IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA TALLAHASSEE DIVISION

LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS OF FLORIDA, INC., et al.,

4:21-cv-186-MW-MAF

Plaintiffs,

Consolidated for trial with:

4:21-cv-187-MW-MAF

4:21-cv-201-MW-MAF

v.

4:21-cv-242-MW-MAF

LAUREL M. LEE, in her official

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN
SENATORIAL COMMITTEE and REPUBLICAN NATIONAL
COMMITTEE,

STATE-LEVEL DEFENDANTS' AND INTERVENOR-DEFENDANTS' LIST OF TRIAL CROSS EXAMINERS AND CROSS EXHIBITS FOR FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 2022

Secretary of State Laurel M. Lee, Attorney General Ashley Moody ("Statelevel Defendants") and Intervenor-Defendants, the Republican National Committee and National Republican Senatorial Committee, pursuant to this Court's order during the proceedings on January 10, 2022, file their list of cross-examining

attorneys and cross exhibits for the witnesses designated by Plaintiffs for Friday, February 4, 2022:

Witness	Examiner	Exhibits	Cross	Cross Exhibits
	(Plaintiff)	(Direct)	Examiner	
Christina	David Fox	Ex. 61	Mo Jazil	Ex. 375
White		Ex. 271*		Ex. 378
(LWV)		Ex. 383*		Ex. 379
		Ex. 386*		Ex. 383
		Ex. 388*		Ex. 390
		Ex. 389*		Ex. 672
		Ex. 390		
		Ex. 392*		
		Ex. 393*	COM	
		Ex. 588	ZX.	
• Topics de	esignated by	Plaintiffs includ	le: Burdens from,	effects of, and lack
of justifi	ications for	the challenge	d provisions of	SB90; legislative
proceedii	ngs on SB90.	See ECF No. 53	§3.	
Jared	Miranda	None	Ben Gibson	Ex. 334
Nordlund	Galindo	DEM.		Ex. 336
(FRT)		Oly		Ex. 337
• Topics d	esignated by	Plaintiffs inclu	de: UnidosUS's	activities, standing,
SB90-rela	ated burdens	and injuries. Se	e ECF No. 533.	
Geraldine	Janine	Ex. 426	Mo Jazil	ECF No. 481-1
Thompson	Lopez	Ex. 508		
(FRT)		Ex. 528		
		Ex. 530		
• Topics de	esignated by I	Plaintiffs include	e: Background or	n Florida legislature
and legi	and legislative process; overview of SB90; concerns about SB90;			
anticipated burden/disparate impact of SB90; departures from ordinary				
legislative process in passage of SB90. See ECF No. 533.				
Catherine	Francesca	None	Bilal Faruqui	None
Teti	Gibson			
(LWV)				
• Topics de	• Topics designated by Plaintiffs include: LWV's standing and SB90-related			
-	See ECF No.	• •		
Robert	Frederick	None	Bill Stafford	Ex. 76
Brigham	Wermuth			

(LWV)				
<u>'</u>	esignated by I	Plaintiffs include	e: Dr. Brigham's	standing and SB90-
_	ijuries. ECF		0	O
Gary Farmer	John	Ex. 424	Mo Jazil	Ex. 428
(FRT)	Freedman	Ex. 425		Ex. 430
		Ex. 428		Ex. 434
		Ex. 430		Ex. 435
		Ex. 469		Ex. 437
		Ex. 471		Ex. 438
		Ex. 473		Ex. 439
		Ex. 474		Ex. 441
		Ex. 475		Ex. 442
		Ex. 485		Ex. 444
		Ex. 489		Ex. 445
		Ex. 507	COM	Ex. 448
		Ex. 539		Ex. 449
		Ex. 489 Ex. 507 Ex. 539 Ex. 1064	OCK	Ex. 450
			CHO	Ex. 451
		c.R.		Ex. 452
				Ex. 453
		NOE.		Ex. 456
		, DOM,		Ex. 457
		10 K		Ex. 463
		Nr.		Ex. 482
				Ex. 485
	5-7			Ex. 486
				Ex. 487
				Ex. 488
				Ex. 489 Ex. 507
				Ex. 545 ECF No. 481-2
				ECF No. 481-3
				2021 Florida
				Voting Rights
				Legislation Rights
				Briefing &
				Messaging
				Training
		l	l	Truming

• Topics designated by Plaintiffs include: Background on Florida legislature and legislative process; overview of SB90; concerns about SB90; anticipated burden/disparate impact of SB90; departures from ordinary					
legislativ	1 *		. See ECF No. 53	33.	
William	Christina	None	Karen	Ex. 350	
Sauers	Ford		Brodeen		
(LWV)					
• Topics a	• Topics designated by Plaintiffs include: Florida Alliance for Retired				
Americar	Americans' membership, operations, standing, SB90-related burdens and				
injuries.	injuries. See ECF No. 530.				
Morgan	Morgan Brenda Ex. 13 George Meros Ex. 207				
Kousser	Wright	Ex. 21		Ex. 208	
(FRT)		Ex. 22*		Ex. 209	
Ex. 210					
• Topics designated by Plaintiffs include: LWV's standing and SB90-related injuries. See ECF No. 530.					

