems related to voter registration applications received by Real County from the Department of Public Safety, concerning or related to the registrant's signature.

RESPONSE: Intervenor-Defendant objects to the interrogatory to the extent that it seeks information protected by attorney-client privilege and because it is vague as to what is meant by "issues," "difficulties" or "problems." Subject to the foregoing objections and to the extent the interrogatory is understood, Intervenor-Defendant responds that: Intervenor-Defendant is not aware of any issues, difficulties, or problems related to voter registration applications received by Real County from the Department of Public Safety concerning the registrant's signature.

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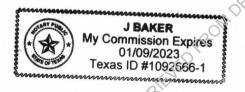
STATE OF TEXAS §
COUNTY OF <u>heal</u> §

VERIFICATION

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared Terrie Pendley, who being by me duly sworn upon her oath deposed and said she has read the foregoing interrogatories objections and answers and that the statements contained therein are within her personal knowledge are true and correct.

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME this , 2021, to certify which, witness my hand and seal of office. day of November

NOTARY P



Pl.'s App. 262

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION

| VOTE.ORG, | § | |
|--|---|------------------------------|
| Plaintiff, | § | |
| | § | |
| v. | § | |
| | § | CIVIL ACTION NO. 5:21-cv-649 |
| JACQUELYN CALLANEN, in her official | § | |
| capacity as the Bexar County Elections | Š | |
| Administrator; BRUCE ELFANT, in his | § | |
| official capacity as the Travis County Tax | § | |
| Assessor-Collector; REMI GARZA, in his | Š | |
| official capacity as the Cameron County | Š | |
| Elections Administrator; and MICHAEL | § | |
| SCARPELLO, in his official capacity as the | § | A |
| Dallas County Elections Administrator, | § | CONT. |
| Defendants. | § | LET.COM |
| | | A CAL |

INTERVENOR-DEFENDANT TERRIE PENDLEY'S OBJECTIONS AND ANSWERS TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF REQUESTS FOR ADMISSION

Intervenor-Defendant Terrie Pendley hereby serves her Objections and Answers to

Plaintiff's First Set of Requests for Admission.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/Chad Ennis CHAD ENNIS Texas Bar No. 24045834 cennis@texaspolicy.com **ROBERT HENNEKE** Texas Bar No. 24046058 rhenneke@texaspolicy.com CHANCE WELDON Texas Bar No. 24076767 cweldon@texaspolicy.com **TEXAS PUBLIC POLICY FOUNDATION** 901 Congress Avenue Austin, Texas 78701 (512) 472-2700 Telephone: Facsimile: (512) 472-2728

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 30th day of November, 2021 a true and correct copy of the foregoing Intervenor-Defendant Terrie Pendley's Objections and Answers to Plaintiff's First Set of Requests for Admission was served via electronic mail upon all counsel of record.

/s/Chad Ennis CHAD ENNIS

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RESPONSES TO REQUESTS FOR ADMISSION

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 1:

Admit that you have rejected voter registration applications that were signed using imaged, rather than wet-ink, signatures.

RESPONSE: Denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 2:

Admit that you would reject a voter registration application that was signed using an electronic or imaged signature, rather than a wet-ink signature, unless that voter registration application was VDOCKET.COM sent by the Department of Public Safety.

RESPONSE: Admitted.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 3:

Admit that you accept voter registration applications transmitted from the Department of Public Safety, which are signed using imaged, rather than wet-ink, signatures.

RESPONSE: Admitted.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 4:

Admit that you do not use the wet-ink signatures on voter registration applications for any election administration purposes after the voter registration applications have been accepted.

RESPONSE: Denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 5:

Admit that the use of a wet-ink signature, as opposed to an imaged or electronic signature, on an application is not a material or relevant factor in determining whether an individual is eligible to vote in Texas.

RESPONSE: Intervenor-Defendant objects to the request as vague and to the extent that it requires a legal conclusion regarding materiality and relevance. Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Intervenor-Defendant responds: Denied.

