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*Attorneys for Plaintiff/Contestant*

**IN THE SUPREME COURT  
FOR THE STATE OF ARIZONA**

**KELLI WARD,**

**Plaintiff/Contestant;**

**vs.**

**CONSTANCE JACKSON; FELICIA  
ROTELLINI; FRED YAMASHITA; JAMES  
MCLAUGHLIN; JONATHAN NEZ; LUIS  
ALBERTO HEREDIA; NED NORRIS;  
REGINA ROMERO; SANDRA D.  
KENNEDY; STEPHEN ROE LEWIS; and,  
STEVE GALLARDO;**

**Defendants/Contestees.**

**Arizona Supreme Court**

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**Maricopa County Superior Court  
Case No. CV2020-015285**

**ARCAP 10(c) STATEMENT**

**(Expedited Elections Matter)**

Plaintiff hereby files this Statement in accordance with ARCAP 10(c).

Attached is a copy of the Notice of Appeal filed in the Superior Court on December 4, 2020, and a delivered and e-served notification from the Superior Court.

The names and contact information, including email addresses if available, of counsel for each party and of any self-represented party are:

1 John "Jack" D. Wilenchik, Esq.

2 Dennis I. Wilenchik, Esq.

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20 *Attorneys for Intervenor Secretary of State*

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22 Emily Craiger, [craigere@mcao.maricopa.gov](mailto:craigere@mcao.maricopa.gov)

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24 Joseph J. Branco, [brancoj@mcao.maricopa.gov](mailto:brancoj@mcao.maricopa.gov)

25 Joseph LaRue, [laruej@mcao.maricopa.gov](mailto:laruej@mcao.maricopa.gov)

26 *Attorneys for Maricopa County*

A copy of the judgment that the appellant is appealing is also attached.

**RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED** this 4<sup>th</sup> day December, 2020.

**WILENCHIK & BARTNESS, P.C.**

/s/ John "Jack" D. Wilenchik

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Lee Miller, Esq.

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KENNEDY; STEPHEN ROE LEWIS; and,  
STEVE GALLARDO;**

**Defendants/Contestees.**

**Arizona Supreme Court**

---

**Maricopa County Superior Court  
Case No. CV2020-015285**

**(Expedited Elections Matter)**

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I certify that on December 4, 2020, I electronically filed via AZTurboCourt.com the foregoing Plaintiff/Contestant's ARCAP 10(c) Statement with the Clerk of the Arizona Supreme Court, and, on the same date, emailed copy of the Plaintiff/Contestant's ARCAP 10(c) Statement to:

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5 *Attorneys for Defendants*

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17 Joseph LaRue, [laruej@mcao.maricopa.gov](mailto:laruej@mcao.maricopa.gov)  
18 *Attorneys for Maricopa County*

19 Courtesy copy also emailed to Lisa Baren, [lbaren@courts.az.gov](mailto:lbaren@courts.az.gov)

20 **RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED** this 4<sup>th</sup> day December, 2020.

21 **WILENCHIK & BARTNESS, P.C.**

22 /s/ John "Jack" D. Wilenchik

23 Dennis I. Wilenchik, Esq.

24 Lee Miller, Esq.

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[admin@wb-law.com](mailto:admin@wb-law.com)

*Attorneys for Plaintiff/Contestant*

**IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA**

**IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MARICOPA**

**KELLI WARD,**

**Plaintiff/Contestant;**

**vs.**

**CONSTANCE JACKSON; FELICIA  
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REGINA ROMERO; SANDRA D.  
KENNEDY; STEPHEN ROE LEWIS; and,  
STEVE GALLARDO;**

**Defendants/Contestees.**

**Case No. CV2020-015285**

**NOTICE OF APPEAL**

**(Expedited Elections Matter)**

Plaintiff hereby appeals to the Arizona Supreme Court from the Court's Minute Entry and rulings dated and filed on December 4, 2020, inclusive of its Rule 54(b) judgment and orders denying Plaintiff's request to continue the hearing and permit additional inspection of ballots.

...

...

1                   **RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED** this 4<sup>th</sup> day December, 2020.

2   **WILENCHIK & BARTNESS, P.C.**

3   /s/ John “Jack” D. Wilenchik

4   Dennis I. Wilenchik, Esq.

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12    Attorneys for Plaintiff

13                   **ELECTRONICALLY** filed via  
14                   AZTurboCourt.com this 4<sup>th</sup> day  
15                   of December, 2020.