^{*} State-Level Defendants and Intervenor-Defendants have made objections to any exhibits marked with an asterisk.

* * *

The above cross exhibits are those State-Level Defendants and Intervenor-Defendants reasonably expect may be used during cross-examination of Plaintiffs' witnesses. State-Level Defendants and Intervenor-Defendants reserve the right to use additional exhibits for impeachment purposes or during cross examination if the witness's testimony differs from the topics designated by Plaintiffs or from what is reasonably expected. Although State-Level Defendants and Intervenor-Defendants preserve their objections to certain of Plaintiffs' exhibits, should any contested

exhibits be admitted for direct examination, State-Level Defendants and Intervenor Defendants reserve the right to use those same exhibits during cross examination.

Dated: February 3, 2022

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on February 3, 2022, a true and correct copy of the foregoing was filed via CM/ECF, which served a copy on all parties of record.

Attorney

Attended to the state of the state

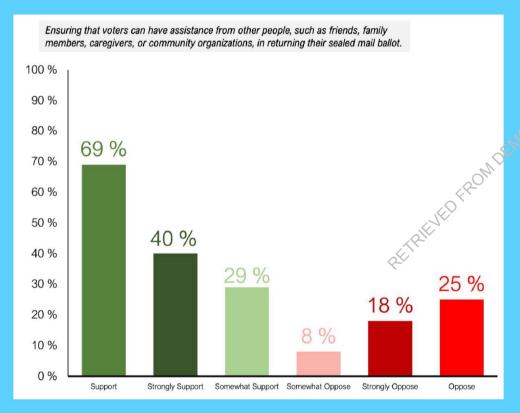


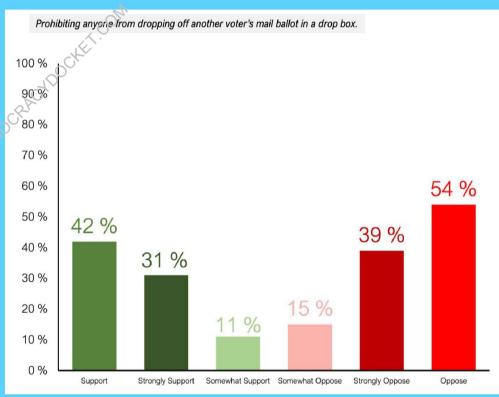
2021 Florida Voting Rights Legislation Briefing & Messaging Training PRESENTED BY State Innovation Exchange

State Innovation Exchange All Voting is Local Florida ACLU Florida NAACP Florida Common Cause Florida Voting Rights Lab



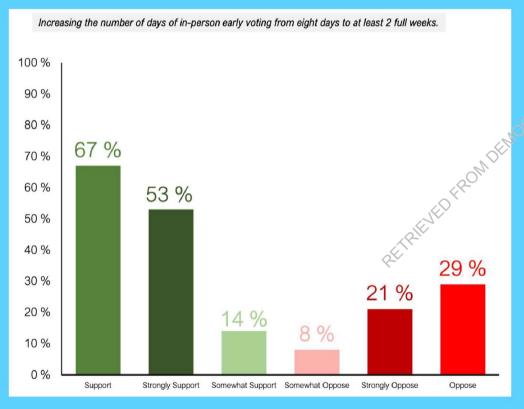
Floridians Support Voter Assistance, Opposes Prohibiting the Practice



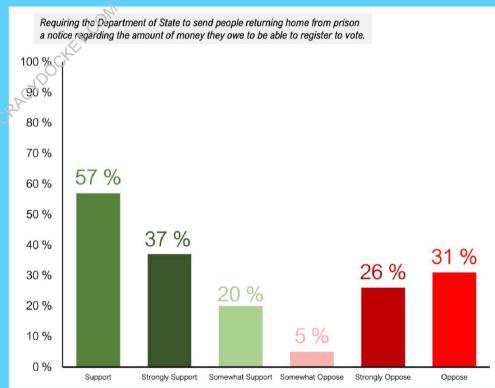


Floridians Support Pro-Voter Policies

Increasing early voting days



Notification about fines/fees to vote



SOEs Oppose; Voters trust SOEs

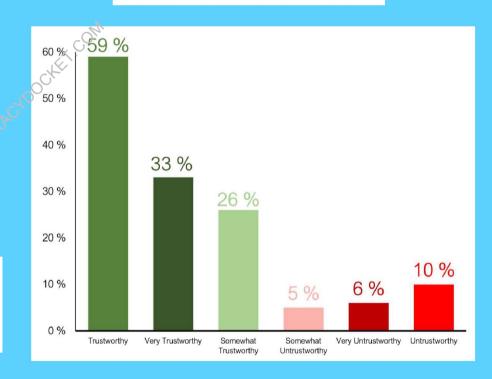
ELECTIONS

GOP's proposed changes to Florida election laws will cost voters, elections supervisors argue

The state's supervisors of elections have united in opposition to the proposed sweeping changes to vote-by-mail.

Florida's voting changes bill could put personal info at risk, Republican election supervisor warns

Trustworthiness of SOEs



WHAT DO WE MEAN BY MESSAGING?

- Public-facing words / language that we use when we talk about voting
- The broader narrative around our work
- This is not necessarily what you will say in a closed door meeting with legislators, you may need more policy details or specific rebuttals to arguments.
- But you should incorporate these frames and ideas as much as possible

 ANIMATE people on our side, who are pro-voter

PERSUADE those are conflicted

 MARGINALIZE our opposition, who are anti-voter



DEFINING OUR AUDIENCE

ANIMATE

28% ARE PRO-VOTER

FREE AND FAIR ELECTION

- In America, every eligible American can cast a ballot and every eligible ballot is counted so that the will of the people prevails.
- In America, every voter can cast a ballot and every ballot is counted so that the will of the people prevails.

PRIORITIES

- Making sure every eligible American can vote / Ensuring every eligible American has the freedom to vote
- Making voting [safe / secure] and accessible

MARGINALIZE

34% ARE ANTI-VOTER

FREE AND FAIR ELECTION

 In America, only legal votes are counted and we take every measure necessary to eliminate fraud

PRIORITY

Ensuring our elections are free of voter fraud and illegal voting

PERSUADE

39% ARE CONFLICTED

MIX OF PRO-VOTER AND ANTI-VOTER ATTITUDES, OR ARE UNSURE

- LEAD with shared values:
 - Freedom
 - Voice
 - Inclusive democracy
 - o Choice
- CHARACTERIZE opposition as erecting barriers to silence specific voices and render clear the role of race
- POSITION voters as the protagonists who, by acting together, can move us forward as a country – in contrast to how opposition sets us back



- FOCUS on the creation of good rather than the amelioration of harm
- HIGHLIGHT the tangible, positive outcomes voting can deliver
- AVOID the opposition frame and PIVOT to our frame of freedom
- DO NOT REPEAT accusations, even to refute.



MOVE FORWARD MESSAGE

No matter our race, background or zip code most of us believe that for democracy to work, it must include us all. Throughout our history, we have fought to ensure more Americans have our right to vote honored and that every American is able to cast their vote and have it counted. But a handful of politicians want to take us backwards, making it harder to vote and creating barriers to register for Black, young and new Americans. They hope to divide and distract us while they block policies that Americans favor, from providing economic support to delivering vaccines to restoring our infrastructure. To move forward together as a nation, we must ensure that every American can cast a ballot so we are able to elect leaders who govern in our interests and make the promise of our democracy real for us all.

Lead with values

Remind about history

Frame us as forward, them backward

Highlight what we can deliver, their failure

Shift toward future goals and vision

FREEDOM TO VOTE MESSAGE

Most of us, no matter our color, origin, or gender, want America to be a place where freedom is for everyone, we all have an equal say, and we have a transparent elections process we can trust.

But today, when all voters should have the freedom to vote equally, a handful of politicians want to put up barriers to silence many of our voices based on what we look like or where we live.

Together, we can ensure every American has the freedom to vote and that the results of our elections reflect the will of the people.

Lead with values

Center freedom

Frame them as silencing us

Shift toward future goals and vision

- Automatic Voter Registration
- Early Voting
- Ballot Cure Process
- Ballot Pre-Processing
- Ballot Tracking
- Online Voter Registration
- Election Day Holiday
- Voting Rights Restoration
- Pre-paid postage



LANGUAGE FOR RESTRICTIVE POLICIES

Policy	Language To Use	Best Practice
VOTER ID	Restricting types of IDs you can use to vote	Do not specify or focus on the various types of ID that can be used
	Forcing people to carry a specific type of ID to vote	
ABSENTEE WITNESS REQUIREMENT	Requiring voters to get a witness to authorize their private ballot	Emphasize <u>privacy</u> of your ballot and vote
ABSENTEE NOTARY REQUIREMENT	Requiring voters to pay an officially authorized person, or notary, to sign their absentee ballot before submitting it to be counted	Emphasize that notarization requires payment
EXCUSE- REQUIRED ABSENTEE VOTING	Threatening voters who request an absentee ballot with felony prosecution if they cannot prove an excuse such as illness, active military status, or will be out-of-state at the time of election Barring people from voting by mail unless they provide an excuse	Use a negative frame to talk about restrictions instead of simply talking about the requirement of needing an excuse.