REPRESED FROM DEMOCRACYDOCKET.COM

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION

| VOTE.ORG, | ş | |
|--|---|------------------------|
| Plaintiff, | § | |
| | š | |
| V. | § | CIVIL ACTION NO. |
| | § | |
| JACQUELYN CALLANEN, in her official | § | 5:21-CV-000649-JKP-HJB |
| capacity as the Bexar County Elections | § | |
| Administrator, et al., | § | |
| Defendants. | § | |
| | | |

DEFENDANT MICHAEL SCARPELLO'S RESPONSES TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES

Plaintiff, through its attorneys of record, Kathryn E. Yukevich, Elias Law Group, LLP, TO: 10 G Street NE, Suite 600, Washington, DC 20002

COMES NOW, Defendant Michael Scarpello, pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure

26 and 33, and submits his responses to Plaintiffs First Set of Interrogatories. .nt. PEREVEDEROMDE

JOHN CREUZOT CRIMINAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS

/s/ Earl S. Nesbitt EARL S. NESBITT Assistant District Attorney Texas Bar No. 14916900 earl.nesbitt@dallascounty.org

BARBARA S. NICHOLAS Assistant District Attorney Texas Bar No. 24032785 Barbara.nicholas@dallascounty.org

Dallas County Administration Building 500 Elm Street, Suite 6300 Dallas, Texas 75202 Phone: (214) 653-7358 Fax: (214) 653-6134

Attorneys for Defendant Michael Scarpello

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on November 8, 2021, Defendant Michael Scarpello's Responses to Plaintiff's First Interrogatories was served through Serv-U File Share to the following attorneys of record.

Meaghan E Mixon Uzoma N Nkwonta Joseph N Posimato Kathryn E Yukevich Graham White mmixon@elias.law unkwonta@elias.law jposimato@elias.law Enas Law Group LLP 10 G Street NE, Suite 600, Washington, DC 20002 Jonathan P Hawley jhawley@elias.law Elias Law Group LLP 1700 Sourced kyukevich@elias.law 1700 Seventh Ave. Suite 2100, Seattle, WA 98101 John R Hardin johnhardin@perkinscoie.com Perkins Coie, LLP 500 N. Akard Street, Suite 3300, Dallas, TX 75201 Attorneys for Plaintif Vote.org Robert Green Bexar County District Attorney robert.green@bexar.org 101 W. Nueva, 7th Floor, San Antonio, TX 78205 Attorney for Jacquelyn Callanen Daniel N Lopez Cameron County daniel.n.lopez@co.cameron.tx.us 1100 E. Monroe Street, Brownsville, TX 78520 Attorney for Remi Garza

Chad Ennis Robert E Henneke Chance D Weldon

cennis@texaspolicy.com rhenneke@texaspolicy.com cweldon@texaspolicy.com **Texas Public Policy Foundation** 901 Congress Avenue, Austin, TX 78701 Attorneys for Intervenor Lupe C. Torres and Terrie Pendley

Cory A Scanlon Michael Abrams Kathleen Hunker Texas Attorney General's Office PO Box 12548, Austin, TX 78711 cory.scanlon@oag.texas.gov michael.abrams@oag.texas.gov kathleen.hunker@oag.texas.gov Attorneys for Intervenor Defendant Ken Paxton

Juntytx.gov Jutraviscountytx.gov Jutraviscountyt.gov Jutraviscou

Earl S. Nesbitt Assistant District Attorney **INTERROGATORY NO. 1.** Identify all individuals in Dallas County whose voter registration

applications were rejected due to lack of a wet-ink signature from September 1, 2018, to the

present. This list should include the following information for each individual:

- a. Full name;
- b. Registration address;
- c. Mailing address;
- d. All available demographic data;
- e. The date the individual's application was rejected; and
- f. The date, if any, the individual successfully registered to vote in Dallas County.

RESPONSE: In accordance with Fed. R. P. 33(d), see attached spreadsheet.

INTERROGATORY NO. 2. State and describe the purpose and function of a signature on voter registration applications, including any differences in the purpose and function of wet-ink signatures and compared to electronic or imaged signatures.

RESPONSE:

Defendant Scarpello objects to this interrogatory because it is vague and ambiguous and, to some extent, attempts to require Defendant Scarpello to speculate as to what the Texas Legislature and/or the Texas Secretary of State (or others) might believe is the purpose and function of requiring signatures and/or wet-ink signatures on voter registration applications. Defendant Scarpello objects to this interrogatory because it purports to seek a global response about the "purpose and function" of signatures on voter registration applications. Defendant Scarpello further objects to the use of the term "electronic or imaged signatures" as being vague and ambiguous. Defendant Scarpello assumes that "imaged" signatures are, in fact, electronic images of the actual hand-written signature of an individual; while an "electronic" signature might just be a typed, or computer generated signature or an electronic signature might refer to a signature generated via a software application such as DocuSign.

