	ELECTRONICALLY		
	11/25/2020 2:58	Electronically Filed 11/25/2020 2:58 PM	
		Atum S. Ferni	~
1	DAO	CLERK OF THE COURT	
2			
3			
4	DISTRIC	CT COURT	
	CLARK COU	NTY, NEVADA	
5			
6		1	
7	Daniel Rodimer, as an individual, as a Candidate for the State of Nevada		
8	Congressional District 3, and as a Voter in		
9	Clark County Plaintiff/Petitioner,	CASE NO. A-20-825130-W	
10			
11	V.	DEPT NO. 8	
12	Joseph P. Gloria, in his official capacity as		
13	Registrar of Voters for Clark County, Nevada;	10 ^{0C1}	
14	Clark County Board of Commissioners, a local government entity and political		
15	subdivision of the State of Nevada.		
16	Defendant/Petitioner.		
17	ALL		
18	DECISION A	AND ORDER	
	I. <u>Factual Background and Procee</u>	dural History	
19			
20		mber 3, 2020 general election for Nevada's	
21	Lee defeated Petitioner, Dan Rodimer, (here	d States Congressional Representative Susie einafter, the "Petitioner").	;
22	Due to alleged voting discrepancies, the	Clark County Board of Commissioners or	า
23	Due to alleged voting discrepancies, the Clark County Board of Commissioners on November 16, 2020 ordered a new election in Clark County Commission C, which partly		
24		County Commissioners however refused to trict 3. Petitioner filed the instant Petition for	
25	Writ of Mandamus and Complaint for Decla	aratory and Injunctive Relief Pursuant to NRS	5
26	of County Commissioners to order a re	ther remedies, an order to "compel the Board evote in Clark County." Petitioner asserts	5
27	Defendant Joe Gloria, ("hereinafter, "Gloria"), violated NRS 293D.200 due to the use of a		
28	signature verification machine identified as Agilis Ballot Sorting system, to verify mail in ballot signatures in lieu of election personnel. Additionally, Petitioner asserted the		
JN GE		1	
v			
I			

TREVOR L. ATKIN DISTRICT JUDGE DEPT. VIII LAS VEGAS, NV 89155

 integrity of the Nevada 2020 General Election was compromised due to irregularities, double voting, lack of verification of mail ballots, and the destruction of the secrecy of voter ballots.¹

- The Nevada State Democratic Party filed a motion seeking to intervene, which was subsequently granted. Additionally, the Nevada State Democratic Party filed a Motion to Dismiss Petitioner's Petition arguing this Court lacks subject matter jurisdiction to entertain the Petition pursuant to NRS 293.407(1) which excludes "the office of United States Senator or Representative in Congress" from its ambit. Additionally, the Nevada State Democratic Party contends that even if this Court has jurisdiction to entertain the Petition, the matter fails on the merits as NRS 293.465 is inapplicable.²
- The hearing for the Petition was originally set for November 24, 2020 at 1:30 p.m.; however, counsel for Petitioner at this hearing requested a one day continuance to that his office could have the opportunity to file an opposition to the motion to dismiss. This one day continuance was granted by the court with the acquiescence of counsel for the other parties. Thereafter, The Clark County Board of Commissioners and Gloria filed a Joinder to the Nevada State Democratic Party's Motion to Dismiss, whereas Petitioner filed an opposition to the motion to dismiss.
- 12

15

16

17

18

19

20

- ¹³ This Court entertained oral argument on behalf of the parties on November 25, 2020 after having the opportunity to review all pleadings and papers filed in connection with the matter
 - II. Issues Before the Court
 - 1. Does this Court have jurisdiction to consider Petitioner's Petition for Writ of Mandamus?
 - 2. Is NRS 293.465 applicable to the instant matter?
 - III. Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law
 - A. Jurisdiction

The Nevada Supreme Court held "The constitutional provision precludes a state court from judging an election contest involving a congressional office."³ Further, NRS 293.407(1) provides that "A candidate at any election, or any registered voter of the appropriate political subdivision, may contest the election of any candidate, *except* for the office of United States Senator or Representative in Congress."

- 24
- Here, Petitioner is contesting the results of the U.S. Representative in Congress, District
 Petitioner's argument that he is challenging the improper method used to verify the signatures on absentee ballots and not a direct challenge to the election pursuant to
- ¹ These facts are drawn from the information set forth in the Petitioner's Petition for Writ of Mandamus.
- ² These facts are drawn from the information set forth in Intervenor Nevada State Democratic Party's Motion to
 28 Dismiss.
 - ³ Laxalt v. Cannon, 80 Nev. 588, 591, 397 P.2d 466, 467 (1964).

NRS 293.407(1) is a distinction without a difference.⁴ The extraordinary relief plaintiff seeks is available only through an election contest under NRS 293.407(1). However, NRS 293.407(1) excludes federal legislative elections from its scope. Given this candidate race involves that of a U.S. Representative in Congress, the appropriate jurisdiction is not a Nevada state court. Accordingly, this Court lacks the requisite jurisdiction to entertain Petitioner's Petition, and as such the Petition must be denied, and the action dismissed.