LANGUAGE FOR RESTRICTIVE POLICIES

Policy	Language To Use	Best Practice	
VOTER PURGING	Deleting people from the voter rolls after they miss voting in recent elections	There's little difference in describing this as "purging" "deleting" and "eliminating." However, it's best to characterize folks not participating as "miss voting."	
REDUCING EARLY/ IN-PERSON VOTING	Reducing the number of locations where people can cast their ballots (early). Restricting when early voting locations are open.	Highlight policies that reduce access for everyday voters.	
THIRD PARTY RETURN	Ensure voters can have necessary assistance from community organizations returning their sealed ballot	Frame this positively as assistance instead of talking about banning this practice.	

EMBRACE	REPLACE	WHY
Deliberate barriers to voting	Obstacles/hurdles to voting	"Voter suppression" is a phrase that is unfortunately not understood by many. We can make this issue more concrete for our audiences by naming how certain
Denying/Protect our freedom to vote	Voter suppression Fight voter	politicians erect "deliberate barriers to voting." It's best to frame as "barriers" which seem imposed and more difficult to overcome than "obstacles" and "hurdles."
Anti-voter bills	suppression	to overcome than obstacles and nuities.
Freedom to vote	Voting rights	Freedom to vote is a very strong frame for us, garnering greater support and intensity across measures. Safety -
Cast our ballots freely, safely and equally	SE RIEVED &	especially in our present pandemic context - was also deeply resonant; as was situating voting within the frame of equality either by simply calling for it or evoking it.
[The principle of] one person, one vote	X-	While personalizing voting as "my right" resonated, voting rights is a more abstract phrase that dampens emotion and sense of immediate impact for listener.
Right to vote		conce of infinitediate impact for iloterior.

EMBRACE	REPLACE	WHY
Safe and accessible elections [for all] Transparent process we can trust	Election security Election integrity	While voters register agreement with messages that try to reclaim "election security" and "integrity" for our side, our research showed that this approach backfires by actually increasing support for anti-voter policies. The phrase "election security" evokes a conservative law enforcement frame that feeds our opposition's narrative.
Americans	Citizens	When we qualify "voter" with a word like "eligible," we reinforce a right-wing frame suggesting there are ineligible
Voters	Eligible citizens	voters who cast "illegal" ballots. Because our elections are conducted properly, people who are voting are eligible, so
Eligible Americans*	Eligible voters	we should simply call them "voters." When talking about the broader pool of people who are eligible to vote but might or
* only in certain circumstances	Every American	might not be participating, we are best served most of the time by simply saying "Americans." The exception is when we are specifically discussing voter registration or other more challenging policy specifics, when the phrase "eligible Americans" is helpful.

EMBRACE	REPLACE	WHY
Make voting safe and accessible	Make it easier to vote	Unfortunately, many people do not think it should be "easy" to vote. However, the concept of voting as safe and accessible is a highly rated value across the board.
Vote by mail	Vote absentee	In our survey, enabling voters to "vote by mail in every state" significantly outperformed enabling voters to "vote absentee in every state" with our base and persuadables in both support and intensity. Voting by mail became familiar to most voters as another safe simple way to cast a ballot in the 2020 election, whereas "absentee" implies some sort of aberrant circumstances and even voter neglect or failure to vote the "normal" way.
National standards for voting access	Uniform standards Minimum standards	In our survey, voters enthusiastically embraced "national standards for voting access" and overwhelmingly rejected right-wing arguments that states should establish their own rules in elections.

EMBRACE	REPLACE	WHY
Fair Representation Make the promise of democracy real for us all	Democracy reform Fix our democracy Restore democracy Revive democracy Fix our broken system	"Democracy reform" is a non-starter for our base and persuadables, who rank it last in a broad list of priorities for the country. We generally use the word "reform" to describe altering something undesirable rather than creating something good. "Democracy reform" also, along with phrases like "fix our democracy," suggests that democracy has already been fully established in the U.S., as opposed to being an ideal we have yet to ever reach.
Guarantee that Americans have a say in key decisions that impact our lives [like pandemic relief, health care, and our families economic well-being]	Improve our democracy Fix our democracy	In emphasizing why we need to pass progressive policies around voting and elections, our conflicted voters were significantly more likely to rank it as urgent and necessary when tied directly back to having a say in tangible outcomes, rather than broad notions of improving democracy.