Subject to and without waiver of said objection, it is the view of Defendant Scarpello that the signature requirement on voter registration applications is to have the individual completing said application attest or confirm that the information included in said application is accurate, true, and correct. From the perspective of Defendant Scarpello as the Dallas County Election Administrator there is no practical purpose for requiring a wet-ink signatures as opposed to an electronic or imaged signature on voter registration applications, for purposes of registering an individual to vote, which is the role that the Dallas County Elections Administrator plays in connection with processing voter registration applications.

INTERROGATORY NO. 3. Identify and describe all of Dallas County's or the State's

interests served by Section 14 of HB 3107 and how Section 14 of HB 3107 serves each interest.

RESPONSE:

Defendant Scarpello objects to this interrogatory because it is vague, ambiguous, overbroad and confusing and burdensome and harassing because it purports to impose upon Defendant Scarpello the obligation to speculate, and identify and describe the interests of Dallas County and/or the State of Texas that are purportedly served by Section 14 of HB 3107. Defendant Scarpello cannot speak for all of Dallas County or the State of Texas and objects to the request to the extent that it calls for speculation as to all of Dallas County and/or the State of Texas.

Defendant Scarpello can only answer this interrogatory from his standpoint as Dallas County Elections Administrator.

Subject to and without waiver of these objections, upon information and belief at this time, Defendant Scarpello, in his official capacity as Dallas County Election Administrator, sees no practical interests, of the Dallas County Elections Department, served by Section 14 of HB 3107. From the perspective of Defendant Scarpello as Dallas County Election Administrator, there really is no practical reason as to whether voter registration applications include wet-ink signatures versus imaged signatures. As to whether the interests of others, such as the Early Voting Ballot Board, might or might not be served by the signature requirement on voter registration applications (whether wet-ink, electronic, or imaged), Defendant Scarpello cannot speak to that issue.

INTERROGATORY NO. A State and describe Dallas County's policy and procedure for

processing voter registration applications submitted using Plaintiff's web application in the fall of

2018.

RESPONSE:

Vote.org faxed voter registration applications to the Dallas County Elections Department (@ 214.819.6307) from applicants who had submitted their voter registration applications through the Vote.org web application. The voter registration department would then enter all of the applications received by fax into the voter registration database using a pending status code. This code would allow these voter registration applications to be held for four (4) business days. If no original application was received by the Elections Department, with an original wet-ink signature, during that time period, the applications were rejected.

INTERROGATORY NO. 5. State and describe Dallas County's policies or procedures

concerning the review and processing of voter registration applications with electronic or imaged

signatures both before and after the enactment of Section 14 of HB 3107.

RESPONSE:

Defendant Scarpello assumes that this interrogatory is directed to Defendant Scarpello, in his capacity as Dallas County Elections Administrator, and this interrogatory does not seek to have Defendant Scarpello answer this interrogatory for all of Dallas County. Therefore, Defendant Scarpello objects to this interrogatory, as posed, as being vague, ambiguous, overbroad and confusing and burdensome and harassing and calls for Defendant Scarpello to speculate.

Defendant Scarpello can only answer this interrogatory from his standpoint as Dallas County Elections Administrator.

Subject to and without waiver of these objections, the policies and procedures concerning the review and processing of voter registration applications with electronic or imaged signatures has been the same, both before and after the enactment of Section 14 of HB 3107. Dallas County Elections Department has not accepted voter registration applications with electronic or imaged signatures based on the directions and guidance provided by the Texas Secretary of State. Generally, the process is that all voter registration applications containing electronic or imaged signatures are provided to the county election official, here Dallas County Elections Department, via the Texas Secretary of State's Texas Election Administration Management System (TEAMS). It comes as a compressed xml file. The voter registration department exports the file from TEAMS and imports the file into the voter registration database. This process has remained the same before and after the enactment and effective date of HB 3107.

INTERROGATORY NO. 6. State and describe any issues, difficulties, or problems related

to voter registration applications received by Dallas County that did not contain a wet-ink

signature.

RESPONSE:

Defendant Scarpello assumes that this interrogatory is directed to Defendant Scarpello, in his capacity as Dallas County Elections Administrator, and this interrogatory does not seek to have Defendant Scarpello answer this interrogatory for all of Dallas County. Therefore, Defendant Scarpello objects to this interrogatory, as posed, as being vague, ambiguous, overbroad and confusing and burdensome and harassing and to the extent it calls for Defendant Scarpello to speculate.