B. Applicability of NRS 293.465

NRS 293.465 provides

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

If an election is prevented in any precinct or district by reason of the loss or destruction of the ballots intended for that precinct, or any other cause, the appropriate election officers in that precinct or district shall make an affidavit setting forth that fact and transmit it to the appropriate board of county commissioners. Upon receipt of the affidavit and upon the application of any candidate for any office to be voted for by the registered voters of that precinct or district, the board of county commissioners shall order a new election in that precinct or district.

The Nevada Supreme Court discussed applicability of NRS 293.465 in LaPorta v. 14 Broadbent, 91 Nev. 27 (1975). In LaPerta, ballots were unavailable to voters for 15 three hours because a ballot became stuck in the voting apparatus and the mechanism had to be replaced. The mechanism failed to include the names of the 16 State Assembly District 22 candidates; instead a list of candidates that belonged to another precinct was included. The Nevada Supreme Court held 17 "NRS 293.465 is unequivocal on the subject of a faulty election when the ballots are unavailable. If an election is prevented as it was here by absence of ballots 18 the statute specifically states that the county commissioners shall order a new 19 election in the precinct where the ballots were absent."

Even if the Court had subject matter jurisdiction, Petitioner's Petition fails as a matter of law. Here, NRS 293.465, relied upon by Petitioner, is inapplicable in the given that it deals with prevention of elections. However, no ballots were "lost or destroyed" within the meaning of NRS 293.465 in the general election. The instant matter is distinguishable from *LaPorta* because the general election was not prevented as the ballots were available and counted. Further, the general election was not prevented by the absence of ballots. Therefore, NRS 293.465 is inapplicable to the instant matter and unavailable as a means to seek the sought after relief.

26

27

⁴ This Court also considered Petitioner's argument in his opposition to the Nevada State Democratic Party's Motion to Dismiss that "the ballots in question did not simply contain the names of candidates for United States Senator or

Representative in Congress; rather, the ballots contained the names of all the candidates in all other race." However the Court found this assertion unpersuasive given Petitioner, a candidate for U.S. Congress is seeking the relief sought and such relief is expressly impermissible under NRS 293.407(1).

1	
2	ORDER
3	The Court having reviewed all pleadings and papers on file herein and entertained oral
4	argument on behalf of the parties, hereby GRANTS Intervenor's Motion to Dismiss; DENIES Petitioner Rodimer's Petition for Writ of Mandamus and Complaint for
5	Declaratory and Injunctive Relief; and DISMISSES this case. Dated this 25th day of November, 2020
6	Dated: November 25, 2020.
7	Inclose
8	Trevor L. Atkin District Court Judge, Dept.8 24A 30E 878D 08EB
9	Certificate of Service Trevor Atkin
10	Certificate of Service District Court Judge I hereby certify that on the date filed, a copy of this
11	Order was electronically served on all parties registered
12	through the Eighth Judicial District Court EFP system or mailed to any party or attorney not registered with the EFT system.
13	1DOCK
14	/s/ Lynne Lerner
15	Lynne Lerner
16	Judicial Executive Assistant
17	16DFT
18	ETRIE T
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
TREVOR L. ATKIN DISTRICT JUDGE DEPT. VIII LAS VEGAS, NV 89155	4

1	CSERV		
2	DISTRICT COURT		
3	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
4			
6	Daniel Rodimer, Plaintiff(s) CASE NO: A-20-825130-W	
7	vs.	DEPT. NO. Department 8	
8	Joseph Gloria, Defendant(s)	
9			
10	AUTOMATED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
11	This automated certificate of service was generated by the Eighth Judicial District		
12	Court. The foregoing Order was served via the court's electronic eFile system to all recipients registered for e-Service on the above entitled case as listed below:		
13	Service Date: 11/25/2020	ACT DC	
14	Bradley Schrager	bschrager@wrslawyers.com	
15	Dannielle Fresquez	dfresquez@wrslawyers.com	
16 17	Daniel Bravo	dbravo@wrslawyers.com	
18	R	Ý	
19	Craig Mueller	craig@craigmuellerlaw.com	
20	Craig Mueller	electronicservice@craigmuellerlaw.com	
21	Susie Ward	susie@craigmuellerlaw.com	
22	Catherine Ramsey	cathy@craigmuellerlaw.com	
23	Mary-Anne Miller	Mary-Anne.Miller@ClarkCountyDA.com	
24	If indicated below, a co	my of the above mentioned filings were also served by mail	
25	If indicated below, a copy of the above mentioned filings were also served by ma via United States Postal Service, postage prepaid, to the parties listed below at their last known addresses on 11/30/2020		
26	Known addresses on 11/30/202		
27			
28			