16                   **ELECTRONICALLY** transmitted via  
17                   AZTurboCourt.com and emailed this 4<sup>th</sup>  
18                   day of December, 2020 to the Honorable  
19                   Randall Warner

20                   **COPIES** electronically transmitted via  
21                   AZTurboCourt.com and emailed this 4<sup>th</sup>  
22                   day of December, 2020 upon:

23                   Sarah R. Gonski, Esq., [SGonski@perkinscoie.com](mailto:SGonski@perkinscoie.com)

24                   Roy Herrera. Esq., [HerreraR@ballardspahr.com](mailto:HerreraR@ballardspahr.com)

25                   Daniel A. Arellano, Esq., [ArellanoD@ballardspahr.com](mailto:ArellanoD@ballardspahr.com)

26                   Bruce Spiva (pro hac pending), [BSpiva@perkinscoie.com](mailto:BSpiva@perkinscoie.com)

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  Attorney for Intervenor Secretary of State

27                   ...

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**COPY** also emailed to Lisa Banen, [lbanen@courts.az.gov](mailto:lbanen@courts.az.gov)

By s/ Christine M. Ferreira

## Christine Ferreira

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**From:** TurboCourt Customer Service <CustomerService@TurboCourt.com>  
**Sent:** Friday, December 4, 2020 5:03 PM  
**To:** Jack Wilenchik  
**Cc:** Admin Forward  
**Subject:** E-Filing Status: Form Set # 5210005 Delivered and eServed

PLEASE DO NOT REPLY TO THIS EMAIL.

Thank you for submitting your documents to Maricopa County - Superior Court

You will be notified when your documents have been processed by the court.

Here are your filing details:

Case Number: CV2020015285 (Note: If this filing is for case initiation, you will receive a separate notification when the case # is assigned.)

Filed By: Jack Wilenchik

AZTurboCourt Form Set: #5210005  
AOC Submission ID #1324835

Delivery Date and Time: Dec 04, 2020 5:02 PM MST

Forms:

Summary Sheet (This summary sheet will not be filed with the court. This sheet is for your personal records only.)

Attached Documents:

Notice of Appeal (Civil): Notice of Appeal

Fees Paid:

Total Filing Fees: \$0.00  
Provider Fee: \$10.30  
E-Payment Fee: \$0.31  
Total Amount Paid: \$10.61

E-Service notification was sent to the following recipient(s):

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Roy Herrera. Esq at HerreraR@ballardspahr.com  
Sarah R. Gonski, Esq at SGonski@perkinscoie.com  
Thomas P. Liddy at liddyt@mcao.maricopa.gov

You MUST log in and check your filing status and the e-Service status of this form set online at <http://turbocourt.com/>.  
If you have questions about your filing, please contact AOC Support Services, phone number 602-452-3519 or 1-800-720-7743, or e-mail [pasupport@courts.az.gov](mailto:pasupport@courts.az.gov).  
Please have your AZTurboCourt Form Set # and AOC Submission ID available.

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SUPERIOR COURT OF ARIZONA  
MARICOPA COUNTY

CV 2020-015285

12/04/2020

HONORABLE RANDALL H. WARNER

CLERK OF THE COURT

C. Ladden

Deputy

KELLI WARD

DENNIS I WILENCHIK

v.

CONSTANCE JACKSON, et al.

SARAH R GONSKI

ROOPALI HARDIN DESAI  
JOSEPH EUGENE LA RUE  
DAVID SPILSBURY  
ROY HERRERA  
DANIEL A ARELLANO  
COURT ADMIN-CIVIL-ARB DESK  
DOCKET-CIVIL-CCC  
JUDGE WARNER  
BRUCE SPIVA  
PERKINS COIE LLP  
700 THIRTEENTH STREET NW  
SUITE 600  
WASHINGTON DC 20005

MINUTE ENTRY

East Court Building – Courtroom 414

9:15 a.m. This is the time set for a continued Evidentiary Hearing on Plaintiff's anticipated election contest petition via GoToMeeting.