Defendant Scarpello can only answer this interrogatory from his standpoint as Dallas County Elections Administrator.

Subject to and without waiver of these objections, based on the guidance and directions of the Texas Secretary of State, the voter registration application of approximately 1300 people were rejected in 2018 because they did not include wet-ink signatures. It should be noted that those voter registration applications that came from the Texas Department of Public Safety, and did not include wet-ink signatures, were processed. There were no issues, difficulties, or problems with the voter registration applications received from DPS.

INTERROGATORY NO. 7. State the number of voter registration applications Dallas County

received from the Department of Public Safety each year, between the years 2016 and 2021.

RESPONSE:

Defendant Scarpello assumes that this interrogatory is directed to Defendant Scarpello, in his capacity as Dallas County Elections Administrator, and this interrogatory does not seek to have Defendant Scarpello answer this interrogatory for all of Dallas County. Therefore, Defendant Scarpello objects to this interrogatory, as posed, as being vague, ambiguous, overbroad and confusing and burdensome and harassing and to the extent it calls for Defendant Scarpello to speculate.

Defendant Scarpello can only answer this interrogatory from his standpoint as Dallas County Elections Administrator.

Subject to and without waiver of these objections, Defendant Scarpello refers Plaintiff to the documents included with these interrogatory responses, in accordance with Fed. R. Civ. P. 33(d).

INTERROGATORY NO. 8. State and describe any issues, difficulties, or problems related

to voter registration applications received by Dallas County from the Department of Public Safety,

related to the registrant's signature.

RESPONSE:

Defendant Scarpello assumes that this interrogatory is directed to Defendant Scarpello, in his capacity as Dallas County Elections Administrator, and this interrogatory does not seek to have Defendant Scarpello answer this interrogatory for all of Dallas County. Therefore, Defendant Scarpello objects to this interrogatory, as posed, as being vague, ambiguous, overbroad and confusing and burdensome and harassing and to the extent it calls for Defendant Scarpello to speculate. Defendant Scarpello further objects to this request because it fails to relate to a specific time period and is therefore overbroad, unduly burdensome and harassing, and confusing.

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Defendant Scarpello can only answer this interrogatory from his standpoint as Dallas County Elections Administrator.

Subject to and without waiver of these objections, Dallas County Elections Department is not aware of any issues, difficulties, or problems relative to voter registration applications received from the Department of Public Safety, relative to signatures. Generally, upon information and belief it is the understanding and belief of Dallas County Elections Department that there may have been some voter registration applications that were submitted to DPS but were not forwarded to Dallas County Elections Department.

REPREVED FROM DEMOGRACYDOCKET.COM

VERIFICATION

STATE OF TEXAS § COUNTY OF DALLAS §

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared MICHAEL

SCARPELLO, who, being by me first duly sworn, deposed and stated as follows:

My name is Michael Scarpello. I am over 21 years of age and have never been convicted of any felony or crime of moral turpitude. I have reviewed the foregoing answers to the foregoing interrogatories propounded to me in Civil Action No. 5:21-CV-649-JKP-HJB, which is pending in the United States District Court for the Western District of Texas, Dallas Division. Except where I have stated that my answer is based upon information and belief, the assertions of fact contained in my answers are within my personal knowledge and are true and correct.

Further Affiant sayeth not.

chael Scarpello

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME on the *S*th day of November, 2021, to

certify which witness my hand and seal of office.



Notary Public, State of Texas

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION

| | 8 | |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| VOTE.ORG, | ş | |
| Plaintiff, | § | |
| | § | |
| v. | § | CIVIL ACTION NO. |
| | § | |
| JACQUELYN CALLANEN, et al., | § | 5:21-CV-00649-JKP-HJB |
| Defendants. | § | |
| | § | |

DEFENDANT MICHAEL SCARPELLO'S OBJECTIONS AND ANSWERS TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST REQUEST FOR ADMISSIONS TO DEFENDANT MICHAEL SCARPELLO

TO: Plaintiff, VOTE.ORG, through its attorneys of record, Kathryn E. Yukevich, Elias Law Group LLP, 10 G Street NE, Suite 600, Washington, D.C. 20002

Pursuant to Rules 26 and 36 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Defendant Michael

Scarpello, through his undersigned counsel, serves his objections and answers to Plaintiff's First

Request for Admissions to Defendant Michael Scarpello, received via electronic mail on October

19, 2021 ("the Discovery").

DEFINITIONS

The objections and answers to the Discovery that follow adopt the Definitions Plaintiff used in its Discovery. Accordingly, "Web application" refers to Plaintiff Vote.org's web application that allowed voters to submit registration application to Dallas County using an imaged signature in the fall of 2018.

II. OBJECTIONS AND ANSWERS TO THE DISCOVERY

Michael Scarpello's objections to the Discovery are set forth in Exhibit "A," attached.

JOHN CREUZOT CRIMINAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS

/s/ Earl S. Nesbitt

Barbara Nicholas Assistant District Attorney Texas State Bar No. 24032785 barbara.nicholas@dallascounty.org Records Building 500 Elm Street, Suite 6300 Dallas, Texas 75202 Telephone: 214-653-6068 Telecopier: 214-653-6134

Attorneys for Defendant Michael Scarpello, in his Official Capacity as Dallas County Elections Administrator

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that on November 8, 2021, Defendant Michael Scarpello's Objections and Responses to Plaintiff's First Request for Admissions was served through Serv-U File Share to the following attorneys of record:

Meaghan E Mixon Uzoma N Nkwonta Joseph N Posimato Kathryn E Yukevich Graham White mmixon@elias.law unkwonta@elias.law jposimato@elias.law gwhite@elias.law Elias Law Group LLP 10 G Street NE, Suite 600, Washington, DC 20002

Jonathan P Hawley jhawley@elias.law Elias Law Group LLP 1700 Seventh Ave. Suite 2100, Seattle, WA 98101 John R Hardin johnhardin@perkinscoie.com Perkins Coie, LLP 500 N. Akard Street, Suite 3300, Dallas, TX 75201 Attorneys for Plaintiff Vote.org

Robert Green Bexar County District Attorney robert.green@bexar.org 101 W. Nueva, 7th Floor, San Antonio, TX 78205 *Attorney for Jacquelyn Callanen*

Daniel N Lopez Cameron County daniel.n.lopez@co.cameron.tx.us 1100 E. Monroe Street, Brownsville, TX 78520 *Attorney for Remi Garza*

Chad Ennis Robert E Henneke Chance D Weldon cennis@texaspolicy.com rhenneke@texaspolicy.com cweldon@texaspolicy.com Texas Public Policy Foundation 901 Congress Avenue, Austin, TX 78701 Attorneys for Intervenor Lupe C. Torres and Terrie Pendley

Cory A Scanlon Michael Abrams Kathleen Hunker Texas Attorney General's Office PO Box 12548, Austin, TX 78711 cory.scanlon@oag.texas.gov michael.abrams@oag.texas.gov kathleen.hunker@oag.texas.gov *Attorneys for Intervenor Defendant Ken Paxton* Leslie W Dippel Sherine E Thomas, Cynthia W Veidt Leslie.Dippel@traviscountytx.gov Sherine.Thomas@traviscountytx.gov cynthia.veidt@traviscountytx.gov Travis County Attorney's Office PO Box 1748, Austin, TX 78767 Attorneys for Defendant Bruce Elfant

> <u>/s/ Earl S. Nesbitt</u> Earl S. Nesbitt Assistant District Attorney

EXHIBIT A

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 1:

Admit that you have rejected voter registration applications that were signed using imaged, rather than wet-ink, signatures.

ANSWER:

Admitted.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 2:

Admit that you would reject a voter registration application that was signed using an electronic or imaged signature, rather than a wet-ink signature, unless that voter registration application was sent by the Texas Department of Public Safety.

ANSWER:

Admitted.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 3:

CYDOCKET.COM Admit that you accept voter registration applications transmitted from the Department of Public Safety, which are signed using imaged, rather than wet-ink signatures.

ANSWER:

Admitted.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 4:

Admit that you do not use the wet-ink signatures on voter registration applications for any election administration purposes after the voter registration applications have been accepted.

ANSWER:

Admitted.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 5:

Admit that the use of a wet-ink signature, as opposed to an imaged or electronic signature, on an application is not a material or relevant factor in determining whether an individual is eligible to vote in Texas.

ANSWER:

Defendant Scarpello objects to this request as being vague, ambiguous, and confusing, as it is unclear what Plaintiff considers to be an "electronic" versus an "imaged" signature and whether Plaintiff presumes or assumes in this interrogatory that there is a difference between an "electronic" and an "imaged" signature on a voter registration application. Defendant Scarpello further objects to this request to the extent that it purports to compel Defendant Scarpello to make a legal conclusion or determination (without limited context), in terms of admitting or denying whether a fact is "material" or "relevant." Further, Defendant Scarpello can only address this request in his official capacity as Dallas County Election Administrator, in the context of processing voter registration applications. Defendant Scarpello does not have sufficient information or knowledge to be able to admit or deny whether the use of a wet-ink signature on a voter registration application might be a relevant or material factor for other persons or entities who might have occasion or the need to review a voter registration application in determining whether an individual is eligible to vote.

Subject to and without waiver of said objections, from the perspective of the Dallas County Elections Administrator and Dallas County Elections Department, Defendant Scarpello admits that the presence or absence of a wet-ink signature on a voter registration application is not generally or necessarily determinative of whether the person submitting the application is eligible to vote or not in Texas. Defendant Scarpello further admits that, in light of the new legislation (HB 3107), if an individual submits a voter registration application that does not contain a wet-ink signature, and does not subsequently submit a wet-ink signature in support of the application, then that individual cannot be registered to vote.

ERREVED FROM DEMOCRACYDOC

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION

| VOTE.ORG, | § | |
|--|---|------------------------------|
| Plaintiff, | § | |
| | § | |
| v. | § | |
| | § | CIVIL ACTION NO. 5:21-cv-649 |
| JACQUELYN CALLANEN, in her official | § | |
| capacity as the Bexar County Elections | § | |
| Administrator; BRUCE ELFANT, in his | § | |
| official capacity as the Travis County Tax | § | |
| Assessor-Collector; REMI GARZA, in his | § | |
| official capacity as the Cameron County | § | |
| Elections Administrator; and MICHAEL | § | |
| SCARPELLO, in his official capacity as the | § | A |
| Dallas County Elections Administrator, | § | NET.COM |
| Defendants. | § | |
| | | C.T. |

INTERVENOR-DEFENDANT LUPE TORRES OBJECTIONS AND ANSWERS TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES

Intervenor-Defendant Lupe Torres hereby serves his Objections and Answers to Plaintiff's

First Set of Interrogatories.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/Chad Ennis CHAD ENNIS Texas Bar No. 24045834 cennis@texaspolicy.com **ROBERT HENNEKE** Texas Bar No. 24046058 rhenneke@texaspolicy.com CHANCE WELDON Texas Bar No. 24076767 cweldon@texaspolicy.com **TEXAS PUBLIC POLICY FOUNDATION** 901 Congress Avenue Austin, Texas 78701 Telephone: (512) 472-2700 Facsimile: (512) 472-2728

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 30th day of November, 2021 a true and correct copy of the foregoing Intervenor-Defendant Lupe Torres' Objections and Answers to Plaintiff's First Set of Interrogatories was served via electronic mail upon all counsel of record.

<u>/s/Chad Ennis</u> CHAD ENNIS

REPRESED FROM DEMOCRACY DOCKET.COM

GENERAL OBJECTIONS

Intervenor-Defendant Torres object to Plaintiff's definitions and instructions as vague and overbroad to the extent they exceed the requirements of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, this Court's Local Rules, and to the extent that they could be interpreted to require the disclosure of information that is exempt from discovery or privileged. Intervenor-Defendant responds to these Interrogatories pursuant to their meaning as written, subject to and without waiving any of the foregoing general objections, and as required by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

ANSWERS TO INTERROGATORIES

Identify all individuals in Medina County whose voter **INTERROGATORY NO. 1.** registration applications were rejected due to lack of a wet-ink signature from September 1, 2018 to the present. This list should include the following information for each individual: , FROMDENOCRAC

Full name; a.

- Registration address; b.
- Mailing address; c.
- All available demographic data; d.
- The date the individual's application was rejected; and e.
- f. The date, if any, the individual successfully registered to vote in Medina County.

RESPONSE: Intervenor-Defendant Torres objects to this interrogatory to the extent that it requests information that is statutorily protected from disclosure. Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objection, Medina County follows the procedures set forth in the Texas Election Code as further described by applicable guidance from the Texas Secretary of State. Intervenor-Defendant's office has no record of any rejections of voter registration applications due to a lack of a wet signature during the referenced time period.

INTERROGATORY NO. 2. State and describe the purpose and function of a signature on voter registration applications, including any differences in the purpose and function of wet-ink signatures and compared to electronic or imaged signatures.

RESPONSE: Intervenor-Defendant Torres objects to this interrogatory to the extent that it requires him to speculate as to legislative intent or provide an expert opinion. Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objection, Intervenor-Defendant responds: To the best of Intervenor-Defendant's knowledge, the signature on the voter registration application required by Texas Election Code Section 13.002(b) provides a model of the voter's signature that can be crossreferenced with other signatures submitted by the individual. For example, if a voter casts a vote utilizing a mail-in ballot, the signature on the ballot can be verified by the reviewing official by comparing the signature on the ballot application and the carrier envelope certificate to the signatures on file with the county clerk or voter registrar. To the best of my knowledge, a wet ink signature is more easily verifiable than an electronic signature; electronic signatures can be manipulated more easily.

INTERROGATORY NO. 3. Identify and describe all of Medina County's or the State's interests served by Section 14 of HB 3107 and how Section 14 of HB 3107 serves each interest.

RESPONSE: Intervenor-Defendant objects to the interrogatory in that it calls for knowledge beyond Medina County's in that it asks for the State's interests. Intervenor-Defendant is unaware of the knowledge of the State and cannot speculate as to its interests. Subject to the foregoing objection, Intervenor-Defendant responds that: Signatures from voter registration applications can be used by Medina County elections officials to verify the identity of a voter. For example, the signature on the application can be compared to the voter's signature on the voter list for in-person voting, and the signature on the application can be compared to the voter's signature

on the carrier envelope used to send in a ballot by mail. The signature can also be used in situations in which a voter accidentally signs the voter list for in-person voting in the space for another voter's signature. If that occurs, the signatures can be compared to catch the mistake and ensure that the voter whose signature space was accidentally completed can submit a ballot.

INTERROGATORY NO. 4. State and describe Medina County's policies or procedures concerning the review and processing of voter registration applications with electronic or imaged signatures both before and after the enactment of Section 14 of HB 3107, including an estimate for the number of staff hours that the implementation of those policies and procedures required.

RESPONSE: Medina County has always required a wet signature from a voter registration applicant. Our office will not make changes to our policies or procedures concerning the review and processing of voter registration applications due to HB 3107 because we have required voters to register using a wet signature all along in accordance with Texas Election Code Section 13.143(d-2) in effect before the passage of HB 3107. Medina County takes action on voter registration applications in accordance with Texas Election Code Section 13.072 and processes applications as required by Chapter 13 of the Texas Election Code and applicable guidance from the Texas Secretary of State. Medina County first reviews the voter registration application in accordance with Section 13.071 to determine whether it meets the criteria set forth in Section 13.002, including the requirement that it be signed by the applicant. Texas Election Code § 13.002(b). After the review of the application, the voter registrar will use matching criteria to process the application as either a new voter, a change to an existing voter, or a transfer voter from another county. Next the voter registrar processes the complete application by registering the voter (adding a new voter to the system, updating an existing voter record, or transferring a voter into the county). If it is incomplete, the voter registrar indicates incompleteness during the processing of the application in accordance with Section 13.073 of the Texas Election Code. The voter registrar sends an Incomplete Notice and a new application form to the applicant. If the applicant fails to respond within 10 days from the date the notice and application are sent out, the procedure is to reject the application due to incompleteness in accordance with the requirements of Section 13.073.

INTERROGATORY NO. 5. State and describe any issues, difficulties, or problems related to voter registration applications received by Medina County that did not contain a wet-ink signature.

RESPONSE: Intervenor-Defendant objects to the interrogatory to the extent that it seeks information protected by attorney-client privilege and because it is vague as to what is meant by "issues," "difficulties" or "problems." Subject to the foregoing objections and to the extent the interrogatory is understood, Intervenor-Defendant responds that: Intervenor-Defendant is not aware of any issues, difficulties, or problems related to voter registration applications received by Medina County that did not contain a wet ink signature.

INTERROGATORY NO. 6. State the number of voter registration applications Medina County received from the Department of Public Safety each year, between the years 2016 and 2021.

RESPONSE: In 2016, 5054 applications. In 2017, 3363 applications. In 2018, 4533 applications. In 2019, 3578 applications. In 2020, 6103 applications. In 2021, 3605 applications.

INTERROGATORY NO. 7. State and describe any issues, difficulties, or problems related to voter registration applications received by Medina County from the Department of Public Safety, concerning or related to the registrant's signature.

RESPONSE: Intervenor-Defendant objects to the interrogatory to the extent that it seeks information protected by attorney-client privilege and because it is vague as to what is meant by "issues," "difficulties" or "problems." Subject to the foregoing objections and to the extent the interrogatory is understood, Intervenor-Defendant responds that: Intervenor-Defendant is not aware of any issues, difficulties, or problems related to voter registration applications received by Medina County from the Department of Public Safety concerning the registrant's signature.

REPREVED FROM DEMOCRACYDOCKET.COM

STATE OF TEXAS §
COUNTY OF MEDINA §

VERIFICATION

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared Lupe Torres, who being by me duly sworn upon his oath deposed and said he has read the foregoing interrogatories objections and answers and that the statements contained therein are within his personal knowledge are true and correct.

· dour LUPE TORRES SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME Supe this 29 lorres day of November, 2021, to certify which, witness my hand and seal of office. se Atte CHERYL DENISE AHR Notary ID #125451045 Ay Commission Expires October 6, 2025

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SAN ANTONIO DIVISION

| VOTE.ORG, | § | |
|--|---|------------------------------|
| Plaintiff, | § | |
| | § | |
| v. | § | |
| | § | CIVIL ACTION NO. 5:21-cv-649 |
| JACQUELYN CALLANEN, in her official | § | |
| capacity as the Bexar County Elections | § | |
| Administrator; BRUCE ELFANT, in his | § | |
| official capacity as the Travis County Tax | § | |
| Assessor-Collector; REMI GARZA, in his | § | |
| official capacity as the Cameron County | § | |
| Elections Administrator; and MICHAEL | § | |
| SCARPELLO, in his official capacity as the | § | J. |
| Dallas County Elections Administrator, | § | COX |
| Defendants. | § | UET.COM |
| | | CX- |

INTERVENOR-DEFENDANT LUPE TORRES² OBJECTIONS AND ANSWERS TO PLAINTIFF'S FIRST SET OF REQUESTS FOR ADMISSION

Intervenor-Defendant Lupe Torres hereby serves his Objections and Answers to Plaintiff's

First Set of Requests for Admission

Respectfully submitted,

/s/Chad Ennis CHAD ENNIS Texas Bar No. 24045834 cennis@texaspolicy.com **ROBERT HENNEKE** Texas Bar No. 24046058 rhenneke@texaspolicy.com CHANCE WELDON Texas Bar No. 24076767 cweldon@texaspolicy.com **TEXAS PUBLIC POLICY FOUNDATION** 901 Congress Avenue Austin, Texas 78701 Telephone: (512) 472-2700 Facsimile: (512) 472-2728

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on the 30th day of November, 2021 a true and correct copy of the foregoing Intervenor-Defendant Lupe Torres' Objections and Answers to Plaintiff's First Set of Requests for Admission was served via electronic mail upon all counsel of record.

<u>/s/Chad Ennis</u> CHAD ENNIS

REPRESED FROM DEMOCRACYDOCKET.COM

RESPONSES TO REQUESTS FOR ADMISSION

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 1:

Admit that you have rejected voter registration applications that were signed using imaged, rather than wet-ink, signatures.

RESPONSE: Denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 2:

Admit that you would reject a voter registration application that was signed using an electronic or imaged signature, rather than a wet-ink signature, unless that voter registration application was VDOCKET.COM sent by the Department of Public Safety.

RESPONSE: Admitted.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 3:

Admit that you accept voter registration applications transmitted from the Department of Public Safety, which are signed using imaged, rather than wet-ink, signatures.

RESPONSE: Admitted.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 4:

Admit that you do not use the wet-ink signatures on voter registration applications for any election administration purposes after the voter registration applications have been accepted.

RESPONSE: Denied.

REQUEST FOR ADMISSION NO. 5:

Admit that the use of a wet-ink signature, as opposed to an imaged or electronic signature, on an application is not a material or relevant factor in determining whether an individual is eligible to vote in Texas.

Case: 3250536/-00 6000 unitent D005 16376753-2 Prage: (2988/2Date a Filed 906/29/2022

RESPONSE: Intervenor-Defendant objects to the request as vague and to the extent that it requires a legal conclusion regarding materiality and relevance. Subject to and without waiving the foregoing objections, Intervenor-Defendant responds: Denied.

REPRIEVED FROM DEMOCRACY DOCKET, COM