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MARICOPA COUNTY

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The following parties/counsel are present virtually through GoToMeeting and/or telephonically:

- Plaintiff Kelli Ward is represented by counsel, John D. Wilenchik.
- Defendants Constance Jackson, Felicia Rotellini, Fred Yamashita, James McLaughlin, Jonathan Nez, Luis Alberto Heredia, Ned Norris, Regina Romero, Sandra D. Kennedy, Stephen Roe Lewis, and Steve Gallardo (collectively, the “Biden Elector Defendants”) are represented by counsel, Sarah Gonski, Bruce Spiva (*pro hac vice*), Daniel Arellano, and Roy Herrera.
- Intervenors Adrian Fontes (in his official capacity as Maricopa County Recorder) and Maricopa County Board of Supervisors (collectively, “County Intervenors”) and are represented by counsel, Thomas Liddy, Emily Craiger, and Joseph La Rue.
- Intervenor Katie Hobbs (in her official capacity as the Arizona Secretary of State) is represented by counsel, Rooplai Desai and Kristen Yost. State Election Director Sambo “Bo” Dul is also present.

Counsel for Biden Elector Defendants addresses the court as to the court’s ruling denying any Rule 50 motion practice after the conclusion of Plaintiff’s case. Discussion is held thereon and counsel for Biden Elector Defendants states his position on the record. The court affirms its prior ruling denying the request for any Rule 50 motion practice.

A record of the proceedings is made digitally in lieu of a court reporter.

Biden Elector Defendants’ Case:

Linton Mohammed is sworn and testifies.

Biden Elector Defendants’ exhibit 16 is received in evidence.

Linton Mohammed is excused.

Biden Elector Defendants rest.

Intervenor Secretary of State’s Case:

Sambo “Bo” Dul is sworn and testifies.

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Intervenor Secretary of State's exhibit 32 is received in evidence.

Sambo "Bo" Dul is excused.

Intervenor Secretary of State rests.

**LET THE RECORD REFLECT** that the court notes its prior acquaintance with County Intervenor's witness, Reynaldo Valenzuela, due to election matters while serving previously as the civil presiding judge.

County Intervenor's Case:

Reynaldo Valenzuela is sworn and testifies.

County Intervenor's exhibit 29 is received in evidence.

10:31 a.m. The court stands at recess.

10:41 a.m. Court reconvenes with the parties and respective counsel present.

A record of the proceedings is made digitally in lieu of a court reporter.

Reynaldo Valenzuela continues to testify.

County Intervenor's exhibit 30 is received on evidence.

Reynaldo Venezuela is excused.

Scott Jarrett is recalled and testifies further.

Scott Jarrett is excused.

County Intervenor rests.

Plaintiff's Rebuttal:

Liesl Emerson is sworn and testifies.

Liesl Emerson is excused.

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Plaintiff rests.

11:30 a.m. The court stands at recess.

11:36 a.m. Court reconvenes with the parties and respective counsel present.

A record of the proceedings is made digitally in lieu of a court reporter.

Closing arguments are presented.

Based on the testimony and evidence presented,

**IT IS ORDERED** taking this matter under advisement with a written ruling to be issued as a "**LATER:**" to this minute entry.

Pursuant to the orders entered, and there being no further need to retain the exhibits not offered in evidence in the custody of the Clerk of Court,

**LET THE RECORD FURTHER REFLECT** counsel indicate on the record that the courtroom clerk may dispose of Plaintiff's exhibits 2 through 13 and 15; County Intervenors' exhibit 21; and Intervenor Secretary of State's exhibits 33 and 34 not offered or received in evidence.

12:22 p.m. Matter concludes.

**LATER:**

Based on the evidence presented, the Court makes the following findings, conclusions, and orders. For reasons that follow, the relief requested in the Petition is denied.

**1. Background.**

On November 30, 2020, Governor Ducey certified the results of Arizona's 2020 general election, and the Biden/Harris ticket was declared the winner of Arizona's 11 electoral votes. The same day, Plaintiff filed this election challenge under A.R.S. § 16-672. In order to permit this matter to be heard and appealed (if necessary) to the Arizona Supreme Court before the Electoral College meets on December 14, 2020, the Court held an accelerated evidentiary hearing on December 3 and 4, 2020.

SUPERIOR COURT OF ARIZONA  
MARICOPA COUNTY

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2. **The Burden Of Proof In An Election Contest.**

A.R.S. § 16-672 specifies five grounds on which an election may be contested, three of which are alleged here:

A. Any elector of the state may contest the election of any person declared elected to a state office, or declared nominated to a state office at a primary election, or the declared result of an initiated or referred measure, or a proposal to amend the Constitution of Arizona, or other question or proposal submitted to vote of the people, upon any of the following grounds:

1. For misconduct on the part of election boards or any members thereof in any of the counties of the state, or on the part of any officer making or participating in a canvass for a state election.

...

4. On account of illegal votes.

5. That by reason of erroneous count of votes the person declared elected or the initiative or referred measure, or proposal to amend the constitution, or other question or proposal submitted, which has been declared carried, did not in fact receive the highest number of votes for the office or a sufficient number of votes to carry the measure, amendment, question or proposal.

A.R.S. § 16-672(A)(1). Arizona law provides two remedies for a successful election contest. One is setting aside the election. A.R.S. § 16-676(B). The other is to declare the other candidate the winner if “it appears that a person other than the contestee has the highest number of legal votes.” A.R.S. § 16-676(C).

The Plaintiff in an election contest has a high burden of proof and the actions of election officials are presumed to be free from fraud and misconduct. *See Hunt v. Campbell*, 19 Ariz. 254, 268, 169 P. 596, 602 (1917) (“the returns of the election officers are prima facie correct and free from the imputation of fraud”); *Moore v. City of Page*, 148 Ariz. 151, 156, 713 P.2d 813, 818 (App. 1986) (“One who contests an election has the burden of proving that if illegal votes were cast the illegal votes were sufficient to change the outcome of the election.”). A plaintiff alleging misconduct must prove that the misconduct rose to the level of fraud, or that the result would have been different had proper procedures been used. *Moore*, 148 Ariz. at 159, 713 P.2d

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at 821. “[H]onest mistakes or mere omissions on the part of the election officers, or irregularities in directory matters, even though gross, if not fraudulent, will not void an election, unless they affect the result, or at least render it uncertain.” *Findley v. Sorenson*, 35 Ariz. 265, 269, 276 P. 843, 844 (1929).

These standards derive, in large part, from Arizona’s constitutional commitment to separation of powers. Ariz. Const. Art. 3. The State Legislature enacts the statutes that set the rules for conducting elections. The Executive Branch, including the Secretary of State and county election officials, determine how to implement those legislative directives. These decisions are made by balancing policy considerations, including the need to protect against fraud and illegal voting, the need to preserve citizens’ legitimate right to vote, public resource considerations, and—in 2020—the need to protect election workers’ health. It is not the Court’s role to second-guess these decisions. And for the Court to nullify an election that State election officials have declared valid is an extraordinary act to be undertaken only in extraordinary circumstances.

**3. The Evidence Does Not Show Fraud Or Misconduct.**

A.R.S. § 16-672(A)(1) permits an election contest “[f]or misconduct on the part of election boards or any members thereof in any of the counties of the state, or on the part of any officer making or participating in a canvass for a state election.” Plaintiff alleges misconduct in three respects. First is that insufficient opportunity was given to observe the actions of election officials. The Court previously dismissed that claim as untimely. *See Lubin v. Thomas*, 213 Ariz. 496, 497, 144 P.3d 510, 511 (2006) (“In the context of election matters, the laches doctrine seeks to prevent dilatory conduct and will bar a claim if a party’s unreasonable delay prejudices the opposing party or the administration of justice.”). The observation procedures for the November general election were materially the same as for the August primary election, and any objection to them should have been brought at a time when any legal deficiencies could have been cured.

Second, Plaintiff alleges that election officials overcounted mail-in ballots by not being sufficiently skeptical in their comparison of signatures on the mail-in envelope/affidavits with signatures on file. Under Arizona law, voters who vote by mail submit their ballot inside an envelope that is also an affidavit signed by the voter. Election officials review all mail-in envelope/affidavits to compare the signature on them with the signature in voter registration records. If the official is “satisfied that the signatures correspond,” the unopened envelope is held until the time for counting votes. If not, officials attempt to contact the voter to validate the ballot. A.R.S. § 16-550(A).

This legislatively-prescribed process is elaborated on in the Secretary of State’s Election Procedures Manual. The signature comparison is just one part of the verification process. Other

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safeguards include the fact that mail-in ballots are mailed to the voter's address as listed in voter registration records, and that voters can put their phone number on the envelope/affidavit, which allows election officials to compare that number to the phone number on file from voter registration records or prior ballots.

Maricopa County election officials followed this process faithfully in 2020. Approximately 1.9 million mail-in ballots were cast and, of these, approximately 20,000 were identified that required contacting the voter. Of those, only 587 ultimately could not be validated.

The Court ordered that counsel and their forensic document examiners could review 100 randomly selected envelope/affidavits to do a signature comparison. These were envelope/affidavits as to which election officials had found a signature match, so the ballots were long ago removed and tabulated. Because voter names are on the envelope/affidavits, the Court ordered them sealed. But because the ballots were separated from the envelope/affidavits, there is no way to know how any particular voter voted. The secrecy of their votes was preserved.

Two forensic document examiners testified, one for Plaintiff and one for Defendants. The process forensic document examiners use to testify in court for purposes of criminal guilt or civil liability is much different from the review Arizona election law requires. A document examiner might take hours on a single signature to be able to provide a professional opinion to the required degree of certainty.

Of the 100 envelope/affidavits reviewed, Plaintiff's forensic document examiner found 6 signatures to be "inconclusive," meaning she could not testify that the signature on the envelope/affidavit matched the signature on file. She found no sign of forgery or simulation as to any of these ballots.

Defendants' expert testified that 11 of the 100 envelopes were inconclusive, mostly because there were insufficient specimens to which to compare them. He too found no sign of forgery or simulation, and found no basis for rejecting any of the signatures.

These ballots were admitted at trial and the Court heard testimony about them and reviewed them. None of them shows an abuse of discretion on the part of the reviewer. Every one of them listed a phone number that matched a phone number already on file, either through voter registration records or from a prior ballot. The evidence does not show that these affidavits are fraudulent, or that someone other than the voter signed them. There is no evidence that the manner in which signatures were reviewed was designed to benefit one candidate or another, or that there was any misconduct, impropriety, or violation of Arizona law with respect to the review of mail-in ballots.



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Third, Plaintiff alleges errors in the duplication of ballots. Arizona law requires election officials to duplicate a ballot under a number of circumstances. One is where the voter is overseas and submits a ballot under UOCAVA, the Uniformed And Overseas Citizens Absentee Voting Act. Another is where the ballot is damaged or otherwise cannot be machine-tabulated. When a duplicate is necessary, a bipartisan board creates a duplicate ballot based on the original. A.R.S. § 16-621(A). In 2020, Maricopa County had 27,869 duplicate ballots out of more than 2 million total ballots. The vast majority of these were either mail-in ballots or UOCAVA ballots. 999 of them came from polling places.

The Court ordered that counsel could review 100 duplicate ballots. Maricopa County voluntarily made another 1,526 duplicate ballots available for review. These ballots do not identify the voter so, again, there is no way to know how any individual voter voted. Of the 1,626 ballots reviewed, 9 had an error in the duplication of the vote for president.

Plaintiff called a number of witnesses who observed the duplication process as credentialed election observers. There was credible testimony that they saw errors in which the duplicated ballot did not accurately reflect the voter's apparent intent as reflected on the original ballot. This testimony is corroborated by the review of the 1,626 duplicate ballots in this case, and it confirms both that there were mistakes in the duplication process, and that the mistakes were few. When mistakes were brought to the attention of election workers, they were fixed.

The duplication process prescribed by the Legislature necessarily requires manual action and human judgment, which entail a risk of human error. Despite that, the duplication process for the presidential election was 99.45% accurate. And there is no evidence that the inaccuracies were intentional or part of a fraudulent scheme. They were mistakes. And given both the small number of duplicate ballots and the low error rate, the evidence does not show any impact on the outcome.

The Court finds no misconduct, no fraud, and no effect on the outcome of the election.

**4. The Evidence Does Not Show Illegal Votes.**

A.R.S. § 16-672(A)(2) permits an election contest “[o]n account of illegal votes.” Based on the facts found above, the evidence did not prove illegal votes, much less enough to affect the outcome of the election. As a matter of law, mistakes in the duplication of ballots that do not affect the outcome of the election do not satisfy the burden of proof under Section 16-672(A)(2).

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**5. The Evidence Does Not Show An Erroneous Vote Count.**

A.R.S. § 16-672(A)(5) permits an election contest on the ground that, “by reason of erroneous count of votes” the candidate certified as the winner “did not in fact receive the highest number of votes.” Plaintiff has not proven that the Biden/Harris ticket did not receive the highest number of votes.

**6. Orders.**

Based on the foregoing,

**IT IS ORDERED** denying the relief requested in the Petition.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** denying the request to continue the hearing and permit additional inspection of ballots.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED**, as required by A.R.S. § 16-676(B), confirming the election.

**IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that any request for costs and/or attorneys’ fees be filed, and a form of final judgment be lodged, no later than January 5, 2020. If none of these is filed or lodged, the Court will issue a minute entry with Rule 54(c) language dismissing all remaining claims.

The Court finds no just reason for delay and enters this partial final judgment under Ariz. R. Civ. P. 54(b). The Court makes this finding for purposes of permitting an immediate appeal to the Arizona Supreme Court.

/ s / RANDALL H. WARNER

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JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT